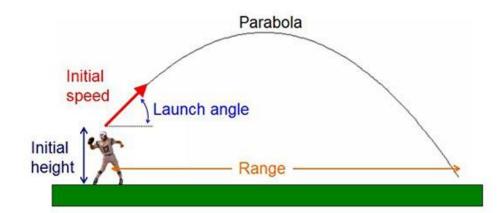
How Different Factors Affect Projectile Motion

By RJ Okonowski & Josh Harris

Computational Physics

The Behavior of Projectile Motion

- Factors which had an effect on the projectile that we looked at:
 - Air Drag
 - Initial Velocity
 - Launch Angle
 - Elevation



Model

$$\bullet \quad \frac{d^2x}{dt^2} = 0 \ , \frac{d^2y}{dt^2} = -g$$

•
$$\frac{dx}{dt} = v_x$$
, $\frac{dv_x}{dt} = 0$, $\frac{dy}{dt} = v_y$, $\frac{dv_y}{dt} = -g$

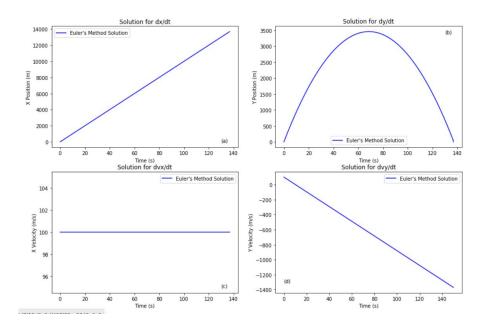
•
$$F_d = \frac{C_d \rho A v^2}{2}$$

$$\bullet \quad \rho = \rho_0 e^{-\frac{y}{y_0}}$$

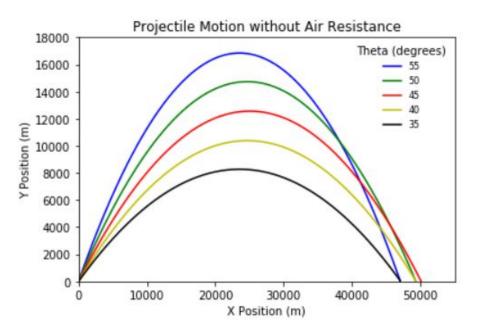
Numerical Methods

 We used Euler's method to solve the differential equations of projectile motion, as well as to solve for each position and velocity value in all three simulations.

$$\bullet \quad x(t+dt) = x(t) + dt f(x,t)$$

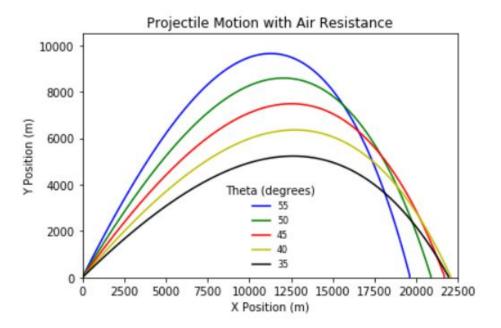


Results



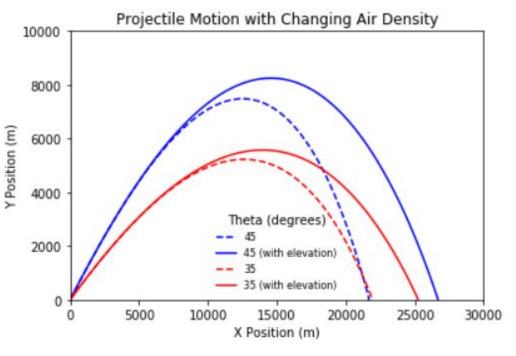
| Angle (Degrees) | Final X-displacement (meters) |
|-----------------|-------------------------------|
| 55 | 47076.286013511635 |
| 50 | 49269.67028247294 |
| 45 | 50116.19311659685 |
| 40 | 49333.26213686243 |
| 35 | 47019.327342187826 |

Results



| Angle (Degrees) | Final X-displacement (meters) |
|-----------------|-------------------------------|
| 55 | 19603.240388104426 |
| 50 | 20874.206479373133 |
| 45 | 21671.38861076387 |
| 40 | 22055.305219727895 |
| 35 | 21915.110811837614 |

Results



| Angle (Degrees) | Final X-displacement (meters) |
|---------------------|-------------------------------|
| 45 | 21671.38861076387 |
| 45 (with elevation) | 26697.914232738196 |
| 35 | 21915.110811837614 |
| 35 (with elevation) | 25241.745732494026 |

Summary

This project uses Euler's method and the basic model for projectile motion to test how different factors affect the projectile motion of an object. The factors that we tested were the launch angle, initial velocity, air drag, and elevation. These results can be used to find the most ideal parameters to use to throw a perfect pass. This is important because throwing a perfect pass can be very difficult and can involve a lot of scientific techniques. So, using these results, understanding the science behind throwing a perfect pass can become much easier.

References

- [1] Giordano, Nicholas J. Computational Physics. Prentice-Hall, Inc., 1997. p. 23-28
- [2] H. Fearn, and C. Horn. On the Flight of the American Football. Unpublished, 2007, pp. 1–22.
- [3] Newman, Mark. Computational Physics. Createspace, 2013.
- [4] NBC. "Science of NFL Football: Projectile Motion; Parabolas." NBC Learn, 7 Sept. 2010, www.nbclearn.com/science-of-nfl-football/cuecard/50689.

Questions?