



AMERICAN INTERNATIONAL UNIVERSITY–BANGLADESH (AIUB)

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Mid Term Project Report

BOOK STORE MANAGEMENT SYSTEM

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PROJECT REPORT

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Introduction:

Bookstores today must manage a wide variety of operations, including maintaining book inventories, handling supplier relationships, processing customer orders, managing employees, and recording payments. Manual methods or fragmented systems often cause stock inaccuracies, delays in order fulfillment, and difficulties in tracking financial transactions. These inefficiencies reduce both operational performance and customer satisfaction.

The Bookstore Management System addresses these challenges by integrating all core entities—Books, Categories, Publishers, Suppliers, Customers, Employees, Orders, and Payments—into a centralized database-driven platform. The system automates book cataloging, supplier coordination, sales processing, and payment management while ensuring real-time updates on inventory and order status. It also streamlines employee tasks and generates valuable reports for managers. By digitizing and unifying these operations, the system enhances accuracy, improves service quality, and provides greater reliability for decision-making and overall bookstore management.

Project Proposal:

Bookshop Management System

1. Project Title

Bookshop Management System

2. Introduction

Managing a bookshop involves handling various operations such as maintaining book records, tracking inventory, managing customers, recording sales, and processing payments. Manual handling of these operations often leads to inefficiencies, errors, and data redundancy.

This project proposes the development of a Bookshop Management System that utilizes an advanced relational database to automate and streamline bookshop operations. The system will focus on data integrity, efficiency, and reporting using advanced database concepts like triggers, stored procedures, transactions, indexing, and views.

3. Objectives

- To design and implement a normalized database for managing bookshop operations.
- To enable efficient management of books, categories, publishers, suppliers, employees, customers, and orders.
- To automate processes such as stock updates after sales, payment handling, and report generation.
- To ensure data accuracy and consistency using constraints and relationships.
- To generate useful reports (sales analysis, stock status, customer history).

4. Database Design Overview (Tables & Relationships)

Main Entities:

1. Books – Stores details of each book including title, author, category, publisher, supplier, price, and stock.
2. Category – Categorizes books (e.g., Fiction, Science, Technology).
3. Publisher – Maintains publisher information (name, address, contact).
4. Supplier – Tracks book suppliers and their details.
5. Customer – Holds customer records for purchases and order tracking.
6. Employee – Stores employee details including roles.
7. Orders – Manages sales transactions, linking customers and employees.
8. Payment – Records payment details for each order.
9. OrderItem – Calculates individual book quantity and subtotal for orders.

Key Relationships:

- A Book belongs to one Category, one Publisher, and one Supplier.
- A Customer can place many Orders.
- An Employee processes many Orders.
- Each Order has exactly one Payment.

5. Advanced Database Features to be Used

- Constraints (PK, FK, Unique, Check).
- Triggers for stock update and logging.
- Stored Procedures & Functions for order processing and calculations.
- Views for reports and purchase history.
- Transactions ensuring ACID properties.
- Indexing for faster search.

6. Methodology

1. Requirement Analysis – Finalize system requirements and business rules.
2. Database Design – Develop ER Diagram and relational schema.
3. Implementation – Create normalized tables with constraints.
4. Integration – Implement stored procedures, triggers, views.
5. Testing – Validate constraints, run test queries, simulate sales.

6. Documentation – Write final report with schema, SQL code, and screenshots.

7. Scope of the Project (Modules)

- Book Management
- Category & Publisher Management
- Supplier Management
- Customer & Employee Management
- Order & Payment Management
- Reporting & Analytics

8. Expected Outcomes

- A fully functional Bookshop Management Database with advanced features.
- Automatic stock management after sales.
- Real-time insights into sales trends, customer behavior, and inventory levels.
- Efficient and secure data handling.

9. Tools & Technologies

- Database: Oracle / MySQL / SQL Server
- Design Tools: Draw.io / Lucidchart
- Frontend (optional): C#, Java, or Python
- SQL Features: Triggers, Stored Procedures, Views, Transactions

