# VIT - Venice Italian Treebank: Syntactic and Quantitative Features

Rodolfo Delmonte, Sara Tonelli, Antonella Bristot

Department of Language Science Laboratory Computational Linguistics Università "Ca Foscari"

**30124 - VENEZIA** 

Tel. 39-041-2345717/52

E-mail: delmont@unive.it

Website: http//project.cgm.unive.it



### Outline

- Genesis
- General Linguistic Issues
- Comparison with other Treebanks
- Peculiarities of Italian Language
- Quantitative Data
- Conversion to Depency Structure



# Projects of Treebanks of Italian for VIT

- Project DIGITAL EQ. 1986-88
- Manual annotation of a corpus of written Italian at the level
  - syntactic
    - Constituency structure (~100.000 words)
- Internal projects
- Automatic annotation of a corpus of written Italian at level - ISST and others
  - syntactic
    - Constituency structure (~170.000 words)



### National Projects of Italian Treebanks

### Project SITAL

Annotation of a corpus of written Italian at the following levels

- syntactic
  - Constituency structure(~90.000 words)
  - Functional structure (~300.000 words)
- Lexical-semantic (~80.000 open/content words, distribuited amongst nouns, verbs and adjectives)

### Project AVIP/IPAR

Annotation of a corpus of regional Italian at the following levels syntactic

Functional and constituency structure (~60.000 words)



# Syntactic-semantic treebank of Italian (ISST)

- annotated at the following levels:
  - orthographic, with indication of macrotextual organization
  - morpho-syntactic, with indication of lemma and of basic multi/poliwords expressions (es. ad hoc, allo scoperto, al di là)
    - Annotation has been validated manually
    - Annotation scheme is compliant with existing standards (EAGLES) and common/shared with the other national project "Annotated Dialogues"
- format of representation: XML accompanied with appropriate DTD

# Annotation guidelines: architecture of ISST Treebank

**INPUT** Orthographic Level Morphosyntactic Level Syntactic Level 1: Syntactic Level 2: Lexical-semantic **Functional Labels** Constituency Level

# Corpus API/AVIP and DIFFERENCES

- Spoken transcribed Regional Varieties of Italian
- DIFFERENCES
  - Total tokens = 4282 subdivided in:
  - punctuation and turn markers = 1637 tokens
  - words, interjections, quasi words etc. = 2645 tokens

#### API/AVIP

- Total tokens = 56337 subdivided in:
- punctuation and turn markers = 18710 tokens
- words, interjections, quasi words etc. = 37627 tokens



# Corpus API/AVIP and DIFFERENCES

- The most interesting feature to study was Overlaps
- API/AVIP
  - 1100 OVERLAPS
  - 6849 UTTERANCES
  - 4747 TURNS
- DIFFERENCES
  - 147 OVERLAPS
  - 371 UTTERANCES
  - 336 TURNS



# Features of Treebanks Relevant for Machine Learning

- Representativeness in terms of text genres
- Representativeness in terms of linguistic theory adherence
- Coherence in allowing Syntactic-Semantic Mapping
- Eventually the distinctive linguistic features of the chosen language



# Features of Treebanks Relevant for Machine Learning

- Balanced Corpus Representative of 6/7 different text genres vs. Unbalanced
- Strictly adherent to linguistic principles vs, loosely adherent (e.g. more hierarchical vs. less hierarchical)
- Constituency/Dependency/Functional structures are semantically coherent vs. incoherent
- Language chosen is highly canonical and regular
   vs. almost free word order language

# Criteria inspiring constituency structure in : X-bar

- Theoretic Schema for X-bar rules
- CP --> Spec, Cbar

Spec --> C0

C0 --> Complementizer

Cbar --> Adjuncts, XP

XP --> Spec, Xbar

Spec--> Subject

Xbar --> X, Complements

X --> Verb, Adjective, Noun, Adverb



# Criteria inspiring constituency structure in : X-bar

- NP Specifier: Atomic vs Structured

  Spec--> Determiners, Quantifiers, Intensifiers
- Structure of Verbal Compound
   Xbar --> Verb auxiliaries, modals, clitics, negation, adverbials, prepositional phrases, conjunctions



