## exercise2

## August 23, 2023

```
[1]: import numpy as np
     import pandas as pd
     import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
[2]: class MyLinearRegression:
         def __init__(self):
             pass
         def fit(self, X, Y):
             n = len(X)
             X1, X2 = np.array(X[:, 0], dtype='float64'), np.array(X[:, 1],__

dtype='float64')

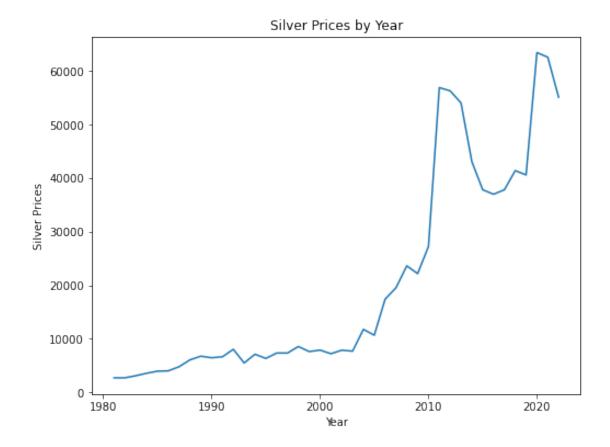
             X1_, X2_, Y_ = np.sum(X1), np.sum(X2), np.sum(Y)
             sum_x12 = np.sum(X1 * X1)
             sum_x22 = np.sum(X2 * X2)
             sum_x1y = np.sum(X1 * Y)
             sum_x2y = np.sum(X2 * Y)
             sum_x1x2 = np.sum(X1 * X2)
             den = (sum_x12 * sum_x22) - (sum_x1x2 ** 2)
             self.b1 = ((sum_x22 * sum_x1y) - (sum_x1x2 * sum_x2y)) / den
             self.b2 = ((sum_x12 * sum_x2y) - (sum_x1x2 * sum_x1y)) / den
             self.a = (Y_ - self.b1 * X1_ - self.b2 * X2_) / n
             print(self.b1, self.b2, self.a)
         def predict(self, X):
             return self.b1 * X[:, 0] + self.b2 * X[:, 1] + self.a
[3]: data = pd.read_csv('datasilver.csv')
```

[4]: data.info()

<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>

RangeIndex: 42 entries, 0 to 41

```
Data columns (total 3 columns):
         Column
                        Non-Null Count
                                       Dtype
         _____
                        -----
     0
         Year
                        42 non-null
                                        int64
     1
         Gold Prices
                        42 non-null
                                        int64
         Silver Prices 42 non-null
                                        int64
    dtypes: int64(3)
    memory usage: 1.1 KB
[5]: data.head()
[5]:
       Year Gold Prices Silver Prices
    0 1981
                    1800
                                   2715
    1 1982
                    1645
                                   2720
    2 1983
                                   3105
                    1800
    3 1984
                    1970
                                   3570
    4 1985
                    2130
                                   3955
[6]: plt.figure(figsize=(8, 6))
    plt.plot(data['Year'], data['Silver Prices'])
    plt.xlabel(data.columns[0])
    plt.ylabel(data.columns[2])
    plt.title('Silver Prices by Year')
    plt.show()
```



```
[7]: X, Y = data[['Year', 'Gold Prices']].values, data['Silver Prices'].values.

□ oreshape(-1, 1)

[8]: mymodel = MyLinearRegression()

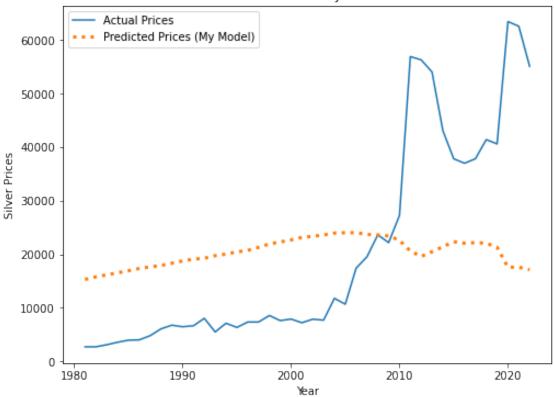
mymodel.fit(X, Y)

Y_pred = mymodel.predict(X)

430.7010809582421 -0.30976196951512747 -837363.5259125007
```

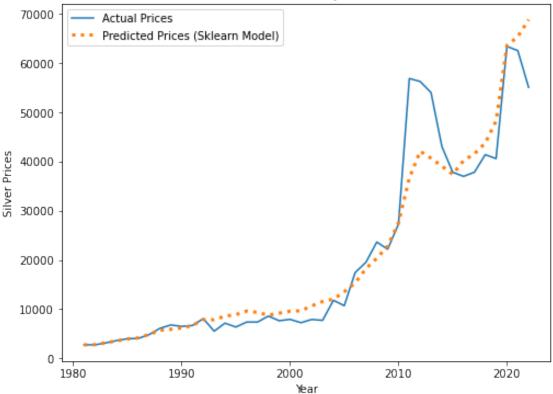
```
[9]: plt.figure(figsize=(8, 6))
   plt.plot(data['Year'], data['Silver Prices'], label='Actual Prices')
   plt.plot(X[:, 0], Y_pred, ':', label='Predicted Prices (My Model)', linewidth=3)
   plt.xlabel(data.columns[0])
   plt.ylabel(data.columns[2])
   plt.title('Silver Prices by Year')
   plt.legend()
   plt.show()
```

## Silver Prices by Year



```
[10]: from sklearn.linear_model import LinearRegression
      skmodel = LinearRegression()
      skmodel.fit(X, Y)
      skY_pred = skmodel.predict(X)
[11]: print(skmodel.coef_[0], skmodel.intercept_)
     [205.61188432
                     1.12883488] [-406636.42608835]
[12]: plt.figure(figsize=(8, 6))
      plt.plot(data['Year'], data['Silver Prices'], label='Actual Prices')
      plt.plot(X[:, 0], skY_pred, ':', label='Predicted Prices (Sklearn Model)', __
       →linewidth=3)
      plt.xlabel(data.columns[0])
      plt.ylabel(data.columns[2])
      plt.title('Silver Prices by Year')
      plt.legend()
      plt.show()
```





Mean Squared Error: 16158332632.658648

Root Mean Squared Error: 127115.4303483988	Root	Mean	Squared	Error:	127115	. 4303483988
--	------	------	---------	--------	--------	--------------

[]:[