

Automaspec — Front-End Architecture & Development Report

Date: 2025-12-18

0) Project Summary

Automaspec is a web application for managing test specifications, requirements, and tests with a tree-based navigation UI, status tracking, and Vitest report synchronization. The product includes authentication, organizations (workspaces), and a dashboard UI.

Front-end stack (based on `README.md` and `package.json`):

- Next.js (App Router) + React 19 + TypeScript
- Tailwind CSS v4 + UI components (shadcn-style in `components/ui/*`)
- TanStack Query (global server-state) + TanStack React Form (forms)
- oRPC (type-safe contracts) + OpenAPI handler (single entry point `/rpc`)
- Vitest + React Testing Library
- Oxitint + Oxfmt + Lefthook (engineering culture)

1) SPA Requirement and Routing

The project uses the Next.js App Router (`app/*`) and provides an SPA-like user experience:

- client-side navigation via `next/link` / `next/navigation` without full page reloads
- key interactive areas are client components ('`use client`') with local state and async API calls

Key routes (3-4+ routes requirement is met):

- `/` — landing (`app/page.tsx`)
- `/login` — authentication (`app/login/page.tsx`)
- `/dashboard` — main application (tree + details) (`app/dashboard/page.tsx`)
- `/profile` — profile/export/delete account (`app/profile/page.tsx`)
- `/ai` — AI assistant page (`app/ai/page.tsx`)
- `/create-organization, /choose-organization, /invitations` — organization flows (`app/(organizations)/*`)

2) Architecture Diagram (Modules, Components, Routes, State)

2.1 Logical diagram

```
[UI: app/* + components/*]
  |
  | (TanStack Query / TanStack Form)
  v
[API client: lib/orpc/orpc.ts]
  |
  | fetch + cookies, OpenAPI link
  v
[/rpc handler: app/(backend)/rpc/[...all]/route.ts]
  |
  | oRPC router + middleware (auth/org)
  v
[Server routes: orpc/routes/*]
  |
  v
[DB: drizzle + libsqli] (not FE, but defines contracts)
```

2.2 Physical project structure (front-end relevant)

```
app/
  layout.tsx           - root layout + Providers
  providers.tsx        - Theme + TanStack Query + Toaster
  page.tsx             - landing
  login/page.tsx       - forms + validation
  dashboard/*          - feature (page + components + hooks)
  profile/page.tsx     - profile actions
  (organizations)/*    - org flows
```

```

components/
  ui/*           - reusable UI elements
  theme-provider.tsx   - theming
  theme-toggler.tsx   - theme switcher
lib/
  orpc/*          - oRPC context/client
  query/*          - QueryClient (+ optional hydration)
  shared/*         - auth client, form helpers
  constants.ts     - centralized constants
  types.ts          - Zod schemas + TS types
__tests__/
  components/*    - unit/component tests (RTL)
  integration/*   - integration flows

```

3) Architectural Approach

3.1 Component-based architecture

- Pages/containers: `app/**/page.tsx` assemble features and connect UI to data.
- UI components: `components/ui/*` provide primitives (buttons, dialogs, tabs, skeleton, toast, etc.).
- Feature components: `app/dashboard/components/*` implement dashboard-specific functionality.

3.2 State management

- Local state: `useState`, `useEffect` for selection, dialogs, forms, UI toggles, AI progress, etc.
- Global/cross-cutting state:
 - server-state: TanStack Query (`@tanstack/react-query`) provided via `app/providers.tsx`
 - session/organization: `authClient` (Better Auth hooks): `useSession`, `useActiveOrganization`, `useListOrganizations`
- Theming: `next-themes` via `ThemeProvider` (`app/providers.tsx`)

3.3 Services / hooks

- Centralized API layer: `lib/orpc/orpc.ts`
 - `safeClient` for calls returning `{ data, error }`
 - `orpc` TanStack Query utilities (`queryOptions`, `key(...)`)
- Server context for middleware: `lib/orpc/context.ts`
- Query client configuration + serialization: `lib/query/client.ts`, `lib/query/serializer.ts`

4) API Documentation (Contracts, Methods, Examples)

4.1 How the client calls the API

Single API entry point: `/rpc` (Next.js route handler)

- `app/(backend)/rpc/[...all]/route.ts` runs the OpenAPI handler with logging and CORS.
- The client uses `fetch(..., { credentials: 'include' })` so session cookies are included automatically (`lib/orpc/orpc.ts`).

OpenAPI endpoints:

- `/rpc/spec` — OpenAPI spec
- `/rpc/docs` — reference UI (via `OpenAPIDocsPlugin`)

4.2 Authentication and organization

- oRPC middleware:
 - `orpc/middleware.ts`: `authMiddleware` (requires `session`) and `organizationMiddleware` (requires `activeOrganizationId`)
- If there is no session, the `/rpc` handler redirects to `/login`.

