Double-click (or enter) to edit

import pandas as pd

import numpy as np

Import CSV as Dataframe

df = pd.read_csv(r'https://github.com/YBI-Foundation/Dataset/raw/main/Servo%20M

Get the First Five Rows of Dataframe

df.head()

₽		Motor	Screw	Pgain	Vgain	Class	1
	0	Е	Е	5	4	4	
	1	В	D	6	5	11	
	2	D	D	4	3	6	
	3	В	Α	3	2	48	
	4	D	В	6	5	6	

Get summary Statistics

df.describe()

Get columns Names

```
df.shape
(167, 5)
```

Get Categories and Counts Of Categorical Variables

```
5U%
               4.000000
                           ∠.∪∪∪∪∪∪
                                     าช.บบบบบบ
df[['Motor']].value_counts()
     Motor
     C
              40
     Α
              36
              36
     Ε
              33
     D
              22
     dtype: int64
df[['Screw']].value_counts()
     Screw
              42
     Α
              35
     C
              31
     D
              30
              29
     dtype: int64
```

Get Encoding of Categorical Features

```
df.replace({'Motor':{'A':0,'B':1,'C':2,'D':3,'E':4}}, inplace=True)

df.replace({'Screw':{'A':0,'B':1,'C':2,'D':3,'E':4}}, inplace=True)
```

Define y(dependent or label or target variable) and x (independent or features or attribute Variable)

```
4
        11
2
         6
3
        48
         6
162
        44
        40
163
164
        25
        44
165
166
        20
```

Name: Class, Length: 167, dtype: int64

x = df[['Motor','Screw','Pgain','Vgain']]

x.shape

(167, 4)

Χ

	Motor	Screw	Pgain	Vgain
0	4	4	5	4
1	1	3	6	5
2	3	3	4	3
3	1	0	3	2
4	3	1	6	5
162	1	2	3	2
163	1	4	3	1
164	2	3	4	3
165	0	1	3	2
166	0	0	6	5

167 rows × 4 columns

Get Train Test Split

from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split

x_train, x_test, y_train, y_test = train_test_split(x,y, test_size = 0.3, rando

x_train.shape, x_test.shape, y_train.shape, y_test.shape

```
((116, 4), (51, 4), (116,), (51,))
```

Get model Train

```
from sklearn.linear model import LinearRegression
lr = LinearRegression()
lr.fit(x train, y train)
     LinearRegression()
Get Model Prediction
y pred = lr.predict(x test)
y pred.shape
     (51,)
y pred
     array([24.55945258, 30.98765106, 18.54485477, 25.51524243, 38.56082023,
            23.52007775, 11.61947065, 20.03335614, 40.60404401, 41.7009556,
            13.66269443, 26.01242807, 16.50163099, 16.54663453, 21.92598051,
            22.52570646, -5.46449561, 30.68912392, 32.7323477 , 1.41282941,
            33.97718702, 31.63543611, 33.52806048, 30.04133887, 19.38557109,
             6.49364826, 28.5528375 , 17.04382017, 25.06611589, 3.50411229,
            30.59606128, 23.67067716, 35.72188367, 32.08456265, 12.46018697,
             3.6547117 , 23.47201865, 33.03087484, 17.49294672, 37.61450804,
            27.54898855, 22.07657992, 11.51387478, 9.470651 , 30.53852451,
            28.64590014, 33.67865989, 4.60102388, 24.1198037, 21.13026773,
            25.71390094])
```

Get Model Evaluation

```
from sklearn.metrics import mean_squared_error, mean_absolute_error, r2_score
mean_squared_error(y_test, y_pred)
        66.03589175595563
mean_absolute_error(y_test, y_pred)
        7.190539677251235
```

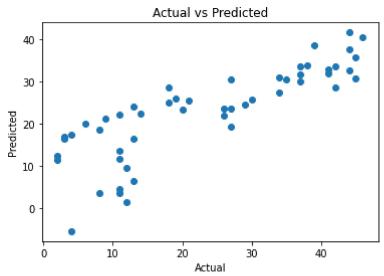
r2_score(y_test, y_pred)

0.6807245170563927

Get Visualization of Actual VS Predicted Results

import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
plt.scatter(y_test, y_pred)
plt.xlabel("Actual")
plt.ylabel("Predicted")
plt.title("Actual vs Predicted")
plt.show

<function matplotlib.pyplot.show>



Get Future Predictions

- 1. extract a random row using sample function
- 2. Separate x and y
- 3. Standardize x
- 4. Predict

$$x_new = df.sample(1)$$

x_new

x_new.shape

x_new

	Motor	Screw	Pgain	Vgain	11-
17	1	2	5	4	

x_new.shape

(1, 4)

y_pred_new = lr.predict(x_new)

y_pred_new

array([16.65223039])

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