# ME-172 Computer Programming Language Sessional Assignment No. 1

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## Problem 1

Write a Progam to find the Area of a Circle. [NOTE: radius should be scanned from the keyboard]

#### **Solution:**

Formula used:

$$A = \pi r^2$$

Value of  $\pi$  used in the following code is rounded to four decimal places. For our purposes this should do just fine.

```
/**
 * Calculates the area of a circle
 */
#include <stdio.h>
#include <math.h>
int main(void)
{
    const float pi = 3.1416;
    float radius, area;
    // Take user input for radius.
    printf("Enter radius: ");
    scanf("%f", &radius);
    // Calculate area.
    area = pi * pow(radius, 2);
    // Print output.
    printf("Area: %.2f\n", area);
}
```

Saving the file with name circle.c. Then Compiling the source file with the following command:

\$ clang -o circle circle.c -lm

An executable binary file with name circle will be created if everything goes right.

#### Output

Running the program with the following command:

\$ ./circle

Enter radius: 3.5

Area: 38.48

### Problem 2

Write a Progam to compute average of four user given numbers (numbers can be of integer or floating types)

#### **Solution:**

Formula used:

$$\bar{x} = \frac{\sum_{i=1}^{n} x_i}{n}$$

n, in our case, just happens to be 4, though it could've been anything (any resonable positive integer) and we could still make the following code work just by setting count to whatever n would've been. We have this flexibility because of the better design decision taken instead of just hard-coding four separate variables.

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\* Computes average of four user given numbers.

\*/

#include <stdio.h>

```
int main(void)
    // Allocating memory to store 4 numbers.
    const int count = 4;
    float numbers[count];
    // Prompt user for input
    printf("Enter four numbers: \n");
    for (int i = 0; i < count; i++)</pre>
    {
        scanf("%f", numbers + i);
    }
    // Calculate average
    float sum = 0;
    for (int i = 0; i < count; i++)
    {
        sum += numbers[i];
    float avg = sum / count;
    // Print output
    printf("Average of ");
    for (int i = 0; i < count; i++)
    {
        if (i == count -1)
            printf(", and ");
        }
        else if (i)
        {
            printf(", ");
        printf("%.2f ", numbers[i]);
    printf(" is: %.2f\n", avg);
}
```

Saving the file with name average.c. Then compiling the source file with the following command:

```
$ clang -o average average.c
```

An executable binary file with name average will be created if everything goes right.

#### Output

Running the program with the following command:

NOTE: All the programs are written in *Linux* environment. The executable binary files don't have an extension like .exe, .dmg, or .app beacuse in Linux whether a program is executable or not is determined by the permissions on the file, not the extension. And LLVM's *Clang* is used for the compilation of above source files which just happens to be my favourite.