Tutoriat 4

Factorizarea LDU

Fie A importabilă, core admite factorizarea LU farà pieotore.

Atlunci A = LU

Putem de la factoriezonea A=W sà ajungem usos la A=LDU unde: L-> inforier triunghidora cu lii=1 (1 pe diag prin)

D -> matrice diagonalã

U -> suporior tranghislario en uii = 1

🕛 Sã se ditermine factorisarea LDU a matrici:

😔 Dupā Pautorizare LU Pārā pinatare am dhimut:

$$A = L\widetilde{U} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 346 & 1 & 0 \\ -46 & 18 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 25 & 15 & -5 \\ 0 & 9 & 3 \\ 0 & 0 & 9 \end{bmatrix}$$

Vrum U= DU

D = diag (25, 9, 9) => 0' = diag (1/25, 1/9, 1/9) $U = D' \tilde{U} => 0$

Ann obtainet
$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 36 & 1 & 0 \\ -16 & 18 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 25 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 9 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 9 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 315 & -116 \\ 0 & 1 & 113 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

Factorizarea LDL^t

2 Sã se ditermine factorizarea LDLT a matrici:

🔂 Dupā Pautorikaru LU Pārā pinotoru am oblimut:

$$A = L\widetilde{U} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 3/6 & 1 & 0 \\ -1/5 & 1/5 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 25 & 15 & -5 \\ 0 & 9 & 3 \\ 0 & 0 & 9 \end{bmatrix}$$

Vrum U=DIT

$$D = \text{diag} (25, 9, 9)$$

$$L^{T} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 3/6 & -1/6 \\ 0 & 1 & 1/3 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

=>
$$\tilde{0}$$
 = $\begin{bmatrix} 25 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 9 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 9 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 316 & -116 \\ 0 & 1 & 113 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$

Am obtinut
$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 3/6 & 1 & 0 \\ -1/5 & 1/3 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 25 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 9 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 9 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 3/6 & -1/6 \\ 0 & 1 & 1/3 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$