

$$n_i = 1.5 \times 10^{10}$$

1) P-type Si, $N_A = 2 \times 10^{17} \text{ cm}^{-3}$, $t_{ox} = 10 \text{ nm}$, $Q_{ss} = 5 \times 10^{10} \text{ C/cm}^2$, $E_g = 1.12 \text{ eV}$

a) $E_{FL} - E_F = \phi_{fp} = V_t \ln\left(\frac{N_A}{n_i}\right) = 0.0259 \ln\left(\frac{2 \times 10^{17}}{1.5 \times 10^{10}}\right) = \boxed{0.4249 \text{ V}}$

b) Oxide capacitance, $C_{ox} = \frac{\epsilon_{ox} \epsilon_0}{t_{ox}} = \frac{60(10^{-2})(3.9)}{10 \times 10^{-4}(10^2)} = \boxed{3.453 \times 10^{-7} \text{ F/cm}^2}$

c) Max dep. reg. width, $x_{dt} = \left(\frac{4\epsilon_{ox}\phi_{fp}}{eN_A}\right)^{1/2} = \left[\frac{4(60 \times 10^{-2})(11.7)(0.4249)}{e(2 \times 10^{17})}\right]^{1/2} = \boxed{7.413 \times 10^{-6} \text{ cm}}$

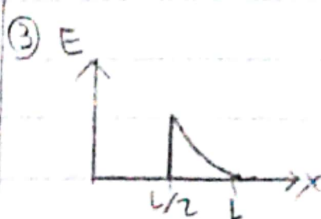
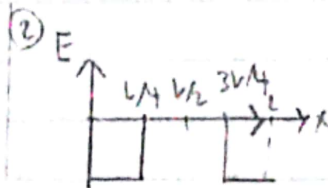
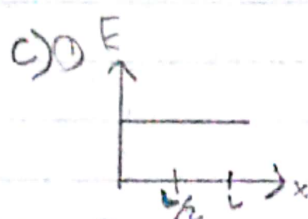
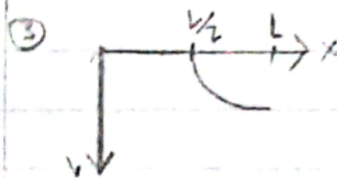
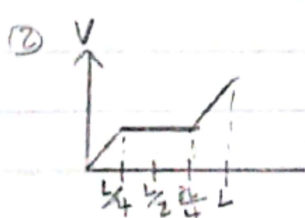
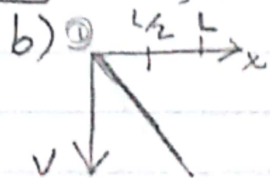
d) $\phi_{ms} = -\left[\frac{E_g}{2e} + \phi_{fp}\right] = -\left[\frac{1.12}{2} + 0.4249\right] = \boxed{-0.9849 \text{ V}}$

e) Flat band voltage, $V_{FB} = \phi_{ms} - \frac{Q_{ss}}{C_{ox}} = -0.9849 - \frac{5 \times 10^{10} e}{3.453 \times 10^{-7}} = \boxed{-1.008 \text{ V}}$

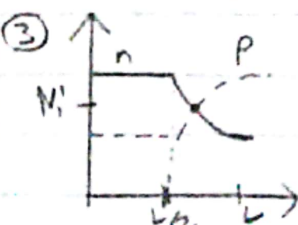
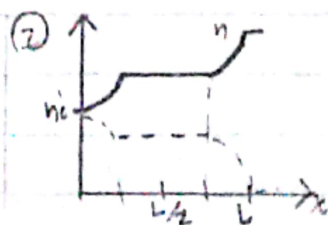
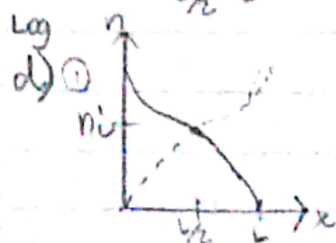
f) $|Q_{SD}(\text{max})| = eN_A x_{dt} = 2.3754 \times 10^{-7} \text{ C/cm}^2$

$V_{TP} = \frac{|Q_{SD}(\text{max})|}{C_{ox}} + V_{fp} + 2\phi_{FB} = \boxed{0.530 \text{ V}}$

2) a) Yes, in equilibrium as Fermi level is constant.



$$E = -\frac{dV}{dx}$$



$$n = n_i \exp\left(\frac{E - E_F}{kT}\right)$$

3) P-type, $K_p' = 0.1 \text{ mA/V}^2$, $\frac{W}{L} = 17$, $V_{tp} = -0.5 \text{ V}$. a) $V_{GS} = 0 \text{ V}$, $V_{SD} = 0.3 \text{ V}$ b) $V_{GS} = 1.2 \text{ V}$, $V_{SD} = 2 \text{ V}$

$I_{D, \text{Linear}} = \frac{W}{L} K_p' (V_{GS} - |V_{tp}| - \frac{V_{SD}}{2}) V_{SD}$, $I_{D, \text{Sat}} = \frac{1}{2} \frac{W}{L} K_p' (V_{GS} - |V_{tp}|)^2$

a) $V_{ov} = V_{GS} - |V_{tp}| = 0 - 0.5 = -0.5 \text{ V}$: Linear $\therefore \boxed{I_D = 0.1275 \text{ mA}}$

b) SAT : $\boxed{I_D = 0.4165 \text{ mA}}$

P-type, $t_{ox} = 25 \text{ nm}$, $N_A = 6 \times 10^{15} \text{ cm}^{-3}$

4) $\gamma = \sqrt{\frac{2\epsilon_s \epsilon_0 q N_A}{C_{ox}}}$, $C_{ox} = \frac{3.45}{t_{ox}} = 1.381 \times 10^{-7} \text{ F/cm}^2$: $\gamma = 0.3231$