10. Project Timeline

Requirement Analysis – 1 week

Database Design – 2 weeks

Implementation – 3 weeks

Advanced Features Setup – 2 weeks

Testing & Debugging – 1 week

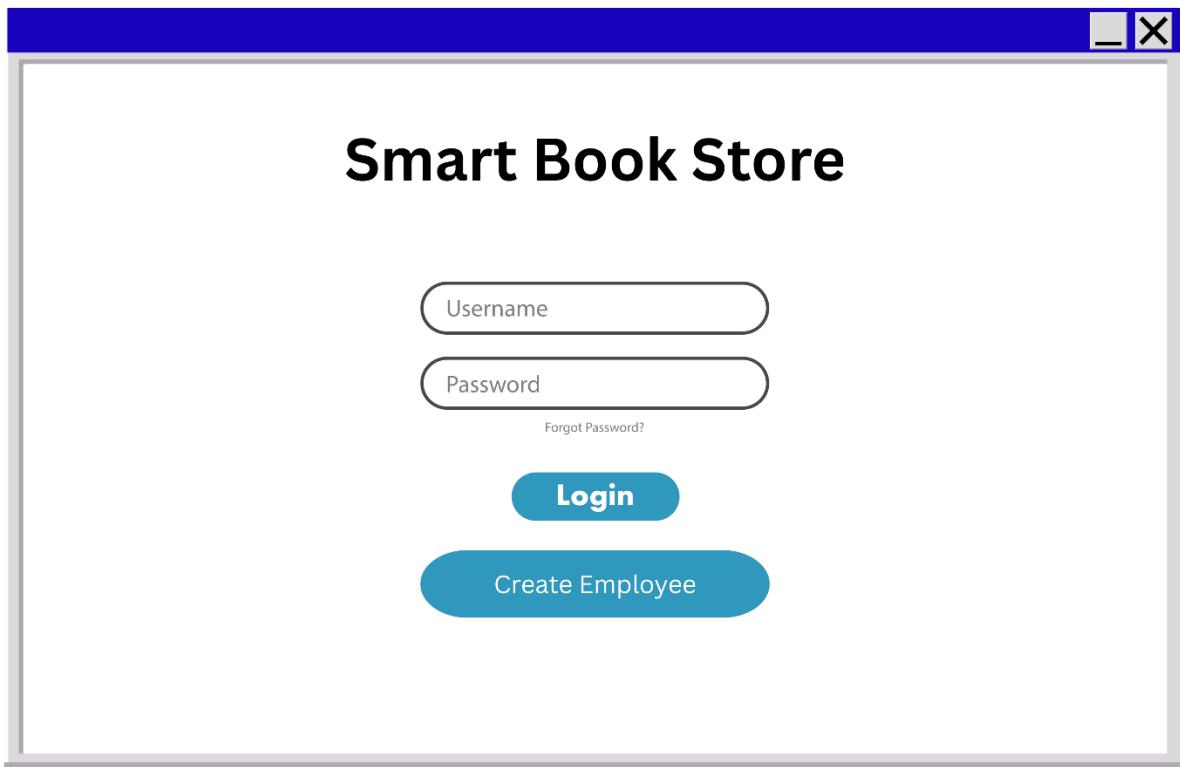
Documentation & Demo – 1 week

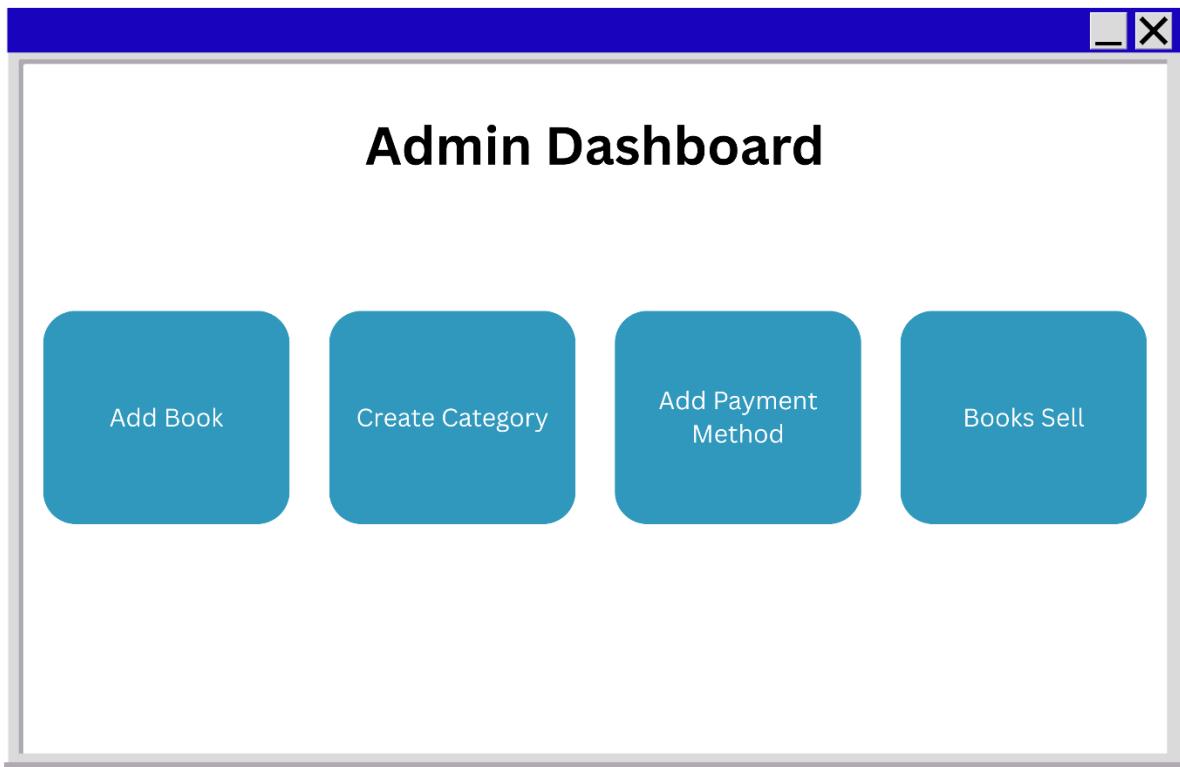
11. Conclusion

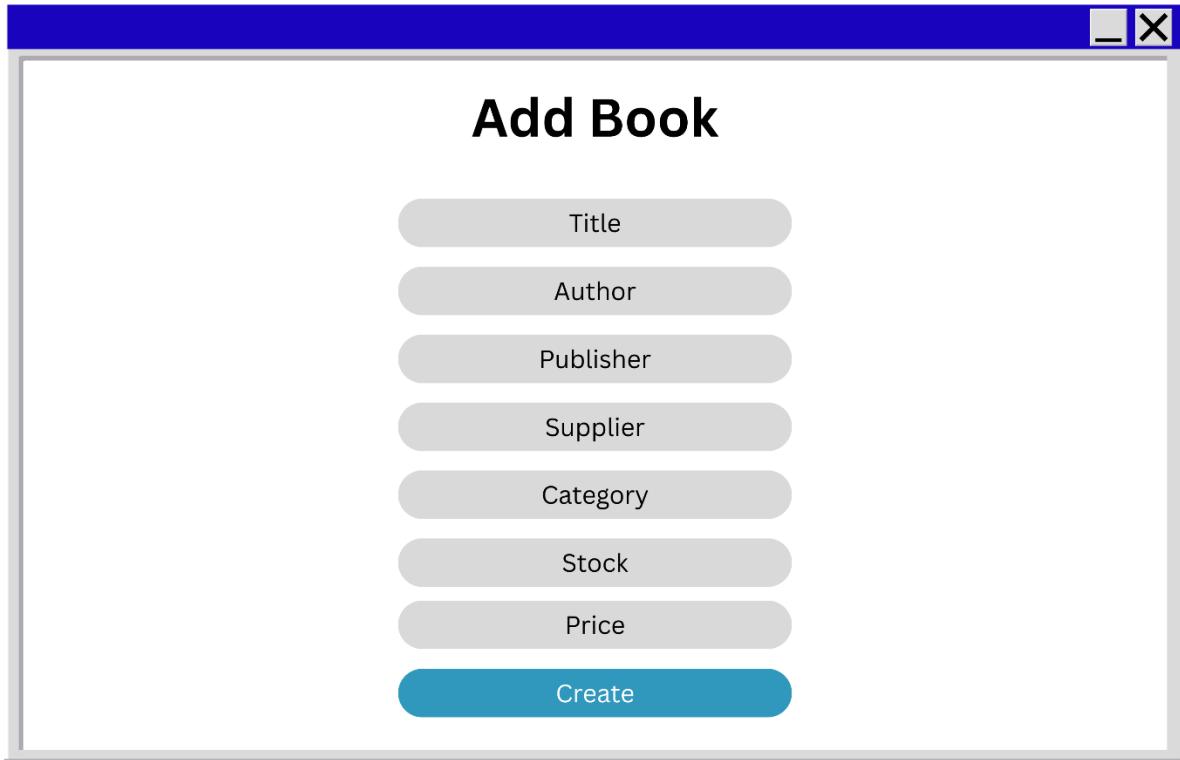
The proposed Bookshop Management System will simplify bookshop operations by automating book, order, customer, and payment management.

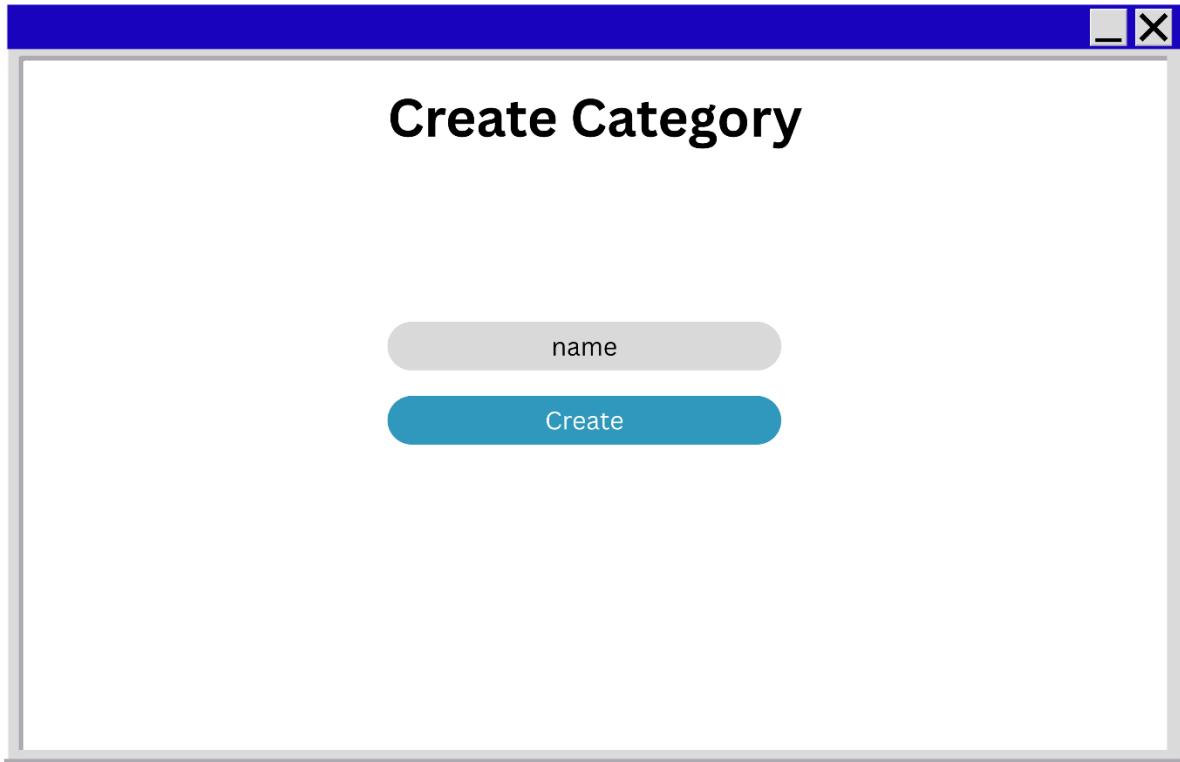
The project will apply advanced database techniques to ensure data integrity, security, and efficiency, while also supporting decision-making with detailed reports.

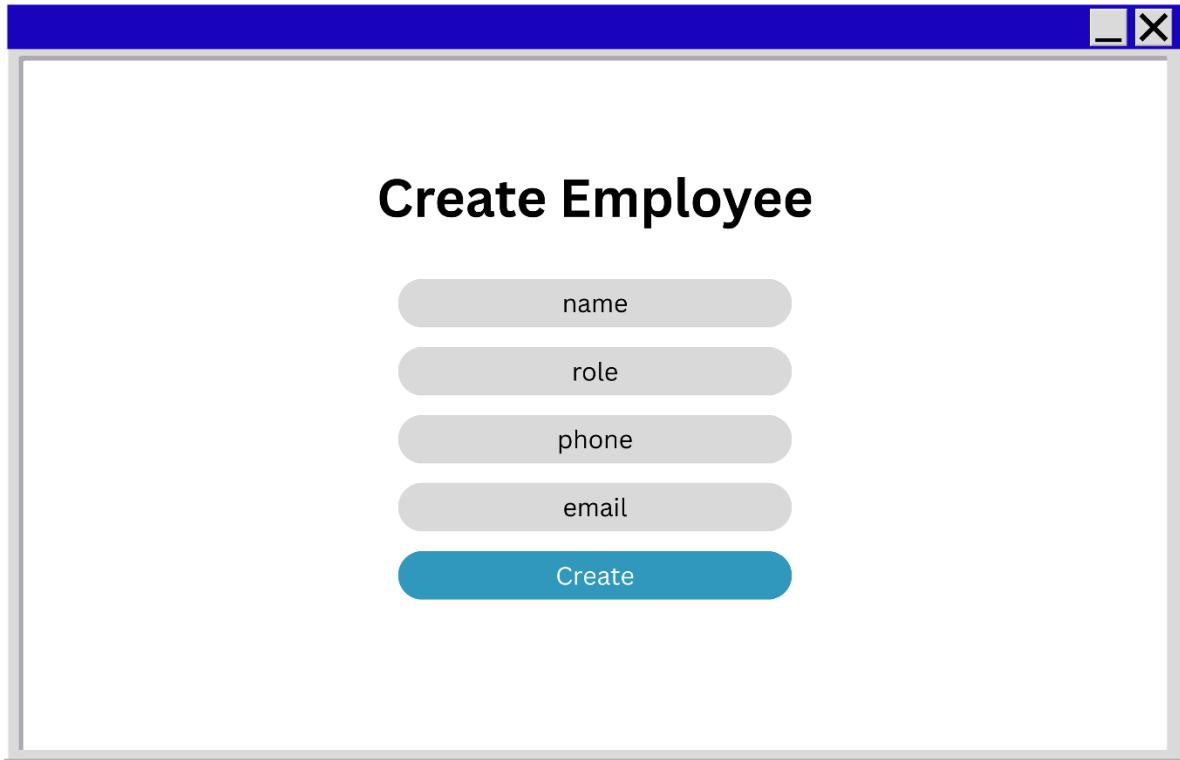
User Interface Planning:

