

获得数据库连接池配置

```
package com.haohua.util;

import java.io.IOException;
import java.util.Properties;

import javax.sql.DataSource;

import org.apache.commons.dbcp2.BasicDataSource;

public class ConnctionManager {
    private static String DRIVER;// = "com.mysql.jdbc.Driver";
    private static String URL;// = "jdbc:mysql:///mydb";
    private static String USERNAME;// = "root";
    private static String PASSWORD;// = "root";
    private static Properties properties = new Properties();
    private static BasicDataSource dataSource = new BasicDataSource();

    public static DataSource getDataSource() {
        return dataSource;
    }
    static {
        try {
            properties.load(ConnctionManager.class.getClassLoader().getResourceAsStream("config.properties"));
            DRIVER = properties.getProperty("jdbc.driver");
            URL = properties.getProperty("jdbc.url");
            USERNAME = properties.getProperty("jdbc.username");
            PASSWORD = properties.getProperty("jdbc.password");
        } catch (IOException e) {
            e.printStackTrace();
        }
        dataSource.setDriverClassName(DRIVER);
        dataSource.setUrl(URL);
        dataSource.setUsername(USERNAME);
        dataSource.setPassword(PASSWORD);
        dataSource.setInitialSize(5);
        dataSource.setMaxIdle(10);
        dataSource.setMinIdle(5);
        dataSource.setMaxWaitMillis(5000);
    }
}
```