### Less generic Schema for X-bar rules

CP --> SpecCP, Cbar

SpecCP -> Adjuncts, Fronted Complements, Focussed Arguments, Dislocated Constituents

Cbar --> C1, IP

Cbar --> C0, CP

C0 --> Complementizer

 $C1 \longrightarrow Wh+ word$ 



### Less generic Schema for X-bar rules

IP --> SpecIP, Xbar, Complements, Adjuncts, Dislocated Constituents

SpecIP --> Subject

Complements --> COMPT/COMPIN/COMPC/COMPPAS

Xbar --> VerbalCompound

Spec --> Adverbials, Quantified Structures, Preposed Constituents

- F3 --> Fragments
- Distinction between Tensed and Untensed Clauses
- CLAUSE = Semantically transparent syntactic nucleus corresponding to a Semantic Proposition with PAS



# TYPOLOGY OF SYNTACTIC CONSTITUENTS

#### STRCTRAL CONTENTS

F	sentee
<b>F</b> 3	sententragment
CP	Disloteal/preposed stitue adjunct stituents
CP_INT	Disloteal/preposed stitue adjunct stituents
TOPF	Auxtocompconstituents
COMPT	Complements vern by Transitiverbs
COMPIN	ComplementovernbydIntrasitiverbs
COMPC	Complemento vern by Copulati Weerbs
COMAS	ComplementovernbydPassiWeerbs
FP	ParenthatiAppositiwihpunctuatišadjunct
	constituents
DIRSP	Direspeeckrithpunctuationyconstituent



# TYPOLOGY OF SYNTACTIC CONSTITUENTS

#### LEXICARUNCTIONACOSTITENTS

FAC	Complementence ith/withoutmplement (\$\tilde{O})
FC	Coordatedentencesithconjunctics (SiO)
FS	Subordinate dentence ith subadinators $\tilde{O}$
FINT	Interrogatisentence/ith/withouterrogavepronoun (SÕ)
<b>F2</b>	Relative Cseawithrelativepronun(SÕ)
COORD	Coordatestructe forconstituents eads with conjunction punctuatio (CORD)
SC	Comparative/Qufint Phraswithconjuncti (QP)
SP	Prepositional Phrase with preposition (PP)
SQ	Quantified Phrase with quantifier (QP)
SPD	Prepositional Phrase with preposition (of
SPDA	Prepositional Phrase with prepactive PP



# TYPOLOGY OF SYNTACTIC CONSTITUENTS

#### **SUBLANTIA DO NTITUMES**

	<b>V</b>
SN	Nomin <b>ah</b> ræŠEmptwith F2
	head the Indefinite lative
	Process(NP)
SA	Adjectival Phase
SAVV	Adverbial Phrase (ADVI
AUXIC	Verbal Grwittensealixilia
	(VP)
<b>IBAR</b>	Verbal GrwittensexertVP
IR_INFL	Verbal Grwittenreater VP
SV2	Infinitival Clause (VP)
SV3	PartipiaClau(VP)
SV5	Gerundive Clause (VP)



# Guidelines for syntactic constituent annotation

- identifying phrasal constituents and their relations of hierarchical embedding
- >assignment of specific syntactic category to individual constituents
- Annotation criteria of strict adherence to semantic transparency, mainly as regards the annotation of complex syntactic constructions



### UPenn Treebank criteria

 Our approach to developing the syntactic tagset was highly pragmatic and strongly influenced by the need to create a large body of annotated material given limited human resources. The original design of the Treebank called for a level of syntactic analysis comparable to the skeletal analysis used by the Lancaster Treebank... no forced distinction between arguments and adjuncts. A skeletal syntactic context-free representation (parsing).