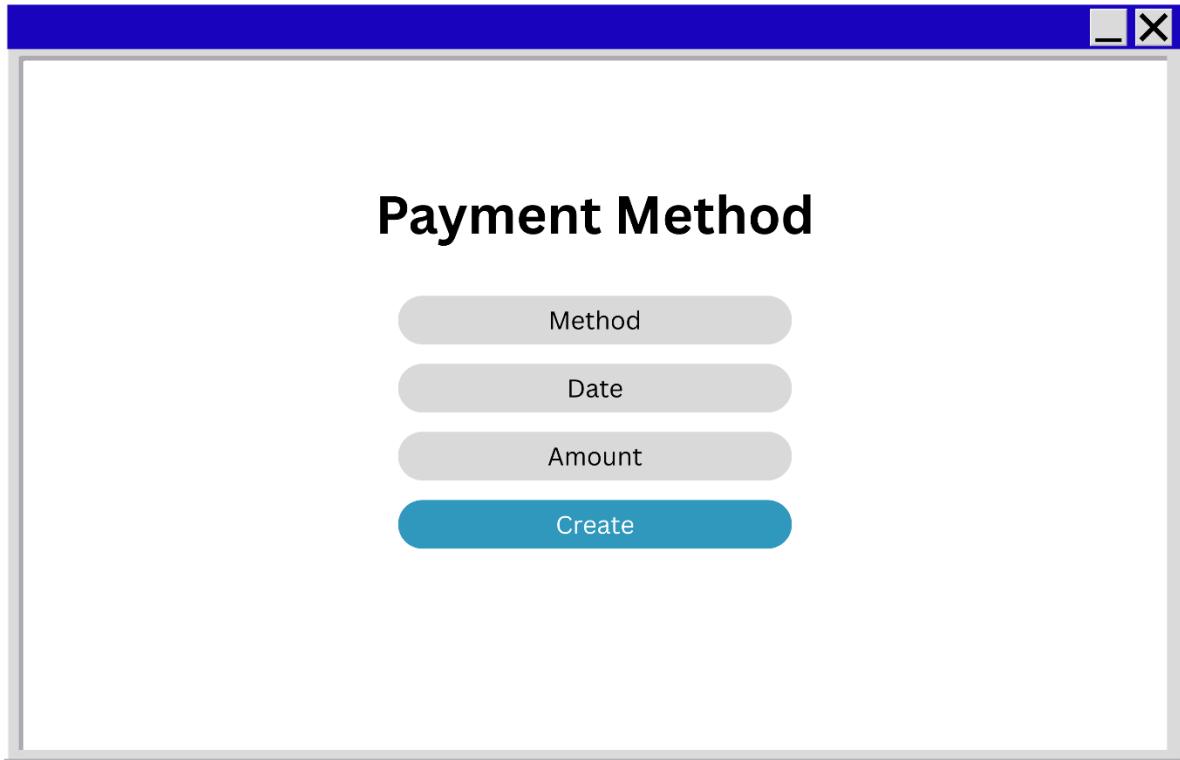


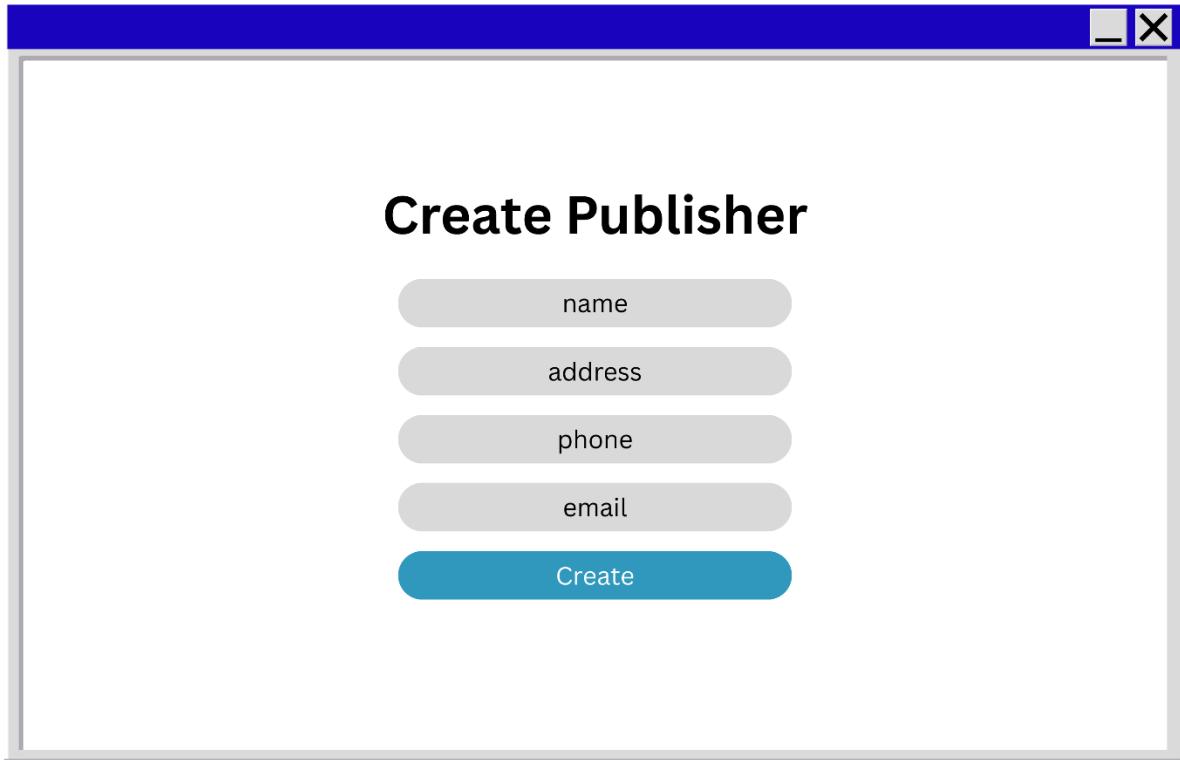


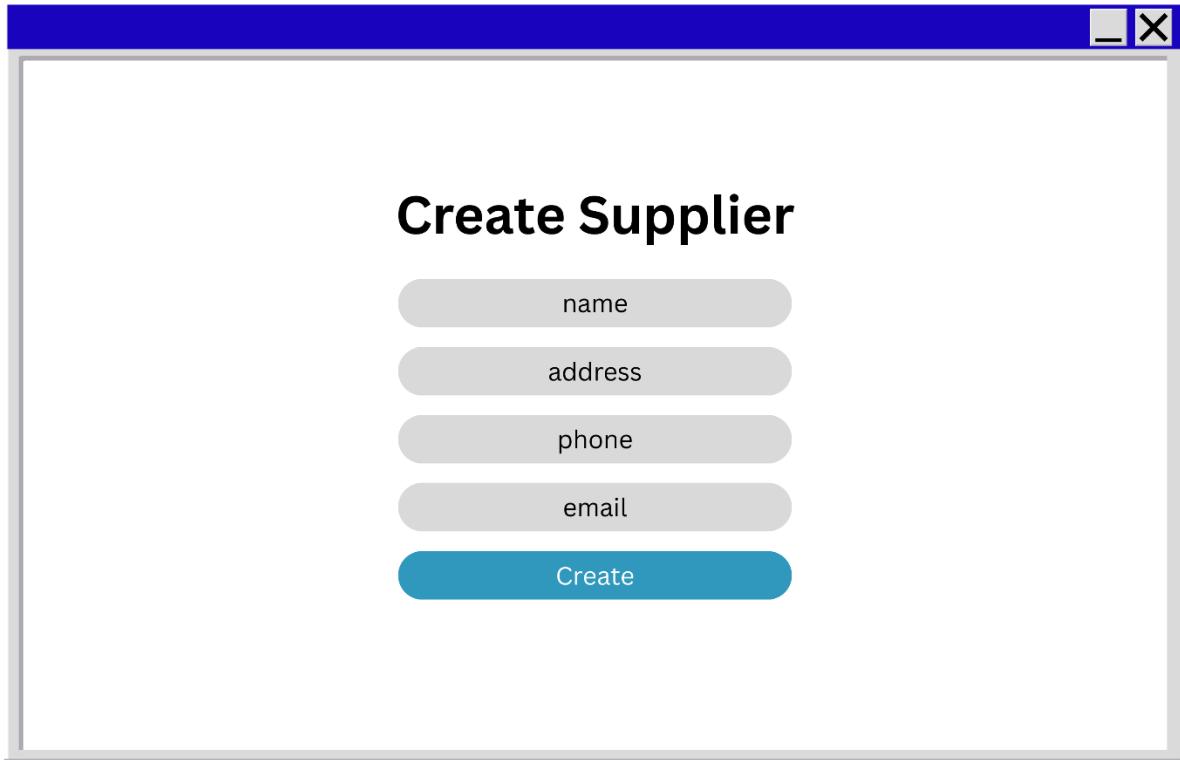


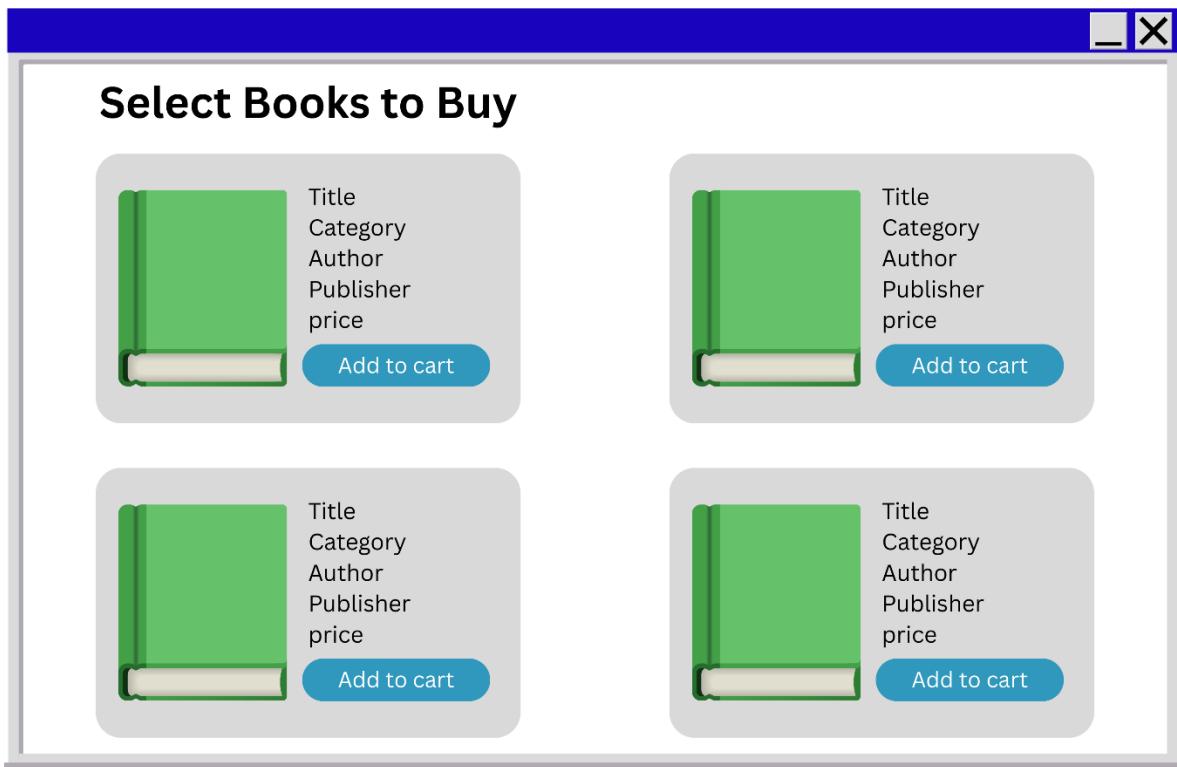












The screenshot shows a software application window with a blue header bar containing standard window controls (minimize, maximize, close). The main interface has a light gray background with a dark blue sidebar on the right.

