Serverless ETL pipelines with Apache Beam and GCP Dataflow

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• Beam 101

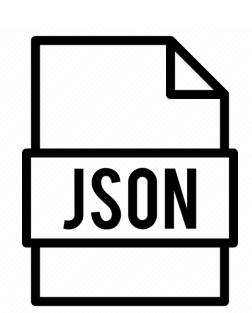
Demo

Pros and Cons



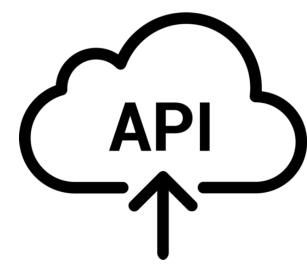
Problem



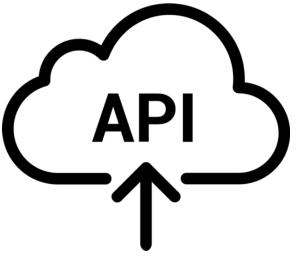


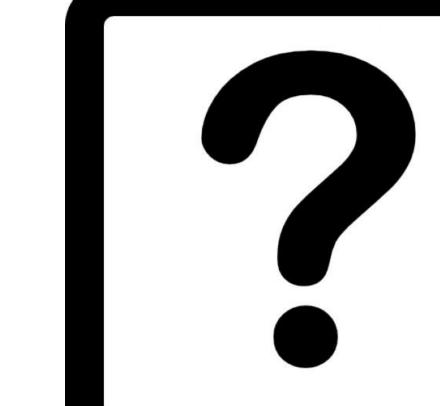


XML











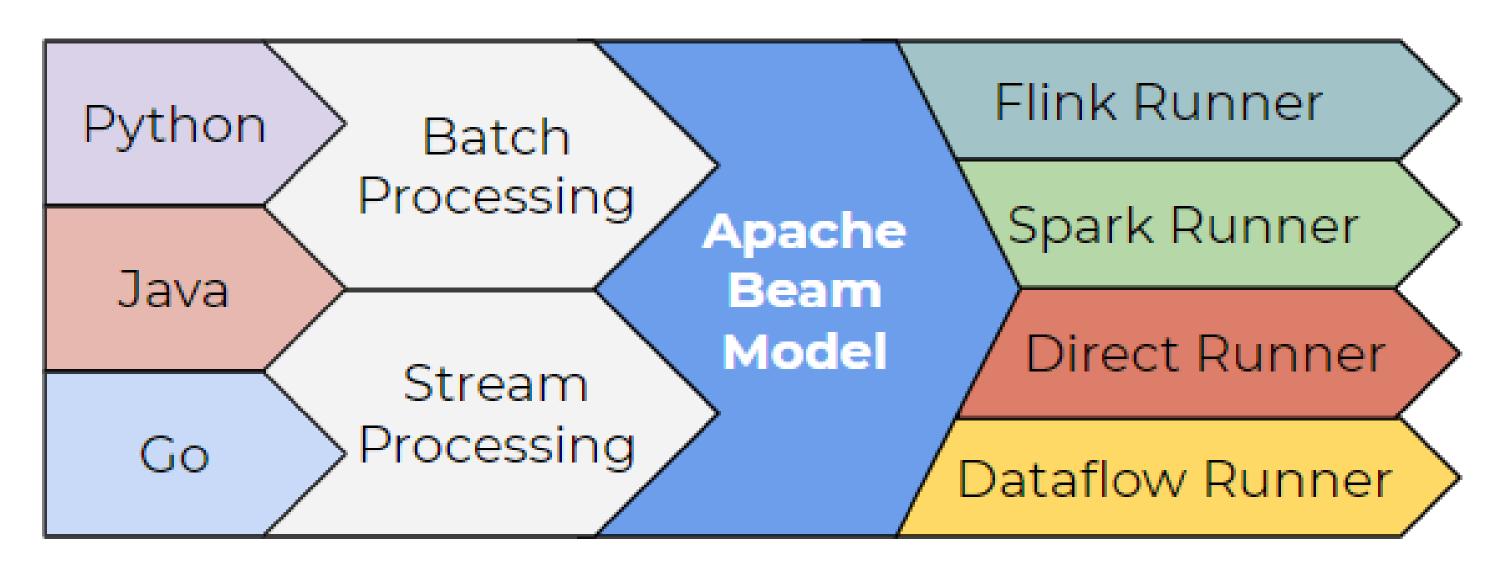






Apache Beam Intro

- Unified programming model, Python, Java, Go SDKs
- Batch and Streaming Processing
- Open source, parallel data processing, IO connectors
- Different Runners, write one, deploy of you choice







Beam Abstractions

- •Pipeline: single program which includes input data, transforming that data and writing output data.
- •PCollection:- A PCollection represents a distributed datasets that Beam pipeline operates on.
- •PTransform:- A PTransform explains a data processing operation, or a step, in pipeline.
- •IOTransform:- Beam contains huge number of IOs library transforms so as to read or write data to external systems.



