

Project Initiation Report



Professional Bachelor WINS 2017-2018

Team members

*Babak Alemzadeh, Bolbol Roba, Marco Sousa,
Ronaldo Drumond, Jehad Melad, Pierre-Alexis Person*

Table of contents

• Table of contents.....	2
• Introduction.....	3
• Tools used.....	3
Hardware:.....	3
Software:	3
• Equipment	4
• Network Infrastructure map	4
• IP Map.....	5
• Schedule – Tasks.....	8
• Task Division	9
• Risk analysis.....	10
Firewall:	10
Security filtering (firewall or server):	10
Active directory:	10
VLAN:	11
The web server:	11
VoIP :	12
DMZ DNS:	12
• Conclusion	13

Introduction

For our project we have decided to include many services that are included in most of the modern day businesses. We have decided to set up our project as we are building a small business named: **Lynx Networks**. The company will have approximately 100 permanent users. There will also be around 50-70 guest users.

Our team members are: Bolbol, Piere Alexis, Marco, Ronaldo, Jehad, and Babak.

The main services include: DNS - BIND, Firewall, FTP, Apache, NAS, Asterisk, postfix mail virtualizer, supervision, active directory, DHCP, Radius, and VOIP.

Tools used

Hardware:

Two Dell servers will be used for virtualization and two pc's will be the clients. Router and switches, firewall, RG45 cables, and IP phone.

Software:

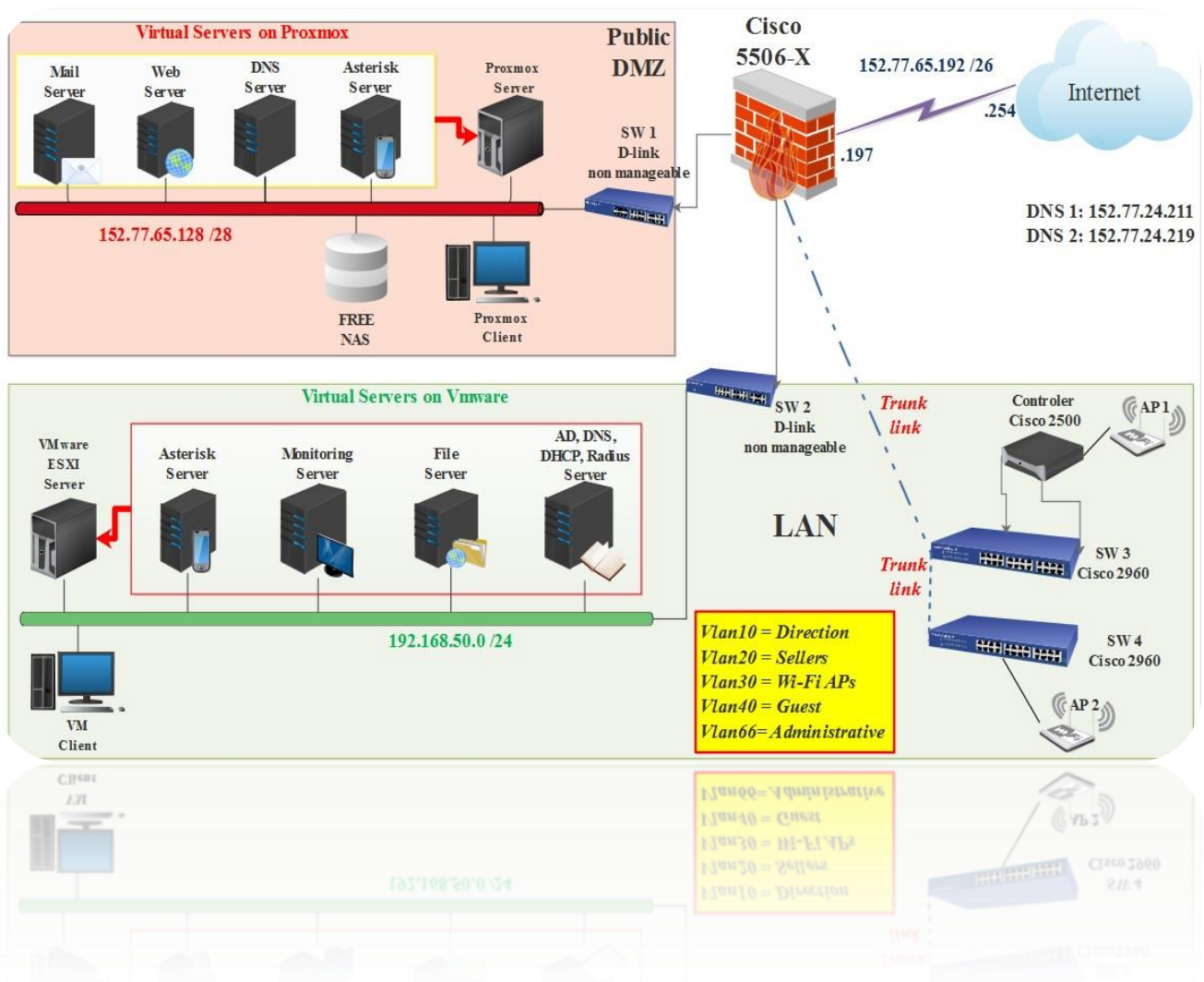
For the division of the tasks we used the productive programs called: Asana and Gantt.

