



Congratulations! You passed!

TO PASS 80% or higher

Keep Learning

GRADE
100%

Week 2 Challenge Problem

LATEST SUBMISSION GRADE

100%

1. Modify the implementation of `DisjointSets::find(int i)` below so that it performs path compression.

5 / 5 points

If the up-tree array `d.s` is loaded with a disjoint set such that each element points to the next element until the last element which holds a -1, then the last element is the root and its index in the array is the name of the set.

After calling `find()` on one of the elements in the set, the `find` function should (1) return the name of the disjoint set (the index of its root element) and (2) set that element in the up-tree array and all of its ancestors to point directly to the root.

```
1  #include <iostream>
2  #include <vector>
3
4  //vector<int> traversal_path;
5
6
7  class DisjointSets {
8  public:
9      int s[256];
10
11      DisjointSets() { for (int i = 0; i < 256; i++) s[i] = -1; }
12
13      int find(int i);
14  };
15
16  /* Modify the find() method below
17   * to implement path compression
18   * so that element i and all of
19   * its ancestors in the up-tree
20   * point to directly to the root
21   * after find() completes.
22   */
23
24  /*
25  int DisjointSets::find(int i) {
26      if ( s[i] < 0 ) {
27          return i;
28      } else {
29          return find(s[i]);
30      }
31  }
32  */
33
34  int DisjointSets::find( int i)
35  {
36
37      static std::vector<int> traversal_path;
38
39      if( s[i] < 0 )
40      {
41          for( auto iter = traversal_path.begin(); iter != traversal_path.end(); iter
42              ++ )
43          {
44              // path compression from i to root node
45              int node = *iter;
46              s[ node ] = i;
47          }
48
49          // return the name(i.e., array index) of Disjoint set
50          return i;
51      }
52      else
53      {
54          //add current node into traversal path
55          traversal_path.push_back( i );
56          return find( s[i] );
57      }
58  }
59
60  //end of function int DisjointSet::find( int i)
61
62
63
64
65  int main() {
66      DisjointSets d;
67
68      d.s[1] = 3;
69      d.s[3] = 5;
70      d.s[5] = 7;
71      d.s[7] = -1;
72
73      std::cout << "d.find(3) = " << d.find(3) << std::endl;
74      std::cout << "d.s(1) = " << d.s[1] << std::endl;
75      std::cout << "d.s(3) = " << d.s[3] << std::endl;
76      std::cout << "d.s(5) = " << d.s[5] << std::endl;
77      std::cout << "d.s(7) = " << d.s[7] << std::endl;
78
79      return 0;
80  }
```

Run

Reset



Correct

Tested disjoint set (14, 30, 45, 47, 53, 66, 72, 87, 93, 104, 115, 127, 136, 143, 155).
d.find(30) = 155, expected 155.
After find ran, expected all of these to be set to 155:
d.s[30] = 155.
d.s[45] = 155.
d.s[47] = 155.
d.s[53] = 155.
d.s[66] = 155.

```
d.s[72] = 155.  
d.s[87] = 155.  
d.s[93] = 155.  
d.s[104] = 155.  
d.s[115] = 155.  
d.s[127] = 155.  
d.s[136] = 155.  
d.s[143] = 155.  
After find ran, expected this to be 30:  
d.s[14] = 30.
```