Complete Orders

Customer Name
address
phone
email
Date
Payment Method
Total Amount
Employee name

Complete Order

Selected Books

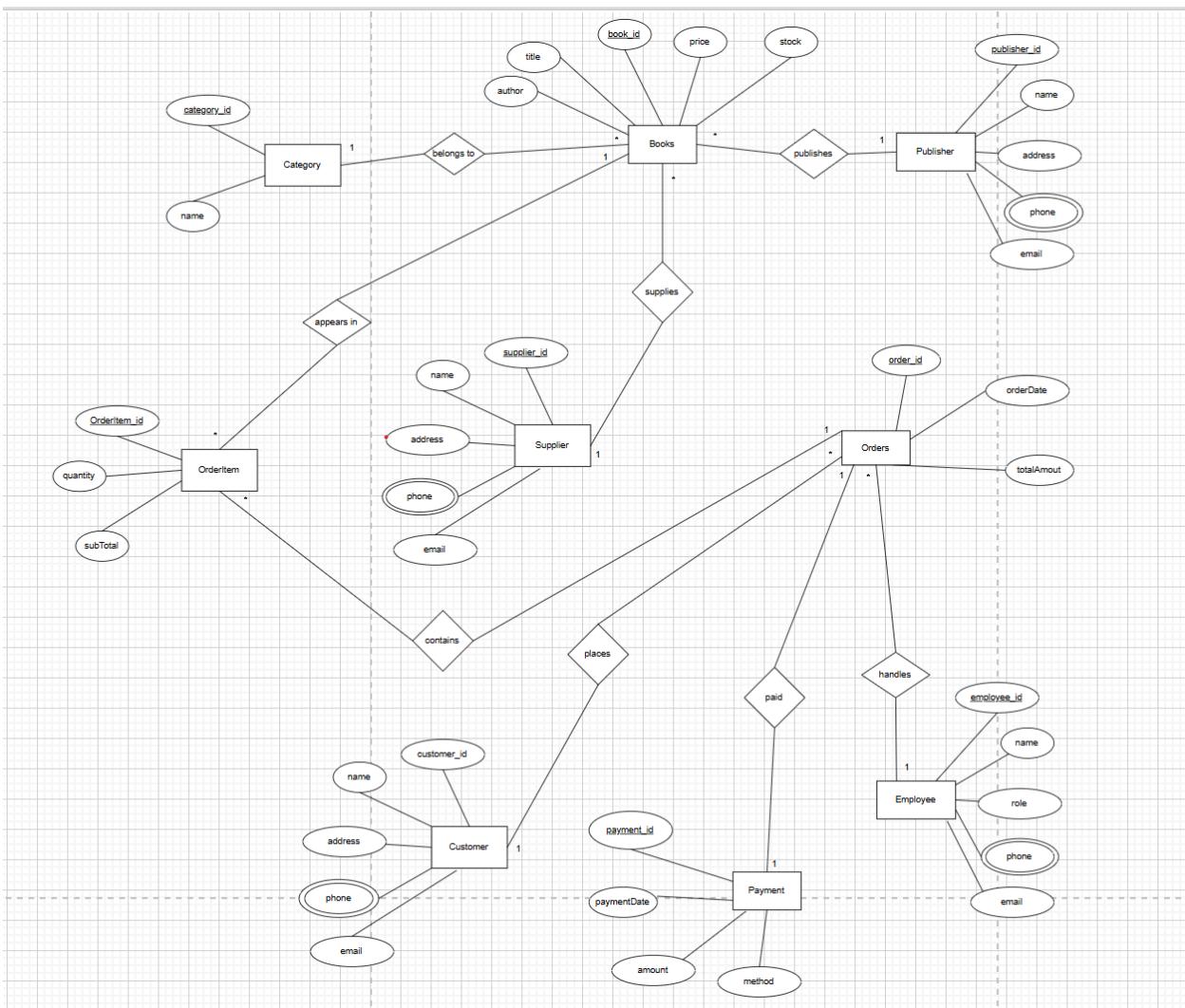
Three book icons are displayed in a grid, each with a title and category label:

- Title
Category
Author
Publisher
price
Quantity
Sub Total
- Title
Category
Author
Publisher
price
Quantity
Sub Total
- Title
Category
Author
Publisher
price
Quantity
Sub Total

Scenario:

In a bookstore management system, books are stored with details such as title, author, price, stock, and are linked to their respective categories, publishers, and suppliers. Categories help organize books by subject, while publishers provide information like name, contact, and address. Suppliers record details of external parties from whom books are purchased, ensuring stock availability. Customers are registered with their name, email, phone, and address so they can place orders, which are processed by employees responsible for handling sales. Each order records the customer, the employee managing it, the order date, and total amount. To capture the details of which books are included in an order, an OrderItem entity is introduced. Each OrderItem links an order to a book and includes details such as quantity and subtotal. An order may have many OrderItems, but each OrderItem belongs to exactly one order and refers to exactly one book. Once an order is placed, payment information is captured, including payment method, amount, and date, linked uniquely to the order. This setup allows the bookstore to manage books, track suppliers and publishers, organize sales handled by employees, serve customers effectively, and maintain accurate records of payments, transactions, and order details.

ER Diagram:



Normalization:

Belongs to:

UNF: BookID, Title, Author, Price, Stock, CategoryID, CategoryName

1NF: BookID, Title, Author, Price, Stock, CategoryID, PublisherID, SupplierID, CategoryName

2NF:

- i) BookID, Title, Author, Price, Stock
- ii) CategoryID, CategoryName

3NF:

- i) BookID, Title, Author, Price, Stock
- ii) CategoryID, CategoryName

Table Creation:

- i) Books(BookID, Title, Author, Price, Stock)
- ii) Category(CategoryID, Name)

Publishes:

UNF: BookID, Title, Author, Price, Stock, PublisherID, PublisherName, Address, Phone, Email

1NF: BookID, Title, Author, Price, Stock, PublisherID, PublisherName, Address, Phone, Email

2NF:

- i) BookID, Title, Author, Price, Stock
- ii) PublisherID, PublisherName, Address, Phone, Email

3NF:

- i) BookID, Title, Author, Price, Stock
- ii) PublisherID, PublisherName, Address, Phone, Email

Table Creation:

- i) Books(BookID, Title, Author, Price, Stock)
- ii) Publisher(PublisherID, PublisherName, Address, Phone, Email)

Supplies:

UNF: BookID, Title, Author, Price, Stock, SupplierID, Name, ContactPerson, Phone, Email, Address

1NF: BookID, Title, Author, Price, Stock, SupplierID, Name, ContactPerson, Phone, Email, Address

2NF:

- i) BookID, Title, Author, Price, Stock
- ii) SupplierID, Name, ContactPerson, Phone, Email, Address

3NF:

- i) BookID, Title, Author, Price, Stock
- ii) SupplierID, Name, ContactPerson, Phone, Email, Address

Table Creation:

- i) Books(BookID, Title, Author, Price, Stock)
- ii) Supplier(SupplierID, Name, ContactPerson, Phone, Email, Address)

Appears in:

UNF: BookID, Title, Author, Price, Stock, OrderItemID, Quantity, SubTotal

1NF: BookID, Title, Author, Price, Stock, OrderItemID, Quantity, SubTotal

2NF:

- i) BookID, Title, Author, Price, Stock
- ii) OrderItemID, Quantity, SubTotal

3NF:

- i) BookID, Title, Author, Price, Stock
- ii) OrderItemID, Quantity, SubTotal

Table Creation:

- i) Books(BookID, Title, Author, Price, Stock)
- ii) OrderItem(OrderItemID, Quantity, SubTotal)

Contains:

UNF: OrderID, OrderDate, TotalAmount, OrderItemID, Quantity, SubTotal

1NF: OrderID, OrderDate, TotalAmount, OrderItemID, Quantity, SubTotal

2NF:

- i) OrderID, OrderDate, TotalAmount
- ii) OrderItemID, Quantity, SubTotal

3NF:

- i) OrderID, OrderDate, TotalAmount
- ii) OrderItemID, Quantity, SubTotal

Table Creation:

- i) Orders(OrderID, OrderDate, TotalAmount)
- ii) OrderItem(OrderItemID, Quantity, SubTotal)

Handles:

UNF: OrderID, OrderDate, TotalAmount, EmployeeID, Name, Role, Email, Phone

1NF: OrderID, OrderDate, TotalAmount, EmployeeID, Name, Role, Email, Phone

2NF:

- i) OrderID, OrderDate, TotalAmount
- ii) EmployeeID, Name, Role, Email, Phone

3NF:

- i) OrderID, OrderDate, TotalAmount
- ii) EmployeeID, Name, Role, Email, Phone

Table Creation:

- i) Orders(OrderID, OrderDate, TotalAmount)
- ii) Employees(EmployeeID, Name, Role, Email, Phone)

Places:

UNF: OrderID, OrderDate, TotalAmount, CustomerID, Name, Email, Phone, Address

1NF: OrderID, OrderDate, TotalAmount, CustomerID, Name, Email, Phone, Address

2NF:

- i) OrderID, OrderDate, TotalAmount
- ii) CustomerID, Name, Email, Phone, Address

3NF:

- i) OrderID, OrderDate, TotalAmount
- ii) CustomerID, Name, Email, Phone, Address

Table Creation:

- i) Orders(OrderID, OrderDate, TotalAmount)
- ii) Customer(CustomerID, Name, Email, Phone, Address)

Paid:

UNF: OrderID, OrderDate, TotalAmount, PaymentID, Amount, PaymentDate, Method

1NF: OrderID, OrderDate, TotalAmount, PaymentID, Amount, PaymentDate, Method

2NF:

- i) OrderID, OrderDate, TotalAmount
- ii) PaymentID, Amount, PaymentDate, Method

3NF:

- i) OrderID, OrderDate, TotalAmount
- ii) PaymentID, Amount, PaymentDate, Method

Table Creation:

- i) Orders(OrderID, OrderDate, TotalAmount)
- ii) Payment(PaymentID, Amount, PaymentDate, Method)

General table:

1. Books(BookID, Title, Author, Price, Stock)
2. Category(CategoryID, Name)
3. ~~Books(BookID, Title, Author, Price, Stock)~~

4. Publisher(PublisherID, PublisherName, Address, Phone, Email)
5. ~~Books(BookID, Title, Author, Price, Stock)~~
6. Supplier(SupplierID, Name, ContactPerson, Phone, Email, Address)
7. ~~Books(BookID, Title, Author, Price, Stock)~~
8. OrderItem(OrderItemID, Quantity, SubTotal)
9. Orders(OrderID, OrderDate, TotalAmount)
10. Payment(PaymentID, Amount, PaymentDate, Method)
11. ~~Orders(OrderID, OrderDate, TotalAmount)~~
12. Customer(CustomerID, Name, Email, Phone, Address)
13. ~~Orders(OrderID, OrderDate, TotalAmount)~~
14. Employees(EmployeeID, Name, Role, Email, Phone)
15. ~~Orders(OrderID, OrderDate, TotalAmount)~~
16. ~~OrderItem(OrderItemID, Quantity, SubTotal)~~

Final table:

1. **Books**(BookID, Title, Author, Price, Stock, CategoryID **FK**, PublisherID **FK**, SupplierID **FK**)
2. **Category**(CategoryID, Name)
3. **Publisher**(PublisherID, PublisherName, Address, Phone, Email)
4. **Supplier**(SupplierID, Name, ContactPerson, Phone, Email, Address)
5. **OrderItem**(OrderItemID, OrderID **FK**, BookID **FK**, Quantity, SubTotal)
6. **Orders**(OrderID, OrderDate, TotalAmount, CustomerID **FK**, EmployeeID **FK**)
7. **Payment**(PaymentID, OrderID **FK**, Amount, PaymentDate, Method)
8. **Customer**(CustomerID, Name, Email, Phone, Address)
9. **Employees**(EmployeeID, Name, Role, Email, Phone)

