

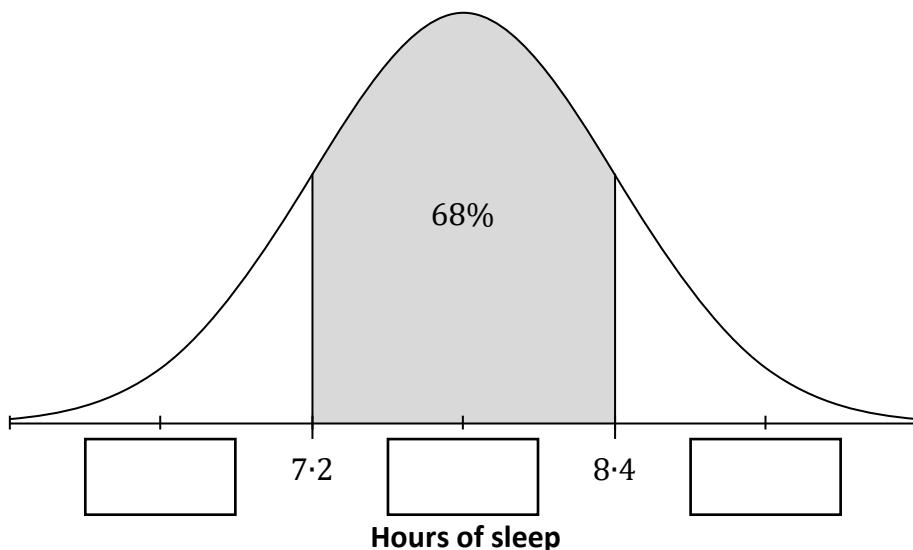
Question 5

(30 marks)

- (a) A large group of 17-year-olds were asked how many hours of sleep they got on the previous night. The results were normally distributed.

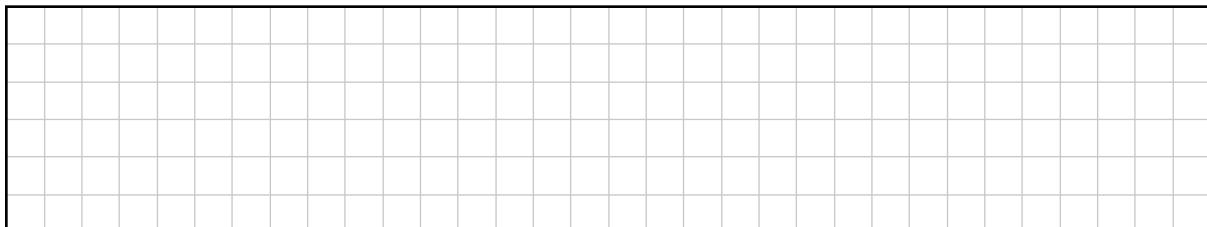
The **middle 68%** slept between 7·2 and 8·4 hours, as shown on the diagram below. Use the empirical rule to answer parts (a)(i) and (a)(ii).

- (i) Fill in the three missing numbers on the horizontal axis.

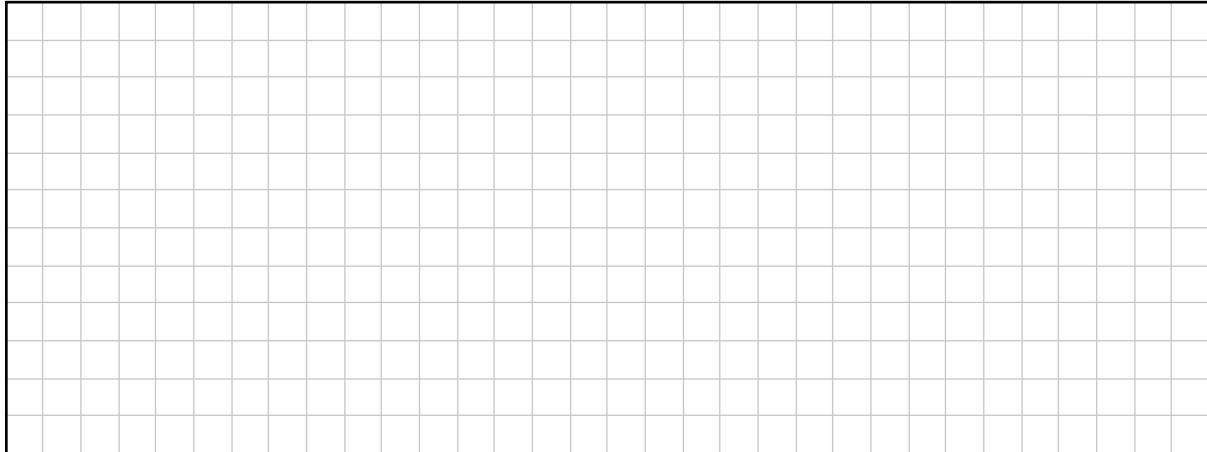


- (ii) Research says that a 17-year-old should get at least 9 hours of sleep each night. What percentage of this sample got **at least 9 hours** of sleep on the previous night?

- (b) Owen records the number of hours of sleep that he gets each night for several weeks. Based on this, he calculates that he gets the recommended amount of sleep 10% of the time.
- (i) What is the probability that he does **not** get the recommended amount of sleep on a particular night?

A large rectangular grid consisting of 10 columns and 10 rows of small squares, intended for students to show their working for part (i).

- (ii) Beginning on a Sunday night, Owen records his sleep each night for a week. Find the probability that Owen gets the recommended amount of sleep for the **first time** on Tuesday night (the third night). Assume that the number of hours of sleep Owen gets on different nights are independent.

A large rectangular grid consisting of 10 columns and 10 rows of small squares, intended for students to show their working for part (ii).