$\Delta V_T = \frac{-\Delta Q_{SD}}{C_{ox}} = \gamma (\sqrt{2\phi_{in} + V_{BS}} - \sqrt{2\phi_{in}})$: $V_{BS} = -0.65$ final answer

5) $\phi_{fp} = 0.0259 \ln\left(\frac{10^{16}}{1.5 \times 10^{10}}\right) = 0.347 \text{ V}$ $V_{DS \text{ sat}} = V_{GS} - V_T = 1.5 - 0.5 = 1 \text{ V}$

$\Delta V_{DS} = V_{DS} - V_{DS \text{ sat}} = 2 \text{ V}$, $\Delta L = \sqrt{\frac{2\epsilon_s \epsilon_0}{e N_A}} \times (\sqrt{\phi_{fp} + V_{DS \text{ sat}}} + \Delta V_{DS} - \sqrt{\phi_{fp} + V_{DS \text{ sat}}})$

$\therefore \Delta L = \sqrt{\frac{2(11.7\epsilon_0)}{e(10^{16})}} \times (\sqrt{0.347 + 1 + 2} - \sqrt{0.347 + 1}) = 2.405 \times 10^{-5} \text{ cm}$

b) $N = \sqrt{\frac{2\epsilon_s \epsilon_0}{e N_A}} (\sqrt{\phi_{sat} + (V_{DS} - V_{DS \text{ sat}})} - \sqrt{\phi_{sat}})$, $Q_{sat} = \frac{2\epsilon_s \epsilon_0}{e N_A} \cdot \left(\frac{E_{sat}}{2}\right)^2$
 $\therefore E_{sat} = 30 \text{ kV/cm}$: $Q_{sat} = 0.291$: $\Delta L = 3.505 \times 10^{-5} \text{ cm}$

b) $\therefore \Delta L = 2.405 \times 10^{-5} \text{ cm}$: $\frac{I_D'}{I_D} = \frac{L}{L - \Delta L} = 1.25$

c) $\frac{L}{L - (2.405 \times 10^{-5} \times 10^{-2})} = 1.4$, solve for L : $L = 8.42 \times 10^{-7} \text{ m} = 8.42 \times 10^{-5} \text{ cm}$

d) $\frac{\Delta L}{L} = 0.1$: $L = 10 \Delta L = 2.405 \times 10^{-4} \text{ cm}$

e) $\frac{L}{L - \Delta L} = 1 + \lambda V_{DS}$: $\lambda = \frac{1}{3} \left[\frac{1.2 \times 10^{-4}}{1.2 \times 10^{-4} - 2.405 \times 10^{-5}} \right] = 0.0836 \text{ V}^{-1}$

6) $V_{T \text{ long}} = \frac{Q_{SD \text{ max}} - Q_{SS'}}{C_{ox}} + \phi_{ms} + 2\phi_{fp}$, $C_{ox} = \frac{\epsilon_{ox}}{t_{ox}} = 3.453 \times 10^{-7} \text{ F/cm}^2$

a) $Q_{SS'} = 10^{10} e = 1.6 \times 10^{-9}$, $\phi_{fp} = 0.0259 \ln\left(\frac{2 \times 10^{17}}{n_i}\right) = 0.4249 \text{ V}$

$\phi_{ms} = -\left(\frac{E_g}{2} + \phi_{fp}\right) = -0.485 \text{ V}$, $Q_{SD \text{ max}} = e N_A x_{eff} = 2.37 \times 10^{-7} \text{ cm}^{-2}$

$\therefore V_{T \text{ long}} = \frac{2.37 \times 10^{-7} - 1.6 \times 10^{-9}}{3.453 \times 10^{-7}} + (-0.485 \text{ V}) + 2(0.4249) = 0.547 \text{ V}$

$\Delta V_T = \frac{-e N_A x_{eff}}{C_{ox}} \left(\frac{1}{L} \sqrt{1 + \frac{2x_{eff}}{L}} - 1 \right)$, $x_{eff} = 7.421 \times 10^{-6}$: $\Delta V_T = -0.085 \text{ V}$

$V_{T \text{ short}} = V_{T \text{ long}} + \Delta V_T = 0.462 \text{ V}$

b) $E_{\text{local}} = \frac{V_{DS \text{ sat}}}{L - \Delta L}$: $V_{DS \text{ sat}} = 4.538 \text{ V}$: $V_{GS} = V_{DS}$: $\Delta V_{DS} = V_T = 0.462 \text{ V}$

$\Delta L = \sqrt{\frac{2\epsilon_s \epsilon_0}{e N_A}} (\sqrt{\phi_{fp} + V_{DS \text{ sat}} + \Delta V_{DS}} - \sqrt{\phi_{fp} + V_{DS \text{ sat}}}) = 8.15 \times 10^{-7} \text{ cm}$, $E_{\text{local}} = 92.263 \text{ eV/nm}$

c) $v_{\text{sat}} = 10^7 \text{ cm/s}$ d) $E_{\text{nomol}} = \frac{1}{e s} (|Q_{SD \text{ max}}| + \frac{1}{2} Q_{ss'}) = 985.4 \text{ kV/cm}$