### Example from Upenn Treebank

 In exchange offers that expired Friday, holders of each \$1,000 of notes will receive \$250 face amount of Series A 7.5% senior secured convertible notes due Jan. 15, 1955, and 200 common shares.



```
((S (PP-LOC In
           (NP (NP exchange offers)
                 (SBAR (WHNP-1 that)
                    (S (NP-SBJ *T*-1)
                          (VP expired
                            (NP-TMP Friday))))))
  (NP-SBJ (NP holders)
       (PP of
         (NP (NP each $ 1,000 *U*)
            (PP of
              (NP notes)))))
  (VP will
     (VP receive
       (NP (NP (NP (ADJP $ 250 *U*) face amount)
            (PP of
              (NP (NP Series A
                (ADJP 7.5 %) senior secured convertible notes)
                (ADJP due
                    (NP-TMP (NP Jan. 15)
                                           (NP 1995))))))
                 and
         (NP 200 common shares))))
.))
```



```
( (CP (PP-LOC In
           (NP (NP exchange) offers
                   (CP (WHNP-1 that)
                     (S (IBAR expired)
                            (COMPIN (NP-TMP Friday))))))
   (S (NP-SBJ (NP holders
       (PP of
         (NP (QP each) $ 1,000 *U*
             (PP of
              (NP notes))))))
  (IBAR will receive)
     (COMPT (COORD (NP (NP (ADJP $ 250 *U*) face amount)
            (PP of
              (NP (NP Series A
                (ADJP 7.5 %)
                  (ADJP senior secured convertible)
                         notes)
                (ADJP due
                    (NP-TMP (NP Jan. 15)
                        (NP 1995))))))
                 and
         (NP 200 common shares)))))
```

### **NEGRA** Treebank

- Separate constituent for Inflected Verb
- No use of S-BAR
- Only Chomsky-adjunction
- No provision for Verb-Second structures and Inversion
- Fronted auxiliaries and modals are split from their verbal heads



```
((S
(NP-PD
       (ART-NK Das)
       (ADJA-NK einzige)
       (NN-NK Forum)
       (PP-MNR
               (APPR-AC für)
               (PDAT-NK diese)
               (NN-NK Musik)
(VAFIN-HD ist)
(NP-SB
       (ART-NK das)
       (ADJA-NK interessierte)
       (NN-NK Publikum)
       (PP-MNR
               (APPR-AC bei)
               (CNP-NK
                      (NN-CJ Konzerten)
                      (KON-CD und)
                      (NN-CJ Festivals)
               )))) ($. .) )
```

