

# ZIMBABWE SCHOOL EXAMINATIONS COUNCIL

**General Certificate of Education Ordinary Level** 

GEOGRAPHY

4022/2

PAPER 2

**SPECIMEN PAPER** 

2 hours 30 minutes

Additional materials:
Answer paper

**TIME** 2 hours 30 minutes

### INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES

Write your name, centre number and candidate number in the spaces provided on the answer paper/answer booklet.

Answer **four** questions.

Answer **one** question from each of Sections A, B and C and **one** other question from any section.

Write your answers on the separate answer paper provided.

If you use more than one sheet of paper, fasten the sheets together.

## INFORMATION FOR CANDIDATES

The number of marks is given in brackets [] at the end of each question or part question.

Sketch maps and diagrams should be drawn whenever they serve to illustrate an answer.

This specimen paper consists of 12 printed pages.

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### **Section A**

# **Physical Environment**

Answer at least **one** question from this section.

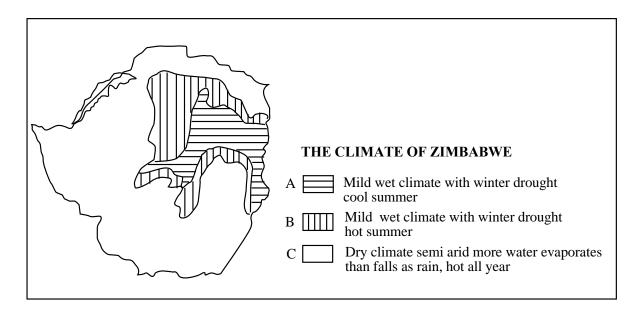
1 (a) (i) Describe the characteristics of the **tropical continental** air mass and the **polar maritime** air mass.

[5]

(ii) State **two** winds that bring widespread rainfall to Zimbabwe.

[2]

(b) Fig 1.1 shows the climatic regions of Zimbabwe



Adapted: P. Weiss et al (1987) pp:129 Fig 1.1

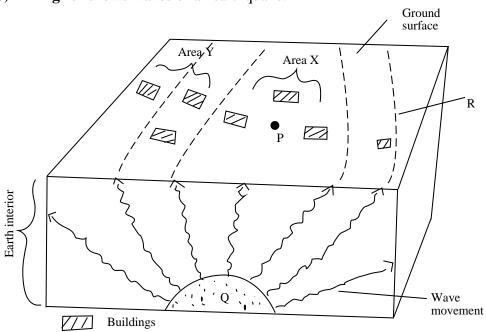
Describe and explain the distribution shown.

[6]

# (c) **Photograph 1.1** shows a human activity.

# (Provided on Printers' copies)

- (i) Describe how the activity affects the weather. [5]
- (ii) Suggest possible solutions to the problems you mentioned in **c**(i) above. [7]
- 2 (a) (i) State three types of faults. [3]
  - (ii) Describe **one** landform produced by faulting. [4]
  - **(b) Fig 2.1** shows waves of an earthquake.



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[Turn over

(i) Identify and describe parts P, Q and R.

[6]

- (ii) Which of the areas X and Y will experience massive destruction as a result of an earthquake? Give reasons.
- (c) Suggest the benefits of faulting to people.

[7]

[5]

3 (a) (i) State the metamorphic rocks formed from each of the following rocks:

granite, coal, limestone, basalt.

[4]

(ii) Name the rock type with following characteristics:

Forms hard resistant layer of the Victoria Falls.

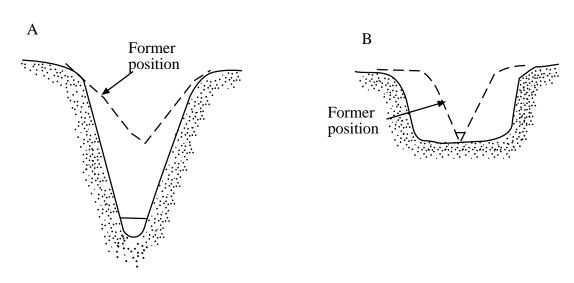
Forms the gold belts within granite zones scattered in Zimbabwe.

A mineral storehouse of Zimbabwe centrally positioned feature stretching from North to South direction.

