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1.1 Screenshot of output of JavaScript array in a table format (Matthus, 2019).

Cars in my Garage		
myArray[0]	BMW M4	
myArray[1]	Nissan Versa	
myArray[2]	Honda Civic	
myArray[3]	Hyundai Elantra Hybrid	
myArray[4]	Nissan Magnite	
myArray[5]	Hyundai Alcazar	

```
Code:

<!DOCTYPE html>

<html lang="en">

<head>

<meta charset="UTF-8">

<meta http-equiv="X-UA-Compatible" content="IE=edge">

<meta name="viewport" content="width=device-width, initial-scale=1.0">

<title>Neighbor's Cars</title>

<!-- css styling within html -->

<style>

table{

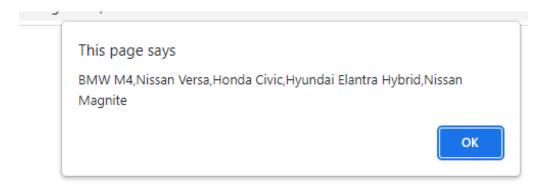
border: 1px solid black;

}
```

```
tbody tr td {
     border: 1px solid black;
  }
 </style>
</head>
<body>
 <table style="border-spacing: 0px; margin-left: auto; margin-right: auto; margin-top: 150px;
margin-bottom: auto;">
    Cars in my Garage
    <script>
    let myCars = [
     {'position':'myArray[0]', 'carType':'BMW M4'},
     {'position':'myArray[1]', 'carType':'Nissan Versa'},
      {'position':'myArray[2]', 'carType':'Honda Civic'},
      {'position':'myArray[3]', 'carType':'Hyundai Elantra Hybrid'},
      {'position':'myArray[4]', 'carType':'Nissan Magnite'},
     {'position':'myArray[5]', 'carType':'Hyundai Alcazar'},
   ]
```

```
tableFunction(myCars)
   function tableFunction (data){
     var table = document.getElementById('tableView')
     for (var i = 0; i < data.length; i++){
       var row = `
               ${data[i].position}
               ${data[i].carType}
            `
       table.innerHTML += row
     }
   }
 </script>
</body>
</html>
```

1.2

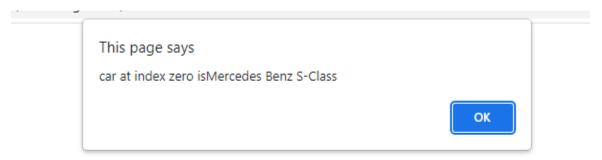


Code

let myCarsToDelete = ["BMW M4", "Nissan Versa", "Honda Civic", "Hyundai Elantra Hybrid", "Nissan Magnite", "Hyundai Alcazar"];

```
myCarsToDelete.pop();
window.alert(myCarsToDelete);
```

1.3 The zeroth index element index[0] is the first element in an array (Pearson, 2019).



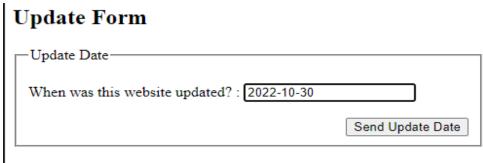
Code

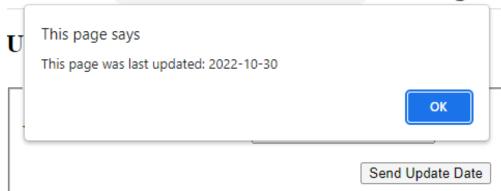
let carsToUnshift = ["BMW M4", "Nissan Versa", "Honda Civic", "Hyundai Elantra Hybrid", "Nissan Magnite", "Hyundai Alcazar"];

```
carsToUnshift.unshift("Mercedes Benz S-Class")
window.alert("car at index zero is"+carsToUnshift[0]);
```

The unshift() method is used to add elements to the beginning of an array (Tutorialspoint, 2020).

