## **ECE374 SP23 HW7**

## Contributors

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## Problem 1

You are given a list D[n] of n words each of length k over an alphabet  $\Sigma$ . The words are sorted in lexicographic order.

Describe an algorithm to efficiently identify the order of the symbols in  $\Sigma$ . Assume D[n] always contains enough information to completely determine the order of the symbols.

## Solution

Intuition. We use a graph structure where each node represents a letter in  $\Sigma$ . For two neighboring words in D[n], we add an edge between the first pair of letters in the same indices that is different between the two words. A topological sort of the graph will give us the order of symbols.

```
egin{aligned} 	ext{DetermineSymbolOrder}(D[n],n,k) \ &G \leftarrow 	ext{emptyGraph}() \ & 	ext{for } a \in \Sigma \ & G. 	ext{addNode}(a) \ & 	ext{for } i \leftarrow 0 	ext{ to } n-2 \ & // 	ext{ each pair of words} \ & 	ext{for } j \leftarrow 0 	ext{ to } k-1 \ & // 	ext{ each pair of letters} \ & 	ext{if } D[i][j] 
ot= D[i+1][j] \ & G. 	ext{addEdge}(D[i][j],D[i+1][j]) \ & 	ext{break} \ & 	ext{return } G. 	ext{topoSort}() \end{aligned}
```

Runtime analysis. The nested  ${f for}$  loop takes O(nk) time in the worst case. Topological sort takes  $O(n+|\Sigma|)$ . Total time complexity is O(nk).