Other programs used: Windows 2016 server, windows 10, proxmox, VMware, Centrino, Linux CentOS7, Postfix, Asterisk, and FreeNAS,

Equipment

- 2x Firewall (5506)
- 2x Cisco switch (2960)
- 2x non-admin, D-Link switch
- 1x wifi controller - WLAN 2500 (MFG 2016)
- 2x Access point CISCO (CAP17)
- 2x VOIP phones (Grandstream)
- 2x Dell Server

Network Infrastructure map



IP Map

IP				Mask	Type of Adress
152	77	65	197	255.255.255.192	ISP IP@ for FW WAN interface

DMZ ZONE					
152	77	65	128	255.255.255.240	IP@ of Public Network
152	77	65	129		Bind DNS
152	77	65	130		Apache Web Server
152	77	65	131		Postfix Mail Server
152	77	65	132		Asterisk Phone Server
152	77	65	133		Proxmox Virtualization Server
152	77	65	134		FreeNAS NAS
152	77	65	135	Static 255.255.255.240 /28	PC to access to VM
152	77	65	136		-
152	77	65	137		
152	77	65	138		-
152	77	65	139		
152	77	65	140		-
152	77	65	141		
152	77	65	142		Router interface IP@
152	77	65	143	255.255.255.255	Broadcast

DMZ

SERVERS ZONE					
192	168	50	0	255.255.255.0	IP@ of Private Network
192	168	50	1		AD (Windows server 2016)
192	168	50	2		FTP
192	168	50	3		Asterisk Phone Server
192	168	50	4		Monitoring Server
192	168	50	5		
192	168	50	6	Static 255.255.255.0 /24	
192	168	50	7		
192	168	50	8		
192	168	50	9		VM Client
192	168	50	10		VMware ESXI Server
192	168	50	11->253		Free range
192	168	50	254		Router interface for Vlan40 on FW
192	168	50	255	255.255.255.255	Broadcast

SERVERS ZONE

Direction (VLAN 10)							Direction
192	168	10	0	255.255.255.0	IP@ of Private Network		
192	168	10	1	By DHCP 255.255.255.0 /24	PC1	Window 10	
192	168	10	2		PC2	Window 10	
192	168	10	3		PC3	Window 10	
192	168	10	4		PC4	Window 10	
192	168	10	5		PC5	Window 10	
192	168	10	6		PC6	Window 10	
192	168	10	7->253	Free range			
192	168	10	254	Router interface for Vlan 10 on FW			
192	168	10	255	255.255.255.255	Broadcast		

