

(2) Teorema Carton f'/H = sof/H 04'05', 0... 05' = id + } = id + ¥f€O(E), dimE=n (n21) ftidE =) if se poate serie a o comprinere de cel much n simetrie ortogonale della de hiperplane ide = 50 fo s, o ... os 1 s= fosio...ose 1 sa Ind mat dupa m= dim E n=1 f=-id== simedie ortogonali fata de NOS1= fosio... os2 =) f= so 1,0...os; lipezplanul 803 of se socie a no "o" do cel mult m sime trii ostog Lota de hijezplane. Deu sa Pn-1=) Pm Endoughtime simeffice Olim E=m If (E , < ; :) sp mot enclidion real Tie x EE => f(x)=y + x. => x - y + 0 = LE Ened (E) I son endouorfirm simetric(=) (x, f(y) > = < f(x), y), raport ou v seper ortonormat este simetrica JEO(E) => 117 (x)1/11/X/1 fix R={e1, ..., en} reper ortonormation € < (i) f(ej) >= < f(ei), ej>, Vi,j=1,n $\Delta(x)=y$ $|0 \Delta = | \Delta(x)=\Delta(y)=\Delta(y)=\lambda(y)-x$ fie 4= matrices associatà lui fin report en 2 A = simedie (=) sos=id= f(ej)- sayo ez, tj=1,m SEO(E) ((i,) = 1 anj · () = (\sum \alpha \alpha_{ni} \cres \cres \alpha_{ni} \cres deo(€) =) sofe o(€) so f(x)= s(q)=x=> < fx1> rubysativ invariant pt sof => H=< 8x3; hiperplan inversion to al lui sof (water semetrica) Nof/H: H→H este transf ortegorala fie t=fe,,...,en 3 refer orton in € si A' matricea olim H=m-1 But Isi, , s; simetrii ostogonale associati lui f faté de hijespane: Hi, Hi dine H, i = n-1 RSR', CEO(m) E=28xy>@H HkCH, k=1, i hipesplane A A! $A'=C^{-1}AC = C^{-1}AC$ A simetrica (=) A simetrica #k H= 4/2 0 5 26 37, R= 11 AT = (CTAC) = CTATC # E= < f x 3 > # H& + C { 26 3 > , 6= 1,1 Ops. fi,f2 ∈ Sim (€) = In general, fi0 f2 & Sim(€) sof 14= 4,0.00s; < f10 f2(x), y> =< f2(x), f1(y) > = < x1, f20 f1(y) > " kidicom " simetrile ortogonale s' la simetrii ortogonale De. Jo fe E Sim (E) -> cf, of (x), y>= = (x, flof(y)> Ak fatá rde hipseplamete H&Zfxb>A He frof = Lofi the Skilling Sk SAU Sk are Ak water associate in squatt see un そ(ペメナルトトを)=ベメトルートを reper vortonormat » fio fe are A. Az matrice naxociatà (A: Az) = AZ AT = Az AI SC AIAZ = ARAI =) (A1 Az) T= A1AZ fu s = sofosiosi, osi, o. ... osa E=< {x}> OH f'(x) = Aofosio. osi(x) = sof(x) = x

f(x) = XX Plop fEERE (E) simethic $\lambda \neq \mu$ => Toate sod polinomului caracteristic sunt f(y)= 43 cx, f(y)>=cf(x), y>=cx,yy= Deu. fiè R'= Se,., en 3 sepes octonormat in € pucx, y>= 1 cx, y>=> (x, y>(u-1)=0=>cx,y> A= matricea asociata lui f P(X) = ald (A-) In) =) X-1 y Sixtmul linias si pungen (A-XIm)X=On OBS. AE Mm (1/R), A-AT verse si solutii nemule O Q: E -> ke forma pakatica reals ν 11- λ a12.. a1m Q(x)= E Rig x; Dj amz - ama-x Q f: E> € onclosuos fine simetric ~10 ο \ (a11-λ f(x)=y y=4x $f(e_i) = \sum_{j=1}^{n} a_{ji} e_{jj} \mathcal{R} = \{e_1, \dots, e_n\}$ soper $\frac{\left(\alpha_{11}-\lambda\right)x_{1}+\alpha_{12}x_{2}t\dots +\alpha_{1n}x_{n}}{\left(\alpha_{11}-\lambda\right)x_{1}+\alpha_{12}x_{2}t\dots +\alpha_{1n}x_{n}}$ orton. in E $Q(x) = c \times, f(x) >$ \(\times \f(x) > = \in \in \times \f(\in \times \f(\in \f(\in\)\)\)))))))))) \)
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\[\ta \tilde{\int} \finat \finit \fi (am x1 + am x2 + . . . +(nn -) xn ((a11-1)x1x1 +a12 x24 x1+...+ a1m xmx1 =0 = \(\times \times \) \(\times (Pi, F Oxj + 2) anixixm + an2 X2 Xm + . - . + (ann-1) xn xn = 0 (+) = Soug Vix; = Q(x) in cope xjxe = > s xj xj, age e Mm (R) Esterna $(\varepsilon, <\cdot, >)$ spreet e real Eagh xj xk + Eagh xj xk + Eak xxx = \ \frac{\Sigma}{2} \times \frac{\Sigma}{2} f∈ End(E) simustic The un refer ordenormat format din rectori proprie a modrice assciala luif este jer yk (xj xx +xe xj) diagonala => X ER Dem. Lie de leaboure propries a au of si From fie fe sim(E) Ex = versos propriu orespelui s Noca UCE subjection invariant al lui fratunci J(e,1= 1, e, => < fe, 3 > subsp invariant=) < fe, 3 > 1 - 11-A f/U1: U1 -> U1 este endour simetric 8/c5e,37 x5e,37 -> <5e,37 este USE rubs invariant al lui f > [+> [+ x \in U ->](x) \in U] endous simetric fix 12 = walcare propriet of flee, 45 is fil reut dem la froje u < f(x) y> = < x, f(y)>=0 => f(x) \in U^1 ez = coersol proprint coresponde 12 f(e2)=22e2, e11ez => f/U1: U->U endour simedic das fleile x, ei => < se, e3> < E subspinvariant Plop JE Sim (E) => < fe, e2}> -1/
Fix 22 real propries pt 8/ < fe1, e23> + p1