[3]

**(b) Fig 3.1 A** and **B** show sections of a river.

### **CROSS SECTIONS OF A RIVER**



Adapted from S. Gariwe et al (2012) pp117

Fig 3.1

		(i) Describe and explain the characteristics of sections A and B shown.			
		(ii)	State the stage of the river shown in Section A and B.	[2]	
		(iii)	Name <b>one</b> feature found in Section A and <b>one</b> in Section B.	[2]	
	(c)	Sugge	st income generating projects you would carry out on a flood plain.	[7]	
4	(a)	Explain how animals in hot desert adapt to their environment.			
	<b>(b)</b>	Photog	graph 4.1 shows a dambo (doro/bani).		
			(Provided on Printers' copies)		
			(1 10 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1		
		Source	e: Zambezi – CEP (2002) p248		
	Source. Zamoczi – CLi (2002) p2+0				

- (i) Identify the characteristics of the dambo shown. [4]
- (ii) Outline the human activities that can be carried out on the dambo shown. [7]
- (c) Suggest how the community could be involved in the management of dambos. [7]

#### **Section B**

### **Economic Geography**

Answer at least **one** question from this section.

5 (a) Outline the social and environmental impacts of droughts in Zimbabwe.

[7]

(b) Table 5.1 shows information on living conditions in the rural and urban areas of Zimbabwe based on 2012 census.

<b>Living Conditions</b>	Rural %	Urban %
Access to safe sanitation	38.1	91.4
Access to electricity	20.1	82.2
Fuel for cooking	92.9	16.2
Access to safe drinking water	64.1	95.2

- (i) Draw a bar graph to show the information. [6]
- (ii) Describe and explain the differences in access to electricity. [5]
- (iii) Suggest ways to improve access to electricity in the rural areas. [4]
- (iv) How would the rural communities ensure adequate supply of fuel. [3]
- 6 (a) Outline the methods of conserving electricity being used by Zimbabwean households. [7]
  - (b) Table 6.1 shows access to electricity and wood fuel in selected districts in Manicaland.

District	% Wood Fuel	% Access to Electricity
Chipinge	95	18
Makoni	96	37
Mutare	96	34
Mutasa	90	35
Nyanga	92	33

Adapted from Zimbabwe 2012 Population Census Results: ZIMSTAT UNCEF

(i) Draw a bar graph to show the pattern of access to electricity shown.

[6]

		(ii)	Describe the pattern of access to wood fuel sho	wn.	[5]
		(iii)	(iii) Using the state of energy access shown, suggest the measures to improve access to electricity.		
		(iv)	How is the dependency on wood fuel a threat to		[3] [25]
7	(a)	Outlin	e the risks associated with mining.		[7]
	(b)	_	I shows some of the Environmental Impact Asse ies before the exploitation of minerals.	essment (EIA)	
		Predic	et how environmental aspects are affected.		
		Assess potential impact – positive or negative.			
		Shoul	d/should not proceed.		
		Measu	ares to be taken to minimise impact/enhance		
		impac	t.		
		Identi	fy aspects of the environment likely to be		
		affecte	ed.		
		<b>(i)</b>	Rearrange the activities above in the correct sec	quence.	[5]
		(ii)	List <b>four</b> aspects of environment that are affect	ed by mining.	[4]
		(iii)	State <b>one</b> measure <b>each</b> to minimise or enhance one of the aspects in <b>b(ii)</b> .	e the impact on any	[2]
	(c)	Sugge	st the social and economic benefits of a mining v	enture.	[7]

8	(a)	<b>(i)</b>	List the key provisions of the Environmental Management Act (2002).	[4]		
		(ii)	Name other environmental management legislation in Zimbabwe.	[3]		
	<b>(b)</b>	Photo	Photograph 8.1 shows degraded environment in Zimbabwe.			
			(Provided on Printers' copies)			
		<b>(i)</b>	Identity forms of environmental degradation shown.	[5]		
		(ii)	Outline the causes of environmental degradation shown.	[6]		
	(c)		a project on how you would establish a nature reserve in community.	[7] [25]		

# **Section C**

# **Population, Settlement, Transport and Trade**

Answer at least **one** question from this section.

