Arrays 1: On Dinensional

Buestion : Cuiven an integer array, find the max subarray sum.

$$A = [u 5 2 1 6]$$
 an = 18

Brukfore -> of subarrays, calculak sum & take max

subarrays = Nevel)

am =
$$\alpha 10$$
)

for (i=0 to N-1)?

Sum=0

for (j=i to N-1)?

Sum += $\alpha (j)$ \Rightarrow carry forward

an = $\alpha (am, sum)$
 $\beta (m-2)$

Sum= $\beta - 2$
 $\beta (m-2)$
 $\beta (m-2)$
 $\beta (m-2)$
 $\beta (m-2)$
 $\beta (m-2)$

Observation

1.
$$fi$$
, $a(i) >= 0$ \Rightarrow $a(i) = \sum_{i=0}^{m-l} a(i)$
 $A = [u 5 2 | 6]$ $a(i) = 18$

$$\lambda$$
. $\pm i$, $\pm aui$) $\pm c$ \pm

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} -2 & 3 & 4 & -1 & 5 & 6 & 7 & 8 & 9 \\ -2 & 3 & 4 & -1 & 5 & -10 & -7 & 2 & -5 & 12 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$Sum = -2 & 3 & 7 & 6 & 11 & 1 & -60 & 2 & -30 & 12$$

$$am = -2 & 3 & 7 & 11$$

```
ans = a [0]
```

SUM = 0 Slant-0

Kadane's Algo

TC: O(N)

SC:0(1)

3

$$Sum = -2^{\circ}3 + 6 \parallel 1 \parallel 8$$

Duestion 2

Cinen an integer away when ti, a (i) =0.
Return ten final array after performing multiple
queries.

Gueny: $(i, x) \rightarrow add x + b all elements$ from index i to n-1.

Bussies
(1,3) -> TC:0(N)
(4,2)
(3,-1)

TC: O(8xN) SL: O(1)

Prefix sum: pf(i) = pf(i-1) +a(i)
a(i) = a(i-1) +a(i) -> prefix sum our same array

Buerius (1,3) (4,2) (3,-1)

B137127

Question 2 - Part 2

Cinen an integer away when ti, a (i) =0.
Return ten final array after performing multiple
queries.

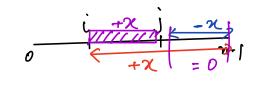
Queny: (i,j,x) -> add x to all elements from index i to j.

$$(i,j,\chi) \Rightarrow i-j+\chi$$

$$(i,\chi) \Rightarrow i-j+\chi$$

$$(i-\eta,\chi) \Rightarrow i-\eta + \chi$$

$$(j+1,-\chi) \Rightarrow j+1-\eta-1 - \chi$$



```
for ( i=0 to 0-1) { // B187(3) -> B[i)[0], B(i)[1], B(i)[2]
   a[B[i][0]] += B[i][2]
   if (BU)(1) < n-1)
        a (Bli)(1)+1) - 2 B li) [2)
tool i=1 to N-1) }
   a(i) = a(i-1) +a(i)
3
return a
                                  Queries
(1,4,3)
                                 (o, c, -1)
```

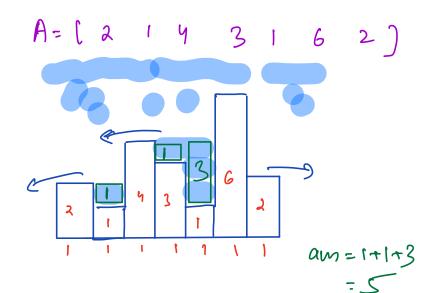
(2,2,4)

(4,6,3)

a=[-12625230)

Question 3

lynn N buildings & height of each building, find the rain water trapped b/w buildings.



Area
Laheight - a (1)
Laborer - 1 +1

arca of water above ith building

= min (marleft, markight) - a li)

2 2 G

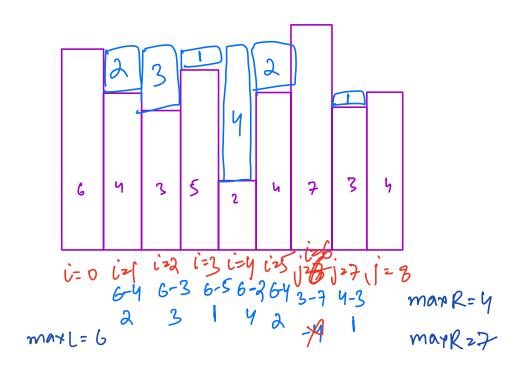
am = $\sum_{i=0}^{n-1}$ attent of waker above ith building $\int_{i=0}^{n-1} N N N \Rightarrow TC:O(N^2) SC:O(1)$

for Li=1 to N-2) $\frac{2}{3}$ maxL = max(0...i-1) // loop ow) \rightarrow prefix max maxR = max(c+1...N-1) // loop ocn) \rightarrow suffix max

```
water = min (maxl, maxk) - a li)
      if (water <0) water=0
      am += water
   3
      [2143162]
                                      max[[i] =
                                     mare(mare(i-1), au1)
 maxL= 2 2 4 4 4 6 6
                                     markli) =
     6 6 6 6 6 2
                                     max(maxR(i+1), au)
       2 2 4 4 4 6 2
nin (
marl,
matr)
                                > aw = 5
 water= 0 1 0 1 3 0 0
     max (10) = 010)
     for ( i21 to m-1)
        marlli) = max (maxl (i-1), ali)
                                       TC: O(N)
     mark(n-1) = a(n-1)
                                      S(: DLN)
     tor (i=n-2 to 0) }
        markli) = mar (markliti), ali)
```

```
am = 0
    for ( i= 1 to M-2) }
        aus += min(max2li), maxR(i)) - ali)
     return aus
We can remove maxlin] by doing carry forward
 for prefix max.
  mark(n-1) = a(n-1)
  tor (i=n-2 to 0) }
     markli) = max (markliti), ali)
  am=0, max 2 = a10)
                                            SC=O(N)
  for ( i= 1 to M-2) }
       maxL= max(maxL, au))
      aus += min ( maxL, maxR(i)) - ali)
```

Az [643524734]



2+3+1+4+2 = 13

Code i=0, j=n-1 ams=0 lmax = a(0), rmax = a(n-1) wile (i < j) if (lmax < rmax) irt = min(lmax, rmax) water = lmax - a ui) lmax = max(lmax, a ui)

7(:0W) SC:011)

```
elu 3

j--

water 2 rmax - ali)

rmax = max(rmax, ali))

3

if (water >0)

am += water

3

reform am
```