VIT - Vellore

Name: RONIT MEXSON

Email: ronit.mexson2024@vitstudent.ac.in

Roll no: 24BAI0036 Phone: 9999999999

Branch: ARUMUGA ARUN R_OOPS

Department: admin

Batch: VL2024250502365

Degree: admin



BCSE102P_Structured and Object Oriented Programming Lab_VL2024250502365

VIT V_Structured and OOP_Lab 7_COD_Easy_Function Overloading

Attempt : 1 Total Mark : 20

Marks Obtained: 20

Section 1: Coding

1. Problem Statement

Vamsi is a young and curious student who is eager to learn about finding the minimum number among a set of integers and double values. He needs a program to find the minimum number from a given set of values.

Help him solve the program by overloading the function named findMin.

Answer

// You are using GCC #include <iostream> #include <iomanip> using namespace std;

```
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int findMin(int a, int b, int c) {
return min(a, min(b, c));
double findMin(double a, double b, double c) {
  return min(a, min(b, c));
int main() {
  int x, y, z;
  double p, q, r;
 cin >> x >> y >> z;
  cin >> p >> q >> r;
  // Output
  cout << "Minimum integer: " << findMin(x, y, z) << endl;</pre>
  cout << fixed << setprecision(2);
  cout << "Minimum double-point value: " << findMin(p, q, r) << endl;
  return 0;
                                                                       Marks : 10/10
Status: Correct
```

2. Problem Statement

Teju is working on a unit converter application that can convert lengths from millimetres to centimetres and kilometres. The application uses function overloading to handle the different unit types.

She wants to implement a UnitConverter class that contains two overloaded functions for conversion:

double convert(double millimetres) - If the unit type is 1, convert the value 2.4BA10036 to centimetres.double convert(int unitType, double value) - If the unit type is 2, convert the value to kilometres.

Assist Teju in completing the converter application.

Answer

```
// You are using GCC
#include <iostream>
#include <iomanip>
using namespace std;
class UnitConverter {
public:
  double convert(double millimetres) {
     return millimetres / 10.0;
  double convert(int unitType, double value) {
    if (unitType == 2)
       return value / 1000000.0;
    else
       return -1;
  }
};
int main() {
  int unitType;
  double value;
 cin >> unitType;
  if (unitType == 1 || unitType == 2) {
    cin >> value;
  } else {
    cout << "Invalid unit type!" << endl;
    return 0;
  }
  UnitConverter converter:
  cout << fixed << setprecision(2);</pre>
  if (unitType == 1) {
  cout << converter.convert(value) << " cm" << endl;
} else if (unitType == 2) {
} else if (unitType == 2) {
```

```
24BA10036
cout
else {
        cout << converter.convert(unitType, value) << " km" << endl;
                                                   24BA100
        cout << "Invalid unit type!" << endl;
       return 0;
    }
    Status: Correct
                                                                     Marks: 10/10
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                                                                            24BA10036
```

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2.4BA10036

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