4.3 Core API methods (tests domain)

Contract file: `orpc/contracts/tests.ts`

- Folders:
 - GET `/test-folders/{id}`

- GET /test-folders (optional parentId)
- GET /test-folders/{folderId}/children?depth=0..5
- GET /test-folders/find?name=...
- POST /test-folders/{id} (upsert)
- DELETE /test-folders/{id}
- Specs:
 - GET /test-specs/{id}
 - GET /test-specs (optional folderId)
 - PUT /test-specs/{id} (upsert)
 - DELETE /test-specs/{id}
- Requirements:
 - GET /test-requirements (optional specId)
 - PUT /test-requirements/{id} (upsert)
 - DELETE /test-requirements/{id}
- Tests:
 - GET /tests (optional requirementId)
 - PUT /tests/{id} (upsert)
 - DELETE /tests/{id}
 - POST /tests/sync-report — sync Vitest report into DB state
 - GET /tests/report — read Vitest report

Types and schemas:

- Zod schemas: lib/types.ts (test*SelectSchema, test*InsertSchema, vitestReportSchema, etc.)
- Status constants: lib/constants.ts (TEST_STATUSES, SPEC_STATUSES, STATUS_CONFIGS)

Example: fetch folder children (tree)

GET /rpc/test-folders/root/children?depth=2

Response example (shortened):

```
[  
 {  
   "id": "folder-1",  
   "name": "Auth",  
   "type": "folder",  
   "children": [{ "id": "spec-1", "name": "Login", "type": "spec" }]  
 },  
 { "id": "spec-2", "name": "Smoke", "type": "spec" }  
 ]
```

5) User Flows / Navigation

5.1 Main flows

- 1) Sign in:
 - / → /login
 - Sign in (email/password validation) → /dashboard

- 2) Organization onboarding:
 - if there is no active organization:
 - organizations exist → /choose-organization → set active → /dashboard
 - no organizations → /create-organization → create + set active → /dashboard

- 3) Dashboard work:
 - /dashboard
 - folder/spec tree navigation
 - create folders/specs, delete
 - view requirements and tests for the selected spec
 - report sync via Sync Tests button

- 4) Profile:
 - /profile → export data / sign out / delete account

6) UI and Reusability

- Layout: app/layout.tsx + app/providers.tsx
- Reusable UI: components/ui/* (button, dialog, dropdown, tabs, skeleton, toast, etc.)
- Dashboard feature UI: app/dashboard/components/*

7) Forms and Validation

- /login: TanStack React Form + Zod schemas (SignInSchema, SignUpSchema), user-facing validation messages, submitting states.
- /create-organization: TanStack React Form + sync/async validators (including slug check via authClient.organization.checkSlug).

8) Async Operations, Error Handling, Loading States

8.1 Error handling

- UI layer: toast notifications via sonner (toast.success, toast.error) in core flows (login, org, dashboard, profile).
- API layer: oRPC handler onError(...) logs errors and validation issues (app/(backend)/rpc/[...all]/route.ts).
- Auth handling: no session → redirect to /login at /rpc.

8.2 Loading states

- Shared loader component: components/loader.tsx
- Per-flow states: isPending (session/org hooks), isLoading (AI), isSyncing (sync report)
- Tree UI shows per-item loading indicators.

9) Testing

Tooling:

- Vitest (pnpm test)
- React Testing Library (jsdom, setup in __tests__/setup.ts)

Coverage in repo:

- Unit/component tests: __tests__/components/*, __tests__/lib/*, __tests__/db/*, __tests__/orpc/*
- Integration tests: __tests__/integration/* (README notes they require a reachable NEXT_PUBLIC_DATABASE_URL)

10) Stack Rationale

- Next.js + React: strong DX, routing, code splitting, mature ecosystem.
- TypeScript + Zod: strong typing and boundary validation.
- oRPC + OpenAPI: contract-first approach with shared types and OpenAPI spec generation; integrates well with TanStack Query.
- TanStack Query: caching, invalidation, refetching, predictable server-state management.
- Tailwind + shadcn-style UI: fast development and consistent design system patterns.
- Vitest + RTL: fast component tests and integration-style flows.

11) Checklist Self-Assessment (What is covered / what to improve)

Already covered:

- SPA-like navigation and routing (many routes).
- Separation into pages/feature components/UI components/services.
- Strong typing (TypeScript + Zod).
- Centralized API layer (lib/orpc/orpc.ts).
- Error handling + user-friendly messages (toasts).
- Forms + validation.
- Data lists (tree UI, requirements/tests lists).
- Unit + integration tests.
- Linting/formatting/hooks (Oxlint/Oxfmt/Lefthook).

Potential gaps for strict checklists:

- A dedicated user-facing “search/filter/sort” control in the dashboard is not clearly present (there is status grouping and list rendering, but not an explicit search/filter UI).
- No explicit app/error.tsx, app/not-found.tsx, app/*/loading.tsx pages (if the reviewer expects Next.js error boundaries / 404 page / route-level loading UI).

12) Build PDF on Windows (pandoc + xelatex)

Run from repository root:

```
cd docs
```

```
pandoc --pdf-engine=xelatex -V lang=en-US -V mainfont="Times New Roman" -V monofont="Consolas" --variable=geometry:ma
```