1(2)=20e2 -11 Vectorii proprii corespunzadori la naloli proprii distincte ez coersor projecu de3)= 1363 761 163 Den fie x, pe menter redori proprii distincte si x, y El & & Scanned by CamScanner

Depo un numas finit de pasi (m=dint) X1 = (1+52) X2 (x,, x2) = x2(1+52,1) P1 = 14+252 (4+52,1) Construin R= 9e1, ..., en 3 Sci (ortagonali) IRl= olim E V,= { x < 1/2/2/2/x)=(-1-252) x 5 R = seper ostandemat in E ar frei)= li Pi, i=1,n (x, +2x, =(-1-252)x) = (2+62)x, +2x=0 $A = \begin{pmatrix} \lambda_1 & 0 \\ 0 & \lambda_n \end{pmatrix}$ (2x1-3x2=(-1-252)x2 (2x, +(-2+252) x2=0 (f sim=) deate solocivile polin caract. sunt reale) S(452) X,+ X2=0 X,= (1-52) X2 OBS defend (E). Matricea asociatà lui f de (P1, P2)=0=> |1P1 || = |1P2 ||=1 FP1, P23 beper ochonormat an A=(1+252 c Ex. E= { & (1,0,1)/4 = 11 } , Y = 11 2) dim V, = m xi, i= 1,8 6) fe End (E) simetric =) colim V2 = m, , 1=1/2 Sé se determino ec sotation de q 4= I praxa $A = \begin{pmatrix} \lambda_1 & e^{4u_{\lambda_1}} \\ \lambda_2 & & \lambda_3 \end{pmatrix}$ Edinks, in sajost au regerul canonic Ro=fei, es, es 4 ____ R=fei, ez es 4 OBS Matricea assercità lui f se raduce la forma diagonalà, efectional schimbari de repes orbonorunt, A'= (o cost - ning) deci transformari ortogonale P1 = 1/2 (1,0,1) Ex. $A = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 2 \\ 2 & -3 \end{pmatrix} = A^T$ E = { (x, x, x, x) = /2 / x, t x 3 = 0 } = Q(x)=x,2-3x= 14x,x = { (-x3, x, x3), x2, x3 = 1/2 } (-1,0,1) a) Aducem Q la forma canonica, entilisand e2 = (-1,0,1), e3 = (0,1,0) metoda Gaus. Q(x)=x12+4x1x3-3x2=(x1+2x1)-7x2 Considera (x = x,+2x2 (Q(x)=x12-x12) 1) A-CTAC -)A=CA/CT Un efectuat school seper arbitrara f: 123->123, f(x)=y, Y=4x 6) Aducem a la forma comonica comonica, Jeurs: Ex1. A= (1/2) matrices ovoriada lui f or 1+. 1 fe End (k3) in raport cu R. efectioned whim bate de roses extendemat. fir f: 12 > 12 enclosed firm simetric associat a) Is a det rejerul ostproruet in reject cu care Q(x)=cx, f(x)>, +xe/e= A este diagonale 6) It is old Q: 123 > 12 forme potation osociados
L. So 12 oducio & f camonico estilizard Med Gress f(x)=(x1+2x2,2x1+3x2) (1 2)(x1) P(X)=rdet(A-XIz)=0=> $\begin{pmatrix} 1 & \lambda & 2 \\ 2 & -3 - \lambda \end{pmatrix} = 0 \Rightarrow \lambda^2 - 2\lambda \cdot 7 = 0$ $(\lambda - 1)^2 - (2)$ Ex2. U=fxelk3/2x,-x2+x3=03 (x-1)2-(25z)=0 Sá se det ec sotaties de acra U si à 211 in segost 1,e=1±252 Vx1 = 8x6/R2/f(x)=(1+2/2)x3 en seperal canonic. (24-3×2=(1+252) x2 $\begin{cases} (2-2\sqrt{2})^{\chi_1} + 2\chi_2 = 0 \\ 2\chi_1 + (-2\sqrt{2})\chi_2 = 0 \end{cases} \Rightarrow \begin{cases} (1-\sqrt{2})^{\chi_1} + (-1\sqrt{2})^{\chi_2} = 0 \\ \chi_1 + (-1\sqrt{2})^{\chi_2} = 0 \end{cases}$ det (1-52 1) = (1-52)(-1-52)-1 1 -1-52) = (52-1)(52-1)-1-2-2=0