Schema Diagram:

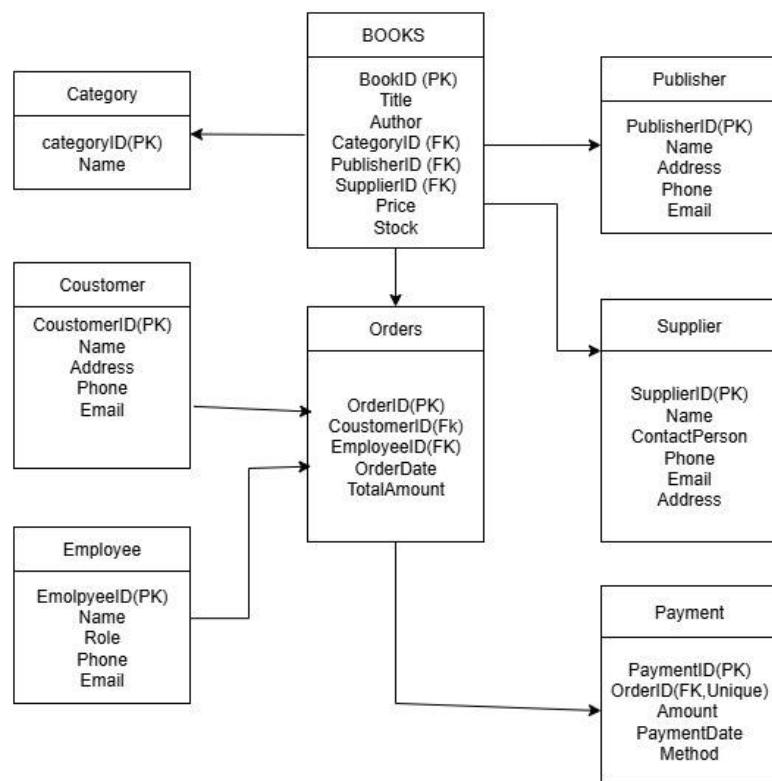


Table Creation:

```
-- =====
-- Bookshop Management System Database
-- =====

-- Drop tables if already exist (for clean setup)
DROP TABLE Payment CASCADE CONSTRAINTS;
DROP TABLE Orders CASCADE CONSTRAINTS;
DROP TABLE Employee CASCADE CONSTRAINTS;
DROP TABLE Customer CASCADE CONSTRAINTS;
DROP TABLE Books CASCADE CONSTRAINTS;
DROP TABLE Supplier CASCADE CONSTRAINTS;
DROP TABLE Publisher CASCADE CONSTRAINTS;
DROP TABLE Category CASCADE CONSTRAINTS;

-- =====
-- 1. Category Table
-- =====

CREATE TABLE Category (
    CategoryID INT PRIMARY KEY,
    Name VARCHAR(100) NOT NULL
);
```

ORACLE Database Express Edition

User SYSTEM

Home > SQL > **SQL Commands**

Autocommit Save Run

```
CREATE TABLE Category (
    CategoryID INT PRIMARY KEY,
    Name VARCHAR(100) NOT NULL
);
```

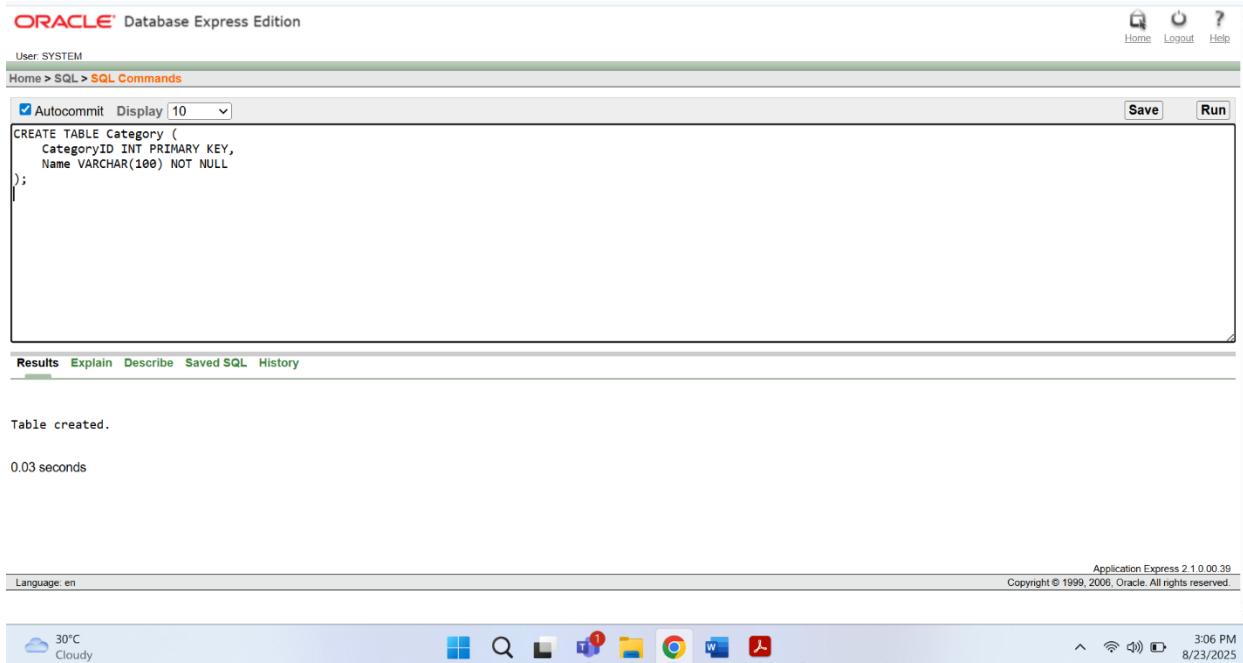
Results Explain Describe Saved SQL History

Table created.

0.03 seconds

Language: en Application Express 2.1.0.00.39
Copyright © 1999, 2006, Oracle. All rights reserved.

Cloudy 30°C 3:06 PM 8/23/2025



```
-- =====
-- 2. Publisher Table
-- =====

CREATE TABLE Publisher (
    PublisherID INT PRIMARY KEY,
    Name VARCHAR(150) NOT NULL,
    Address VARCHAR(255),
    Phone VARCHAR(20),
    Email VARCHAR(100)
);
```

ORACLE Database Express Edition

User SYSTEM

Home > SQL > SQL Commands

Autocommit

```
CREATE TABLE Publisher (
    PublisherID INT PRIMARY KEY,
    Name VARCHAR(150) NOT NULL,
    Address VARCHAR(255),
    Phone VARCHAR(20),
    Email VARCHAR(100)
);
```

[Results](#) [Explain](#) [Describe](#) [Saved SQL](#) [History](#)

Table created.

0.02 seconds

Application Express 2.1.0.00.39
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Language: en



```
-- =====
-- 3. Supplier Table
-- =====
```

```
CREATE TABLE Supplier (
    SupplierID INT PRIMARY KEY,
    Name VARCHAR(150) NOT NULL,
    ContactPerson VARCHAR(100),
    Phone VARCHAR(20),
    Email VARCHAR(100),
    Address VARCHAR(255)
);
```

ORACLE Database Express Edition

User SYSTEM

Home > SQL > SQL Commands

```
 Autocommit Display 10  
CREATE TABLE Supplier (
    SupplierID INT PRIMARY KEY,
    Name VARCHAR(150) NOT NULL,
    ContactPerson VARCHAR(100),
    Phone VARCHAR(20),
    Email VARCHAR(100),
    Address VARCHAR(255)
);
```

Results Explain Describe Saved SQL History

Table created.

0.01 seconds

Application Express 2.1.0.00.39
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Language: en

-- =====

-- 4. Books Table

-- =====

```
CREATE TABLE Books (
    BookID INT PRIMARY KEY,
    Title VARCHAR(200) NOT NULL,
    Author VARCHAR(150),
    CategoryID INT,
    PublisherID INT,
    SupplierID INT,
    Price DECIMAL(10,2) CHECK (Price > 0),
    Stock INT CHECK (Stock >= 0),
```

CONSTRAINT fk_books_category FOREIGN KEY (CategoryID) REFERENCES Category(CategoryID),

CONSTRAINT fk_books_publisher FOREIGN KEY (PublisherID) REFERENCES Publisher(PublisherID),

CONSTRAINT fk_books_supplier FOREIGN KEY (SupplierID) REFERENCES

```
Supplier(SupplierID)
```

```
);
```

The screenshot shows the Oracle Database Express Edition SQL Commands interface. The SQL code entered is:

```
CREATE TABLE Books (
    BookID INT PRIMARY KEY,
    Title VARCHAR(200) NOT NULL,
    Author VARCHAR(150),
    CategoryID INT,
    PublisherID INT,
    SupplierID INT,
    Price DECIMAL(10,2) CHECK (Price > 0),
    Stock INT CHECK (Stock >= 0),

    CONSTRAINT fk_books_category FOREIGN KEY (CategoryID) REFERENCES Category(CategoryID),
    CONSTRAINT fk_books_publisher FOREIGN KEY (PublisherID) REFERENCES Publisher(PublisherID),
    CONSTRAINT fk_books_supplier FOREIGN KEY (SupplierID) REFERENCES Supplier(SupplierID)
);
```

The results pane shows the message "Table created." and a execution time of "0.01 seconds". The status bar at the bottom right indicates "Application Express 2.1.0.0.39", "Copyright © 1999, 2006, Oracle. All rights reserved.", and the date "8/23/2025".

```
-- =====
```

```
-- 5. Customer Table
```

```
-- =====
```

```
CREATE TABLE Customer (
    CustomerID INT PRIMARY KEY,
    Name VARCHAR(150) NOT NULL,
    Email VARCHAR(100) UNIQUE,
    Phone VARCHAR(20),
    Address VARCHAR(255)
);
```

ORACLE Database Express Edition

User SYSTEM

Home > SQL > SQL Commands

```
CREATE TABLE Customer (
    CustomerID INT PRIMARY KEY,
    Name VARCHAR(150) NOT NULL,
    Email VARCHAR(100) UNIQUE,
    Phone VARCHAR(20),
    Address VARCHAR(255)
);
```

Save Run

Results Explain Describe Saved SQL History

Table created.