Sellers (VLAN 20)							Sellers
192	168	20	0	255.255.255.0	IP@ of Private Network		
192	168	20	1	By DHCP 255.255.255.0 /24	PC1	Window 10	
192	168	20	2		PC2	Window 10	
192	168	20	3		PC3	Window 10	
192	168	20	4		PC4	Window 10	
192	168	20	5		PC5	Window 10	
192	168	20	6		PC6	Window 10	
192	168	20	7->253	Free range			
192	168	20	254	Router interface for Vlan20 on FW			
192	168	20	255	255.255.255.255	Broadcast		

Wi-fi-AP (VLAN 30)							Wifi AP
192	168	30	0	255.255.255.0	IP@ of Private Network		
192	168	30	1	By DHCP 255.255.255.0 /24	PC1	Window 10	
192	168	30	2		PC2	Window 10	
192	168	30	3		PC3	Window 10	
192	168	30	4		PC4	Window 10	
192	168	30	5		PC5	Window 10	
192	168	30	6		PC6	Window 10	
192	168	30	7->253	Free range			
192	168	30	254	Router interface for Vlan 30 on FW			
192	168	30	255	255.255.255.255	Broadcast		

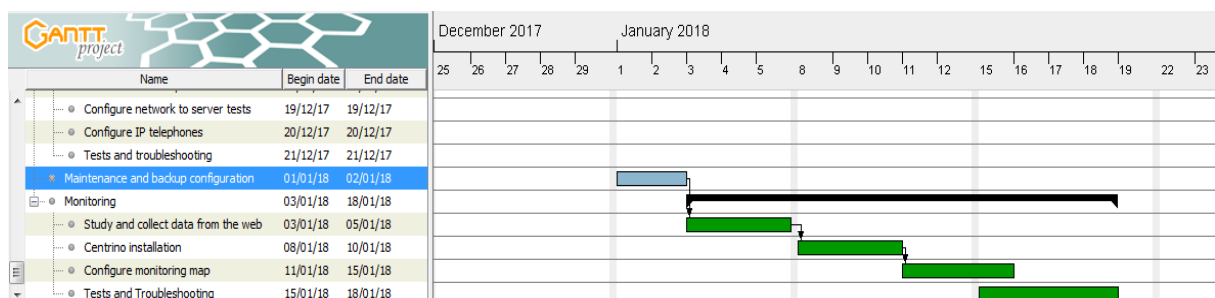
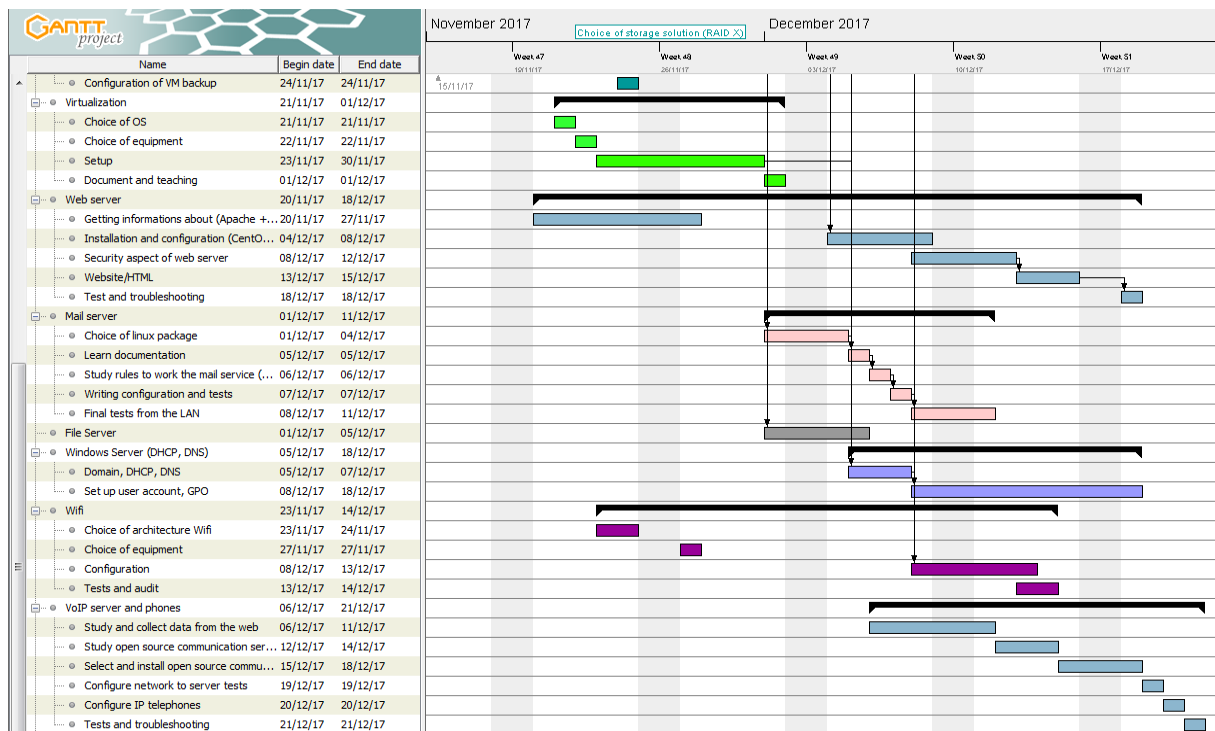
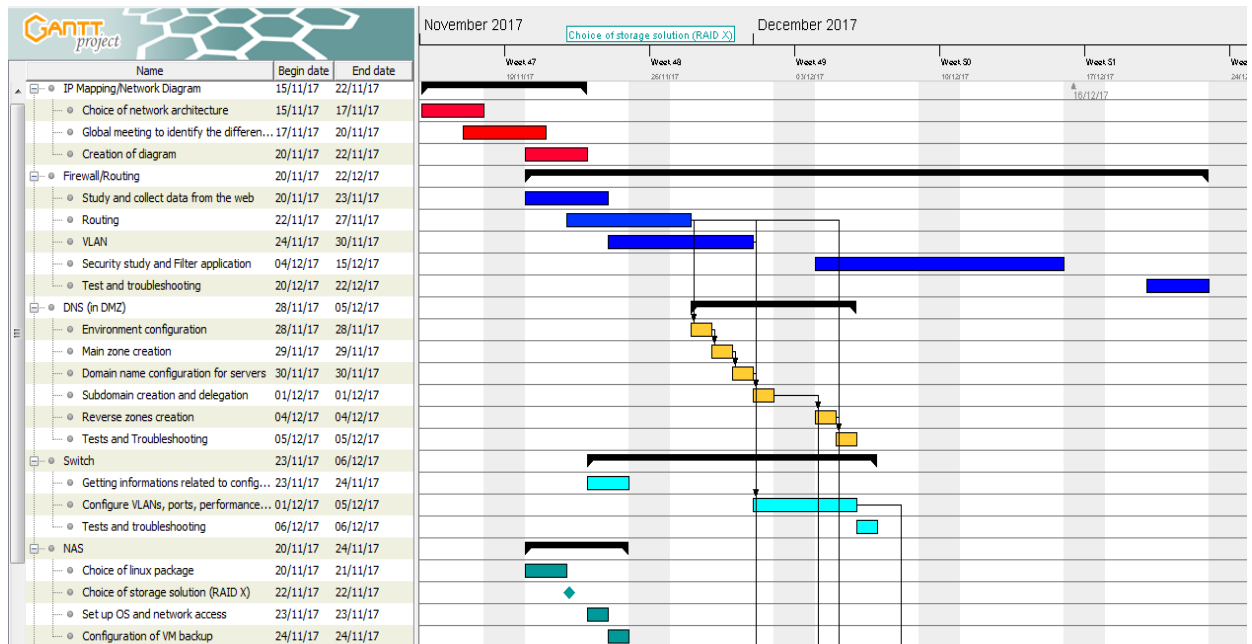
Guest (VLAN 40)					
192	168	40	0	255.255.255.0	IP@ of Private Network
192	168	40	1	By DHCP 255.255.255.0 /24	PC1 Window 10
192	168	40	2		PC2 Window 10
192	168	40	3		PC3 Window 10
192	168	40	4		PC4 Window 10
192	168	40	5		PC5 Window 10
192	168	40	6		PC6 Window 10
192	168	40	7->253		Free range
192	168	40	254		Router interface for Vlan 40 on FW
192	168	40	255	255.255.255.255	Broadcast