2.1





```
Code:
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html lang="en">
<head>
  <meta charset="UTF-8">
  <meta http-equiv="X-UA-Compatible" content="IE=edge">
  <meta name="viewport" content="width=device-width, initial-scale=1.0">
  <title>Date</title>
```

```
</head>
<body>
  <h2>Update Form</h2>
  <div>
  <form>
  <fieldset>
    <legend>Update Date</legend>
        <br>
    When was this website updated? : <input id="date" name="date" placeholder="YYYY-MM-
DD" value="2022-10-29" min="2022-01-01" max="2022-12-12" type="year">
    <br>
    <br>
    <div style="text-align: right;">
     <button type="submit" style="margin-left: auto;" onclick="submitDate()">Send Update
Date</button>
    </div>
  </fieldset>
  </form>
</div>
  <script>
```

```
function submitDate(){
     let dateInput = document.getElementById("date");
     window.alert("This page was last updated: "+dateInput.value);
   }
 </script>
</body>
</html>
2.2
I LOVE JAVASCRIPT PROGRAMMING WITH ALL MY HEART
Code:
let iLoveJs = "i love javascript programming with all my heart";
for (var i =0; i<5; i++){
 console.log(iLoveJs.toUpperCase());
}
```

Welcome to Pretoria Sunnyside Bowling club



This page says
Name is required

OK

```
Code:
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html lang="en">
<head>
<meta charset="UTF-8">
<meta http-equiv="X-UA-Compatible" content="IE=edge">
<meta name="viewport" content="width=device-width, initial-scale=1.0">
<title>Sunny Bowside Club</title>
<style>
  btns{
    display: inline; margin-right: 20px;
    margin: 0 auto;
  }
</style>
</head>
<body>
  <h2>Welcome to Pretoria Sunnyside Bowling club</h2>
<form name="myForm" action="" onsubmit="confirmSubmittedData()">
  <h2 style="text-align: center;">Sign-Up Form</h2>
  <img src="sunnyside.png" height="250px" width="350px" style="margin-left: auto; margin-</pre>
right: auto;">
```

```
<label>First name: <input name="firstName" /></label>
    <label>Last name: <input name="lastName" /></label>
    <label>Address: <input name="address" /></label>
    Gender:
    <label><input type="radio" name="gender" value="male" /> Male</label>
    <label><input type="radio" name="gender" value="female" /> Female</label>
    <label>Email Id:<input type="email" name="email" /></label>
    <label>Mobile: <input name="mobile" /></label>
    <label> Location
    <br />
    <select name="location">
      <option>select option
      <option>Boardwalk
      <option>Brooklyn</option>
      <option>Lynnwood</option>
      <option>Sunnyside</option>
    </select>
    </label>
  <button style="display: inline; margin-right: 20px; margin: 0 auto;"</pre>
class="btns" type="submit">Sign-Up</button>
    <button style="display: inline; margin-right: 20px; margin: 0 auto;" class="btns"</pre>
>Reset</button>
</form>
<script>
  function confirmSubmittedData (){
```

```
var fName = document.forms['myForm']['firstName'].value;
var IName = document.forms['myForm']['lastName'].value;
var address = document.forms['myForm']['address'].value;
var gender = document.forms['myForm']['gender'].value;
var email = document.forms['myForm']['email'].value;
var mobile = document.forms['myForm']['mobile'].value;
var location = document.forms['myForm']['location'].value;
if(fName == ""){
  window.alert("first Name is required");
}
if(IName == ""){
  window.alert("last Name is required");
}
if(address == ""){
  window.alert("address is required");
}
if(gender == ""){
  window.alert("gender is required");
}
if(email == ""){
  window.alert("email is required");
}
if(mobile == ""){
  window.alert("mobile is required");
}
if(location == ""){
```

```
window.alert("location is required");
    }
  }
</script>
</body>
</html>
3.2
Try catch expressions are used for error handling within functions.
try {
}
is used to execute a function while
catch(error){
}
allows handling of errors that might occur during execution (Tutorialspoint, 2019).
   This page says
   Caught error: First Name is empty
                                                                 OK
  This page says
  Finally Cannot submit your form
```

```
finally{
}
Executes code irregardless of an error
Code:
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html lang="en">
<head>
<meta charset="UTF-8">
<meta http-equiv="X-UA-Compatible" content="IE=edge">
<meta name="viewport" content="width=device-width, initial-scale=1.0">
<title>Sunny Bowside Club</title>
<style>
  btns{
    display: inline; margin-right: 20px;
    margin: 0 auto;
  }
</style>
</head>
<body>
  <h2>Welcome to Pretoria Sunnyside Bowling club</h2>
<form name="myForm" action="" onsubmit=" confirmSubmittedData ()">
```

```
<h2 style="text-align: center;">Sign-Up Form</h2>
  <img src="sunnyside.png" height="250px" width="350px" style="margin-left: auto; margin-
right: auto;">
    <label>First name: <input name="firstName" /></label>
    <label>Last name: <input name="lastName" /></label>
     <label>Address: <input name="address" /></label>
    Gender:
    <label><input type="radio" name="gender" value="male" /> Male</label>
    <label><input type="radio" name="gender" value="female" /> Female</label>
     <label>Email Id:<input type="email" name="email" /></label>
    <label>Mobile: <input name="mobile" /></label>
    <label> Location
    <br />
    <select name="location">
      <option>select option
      <option>Boardwalk
      <option>Brooklyn</option>
      <option>Lynnwood</option>
      <option>Sunnyside</option>
    </select>
    </label>
    <button style="display: inline; margin-right: 20px; margin: 0 auto;"</p>
```