Beam Program Workflow

- Firstly, create a pipeline object ans set Pipeline Options including Runner.
- Secondly, create an initial PCollection for pipeline data.
- Thirdly, apply PTransform to input PCollection.
- Lastly, use IOTransform to write the final output to external systems.
- At last, run the pipeline using the designated Pipeline runner.



Beam Transformations

Element-wise

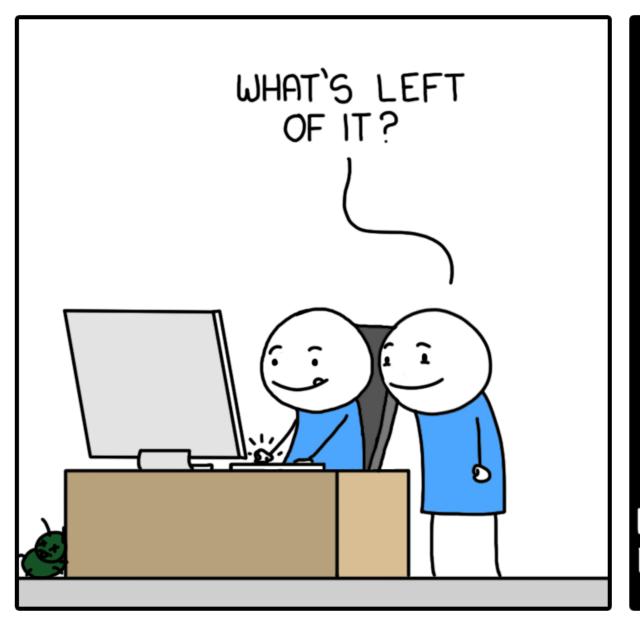
Transform	Description	
<u>Enrichment</u>	Performs data enrichment with a remote service.	
<u>Filter</u>	Given a predicate, filter out all elements that don't satisfy the predicate.	
<u>FlatMap</u>	Applies a function that returns a collection to every element in the input and outputs all resulting elements.	
<u>Keys</u>	Extracts the key from each element in a collection of key-value pairs.	
<u>KvSwap</u>	Swaps the key and value of each element in a collection of key-value pairs.	
<u>Map</u>	Applies a function to every element in the input and outputs the result.	
<u>MLTransform</u>	Applies data processing transforms to the dataset.	
<u>ParDo</u>	The most-general mechanism for applying a user-defined DoFn to every element in the input collection.	
<u>Partition</u>	Routes each input element to a specific output collection based on some partition function.	
<u>Regex</u>	Filters input string elements based on a regex. May also transform them based on the matching groups.	
<u>Reify</u>	Transforms for converting between explicit and implicit form of various Beam values.	
RunInference	Uses machine learning (ML) models to do local and remote inference.	
<u>ToString</u>	Transforms every element in an input collection a string.	
WithTimestamps	Applies a function to determine a timestamp to each element in the output collection, and updates the	
	implicit timestamp associated with each input. Note that it is only safe to adjust timestamps forwards.	
<u>Values</u>	Extracts the value from each element in a collection of key-value pairs.	

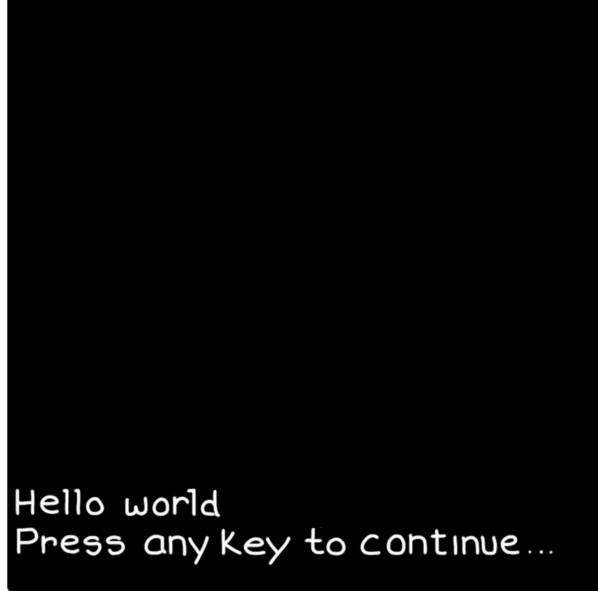


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Beam Demo



OLAP (Online Analytical Processing)











Summary

Pros	Cons
Can run on multiple runners like Apache Flink, Apache Spark, and Google Cloud Dataflow.	Running jobs for certain runners (like Google Cloud Dataflow) might lead to vendor lockin.
Designed to handle large-scale data processing tasks.	Requires careful tuning and resource management.
Easy migration from local/dev to cloud/prod	Steeper learning curve due to its strict DAG creation rules.
CLI integrates with other platforms and CI/CD tools	Specifics to run both batch and stream processing using a single model.
Many custom transformations and IO connectors.	

Thanks!



