

# ECE374 SP23 HW7

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## Contributors

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## Problem 1

You are given a list  $D[n]$  of  $n$  words each of length  $k$  over an alphabet  $\Sigma$ . The words are sorted in lexicographic order.

Describe an algorithm to efficiently identify the order of the symbols in  $\Sigma$ . Assume  $D[n]$  always contains enough information to completely determine the order of the symbols.

## Solution

*Intuition.* We use a graph structure where each node represents a letter in  $\Sigma$ . For two neighboring words in  $D[n]$ , we add an edge between the first pair of letters *in the same indices* that is different between the two words. A topological sort of the graph will give us the order of symbols.

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```
DetermineSymbolOrder( $D[n], n, k$ )
     $G \leftarrow \text{emptyGraph}()$ 
    for  $a \in \Sigma$ 
         $G.\text{addNode}(a)$ 
    for  $i \leftarrow 0$  to  $n - 2$            // each pair of words
        for  $j \leftarrow 0$  to  $k - 1$        // each pair of letters
            if  $D[i][j] \neq D[i + 1][j]$ 
                 $G.\text{addEdge}(D[i][j], D[i + 1][j])$ 
            break
    return  $G.\text{topoSort}()$ 
```

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*Runtime analysis.* The nested **for** loop takes  $O(nk)$  time in the worst case. Topological sort takes  $O(n + m)$ . Total time complexity is  $O(nk)$ .