0.01 seconds



```
-- =====
-- 6. Employee Table
-- =====
```

```
CREATE TABLE Employee (
    EmployeeID INT PRIMARY KEY,
    Name VARCHAR(150) NOT NULL,
    Role VARCHAR(50),
    Email VARCHAR(100) UNIQUE,
    Phone VARCHAR(20)
);
```

ORACLE Database Express Edition

User SYSTEM

Home > SQL > SQL Commands

Autocommit Display 10

```
CREATE TABLE Employee (
    EmployeeID INT PRIMARY KEY,
    Name VARCHAR(150) NOT NULL,
    Role VARCHAR(50),
    Email VARCHAR(100) UNIQUE,
    Phone VARCHAR(20)
);
```

Results Explain Describe Saved SQL History

Table created.

0.02 seconds

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Language: en

30°C Cloudy 3:08 PM 8/23/2025

```
-- =====
-- 7. Orders Table
-- =====
```

```
CREATE TABLE Orders (
    OrderID INT PRIMARY KEY,
    CustomerID INT,
    EmployeeID INT,
    OrderDate DATE DEFAULT SYSDATE,
    TotalAmount DECIMAL(10,2),

    CONSTRAINT fk_orders_customer FOREIGN KEY (CustomerID)
    REFERENCES Customer(CustomerID),
    CONSTRAINT fk_orders_employee FOREIGN KEY (EmployeeID)
    REFERENCES Employee(EmployeeID)
);
```

ORACLE Database Express Edition

User SYSTEM

Home > SQL > SQL Commands

Autocommit Display 10

```
CREATE TABLE Orders (
    OrderID INT PRIMARY KEY,
    CustomerID INT,
    EmployeeID INT,
    OrderDate DATE DEFAULT SYSDATE,
    TotalAmount DECIMAL(10,2),
    CONSTRAINT fk_orders_customer FOREIGN KEY (CustomerID) REFERENCES Customer(CustomerID),
    CONSTRAINT fk_orders_employee FOREIGN KEY (EmployeeID) REFERENCES Employee(EmployeeID)
);
```

Results Explain Describe Saved SQL History

Table created.

0.02 seconds



-- =====

-- 8. Payment Table

-- =====

```
CREATE TABLE Payment (
    PaymentID INT PRIMARY KEY,
    OrderID INT UNIQUE,
    Amount DECIMAL(10,2),
    PaymentDate DATE DEFAULT SYSDATE,
    Method VARCHAR(50),
```

```
CONSTRAINT fk_payment_order FOREIGN KEY (OrderID) REFERENCES
Orders(OrderID)
```

);

ORACLE Database Express Edition

User SYSTEM

Home > SQL > **SQL Commands**

```
CREATE TABLE Payment (
    PaymentID INT PRIMARY KEY,
    OrderID INT UNIQUE,
    Amount DECIMAL(10,2),
    PaymentDate DATE DEFAULT SYSDATE,
    Method VARCHAR(50),
);
CONSTRAINT fk_payment_order FOREIGN KEY (OrderID) REFERENCES Orders(OrderID)
```

Save **Run**

Results Explain Describe Saved SQL History

Table created.

0.03 seconds

Application Express 2.1.0.00.39
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Language: en



Data Insertion:

```
-- =====
-- INSERT SAMPLE DATA
-- =====

-- Category
INSERT INTO Category VALUES (1, 'Programming');
```

```
INSERT INTO Category VALUES (2, 'Science');
INSERT INTO Category VALUES (3, 'Technology');
INSERT INTO Category VALUES (4, 'Database');

-- Publisher
INSERT INTO Publisher VALUES (1, 'Pearson', ' Dhaka', '01711111111',
'pearson@gmail.com');
INSERT INTO Publisher VALUES (2, 'Lecture', ' Dhaka', '01722222222',
'lecture@gmail.com');

-- Supplier
INSERT INTO Supplier VALUES (1, 'Global Books', 'Mr. Karim', '01811111111',
'global@gmail.com', 'Banani, Dhaka');
INSERT INTO Supplier VALUES (2, 'TechSource', 'Mr. Rahman', '01822222222',
'techsource@gmail.com', 'Uttara, Dhaka');

-- Books
INSERT INTO Books VALUES (1, 'Database Systems', 'C.J. Date', 3, 1, 2,
1200.00, 50);
INSERT INTO Books VALUES (2, 'Modern Physics', 'Kenneth Krane', 2, 1, 1,
950.00, 30);
INSERT INTO Books VALUES (3, 'The Great Gatsby', 'F. Scott Fitzgerald', 1, 2, 1,
500.00, 20);

-- Customer
INSERT INTO Customer VALUES (1, 'Ashik', 'ashik@gmail.com', '01911111111',
'Dhanmondi, Dhaka');
INSERT INTO Customer VALUES (2, 'Rony', 'rony@gmail.com', '01922222222',
'Bashundhara, Dhaka');
INSERT INTO Customer VALUES (2, 'Rafsan', 'rafsan@gmail.com',
'01922002222', 'Kuril, Dhaka');
```

```
-- Employee
INSERT INTO Employee VALUES (1, 'Mr. Ashik', 'Cashier', 'ashik@gmail.com',
'01611111111');
INSERT INTO Employee VALUES (2, 'Ms. Rony', 'Manager', 'rony@gmail.com',
'01622222222');
INSERT INTO Employee VALUES (2, 'Ms. Rafsan', 'Manager',
'rafsan@gmail.com', '01622200222');
```

-- Orders

```
INSERT INTO Orders VALUES (1, 1, 1, SYSDATE, 1200.00);
INSERT INTO Orders VALUES (2, 2, 2, SYSDATE, 1450.00);
```

-- Payment

```
INSERT INTO Payment VALUES (1, 1, 1200.00, SYSDATE, 'Cash');
INSERT INTO Payment VALUES (2, 2, 1450.00, SYSDATE, 'Bkash');
```

-- Category (5 rows)

```
-- =====
INSERT INTO Category VALUES (1, 'Programming');
INSERT INTO Category VALUES (2, 'Science');
INSERT INTO Category VALUES (3, 'Technology');
INSERT INTO Category VALUES (4, 'Database');
INSERT INTO Category VALUES (5, 'Literature');
```

-- Publisher (5 rows)

```
INSERT INTO Publisher VALUES (1, 'Pearson', 'Dhaka', '01711111111',  
'pearson@gmail.com');
```

```
INSERT INTO Publisher VALUES (2, 'Lecture', 'Dhaka', '01722222222',  
'lecture@gmail.com');
```

```
INSERT INTO Publisher VALUES (5, 'TechWorld', 'Sylhet', '01755555555',  
'techworld@gmail.com');
```

```
INSERT INTO Publisher VALUES (6, 'Ten Minute', 'Dhaka', '01733333333',  
'tenminute@gmail.com');
```

```
-- =====
```

```
-- Supplier (5 rows)
```

```
-- =====
```

```
INSERT INTO Supplier VALUES (1, 'Global Books', 'Mr. Karim', '01811111111',  
'global@gmail.com', 'Banani, Dhaka');
```

```
INSERT INTO Supplier VALUES (2, 'TechSource', 'Mr. Rahman', '01822222222',  
'techsource@gmail.com', 'Uttara, Dhaka');
```

```
INSERT INTO Supplier VALUES (3, 'BookZone', 'Mr. Fardin', '01833333333',  
'bookzone@gmail.com', 'Mirpur, Dhaka');
```

```
INSERT INTO Supplier VALUES (4, 'KnowledgeHub', 'Mr. Noman',  
'01844444444', 'knowledgehub@gmail.com', 'Dhanmondi, Dhaka');
```

```
INSERT INTO Supplier VALUES (5, 'EduMart', 'Mr. Sourov', '01855555555',  
'edumart@gmail.com', 'Gulshan, Dhaka');
```

```
-- =====
```

```
-- Books (5 rows)
```

```
-- =====  
INSERT INTO Books VALUES (1, 'Database Systems', 'C.J. Date', 4, 1, 2,  
1200.00, 50);  
  
INSERT INTO Books VALUES (2, 'Modern Physics', 'Kenneth Krane', 2, 1, 1,  
950.00, 30);  
  
INSERT INTO Books VALUES (3, 'The Great Gatsby', 'F. Scott Fitzgerald', 5, 2, 1,  
500.00, 20);  
  
INSERT INTO Books VALUES (4, 'Learning Python', 'Mark Lutz', 1, 3, 3, 1500.00,  
40);  
  
INSERT INTO Books VALUES (5, 'AI Revolution', 'Stuart Russell', 3, 4, 4,  
1800.00, 25);
```

```
-- =====  
-- Customer (5 rows)  
  
-- =====  
INSERT INTO Customer VALUES (1, 'Ashik', 'ashik@gmail.com', '01911111111',  
'Dhanmondi, Dhaka');  
  
INSERT INTO Customer VALUES (2, 'Rony', 'rony@gmail.com', '01922222222',  
'Bashundhara, Dhaka');  
  
INSERT INTO Customer VALUES (3, 'Rafsan', 'rafsan@gmail.com',  
'01933333333', 'Kuril, Dhaka');  
  
INSERT INTO Customer VALUES (4, 'Fardin', 'fardin@gmail.com',  
'01944444444', 'Banani, Dhaka');  
  
INSERT INTO Customer VALUES (5, 'Noman', 'noman@gmail.com',  
'01955555555', 'Mirpur, Dhaka');
```

```
-- =====  
-- Employee (5 rows)  
-- =====
```

```
INSERT INTO Employee VALUES (1, 'Mr. Ashik', 'Cashier', 'ashik@gmail.com',  
'0161111111');
```

```
INSERT INTO Employee VALUES (2, 'Ms. Rony', 'Manager', 'rony@gmail.com',  
'0162222222');
```

```
INSERT INTO Employee VALUES (3, 'Mr. Rafsan', 'Sales', 'rafsan@gmail.com',  
'0163333333');
```

```
INSERT INTO Employee VALUES (4, 'Mr. Sourov', 'Delivery',  
'sourov@gmail.com', '0164444444');
```

```
INSERT INTO Employee VALUES (5, 'Mr. Akash', 'Accountant',  
'akash@gmail.com', '0165555555');
```

```
-- =====
```

```
-- Orders (5 rows)
```

```
-- =====
```

```
INSERT INTO Orders VALUES (1, 1, 1, SYSDATE, 1200.00);
```

```
INSERT INTO Orders VALUES (2, 2, 2, SYSDATE, 1450.00);
```

```
INSERT INTO Orders VALUES (3, 3, 3, SYSDATE, 500.00);
```

```
INSERT INTO Orders VALUES (4, 4, 4, SYSDATE, 1500.00);
```

```
INSERT INTO Orders VALUES (5, 5, 5, SYSDATE, 1800.00);
```

```
-- =====
```

```
-- Payment (5 rows)
```

```
-- =====  
INSERT INTO Payment VALUES (1, 1, 1200.00, SYSDATE, 'Cash');  
INSERT INTO Payment VALUES (2, 2, 1450.00, SYSDATE, 'Bkash');  
INSERT INTO Payment VALUES (3, 3, 500.00, SYSDATE, 'Card');  
INSERT INTO Payment VALUES (4, 4, 1500.00, SYSDATE, 'Cash');  
INSERT INTO Payment VALUES (5, 5, 1800.00, SYSDATE, 'Bkash');
```

