

# ECE374 SP23 HW2

## Contributors

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## Problem 2

Let

$$\Sigma = \left\{ \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} \right\}$$

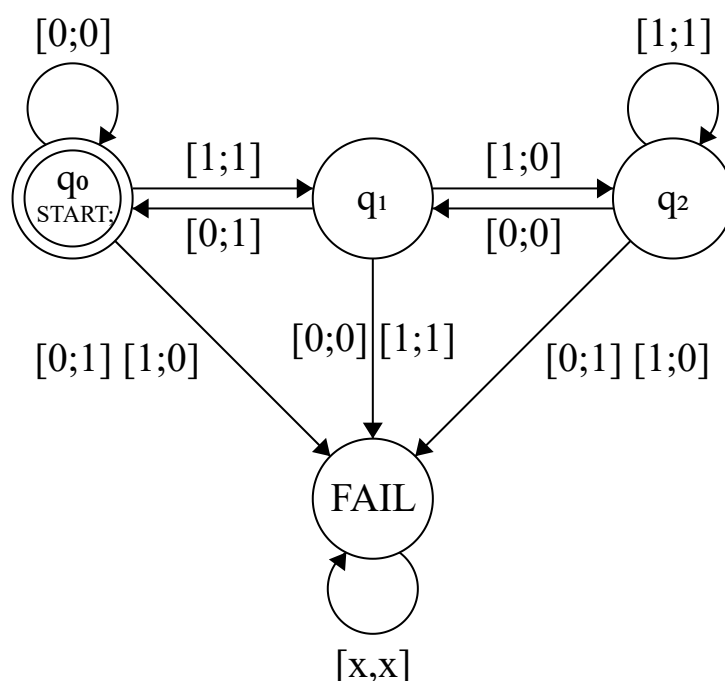
Consider each row to be a binary number and let

$$C = \{w \in \Sigma^* \mid \text{the bottom row of } w \text{ is three times the top row}\}$$

Show that  $C$  is regular.

## Solution

We construct a DFA that accepts  $C$  to show that the language is regular.



## Intuition

Important patterns include:

- Standalone 1

$$\begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

- Two 1's

$$\begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

- Three or more consequent 1's

$$\begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} \quad \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} \quad \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

## Rigid Formulation

Another way to think about the condition that "the bottom row is 3 times the top row" is that

$$\text{Bottom} = \text{shiftLeft}(\text{Top}, 1) + \text{Top}$$

- The DFA reads the characters of  $w$  from right to left as input.
- Each input pair can be viewed operands of a **full adder**.
  - First operand ( $A$ ) = Digit in the top row
  - Second operand ( $B$ ) = Digit in the *last input's* top row
  - Sum ( $S$ ) = Digit in the bottom row
- To judge if a string is in the language, we check if the sum  $S$  (bottom row) is valid under the sum of  $A$ ,  $B$  and  $C_{in}$ .

The states can then be formulated as follows:

State	Last Input's Top Row $B$	Carry In $C_{in}$
$q_0$	0	0
$q_{1a}$	1	0
$q_{1b}$	0	1
$q_2$	1	1

The transition table can be calculated as follows:

This State	Last Input $\begin{bmatrix} B \\ ? \end{bmatrix}$	Carry In $C_{in}$	This Input $\begin{bmatrix} A \\ S \end{bmatrix}$	Next State	Carry Out $C_{out}$
$q_0$	$\begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ ? \end{bmatrix}$	0	$\begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}$	$q_0$	0
$q_0$	$\begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ ? \end{bmatrix}$	0	$\begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}$	$q_{1a}$	0
$q_{1a}$	$\begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ ? \end{bmatrix}$	0	$\begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}$	$q_0$	0
$q_{1a}$	$\begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ ? \end{bmatrix}$	0	$\begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}$	$q_2$	1

This State	Last Input $\begin{bmatrix} B \\ ? \end{bmatrix}$	Carry In $C_{in}$	This Input $\begin{bmatrix} A \\ S \end{bmatrix}$	Next State	Carry Out $C_{out}$
$q_{1b}$	$\begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ ? \end{bmatrix}$	1	$\begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}$	$q_0$	0
$q_{1b}$	$\begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ ? \end{bmatrix}$	1	$\begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}$	$q_2$	1
$q_2$	$\begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ ? \end{bmatrix}$	1	$\begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}$	$q_{1b}$	1
$q_2$	$\begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ ? \end{bmatrix}$	1	$\begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}$	$q_2$	1

Note that  $q_{1a}$  and  $q_{1b}$  transition to the same next states upon the same inputs and are thus equivalent.

Unlisted state-input pairs are invalid and therefore transition to the **FAIL** state.