

**1(a).**

```
for (int i = 1; i < n; i++) {  
    for (int j = 1; j < n; j++) {  
        for (int k = 1; k < n; k++) {  
            std::cout << "test 1";  
        }  
    }  
} // run  $3x^3$  [ $n^3$ ]  
for (int i = 1; i < n; i++) {  
    for (int j = 1; j < n; j++) {  
        k = n;  
        while (k > 0) {  
            k = k / 2;  
        }  
    }  
} //  $(x^2)\log x$  [ $(n^2)\log n$ ]  
for (int i = 1; i <= 2; i++) {  
    for (int j = 1; j < n; j++) {  
        for (int k = 1; k < n; k++) {  
            std::cout << "test 2";  
        }  
    }  
} //  $2x^2$  [ $2n^2$ ]  
for (int i = 1; i <= 3; i++) {  
    k = n;  
    while (k > 0)  
        k = k / 2;  
} //  $3\log x$  [ $3\log n$ ]
```

**1 (b).**

```
for (int i = 1; i <= 2; i++) {  
    for (int j = 1; j < n; j++) {
```

```

        for (int k = 1; k < n; k++) {
            std::cout << "test 2";
        }
    }
} // 2x^2 [2n^2]
for (int i = 1; i < n; i++) {
    for (int j = 1; j < n; j++) {
        k = n;
        while (k > 0) {
            k = k / 2;
        }
    }
} // (x^2)logx [(n^2)logn]

for (int i = 1; i <= 3; i++) {
    k = n;
    while (k > 0)
        k = k / 2;
} // 3logx [3logn]

```

**2.**

smallestNumber ( array = [a1, a2, ...], length(array) = 4)

small\_1 = a1

small\_2 = 0

for i = 2 to n

if small\_1 > small\_2

small\_1 = small\_2

return small\_1, small\_2

small\_1 = array[i]

else if small\_2 > array[i]

**3(a).**

$$2(n-1-1) + 2(n-1-2) + 2(n-1-3) + \dots + 2(n-1-(n-1))$$

$$2 * (n * (n-1) - 1 * (n-1) - (n * (n-1) / 2))$$

$$2 * (n * (n-1) / 2 - (n-1))$$

$$(n^2) - n - 2n + 2$$

Time complexity:  $O(n^2)$

**3(b).**

$$(n-1) * (m+1) * t$$

$$(n * m * t)$$

Time complexity:  $O(nmt)$

**4(a).**

array [n] [a1...an]

numberPositive = 0

numberNegative = 0

for int i = 0 to n - 1

if array[i] < 0

numberNegative++

else if array[i] > 0

numberPositive++

if numberPositive < numberNegative

return numberNegative

else

return numberPositive

**4(b).**

power2 = 0

power1 = 0

for int i = 0 to n - 1

power1 != power2

return power1, power2

else

return 1;

**5.**

$$323 = 124 * 2 + 75$$

$$124 = 75 * 1 + 49$$

$$75 = 49 * 1 + 26$$

$$49 = 26 * 1 + 23$$

$$26 = 23 + 3$$

$$23 = 3 * 7 + 2$$

$$3 = 2 * 1 + 1$$

$$2 = 1 * 2 + 0$$

GCD: 1

$$1 = 323(s) + 124(t)$$

s: 43

t: -112