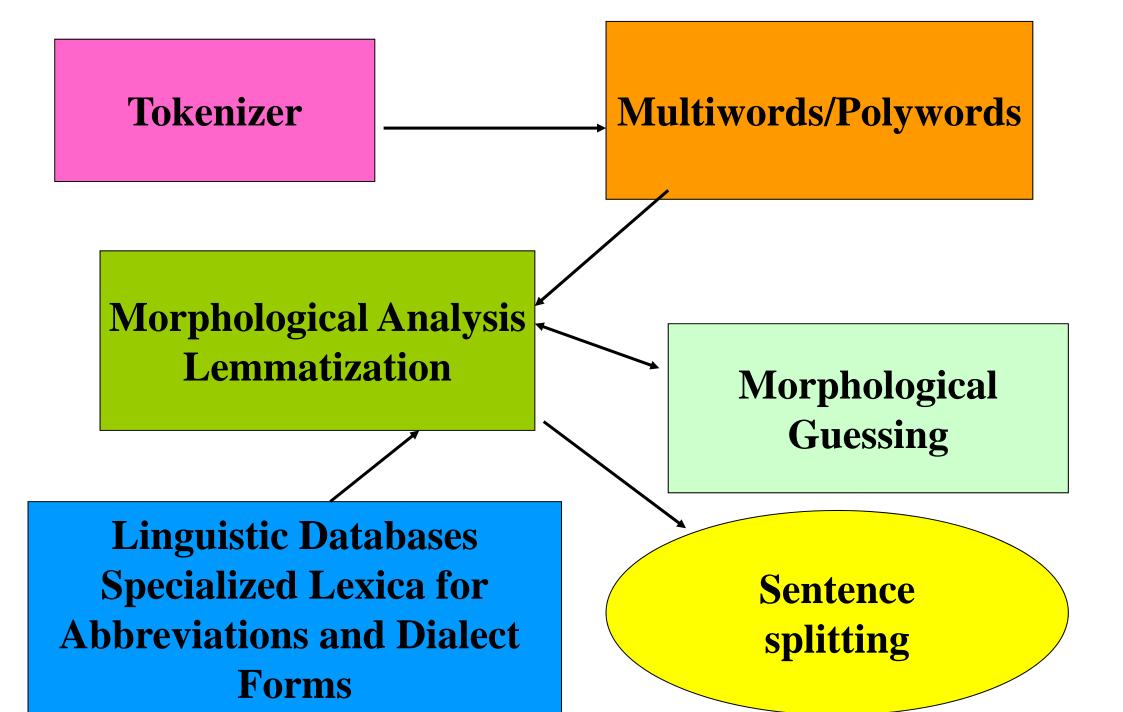


```
(S-MO
        (VMFIN-HD Mögen)
        (NP-SB
               (NN-NK Puristen)
               (NP-GR
                       (PIDAT-NK aller)
                       (NN-NK Musikbereiche) ))
        (ADV-MO auch)
       (VP-OC
               (NP-OA (ART-NK die)
                       (NN-NK Nase))
               (VVINF-HD rümpfen) )) ($, ,)
(NP-SB (ART-NK die)
        (NN-NK Zukunft)
       (NP-GR (ART-NK der)
               (NN-NK Musik) ))
(VVFIN-HD liegt)
(PP-MO (APPR-AC für)
        (PIDAT-NK viele)
        (ADJA-NK junge)
       (NN-NK Komponisten))
(PP-MO
        (APPRART-AC im)
       (NN-NK Crossover-Stil)
)) ($..))
```



**((S** 

### ARCHITECTURE LEVEL I



### ARCHITECTURE LEVEL

**Tokenizer** 

Multiwords/Polywords

Morphological Analysis Lemmatization

**Morphological Guessing** 

Linguistic Databases
Specialized Lexica for
Abbreviations and Dialect
Forms

**Sentence splitting** 

### ARCHITECTURE LEVEL II

Disambiguation: Finite State Automata Statistical/Syntactic

Syntactic Grammatical Tagging

SHALLOW PARSING

Coupling of Features:
 Morphological,
 Syntactic, Semantic
 Disambiguated
 Token

FUNCTIONAL MAPPING



### ARCHITECTURE LEVEL II

Disambiguation:
Finite State Automata
Statistical/Syntactic

Syntactic Grammatical Tagging

SHALLOW PARSING

Coupling of Features:
Morphological,
Syntactic, Semantic
Disambiguated
Token

FUNCTIONAL MAPPING



# Quantitative Data for Written Text Treebanks

- 10,200 Utterance
- 257,797 Tokens
- 274.000 Tokens +Arts
- 229,067 Constituents
- 69580 NPs
- 41985 PPs
- 21205 APs
- 15930 IBARs

- 20592 PPs DI/DA
- 7565 Untensed Clauses
- **1724 QPs**
- 4575 ADVPs
- **3425** RELCIs(F2)
- 3552 Fragments(F3)
- 959 COMPLCIs(FAC)



# Quantitative Data for Aps and F/IBAR

- 21205 APs
- 1227 possessives
- 6880 PostNominal APs
- 2321 PreNominal APs
- 940 internal PreNominal APs
- 577 Complement APs

- 2526 IR\_INFL Irrealis
- 8603 F/IBAR little\_pros -1156 IR\_INFL
- 23621 Tensed/Untensed CI
- **4906 CPs**
- 1063 SUBORDCIs(FS)
- 585 InterCls(FINT)



### DATA for F/FINT Structures

	F-[IBAR	F-[SN	<b>F</b> 3	FINT	CP_INT	No.
	F-[IR_INFL Empty Subject	Lexic alized Subj.			FINT - excluded	Utter. F + F3
AVIP/API	4179	622	2038	620	836	6849
DIALOGUE	231	36	104	81	28	371
DIFFER- ENCES						
CORPUS	9257	6636	3206	557	204	19099
WRITTEN						