ORACLE Database Express Edition

User SYSTEM

Home > SQL > SQL Commands

Autocommit Display 10

```
select * from Category |
```

Results Explain Describe Saved SQL History

CATEGORYID	NAME
1	Programming
2	Science
3	Technology
4	Database

4 rows returned in 0.00 seconds [CSV Export](#)

Language: en Application Express 2.1.0.00.39
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Rain Tomorrow 3:44 PM 8/23/2025

ORACLE Database Express Edition

User SYSTEM

Home > SQL > SQL Commands

Autocommit Display 10

```
select * from Publisher |
```

Results Explain Describe Saved SQL History

PUBLISHERID	NAME	ADDRESS	PHONE	EMAIL
2	Lecture	Dhaka	01722222222	lecture@gmail.com
1	Pearson	Dhaka	01711111111	pearson@gmail.com
4	Oracle	Dhaka	01733222222	oracle@gmail.com
3	DK Publisher	Dhaka	01711113333	dk@gmail.com

4 rows returned in 0.00 seconds [CSV Export](#)

Language: en Application Express 2.1.0.00.39
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ORACLE® Database Express Edition

User SYSTEM

Home > SQL > SQL Commands

Autocommit Display 10

```
select * from Supplier
```

SUPPLIERID	NAME	CONTACTPERSON	PHONE	EMAIL	ADDRESS
1	Global Books	Mr. Karim	01811111111	global@gmail.com	Banani, Dhaka
2	TechSource	Mr. Rahman	01822222222	techsource@gmail.com	Uttara, Dhaka

2 rows returned in 0.00 seconds [CSV Export](#)

Language: en Application Express 2.1.0.00.39
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Rain Tomorrow 3:45 PM 8/23/2025

User SYSTEM

Home > SQL > SQL Commands

Autocommit Display 10

```
select * from Books
```

BOOKID	TITLE	AUTHOR	CATEGORYID	PUBLISHERID	SUPPLIERID	PRICE	STOCK
1	Database Systems	C.J. Date	3	1	2	1200	50
2	Modern Physics	Kenneth Krane	2	1	1	950	30
3	The Great Gatsby	F. Scott Fitzgerald	1	2	1	500	20

3 rows returned in 0.02 seconds [CSV Export](#)

Language: en Application Express 2.1.0.00.39
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Rain Tomorrow 3:45 PM 8/23/2025

ORACLE Database Express Edition

User SYSTEM

Home > SQL > SQL Commands

Autocommit

```
select * from Customer
```

Results Explain Describe Saved SQL History

CUSTOMERID	NAME	EMAIL	PHONE	ADDRESS
1	Ashik	ashik@gmail.com	01911111111	Dhamundi, Dhaka
2	Rony	rony@gmail.com	01922222222	Bashundhara, Dhaka
3	Rafsan	rafsan@gmail.com	01922002222	Kuril, Dhaka

3 rows returned in 0.00 seconds [CSV Export](#)

Language: en Application Express 2.1.0.00.39
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BUR - SUN In 5 hours

3:46 PM 8/23/2025

ORACLE Database Express Edition

User SYSTEM

Home > SQL > SQL Commands

Autocommit

```
select * from Employee
```

Results Explain Describe Saved SQL History

EMPLOYEEID	NAME	ROLE	EMAIL	PHONE
1	Mr. Ashik	Cashier	ashik@gmail.com	01611111111
2	Ms. Rony	Manager	rony@gmail.com	01622222222
3	Ms. Rafsan	Manager	rafsan@gmail.com	01622200222

3 rows returned in 0.00 seconds [CSV Export](#)

Language: en Application Express 2.1.0.00.39
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BUR - SUN In 5 hours

3:46 PM 8/23/2025

ORACLE Database Express Edition

User SYSTEM

Home > SQL > SQL Commands

Autocommit Display 10

```
select * from Orders
```

ORDERID	CUSTOMERID	EMPLOYEEID	ORDERDATE	TOTALAMOUNT
1	1	1	23-AUG-25	1200
2	2	2	23-AUG-25	1450

2 rows returned in 0.00 seconds [CSV Export](#)

Language: en Application Express 2.1.0.00.39
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Hot days ahead 29°C 3:47 PM 8/23/2025

← → ⌂ ① 127.0.0.1:8080/apex/f?p=4500:1003:742147995560893::NO:::
Apps Gmail youtube map gsm Teams w3 drive chatgpt tpLink carnival Claude SQL Commands All Bookmarks

ORACLE Database Express Edition

User SYSTEM

Home > SQL > SQL Commands

Autocommit Display 10

```
select * from Payment
```

PAYMENTID	ORDERID	AMOUNT	PAYOUTDATE	METHOD
1	1	1200	23-AUG-25	Cash
2	2	1450	23-AUG-25	Bkash

2 rows returned in 0.02 seconds [CSV Export](#)

Language: en Application Express 2.1.0.00.39
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Hot days ahead 29°C 3:47 PM 8/23/2025

SQL Query:

Basic PL/SQL

1. variables

```
-- Project: Bookshop Management System
```

```
-- Semester: Summer 2025
```

```
-- Course: ADBMS
```

```
-- Section: A
```

```
DECLARE
```

```
    v_price1 NUMBER := 1200;
```

```
    v_price2 NUMBER := 950;
```

```
    v_sum NUMBER;
```

```
    v_diff NUMBER;
```

```
BEGIN
```

```
    v_sum := v_price1 + v_price2; -- Operator (+)
```

```
    v_diff := v_price1 - v_price2; -- Operator (-)
```

```
    DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE('Total Price = ' || v_sum);
```

```
    DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE('Difference = ' || v_diff);
```

```
END;
```

```

ORACLE Database Express Edition
User SYSTEM
Home > SQL > SQL Commands
Autocommit Display 10
-- Section: A
DECLARE
    v_price1 NUMBER := 1200;
    v_price2 NUMBER := 950;
    v_sum NUMBER;
    v_diff NUMBER;
BEGIN
    v_sum := v_price1 + v_price2; -- Operator (+)
    v_diff := v_price1 - v_price2; -- Operator (-)
    DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE('Total Price = ' || v_sum);
    DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE('Difference = ' || v_diff);
END;
/

```

Results Explain Describe Saved SQL History

```

Total Price = 2150
Difference = 250
Statement processed.

0.00 seconds

```

Language: en Application Express 2.1.0.00.39
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27°C Mostly cloudy 11:06 PM 8/23/2025

2. variables + single row

-- Project: Bookshop Management System

-- Semester: Summer 2025

-- Course: ADBMS

-- Section: A

DECLARE

```
v_name VARCHAR2(50) := 'fardin';
```

```
v_date DATE := SYSDATE;
```

BEGIN

```
    DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE('Upper Name: ' || UPPER(v_name)); -- single row fn
```

```
    DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE('Current Year: ' || TO_CHAR(v_date, 'YYYY')); -- single row fn
```

```
END;
```

```
/
```

The screenshot shows the Oracle Database Express Edition interface. The SQL command window contains the following code:

```
-- Project: Bookshop Management System
-- Semester: Summer 2025
-- Course: ADBMS
-- Section: A

DECLARE
    v_name VARCHAR2(50) := 'fardin';
    v_date DATE := SYSDATE;
BEGIN
    DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE('Upper Name: ' || UPPER(v_name)); -- single row fn
    DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE('Current Year: ' || TO_CHAR(v_date, 'YYYY')) -- single row fn
END;
/
```

The results pane shows the output of the PL/SQL block:

```
Upper Name: FARDIN
Current Year: 2025

Statement processed.

0.00 seconds
```

The status bar at the bottom right indicates "Application Express 2.1 0 0 39" and "Copyright © 1999, 2006, Oracle. All rights reserved."

3. operators

-- Project: Bookshop Management System

-- Semester: Summer 2025

-- Course: ADBMS

-- Section: A

```
BEGIN
```

```
    -- Total number of books
```

```
    FOR r IN (SELECT COUNT(*) AS total_books FROM Books) LOOP
```

```
        DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE('Total Books: ' || r.total_books);
```

```

END LOOP;

-- Average price of books

FOR r IN (SELECT AVG(price) AS avg_price FROM Books) LOOP
    DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE('Average Price: ' || r.avg_price);
END LOOP;

END;
/

```

The screenshot shows the Oracle Database Express Edition SQL Commands interface. The code entered is:

```

-- Project: Bookshop Management System
-- Semester: Summer 2025
-- Course: ADBMS
-- Section: A

BEGIN
    -- Total number of books
    FOR r IN (SELECT COUNT(*) AS total_books FROM Books) LOOP
        DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE('Total Books: ' || r.total_books);
    END LOOP;

    -- Average price of books
    FOR r IN (SELECT AVG(price) AS avg_price FROM Books) LOOP
        DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE('Average Price: ' || r.avg_price);
    END LOOP;

```

The results pane shows the output:

```

Total Books: 5
Average Price: 1190

Statement processed.

0.00 seconds

```

At the bottom, the status bar indicates "Language: en" and "Application Express 2.1.0.00.39 Copyright © 1999, 2006, Oracle. All rights reserved." The system tray shows a weather icon for 12 cm of rain in 4 hours, the date/time as 11:09 PM 8/23/2025.

4. Loop

-- Project: Bookshop Management System
-- Semester: Summer 2025
-- Course: ADBMS
-- Section: A

```
DECLARE
    i NUMBER := 1;
BEGIN
    -- WHILE loop
    WHILE i <= 3 LOOP
        DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE('WHILE Loop: ' || i);
        i := i + 1;
    END LOOP;

    -- FOR loop
    FOR j IN 1..3 LOOP
        DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE('FOR Loop: ' || j);
    END LOOP;
END;
```

The screenshot shows the Oracle Database Express Edition SQL Commands interface. The code entered is:

```

-- Project: Bookshop Management System
-- Semester: Summer 2025
-- Course: ADBMS
-- Section: A
DECLARE
    i NUMBER := 1;
BEGIN
    -- WHILE loop
    WHILE i <= 3 LOOP
        DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE('WHILE Loop: ' || i);
        i := i + 1;
    END LOOP;
    -- FOR loop
    FOR i IN 1..3 LOOP
        DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE('FOR Loop: ' || i);
    END LOOP;
END;
/

```

The results section shows the output of the loops:

```

WHILE Loop: 1
WHILE Loop: 2
WHILE Loop: 3
FOR Loop: 1
FOR Loop: 2
FOR Loop: 3
Statement processed.