Guest

Administrative (VLAN 66)					
192	168	66	0	255.255.255.0	IP@ of Private Network
192	168	66	1	Static 255.255.255.0 /24	Controller Cisco 2500
192	168	66	2		
192	168	66	3		
192	168	66	4		
192	168	66	5		IP for Vlan 66
192	168	66	6		
192	168	66	7->253		Free range
192	168	66	254		Router interface for Vlan 66 on FW
192	168	66	255	255.255.255.255	Broadcast

Administrative

Schedule – Tasks



Task Division

Team member	Tasks	Number of tasks
Ronaldo	Mail server (PostFix), Wind Serv(DHCP, DNS, File Server), Web server/HTML	3
Jehad	Web server/HTML, DNS (in DMZ), VLAN, Monitoring	4
Babak	Wind Serv(DHCP, DNS, File Server), Monitoring, Management	3
Bolbol	Firewall/Routing, VLAN, IP Mapping/Network Diagram, Wifi	4
Marco	DNS (in DMZ), Firewall/Routing, VoIP server and phones	3
Pierre-Alexis	Mail server, Wifi, NAS, Virtualization	4

Tasks	Team member	Number of persons
Firewall/Routing	Bolbol, Marco	2
IP Mapping/Network Diagram	Bolbol	1
VLAN	Bolbol, Jehad	2
DNS (in DMZ)	Marco, Jehad	2
Website/HTML	Jehad, Ronaldo	2
NAS	Pierre-Alexis	1
Mail server	Pierre-Alexis, Ronaldo	2
Wifi	Bolbol, Pierre-Alexis	2
VoIP server and phones	Marco	1
Monitoring	Jehad, Babak	2
Wind Serv(DHCP, DNS, File Server)	Babak, Ronaldo	2
Virtualization	Pierre-Alexis	1

Risk analysis

Because of the many aspects of the project there will be some risk.

Firewall:

Gravity: 3

Probability: 2

- The firewall is the core part of our entire project.
- Closing ports for protocols keeps our project separate. Our zone will be separated.
- Documentation could pose a problem. There aren't enough protocols to define rules. The firewall routing map may also create problems.
- The initial setup of the firewall takes around 1-2 weeks. However, constant modifications will have to be made on the firewall until the end of the project; therefore the risk will not be eradicated until the end of the project.

Security filtering (firewall or server):

Gravity: 3

Probability: 2

For the security filtering one of us might have to close a port this will affect the work of another colleague. So no other user can connect to the active directory.