# TYPOLOGIES of Adjectival STRUCTURES

- Coordination
- Pronominalization
- Internal Dependency
- Complements
- Quantified and Comparative Structures
- Spec of SA



### TYPOLOGIES of Non-Canonical STRUCTURES

- Inverse Focalized
- Reported Speech
- Fragments governed by SA
- Left Dislocazions
  - -Within CP
  - -Within Complement



### NON-CANONICAL STRUCTURES IN VIT

Treebanks	Nomannida	Structurith	Total (T	TotallS()	<b>Totale</b>
Vs. Mcamica	Structures	NonCaronica	Utteran	<b>Simple</b>	Compile
Structures	(TU)	Subject (T		Sentenc	Senten
VIT	379	980	10200	19099	<b>6%</b> 2
Percent	2743/o	5131%	6375%		665%
PT	7234	257	55600	93532	38600
Percent	1301%	027%	5944%		694%



## NON-CANONICAL STRUCTURES IN VIT

Treebar	LDC	S_DIS	S_ <b>P</b>	<b>SEOC</b>	Total	Total
VsaN	(1 et	(dis <b>te</b> c	(topice	(Foæ	Non	Comp
canonic	dislocat	subjec	subject	Subje	Caonk	Semte
Structu	complei					
VIT	25	167	25	26	319	309



### Conversion to Dependency

- Manually relabeling of all non-canonical structures
- Introduction of a subcategorization lexicon of 17,000 Italian verbs
- We used agreement for Subj and position
- For remaining constituents only position to assign Argument/Adjunct grammatical labels
- Adjuncts with spatiotemporal locations detected from head tag



# Conversion to Dependency: Preliminary Evaluation

• The treebank has 10,607 constituents with subject role, 3,423 of which have been manually assigned because they are in non-canonical position. Among the 7,184 SUBJ labels which were automatically identified, 46 constituents should have been assigned another function, with a precision of 0.99. On the other hand, 218 constituents should bear a SUBJ label instead of their actual label, with a recall of 0.97



### High Structural Ambiguity

- It is easy to guess that the constituents with a higher structural ambiguity in Italian are those whose position in respect to the head is less predictable: respectively AP>VP>PP>RC>PP-BY>PP-OF. Two criteria apply when looking for ambiguity measures:
- Semantic function of constituent : Argument vs. Adjunct or Modifier
- Attachment Position: Head Adjacent vs. Non-Head Adjacent



### High Structural Discontinuity

- Other elements that can lead to discontinuity or non-canonicity problems are:
- the number of F3 or sentence fragments is quite high compared to the number of total utterances, 3552 (35%);
- the number of complex utterances is quite high 6782 if compared to the total number (10.200) of utterances, therefore much higher than the 41% of PT.



### Modifier Discontinuity Table

Cons tituen t/	SP	SPD	SPDA	SV	F2	SA	TOT AL
Dis tan ce							
Head	4726	13.798	509	3249	1560	13.932	37,774
Adja cent							
(HA)							
Distanc e=1	2677	1827	266	941	460	908	7,0 79
Distanc e=2	1718	494	203	485	305	179	3,384
Distanc e=3	624	81	58	130	82	24	999
Distanc e=4	600	45	32	175	100	23	975
Total All	10.345	16.245	1068	4980	2507	15.066	50,211
Mods (A M)							
Ratio	0,483	0.912	0.384	0.658	0.73	0.71	0.652
AM/AC							
Totals Non	5619	2447	559	1731	947	1134	12,437
HA							
Ratio No n	0,54	0,15	0,523	0,347	0,378	0,075	0.652
HA /AM							
All	21.393	17.812	2780	7568	3425	21.205	76,971
Constituents							



#### Adjectival APs & their Functions

• A count of the functional conversion of adjectival structures is presented here below:

- 1296 Complement APs (ACOMP)
- 18748 Modifiers (MOD)
- 324 Adjuncts (ADJ)
- 2001 COORDinate APs



Adjectives may be positioned in front or after the noun they modify almost freely for most classes

sn-[art-i, n-posti, spd-[partd-della, sn-[n-dotazione, sa-[ag-organica\_aggiuntiva]]], sa-[ag-disponibili, sp-[p-a,

the posts of the pool organic additive available to



Syntactic ambiguity arise and needs agreement to be checked

sn-[sa-[ag-significativi], n-ritardi]], sn-[sa-[ag-profonde], n-trasformazioni], ibar-[vt-investono],

significative delays profound transformations affect



Syntactic ambiguity arise and needs agreement to be checked also in a row

sn-[art-il, n-totale, spd-[partd-dei, sn-[n-posti, spd-[partd-della, sn-[n-dotazione, sa-[ag-organica]]], ag-vacanti], sa-[ag-disponibili

the total of the posts of the pool organic additive vacant available



Syntactic ambiguity arise and needs agreement to be checked also in a row, however the adjective may belong to a following noun phrase

ibar-[vin-darebbe], compin-[sp-[in-anche, part-agli, sn-[n-orientamenti, spd-[pd-di, sn-[n-democrazia, sa-[ag-laica]]]]], sn-[sa-[ag-maggiori

would give also to the viewpoints of democracy laic main



#### MINOR PHENOMENA

- COORDINATION
- DEPENDENCY
- PRONOMINALIZATION
- COMPLEMENTATION
- SPEC SA | Neg, Adv, Int, Quant...



#### SENTENCE COMPLEMENT

```
f-[sn-[art-il,
sa-[ag-bello]],
ibar-[vc-è],
compc-[fac-[pk-che]
```

the beatiful is that



#### SENTENCE COMPLEMENT

```
f-[sn-[art-l_,
sa-[ag-importante]],
savv-[avv-ora],
ibar-[vc-è],
compc-[sv2-[vcl-aprirlo,
compt-[clitac-lo],
savv-[pd-di, avv-più]]]]
```

the important now is to open it of more



```
sq-[in-molto, q-più, coord-[sa-[ag-efficace, punt-,, ag-
controllabile, cong-e, ag-democratico]],
sc-[ccom-di,
f2-[sq-[relq-quanto],
cp-[savv-[avv-oggi],
f-[ibar-[neg-non, vcir-sia]
```

much more effective, controllable and democratic of how much today not be



cp-[-sq-[in-Più, sa-[ag-buono], sc-[ccom-di, savv-[avv-così]]], f-[ibar-[neg-non, vsupp-poteva, vci-essere

more good than so not could be



```
cp-[sc-[ccom-tanto, sq-[q-più],
f-[ibar-[vc-sono], compc-[sa-[ag-lunghi]]],
sc-[ccom-tanto, sq-[q-maggiore],
f-[ibar-[vc-è],
compc-[sn-[art-la, n-soddisfazione, sa-[ag-finale]
```

much more are long much higher is the satisfaction final



```
cp-[
cp-[sa-[ag-generali],
cp-[sa-[ag-generali],
sp-[p-per, f2-[relq-quanto,
f-[ir_infl-[vcir-siano]]]], punt-,,
f-[sn-[art-le, n-regole], ibar-[vt-investono
```

general for as much as be the rules involve



```
sp-[p-in, sn-[n-base,
sp-[part-al, sn-[n-punteggio,
sv3-[sp-[p-ad, sn-[pron-essi]],
ppas-attribuito, compin-[sp-[p-con,
```

on the basis of the scoring to them attributed with



```
sp-[p-a,
coord-[sn-[sa-[ag-singoli], n-plessi],
cong-o,
sn-[n-distretti],
sv3-[sp-[p-in, sn-[pron-essi]],
ppas-compresi, punto-.]]]]]]]]]
```

to single groups or districts in them comprised



```
spd-[partd-degli,
sn-[n-importi,
sv3-[sp-[p-ad, sn-[pron-essi]],
ppre-spettanti]]], cong-e,
```