9	(a)	Outline the characteristics of market gardening.  Fig 9.1 shows the location of a developed commercial farming area.		
	<b>(b)</b>			
		(i)	Using information from Fig A, describe and explain the physical factors that influenced the development of the irrigation projects.	[8]
		(iii)	Name a proposed dam project that has been completed recently and state two uses of the dam.	[3]
	(c)	(i)	Suggest the benefits of resettling small scale farmers on the proposed irrigated land.	[4]
		(iii)	How would you assist the resettled farmers to engage in commercial production of sugarcane.	[3] [25]

# **Agriculture and Land Reform**

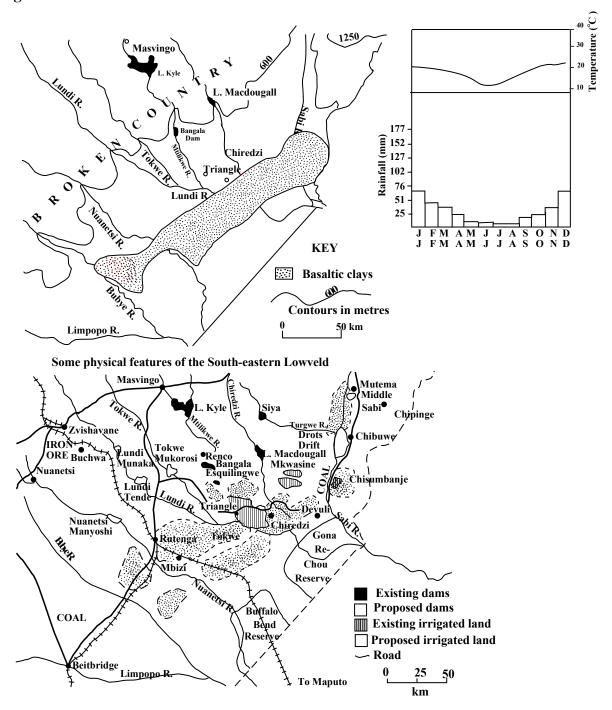


Fig. 9.1

**10** (a) (i) Give **one** example of a transnational corporation in Zimbabwe (TNC). [1]

(iv) State the advantages and disadvantages of transnational corporations in a country.

[6]

(b) Using any **two** examples, draw a diagram showing linkages between the four types of industry.

[11]

(c) How would you solve challenges faced by small to medium scale industries in Zimbabwe.

[7]

11 (a) (i) Name **two** pests and the diseases they cause to people in Zimbabwe.

[4]

(ii) Outline the benefits of a healthy population in a country.

[3]

**(b) Fig 11.1** shows household access to safe sanitation (i.e use of flush, blair or pit toilets).

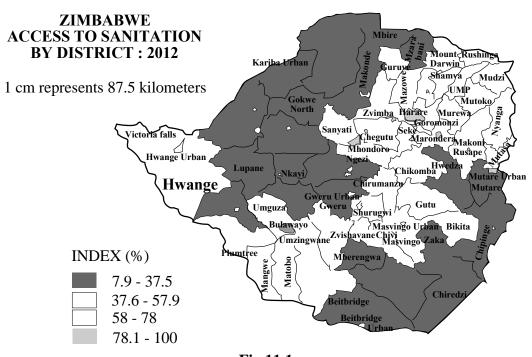


Fig 11.1

(i) Describe the proportions of household with access to safe sanitation shown.

[4]

(ii) Identify the districts which should be on the highest alert for possible outbreak of diarrhoeal diseases.

[3]

(iii) Name the districts which have invested more in safe sanitation projects.

[4]

- (c) (i) Propose ways of ensuring safe water delivery to your community. [4]
  - (iii) Outline challenges you are likely to face in an effort to implement the ways proposed in (c)(i) above. [3]
    [25]
- 12 (a) Outline the advantages of
  - (i) animals,
  - (ii) bicycles as means of transport.

[7]

## **(b) Fig 12.1** shows SADC countries

## **SADC COUNTRIES**

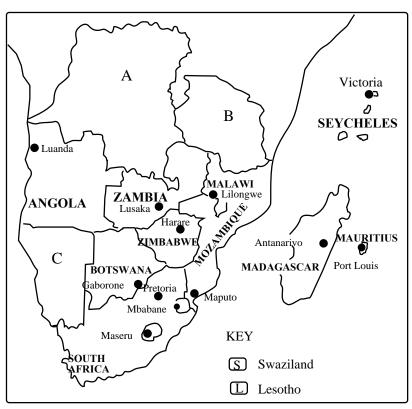


Fig 12.1

- (i) Name the member countries labelled A, B and C. [3]
- (ii) Outline the responsibilities for the following SADC countries: South Africa, Lesotho, Angola and Zimbabwe. [4]
- (iii) Name members of SADC that are also members of Preferential Trade Area (PTA). [4]
- (c) Suggest how SADC countries can reduce problems of export markets. [7]