

NANENG 430

Formula Sheet

TABLE 1.1 Summary of Results for Plane Wave Propagation in Various Media

Quantity	Type of Medium		
	Lossless ($\epsilon'' = \sigma = 0$)	General Lossy	Good Conductor ($\epsilon'' \gg \epsilon'$ or $\sigma \gg \omega\epsilon'$)
Complex propagation constant	$\gamma = j\omega\sqrt{\mu\epsilon}$	$\gamma = j\omega\sqrt{\mu\epsilon}$ $= j\omega\sqrt{\mu\epsilon'}\sqrt{1 - j\frac{\sigma}{\omega\epsilon'}}$	$\gamma = (1 + j)\sqrt{\omega\mu\sigma/2}$
Phase constant (wave number)	$\beta = k = \omega\sqrt{\mu\epsilon}$	$\beta = \text{Im}\{\gamma\}$	$\beta = \text{Im}\{\gamma\} = \sqrt{\omega\mu\sigma/2}$
Attenuation constant	$\alpha = 0$	$\alpha = \text{Re}\{\gamma\}$	$\alpha = \text{Re}\{\gamma\} = \sqrt{\omega\mu\sigma/2}$
Impedance	$\eta = \sqrt{\mu/\epsilon} = \omega\mu/k$	$\eta = j\omega\mu/\gamma$	$\eta = (1 + j)\sqrt{\omega\mu/2\sigma}$
Skin depth	$\delta_s = \infty$	$\delta_s = 1/\alpha$	$\delta_s = \sqrt{2/\omega\mu\sigma}$
Wavelength	$\lambda = 2\pi/\beta$	$\lambda = 2\pi/\beta$	$\lambda = 2\pi/\beta$
Phase velocity	$v_p = \omega/\beta$	$v_p = \omega/\beta$	$v_p = \omega/\beta$

$$\Gamma = \frac{\eta_2 \cos \theta_t - \eta_1 \cos \theta_i}{\eta_2 \cos \theta_t + \eta_1 \cos \theta_i},$$

$$T = \frac{2\eta_2 \cos \theta_i}{\eta_2 \cos \theta_t + \eta_1 \cos \theta_i}.$$

TE/TM modes

Wave Propagation in Dielectric Medium	Wave Propagation in a Waveguide
$\beta' = \omega / u' = \omega \sqrt{\mu \epsilon}$	$\beta = \beta' \sqrt{1 - \left[\frac{f_c}{f} \right]^2}$
$\eta' = \sqrt{\mu / \epsilon}$	$\eta_{TE} = \frac{\eta'}{\sqrt{1 - \left[\frac{f_c}{f} \right]^2}}, \eta_{TM} = \eta' \sqrt{1 - \left[\frac{f_c}{f} \right]^2}$
$u' = \omega / \beta' = f \lambda = 1 / \sqrt{\mu \epsilon}$	$u_p = \frac{\omega}{\beta' \sqrt{1 - \left[\frac{f_c}{f} \right]^2}} = \omega / \beta$
$\lambda' = u' / f$	$\lambda = \frac{\lambda'}{\sqrt{1 - \left[\frac{f_c}{f} \right]^2}}$

	$n = 0, 1, 2, 3, \dots$		$n = 1, 2, 3, \dots$
Quantity	TEM Mode	TM _n Mode	TE _n Mode
k	$\omega \sqrt{\mu \epsilon}$	$\omega \sqrt{\mu \epsilon}$	$\omega \sqrt{\mu \epsilon}$
k_c	0	$n\pi/d$	$n\pi/d$
β	$k = \omega \sqrt{\mu \epsilon}$	$\sqrt{k^2 - k_c^2}$	$\sqrt{k^2 - k_c^2}$
λ_c	∞	$2\pi/k_c = 2d/n$	$2\pi/k_c = 2d/n$
λ_g	$2\pi/k$	$2\pi/\beta$	$2\pi/\beta$
v_p	$\omega/k = 1/\sqrt{\mu \epsilon}$	ω/β	ω/β
α_d	$(k \tan \delta)/2$	$(k^2 \tan \delta)/2\beta$	$(k^2 \tan \delta)/2\beta$
α_c	$R_s/\eta d$	$2kR_s/\beta \eta d$	$2k_c^2 R_s/k\beta \eta d$
E_z	0	$A \sin(n\pi y/d) e^{-j\beta z}$	0
H_z	0	0	$B \cos(n\pi y/d) e^{-j\beta z}$
E_x	0	0	$(j\omega\mu/k_c) B \sin(n\pi y/d) e^{-j\beta z}$
E_y	$(-V_o/d) e^{-j\beta z}$	$(-j\beta/k_c) A \cos(n\pi y/d) e^{-j\beta z}$	0
H_x	$(V_o/\eta d) e^{-j\beta z}$	$(j\omega\epsilon/k_c) A \cos(n\pi y/d) e^{-j\beta z}$	0
H_y	0	0	$(j\beta/k_c) B_n \sin(n\pi y/d) e^{-j\beta z}$
Z	$Z_{\text{TEM}} = \eta d/W$	$Z_{\text{TM}} = \beta \eta/k$	$Z_{\text{TE}} = k\eta/\beta$