class="btns" type="submit">Sign-Up</button>

```
<button style="display: inline; margin-right: 20px; margin: 0 auto;" class="btns"</pre>
>Reset</button>
</form>
<script>
  function confirmSubmittedData (){
    var fName = document.forms['myForm']['firstName'].value;
    var IName = document.forms['myForm']['lastName'].value;
    var address = document.forms['myForm']['address'].value;
    var gender = document.forms['myForm']['gender'].value;
    var email = document.forms['myForm']['email'].value;
    var mobile = document.forms['myForm']['mobile'].value;
    var location = document.forms['myForm']['location'].value;
    try{
      if(fName == "") throw "First Name is empty";
      if(IName == "") throw "Last Name is empty";
      if(address == "") throw "Address is empty";
      if(gender == "") throw "Gender is empty";
      if(email == "") throw "Email is empty";
      if(mobile == "") throw "Mobile number is empty";
      if(location == "") throw "Location is empty";
    }
    catch(error){
```

```
window.alert("Caught error: "+ error);
}
finally{
    window.alert("Finally Cannot submit your form");
}

</script>
</body>
</html>
```

3.3 Cookies in JavaScript are set using document.cookie (Programming, 2020).

```
This page says
Checking cookie: No cookie!
```

Code:

```
function cookieFunction(){
    var fName = document.forms['myForm']['firstName'].value;
    var email = document.forms['myForm']['email'].value;
    var mobile = document.forms['myForm']['mobile'].value;
    document.cookie=RegCookie;
```

```
RegCookie = "username"+"="+fName+ ";"+
"email"+"="+email+";"+"mobile"+"="+mobile+";"+"expires"+"="+"30*24*60*60*1000";
   if (RegCookie == ""){
    window.alert('Cookie not set');
   }else{
    window.alert('Cookie set');
   }
 }
 function checkCookie(){
    if(document.cookie.length != 0){
      alert("There are cookies");
    }else{
      window.alert("Checking cookie: No cookie!");
    }
  }
```

References

Matthus, F. (2019). Insert Array Into Table Javascript.

Pearson, E. (2019). JavaScript: Arrays Arrays Data structures consisting of related data items JavaScript arrays "dynamic" entities that can change size after they. 1–39.

Programming, I. (2020). JavaScript: Using Cookies Why cookies? 1–8.

Tutorialspoint. (2019). *JavaScript - Errors & Exceptions Handling - Tutorialspoint*. https://www.tutorialspoint.com/javascript/javascript_error_handling.htm

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