of the amounts to them owed and



```
spd-[partd-della,
sn-[n-cortesia,
sv3-[sp-[p-in,
sq-[q-più, pd-di, sn-[art-un_, n-occasione]]],
vppt-dimostrata,
compin-[coord-[sp-[p-a, sn-[pron-me]],
```

of the courtesy in more than one occasion demonstrated to me



#### SUBJECT INVERSION

```
f-[ibar-[vc-diventa],
compc-[savv-[avv-cosi],
sa-[in-più, ag-acuta],
sn-[art-la, n-contraddizione], sp-[p-tra
```

becomes so more acute the contradiction between



#### SUBJECT INVERSION

```
f-ibar-[vc-è],
compc-[sa-[ag-peculiare,
sp-[part-all, sn-[np-Italia]]],
sn-[art-I, n-esistenza, spd-[pd-di
```

is peculiar to Italy the existence of



cp-[s\_foc-[ag-Buono], f3-[sn-[cong-anche, art-I, n-andamento, spd-[partd-delle, sn-[n-vendite

good also the behaviour of the sales



```
cp-[s_foc-[ag-Calmo],
f3-[sn-[art-il, n-listino,
spd-[partd-del, sn-[n-granoturco]
```

quite the price list of mais



cp-[s\_foc-[ag-buono], congf-invece, savv-[p-nel, avvl-complesso], f3-[sn-[art-il, n-resto

good instead on the whole the rest



```
cp-[ldc-[sa-[ag-altra], n-fonte,
spd-[pd-di, sn-[n-finanziamento]]],
f-[ibar-[vc-sarà],
compc-[sn-[art-il, n-trattamento
```

other source of funding will be the treatment



### HANGING TOPICS & LEFT DISLOCATION

```
cp-[sn-[sa-[ag-brutta], n-faccenda], punt-,,
f-[sn-[art-i, n-sudditi],
ibar-[clit-si, vt-ribellano, punto-.]]
```

bad story, the populace self rebel



## HANGING TOPICS & LEFT DISLOCATION

cp-[ldc-[art-una, n-decisione, sa-[ag-importante]], f-[sn-[nh-Ghitti], ibar-[clitac-I, ausa-ha, vppt-riservata],

a decision important Ghitti it has reserved



### HANGING TOPICS & LEFT DISLOCATION

```
cp_int-[ldc-[art-il, n-concorso],
f-[ibar-[clitac-l, ausa-ha, vppt-vinto],
compt-[coord-[sn-[nh-Francesco],
cong-o,
sn-[nh-Giovanni]]]],
puntint-?]
```

the competition it has won Francesco or Giovanni?



#### **AUX-TO-COMP STRUCTURES**

the loss for the Rolo would be then of about 30 billion having the Holding cashed payments for 28 billions



### AUX-TO-COMP STRUCTURES

```
fc-[congf-e, punt-',',
topf-[auxtoc-[clit-si, aueir-fosse],
f-[sn-[pron-egli],
sv3-[vppin-trasferito, cong-pure,
compin-[sp-[part-nel,
sn-[sa-[in-più, ag-remoto], n-continente]]]]]]
```

and, self would be he moved also in the more remote continent, SENTENCE



### AUX-TO-COMP STRUCTURES

```
cp-[sn-[topf-[auxtoc-[art-I, ausai-avere],
f-[sn-[art-iI, n-figlio],
sv3-[vppt-abbandonato,
compt-[sn-[art-iI, n-mare],
sp-[p-per, sn-[art-Ia, n-città]]]]]],
f-[ibar-[clitdat-Ie, ause-era, avv-sempre, vppt-sembrato]
```

the have the son abandoned the sea for the city her was always seemed



## (IN)DIRECT REPORTED SPEECH:

- A. parenthetical inserted between SUBJ and IBAR
- B. parenthetical inserted between material in CP and the F
- C. free reported direct speech and then quoted direct speech
- D. Direct speech is ascribed to an anonymous "someone" quoted anyhow



