

SMC Styleguide for Presentations, version 2.6, March 2015

# SMC Styleguide – Design



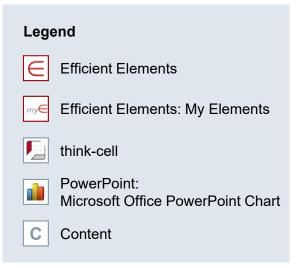
## **Introduction SMC Design**

Presentations are SMC's face to the customer.

They serve as a basis for visualizing information in a structured, comprehensible and visually appealing way.

A **consistent look** throughout our presentations plays an important role in helping us to project a unified and cohesive brand image.

- The theory of visual perception is the base of our design
- To ensure a consistent look, this styleguide provides all necessary information implemented in Efficient Elements and think-cell. Therefore it is highly recommended to base all work on these tools
- To ensure a consistent terminology, the "Styleguide Terminology" should be applied





## Theory of visual perception

### Law of proximity

Objects that are close to one another appear to form groups.





#### Law of similarity

Items which share visual characteristics such as color, shape or size, will be seen as belonging together.



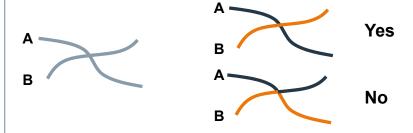
### Law of alignment

All elements should be visually linked to one another.



## Law of continuity

Lines are seen as following the smoothest path.

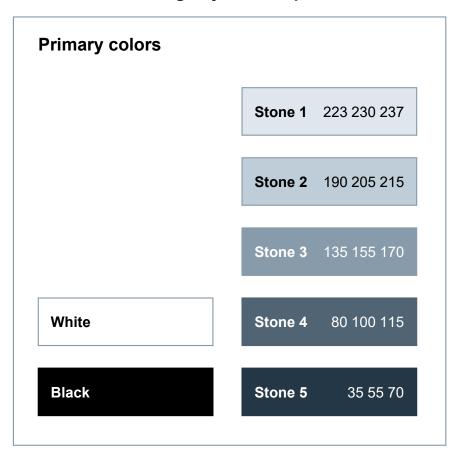


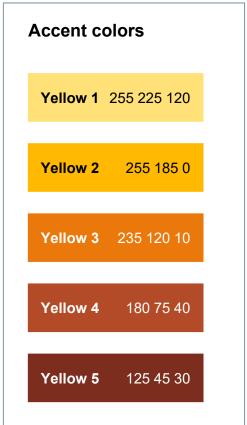
The "Gestaltgesetze" should be applied throughout all SMC presentations

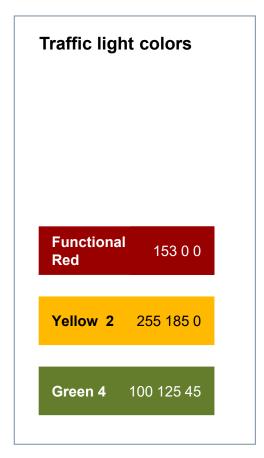


# **SMC** colors (RGB)

Using our color palette consistently enhances the recognizability of our presentations and ensures a consistent brand look and feel. **Avoid using any colors apart from SMC colors**.







White, Stone 1 and Stone 2 have an outline. All other colors have no outline or an outline in the same color as the fill.



## Siemens colors, 5 shades (RGB)

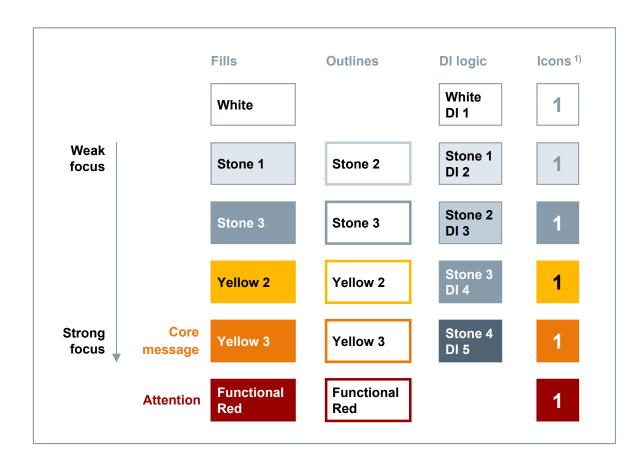
Stone	Natural Yellow	Natural Red	Natural Blue	Natural Green	Natural Gray	Sand
<b>Stone 1</b> 223 230 237	<b>Yellow 1</b> 255 225 120	<b>Red 1</b> 245 200 220	Blue 1 205 230 235	<b>Green 1</b> 240 240 140	<b>Gray 1</b> 220 225 230	<b>Sand 1</b> 235 235 227
<b>Stone 2</b> 190 205 215	<b>Yellow 2</b> 255 185 0	<b>Red 2</b> 230 135 165	<b>Blue 2</b> 140 195 210	<b>Green 2</b> 210 215 65	<b>Gray 2</b> 175 185 195	<b>Sand 2</b> 215 215 205
<b>Stone 3</b> 135 155 170	<b>Yellow 3</b> 235 120 10	<b>Red 3</b> 175 35 95	Blue 3 85 160 185	<b>Green 3</b> 170 180 20	<b>Gray 3</b> 125 135 145	Sand 3 Typography only 170 170 150
<b>Stone 4</b> 80 100 115	<b>Yellow 4</b> 180 75 40	<b>Red 4</b> 100 25 70	<b>Blue 4</b> 0 100 135	<b>Green 4</b> 100 125 45	<b>Gray 4</b> 80 90 100	<b>Sand 4</b> 110 105 90
<b>Stone 5</b> 35 55 70	<b>Yellow 5</b> 125 45 30	<b>Red 5</b> 65 20 50	<b>Blue 5</b> 0 55 75	<b>Green 5</b> 55 80 15	<b>Gray 5</b> 15 25 35	<b>Sand 5</b> 60 55 45
SMC selection	l	` `		how Siemens. Th		!

Siemens colors only to be used in special cases, e.g., water, green topics, special client layout

Stone 1 and Stone 2 have an outline. All other colors have no outline or an outline in the same color as the fill.



# Use of SMC colors – focusing (RGB)



#### **Focusing**

- The stronger the focus, the more intense the color
- Stone colors for weaker focus and accent colors for stronger focus
- Yellow 3 for highlighting the core message
- Functional Red for traffic light logic or attention

#### Recommendation

- No more than three different colors per slide
- No color gradients

Decent use of colors recommended.

Only the **most important information / core message** should be **highlighted** 

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<sup>1)</sup> All icons have an outline, see Elements.