I- Print "Hello World

```
printf("Q1: \nHello World!\n");
//std::cout << "Hello World!\n"; //cpp equivalent

Q1:
Hello World!
```

II- Print ASCII code user-input character

```
173
           //02
174
           char c; //initialize character
           printf("Q2: \nPlease enter a character: "); //req. user input
175
           scanf("%c", &c); //user input
176
177
           //std::cin >> c; //cpp equivalent
           get_ASCII_value(c); //calling ascii conversion function
178
16 //func. that returns text user specific (void) for Q2
   void get_ASCII_value(char c)
18 □ {
19
       printf("The ASCII value of %c = %d\n", c, c); //prints character and ascii equivalent no.
20 L }
                      Please enter a character: q
                      The ASCII value of q = 113
```

III- Implement Magic box algorithm on numbers from 1-9, so that numbers are displayed, sum of any row equals sum of any column equals 15.

```
//Q3 magic box 3x3 sum=15

int n = 3; // Works only when n is odd
printf("Q3: magic box 3x3 sum=15\n");
generateSquare(n);
```

```
Q3: magic box 3x3 sum=15
The Magic Square for n=3:
Sum of each row or column 15:
2 7 6
9 5 1
4 3 8
```

IV- -Implement Magic box for odd box of order n

```
186
             // Works only when n is odd
187
             printf("Q4: Please enter an odd number for magic box generation: "); //req. user input
             scanf("%d", &n); //user input
188
189
             // checking if no. is odd, true if num is not perfectly divisible by 2
190
             while(n % 2 == 0 | n<0 ) //if remainder when divided by 2 is 0 then it is even, request odd input
191 白
192
                  printf("%d is even. or negative", n);
                   printf("\nkidly re-enter an 'odd' +ve number for magic box generation: ");
193
194
                   scanf("%d", &n); //user input
195
196
             generateSquare(n);
22 //func. that generates odd sized magic squares for Q3,4
    void generateSquare(int n)
24 ⊟ {
25
        //The magic constant of a normal magic square (odd n) //M = n(n^2+1)/2
26
27
        //ex: n=3 then M = 3*(3^2+1)/2 = 3*(9+1)/2 = 3*5 = 15
28
        int magicSquare[n][n]; //initialize 2D array (matrix) for magic square //works on any c compiler other than visual studio (legacy) compilers
memset(magicSquare, 0, sizeof(magicSquare)); //set all entries in matrix to zeroes using built in func.'s memset and sizeof
//position to place the initial 1 (relative to n size)
int i = n / 2; //x Loc (row)
29
30
31
32
33
34
        int j = n - 1; //y Loc (column)

// Use 3 conditions to individually place values in magic square //one for loop

for (int loop = 1; loop <= n * n;) //one loop over stretched entire 2D plane in one dimension for simplicity
35
36 🗐
37
38 =
            if (i == -1 && j == n) // 3rd condition //resetting
39
40
41
42 🖨
             else {
43
44
                 // 1st condition helper if next number exceeds square's right side // resetting columns
                 | j = 0; \\ // 1st condition helper if next number exceeds square's top side // resetting rows \\ if (i < 0) 
45
47
48
                   i = n - 1;
49
50
             if (magicSquare[i][j]) // 2nd condition //resetting
51 = 52
53
54
55 - 56
57
                j -= 2; //resettig columns
                continue; //increment row and continue
                magicSquare[i][i] = loop++: // set loop increment no.
58
59
             j++;
i--; // 1st condition
60
61
                           // Print magic square
         62
         63
                           printf("The Magic Square for n=%d:\nSum of "
                                    "each row or column %d:\n\n",
         64
                                   n, n * (n * n + 1) / 2);
         65
                           for (i = 0; i < n; i++) {
         66 🖹
         67
                                    for (j = 0; j < n; j++)
                                            printf("%d ", magicSquare[i][j]); //"%3d "
         68
                                    printf("\n");
         69
         70
         71
```

```
Q4: Please enter an odd number for magic box generation: 7
The Magic Square for n=7:
Sum of each row or column 175:

20 12 4 45 37 29 28
11 3 44 36 35 27 19
2 43 42 34 26 18 10
49 41 33 25 17 9 1
40 32 24 16 8 7 48
31 23 15 14 6 47 39
22 21 13 5 46 38 30
Press any key to continue . . .
```