# (IN)DIRECT REPORTED SPEECH: A. parenthetical inserted between SUBJ and IBAR

" at this point the date ", said D'Alema last night, " depends



# (IN)DIRECT REPORTED SPEECH: A. parenthetical inserted between SUBJ and IBAR

```
dirsp-[par-",
cp-[sp-[p-in, sn-[sa-[dim-questo], n-libro]],
f-[sn-[nh-madre, npro-Teresa],
fp-[par--, f-[ibar-[vt-spiegano],
compt-[sp-[part-alla,
sn-[npro-Mondadori]]]], par--],
ir_infl-[vcir-darà],
```

in this book Mother Theresa -- explain at the Mondadori - will give



#### RESIDUAL PROBLEMS: RELATIVES AND COMPLEMENT CLAUSES AS MAIN SENTENCES

```
cp-[f2-[rel-Che,
   cp-[fp-[punt-,, f-[ibar-[vt-sostengono],
    compt-[sp-[part-alla, sn-[npro-Farnesina]]]], punt-,],
       f-[ibar-[neg-non, ausa-ha,
              sp-[p-per, avvl-niente],
                     vppt-gradito],
              compt-[sn-[art-I, n-operazione, n-
by_pass]],
                             punto-.]]]]
```

That, maintain at the Farnesina, not has in no case liked the operation by\_pass.

#### RESIDUAL PROBLEMS: RELATIVES AND COMPLEMENT CLAUSES AS MAIN SENTENCES

That not is figure by nothing, so as not is thing by every day to have one heir to the throne as guide turistic.



#### RESIDUAL PROBLEMS: RELATIVES AND COMPLEMENT CLAUSES AS MAIN SENTENCES

That then the law not manages to work, is a matter that



# BIKEL'S Model Implemented on a subset (homogeneous!!)

Number of sentence 3109 Number of Error sentence Number of Skip sentence Number of Valid sentence = 3109 **Bracketing Recall** 67.47 **Bracketing Precision** = 66.48Complete match 6.66 Average crossing 4.17 No crossing 30.33 2 or less crossing 53.43 97.26 Tagging accuracy



# BIKEL'S Model Implemented on a subset (homogeneous!!)

```
-- len<=40 --
Number of sentence
                                     2458
Number of Error sentence
                                       0
Number of Skip sentence
                                       0
Number of Valid sentence
                                    2458
Bracketing Recall
                                    71.16
Bracketing Precision
                                  = 70.08
Complete match
                                  = 8.42
Average crossing
                                    2.40
No crossing
                                  = 38.00
                                    65.13
2 or less crossing
Tagging accuracy
                                  = 97.20
```



## BIKEL'S Model Implemented on the whole of VIT

Number of sentence = 10189

Number of Error sentence = 12

Number of Skip sentence = 0

Number of Valid sentence = 10177

Bracketing Recall = 68.61

Bracketing Precision = 68.29

Complete match = 8.70

Average crossing = 3.25

No crossing = 38.37

2 or less crossing = 61.73

Tagging accuracy = 96.65



## BIKEL'S Model Implemented on the whole of VIT

```
-- len<=40 --
Number of sentence
                             = 8519
Number of Error sentence
                             = 12
Number of Skip sentence = 0
Number of Valid sentence
                            = 8507
Bracketing Recall
                             = 71.87
Bracketing Precision
                             = 71.58
Complete match
                             = 10.40
Average crossing
                             = 1.94
No crossing
                             = 45.47
2 or less crossing
                             = 71.72
Tagging accuracy
                             = 96.55
```



#### CONCLUSIONS

 We have shown with sufficient evidence and clarity that machine learning and statistical methods FAIL whenever sufficient conditions of homogeneousness do not obtain. Related issues concern language typology as well as strict adherence to linguistic theories.



#### CONCLUSIONS

 Eventually, if the main goal is the attainment of syntactic-semantic transparency and thus facilitate as much as possible the conversion of the treebank into a semantically "complete" representation, syntactic/dependency structure should be at least semantically coherent from the start. That's what we did in VIT.