Active directory:

Gravity: 3

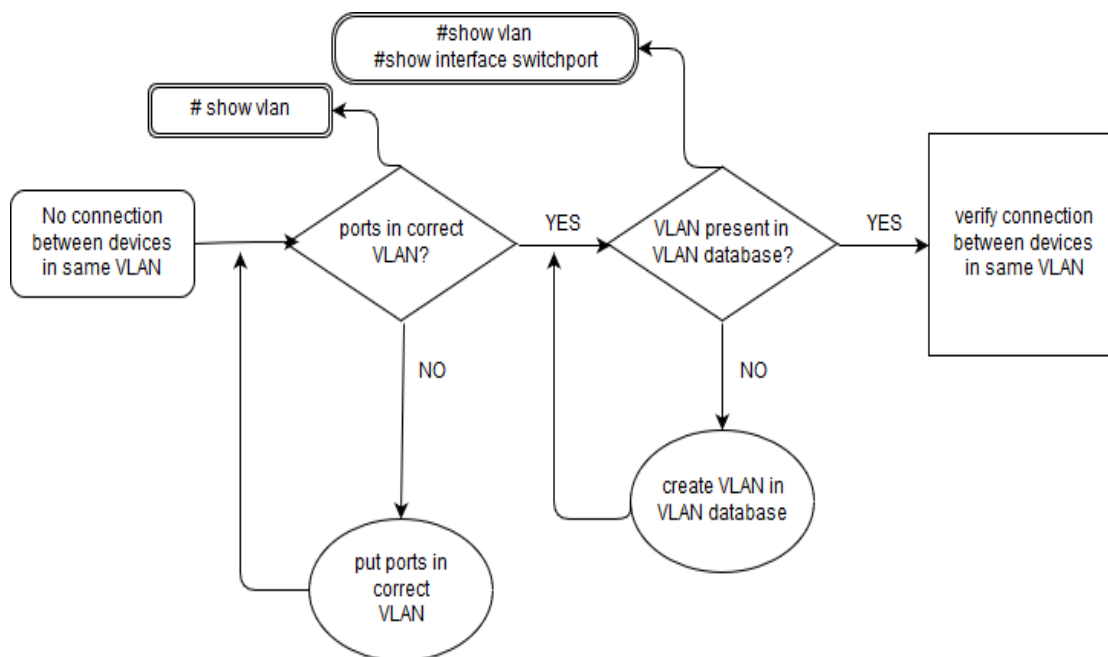
Probability: 2

Active directory is tricky because the client is in a different network. Therefore there could be a problem linking them.

Babak and Ronaldo (who work on AD) are very dependent on other colleague's progress and this can slow down the pace of the entire project.

Gravity: 3
Probability: 2

VLAN misconfiguration between two VLAN's can be a problem. As we have several VLANs they will not be able to interact with one another if there is any misconfiguration. Dynamic VLAN: if this is misconfigured the machine will not recognize a new device which is attached. Since documentation may be a problem we need to pay attention to the port numbers and know the gateways.



The web server:

Gravity: 3
Probability: 3

The webserver is hard because we have poor knowledge about HTML language program and this can also slow down the project. As we have to learn about the HTML language throughout the project.

Also the aspect for the part of security needs to be done in a secure manner. As it pertains to logs and user account management. The permissions for the users are a very difficult part to configure.

Gravity: 0
Probability: 2

The VOIP part has a relatively lower amount of risk because it has little impact on the other parts of the project. In case of setup failure only this service is affected and not the many other services of the project.

DMZ DNS:

Gravity: 2
Probability: 2

The aim of the DMZ DNS is to serve domain names outside. It means that if this DNS stops operating, the local network can keep working. Besides, the local DNS can replace DMZ DNS tasks for the local network using the cache. Because of this, the importance of DNS is high and needs to be taken into account, but it is not the highest of all services.

There are other services with more priority to get a minimal network working. Most aspects of DMZ DNS will be working at the proper time. Nevertheless, problems with the compatibility between the Bind domain delegation and Microsoft Active Directory might occur.

Conclusion

The initial project schedule has been set up. There are many tasks that have been divided almost equally. Like in any major project we do expect modifications especially around the schedule. If despite our efforts the risks become reality there will be delays in the project and modifications will have to be made as a team. Since some aspects of the project are new for some of us and the time for the project is short we have to multi-task. We have to read, learn, execute virtually at the same time. This will have to be done in a very accurate manner to avoid delays and major modifications to the whole project.

LYNX Team