V- Write a console program to display a switch menu of 5 options

```
198
                  //05
 199
                  system("pause"); //pauses screen awaiting user input
                  system("cls"); //clear screen
 200
                  quickmenu(); //call meny function
 201
 202
 203
                  return 0;
 204
73 void quickmenu() //menu function for Q5
74 □ {
75
76 日
         //string menu[5]
        char menu[5][100] = { "Calculate the Sum and the Average of an array of integers",
77
          "Print Hello World"
          "Find the tallest and the shortest sentences of the user-input sentences",
78
79
          "Find the Treasure Game",
80
         "Exit" };
81
82
        int \times = 0;
83
84 🖨
        while (true) {
            system("cls"); //clears screen
85
86
87
            SetConsoleTextAttribute(GetStdHandle(STD OUTPUT HANDLE), 14);
            printf( "Q5: Main menu: \n\n");
88
89
90 🖨
            for (int i = 0; i < 5; i++) {
91
                if (i == x)
92 🖨
                   SetConsoleTextAttribute(GetStdHandle(STD_OUTPUT_HANDLE), 2);
93
94
                   //menu[i] ="ABC"
                   printf("%s\n",menu[i]); //finally got it to work!!! yay!!!
95
                    //cout << menu[i] << endl; //i used cout here bec. i was unable to print a string with printf function sadly
96
97
98 🖨
99
                   SetConsoleTextAttribute(GetStdHandle(STD_OUTPUT_HANDLE), 14);
100
                   //cout << menu[i] << endl;</pre>
                   printf("%s\n",menu[i]);
101
102
```

```
105 🗀
                      while (true) {
  106
                            if (GetAsyncKeyState(VK_ESCAPE)!= 0)
  107 🗀
  108
                                  break;
  109
  110 =
                            if (GetAsyncKeyState(VK_UP) != 0) {
  111
                                  x = x - 1;
  112 🗀
                                  if (x == -1) {
  113
                                       x = 4;
  114
  115
                                  break;
  116
  117
  118 🗀
                            else if (GetAsyncKeyState(VK_DOWN) != 0) {
  119
                                  x = x + 1;
  120 🗀
                                  if (x == 5) {
  121
                                       x = 0;
  122
  123
                                  break;
  124
  125 🖹
                            else if (GetAsyncKeyState(VK_HOME) != 0) {
  126
                                  x = 0;
  127
                                  break;
  128
  129
  130 🖹
                            else if (GetAsyncKeyState(VK END) != 0) {
  131
                                  x = 4;
  132
                                  break;
  133
135 ់
             else if (GetAsyncKeyState(VK_RETURN) != 0) { //enter key
136
137
                switch (x) // switch cases for menu
138 🖨
139
                case 0: printf( "\nYou selected: Calculate the Sum and the Average of an array of integers.\n");
140
141
                case 1: printf( "\nYou selected: Hello world\n");
142
                   break:
                case 2: printf( "\nYou selected: Find the tallest and the shortest sentences of the user-input sentences\n");
143
144
                   break;
145
                case 3: printf( "\nYou selected: Find the Treasure Game\n");
146
                case 4: printf( "\nYou selected: Exit, Program is shutting down now.\n");
147
148
149
150
                system("pause"); //pauses screen awaiting user input
152
153
154
155
```

```
Q5: Main menu:

Calculate the Sum and the Average of an array of integers

Print Hello World

Find the tallest and the shortest sentences of the user-input sentences

Find the Treasure Game

Exit

You selected: Calculate the Sum and the Average of an array of integers.

Press any key to continue . . .
```

Here 'Home' and 'End' keys take menu to top and bottom, respectively.

'Up' and 'Down' arrow keys take menu up and down, respectively and in extreme cases resets menu to the Bottom/Top, respectively.

```
Q5: Main menu:

Calculate the Sum and the Average of an array of integers

Print Hello World

Find the tallest and the shortest sentences of the user-input sentences

Find the Treasure Game

Exit

You selected: Exit, Program is shutting down now.

Press any key to continue . . .
```

Also, 'Esc' key exits the menu to the previous selection screen (clears selection).

I uploaded the entire file as a devc++ project (.dev).

kindly run the code on devc++ as I had issues with visual studio installation. (specifically the only issue from visual studio is that the 2D array as not accepted with variable size on line 29: int magicSquare[n][n]; , this works on online compilers and on devc and codeblocks)

Also, I changed the menu from an array of strings to a 2D array of characters so I can use printf instead of cout. And reuploaded the files (now fully C based only)

VI- Entire code run example:

```
01:
Hello World!
Please enter a character: 1
The ASCII value of 1 = 49
Q3: magic box 3x3 sum=15
The Magic Square for n=3:
Sum of each row or column 15:
2 7 6
951
4 3 8
Q4: Please enter an odd number for magic box generation: 5
The Magic Square for n=5:
Sum of each row or column 65:
9 3 22 16 15
2 21 20 14 8
25 19 13 7 1
18 12 6 5 24
11 10 4 23 17
Press any key to continue . . .
```

```
Q5: Main menu:

Calculate the Sum and the Average of an array of integers

Print Hello World

Find the tallest and the shortest sentences of the user-input sentences

Find the Treasure Game

Exit

You selected: Find the tallest and the shortest sentences of the user-input sentences

Press any key to continue . . .
```