## **VIT - Vellore**

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# BCSE102P\_Structured and Object Oriented Programming Lab\_VL2024250502365

VIT V\_Structured and OOP\_Lab 7\_COD\_Easy\_Pure Virtual Functions

Attempt : 1 Total Mark : 20 Marks Obtained : 20

Section 1: Coding

### 1. Problem Statement

Rohith is designing a program that consists of a base class Expression with a pure virtual function evaluate().

There are two derived classes PowerAB and PowerBA representing expressions of the form ab and ba respectively, where a and b are real numbers. The program takes the values of a and b as input and calculates and displays the power results for both types of expressions.

Note: Use the pow function from the math library to calculate the power value.

Answer

```
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     // You are using GCC
     #include<iostream>
 #include<math.h>
     #include<iomanip>
     using namespace std;
     class Expression{
       public:
         double a,b;
         virtual void evaluate() {}
         Expression(double x, double y){
            a=x;
            b=y;
     class PowerAB: public Expression{
       public:
         using Expression:: Expression;
         void evaluate(){
            cout<<fixed<<setprecision(2)<<pow(a,b)<<endl;
         }
     };
     class PowerBA: public Expression{
       public:
         cout<<fixed<<setprecision(2)<<pow(b,a)<<endl;
}
        using Expression:: Expression;
         void evaluate(){
     };
     int main(){
       double x,y;
       cin>>x>>y;
       PowerAB obj1(x,y);
       PowerBA obj2(x,y);
       obj1.evaluate();
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return 0;
}
       obj2.evaluate();
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```

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Marks: 10/10 36 Status: Correct

#### Problem Statement

Imagine you are creating a hotel room pricing system with a class Hotel featuring a pure virtual function calculatePrice() to calculate prices based on nights and guests. Derived classes SingleRoom and DoubleRoom implement this function.

Base cost calculation:

For Single room - Rs. 100 per nightFor Double room - Rs. 150 per night

If guests stay for more than 5 nights, they avail a 10% discount. If guests stay for 5 or fewer nights, add Rs. 15 service charge

The program takes user input for nights and guests and then calculates and displays costs for both room types.

#### Answer

```
// You are using GCC
#include<iostream>
using namespace std;
class Hotel{
public:
    int n:
    int p;
    virtual int calculatePrice()=0;
};
class SingleRoom: public Hotel{
  public:
    void set(int a, int b){
     n=a;
    p=b;
    int calculatePrice(){
       if(n>5){
         return n*100*0.9;
```

```
else{
              return (n*100)+15;
    class DoubleRoom: public Hotel{
       public:
         void set(int a, int b){
         n=a:
         p=b;
        int calculatePrice(){
           if(n>5)
              return n*150*0.9;
            else{
              return (n*150)+15;
         }
    };
    int main(){
       int a;
       int b;
cin>>a;
cin>>b;
Sinc'
       SingleRoom obj1;
       DoubleRoom obj2;
       obj1.set(a,b);
       obj2.set(a,b);
       cout<<"Single Room Cost: "<<obj1.calculatePrice()<<endl;</pre>
       cout<<"Double Room Cost: "<<obj2.calculatePrice()<<endl;</pre>
    return 0;
    }
```

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Status: Correct Marks: 10/10

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