```

At the bottom, it says "0.02 seconds". The status bar at the bottom right shows "Application Express 2.1.0.0.39", "Copyright © 1999, 2006, Oracle. All rights reserved.", "Language: en", "27°C Mostly cloudy", "11:10 PM 8/23/2025", and a battery icon.

5. Conditional statements

-- Project: Bookshop Management System

-- Semester: Summer 2025

-- Course: ADBMS

-- Section: A

DECLARE

v_price NUMBER := 1500;

BEGIN

-- IF ELSE

IF v_price > 1000 THEN

DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE('Expensive Book');

ELSE

```

DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE('Cheap Book');

END IF;

-- CASE

CASE

WHEN v_price = 500 THEN DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE('Low Price');

WHEN v_price = 1500 THEN DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE('Premium Book');

ELSE DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE('Other Price Range');

END CASE;

END;
/

```

The screenshot shows the Oracle Database Express Edition interface. In the SQL Commands tab, a PL/SQL block is run. The code includes a CASE statement that outputs 'Expensive Book' or 'Premium Book' based on the value of v_price. The output pane shows the results of the execution.

```

ORACLE Database Express Edition
User SYSTEM
Home > SQL > SQL Commands
Autocommit Display 10 Save Run
-- Project: Bookshop Management System
-- Semester: Summer 2025
-- Course: ADBMS
-- Section: A
DECLARE
    v_price NUMBER := 1500;
BEGIN
    -- IF ELSE
    IF v_price > 1000 THEN
        DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE('Expensive Book');
    ELSE
        DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE('Cheap Book');
    END IF;
END;
/

```

Results

```

Expensive Book
Premium Book
Statement processed.

0.00 seconds

```

Language: en Application Express 2.1.0.00.38
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27°C Mostly cloudy 11:11 PM 8/23/2025

6. Subquery

-- Project: Bookshop Management System

```
-- Semester: Summer 2025
```

```
-- Course: ADBMS
```

```
-- Section: A
```

```
DECLARE
```

```
    v_name Customer.Name%TYPE;
```

```
BEGIN
```

```
    SELECT Name INTO v_name
```

```
    FROM Customer
```

```
    WHERE CustomerID = (
```

```
        SELECT CustomerID
```

```
        FROM Orders
```

```
        WHERE OrderID = (
```

```
            SELECT MAX(OrderID) FROM Orders
```

```
)
```

```
);
```

```
    DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE('Last customer who placed an order: ' || v_name);
```

```
END;
```

```
/
```

ORACLE Database Express Edition

User SYSTEM

Home > SQL > SQL Commands

Autocommit Display 10

```
-- Project: Bookshop Management System
-- Semester: Summer 2025
-- Course: ADBMS
-- Section: A

DECLARE
    v_name Customer.Name%TYPE;
BEGIN
    SELECT Name INTO v_name
    FROM Customer
    WHERE CustomerID = (
        SELECT CustomerID
        FROM Orders
        WHERE OrderID = (
            SELECT MAX(OrderID)
            FROM Orders
        )
    );
END;
```

[Results](#) [Explain](#) [Describe](#) [Saved SQL](#) [History](#)

Last customer who placed an order: Noman
Statement processed.
0.02 seconds

Application Express 2.1.0.00.39
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Language: en

27°C Mostly cloudy 11:35 PM 8/23/2025

7.Joining

-- Project: Bookshop Management System

-- Semester: Summer 2025

-- Course: ADBMS

-- Section: A

-- Project: Bookshop Management System

-- Semester: Summer 2025

-- Course: ADBMS

-- Section: A

BEGIN

FOR rec IN (

```

SELECT o.OrderID || ' - ' || c.Name || ' - ' || e.Name AS info
FROM Orders o
JOIN Customer c ON o.CustomerID = c.CustomerID
JOIN Employee e ON o.EmployeeID = e.EmployeeID
) LOOP
DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE(rec.info);
END LOOP;
END;
/

```

The screenshot shows the Oracle Database Express Edition interface. The SQL Commands window displays the following code:

```

-- Project: Bookshop Management System
-- Semester: Summer 2025
-- Course: ADBMS
-- Section: A

-- Project: Bookshop Management System
-- Semester: Summer 2025
-- Course: ADBMS
-- Section: A

BEGIN
FOR rec IN (
  SELECT o.OrderID || ' - ' || c.Name || ' - ' || e.Name AS info
  FROM Orders o
  JOIN Customer c ON o.CustomerID = c.CustomerID
  JOIN Employee e ON o.EmployeeID = e.EmployeeID
) LOOP
DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE(rec.info);
END LOOP;
END;
/

```

The results pane shows the output of the query:

```

1 - Ashik - Mr. Ashik
2 - Rony - Ms. Rony
3 - Rafsan - Ms. Rafsan
4 - Fardin - Mr. Sourov
5 - Noman - Mr. Akash
Statement processed.
0.03 seconds

```

At the bottom, the status bar indicates "Language: en" and "Application Express 2.1.0.00.39 Copyright © 1999, 2006, Oracle. All rights reserved."

Advance PL/SQL

1. Stored Function

-- Project: Bookshop Management System

-- Semester: Summer 2025

-- Course: ADBMS

-- Section: A

-- Function to get book price

```
CREATE OR REPLACE FUNCTION get_book_price(p_bookid NUMBER)
```

```
RETURN NUMBER IS
```

```
    v_price NUMBER;
```

```
BEGIN
```

```
    SELECT price INTO v_price FROM Books WHERE BookID = p_bookid;
```

```
    RETURN v_price;
```

```
END;
```

```
/
```

ORACLE Database Express Edition

User SYSTEM

Home > SQL > SQL Commands

Autocommit Display 10

```
-- Project: Bookshop Management System
-- Semester: Summer 2025
-- Course: ADBMS
-- Section: A

-- Function to get book price
CREATE OR REPLACE FUNCTION get_book_price(p_bookid NUMBER)
RETURN NUMBER IS
    v_price NUMBER;
BEGIN
    SELECT price INTO v_price FROM Books WHERE BookID = p_bookid;
    RETURN v_price;
END;
/

```

[Results](#) [Explain](#) [Describe](#) [Saved SQL](#) [History](#)

Statement processed.

0.01 seconds

Language: en Application Express 21.0.00.39
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27°C Mostly cloudy  11:39 PM 8/23/2025

2. Stored Function

-- Project: Bookshop Management System

-- Semester: Summer 2025

-- Course: ADBMS

-- Section: A

CREATE OR REPLACE FUNCTION total_sales

RETURN NUMBER

IS

v_total NUMBER;

BEGIN

SELECT SUM(TotalAmount) INTO v_total FROM Orders;

```
RETURN v_total;  
END;  
/
```

The screenshot shows the Oracle Database Express Edition interface. The SQL Commands tab is active, displaying the following code:

```
-- Project: Bookshop Management System  
-- Semester: Summer 2025  
-- Course: ADBMS  
-- Section: A  
  
CREATE OR REPLACE FUNCTION total_sales  
RETURN NUMBER  
IS  
    v_total NUMBER;  
BEGIN  
    SELECT SUM(TotalAmount) INTO v_total FROM Orders;  
    RETURN v_total;  
END;  
/
```

Below the code, the results show:

```
Statement processed.  
0.01 seconds
```

The status bar at the bottom indicates the application version and copyright information.

3. Stored procedure

-- Project: Bookshop Management System

-- Semester: Summer 2025

-- Course: ADBMS

-- Section: A

```
CREATE OR REPLACE PROCEDURE pr_show_customers IS
```

```
BEGIN
```

```
FOR r IN (SELECT Name FROM Customer) LOOP
```

```

DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE(r.Name);

END LOOP;

END;

/

```

The screenshot shows the Oracle Database Express Edition interface. The SQL editor window contains the following code:

```

-- Project: Bookshop Management System
-- Semester: Summer 2025
-- Course: ADBMS
-- Section: A

CREATE OR REPLACE PROCEDURE pr_show_customers IS
BEGIN
  FOR r IN (SELECT Name FROM Customer) LOOP
    DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE(r.Name);
  END LOOP;
END;
/

```

The results pane shows the message "Statement processed." and a execution time of "0.01 seconds". The status bar at the bottom indicates "Language: en", "Application Express 2.1.0.00.39", and "Copyright © 1999, 2006, Oracle. All rights reserved".

3. Table-based record

-- Project: Bookshop Management System
 -- Semester: Summer 2025
 -- Course: ADBMS
 -- Section: A

DECLARE

```

TYPE book_rec_type IS TABLE OF Books%ROWTYPE INDEX BY
PLS_INTEGER;

```

```

v_books book_rec_type;

BEGIN

SELECT * BULK COLLECT INTO v_books FROM Books;

FOR i IN 1..v_books.COUNT LOOP

DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE(v_books(i).Title || ' - ' || v_books(i).Price);

END LOOP;

END;

/

```

The screenshot shows the Oracle Database Express Edition interface. In the SQL Commands tab, a PL/SQL block is run. The results pane displays the output of the block, which prints the title and price of five books.

```

-- Project: Bookshop Management System
-- Semester: Summer 2025
-- Course: ADBMS
-- Section: A

DECLARE
  TYPE book_rec_type IS TABLE OF Books%ROWTYPE INDEX BY PLS_INTEGER;
  v_books book_rec_type;
BEGIN
  SELECT * BULK COLLECT INTO v_books FROM Books;
  FOR i IN 1..v_books.COUNT LOOP
    DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE(v_books(i).Title || ' - ' || v_books(i).Price);
  END LOOP;
END;
/

```

Title	Price
Database Systems	1200
Modern Physics	950
The Great Gatsby	500
Learning Python	1500
AI Revolution	1800

Statement processed.
0.02 seconds

Language: en Application Express 2.1.0.0.39
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4. Explicit cursor & Cursor-based record

-- Project: Bookshop Management System
-- Semester: Summer 2025
-- Course: ADBMS
-- Section: A

```
DECLARE
    CURSOR c_orders IS
        SELECT o.OrderID, c.Name AS CustomerName, o.TotalAmount
        FROM Orders o
        JOIN Customer c ON o.CustomerID = c.CustomerID;
        v_order c_orders%ROWTYPE;

BEGIN
    OPEN c_orders;
    LOOP
        FETCH c_orders INTO v_order;
        EXIT WHEN c_orders%NOTFOUND;
        DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE(v_order.OrderID || ' - ' || v_order.CustomerName
        || ' - ' || v_order.TotalAmount);
    END LOOP;
    CLOSE c_orders;
END;
/
```

ORACLE Database Express Edition

User SYSTEM

Home > SQL > SQL Commands

Autocommit Display 10

```
-- Project: Bookshop Management System
-- Semester: Summer 2025
-- Course: ADBMS
-- Section: A

DECLARE
    CURSOR c_orders IS
        SELECT o.OrderID, c.Name AS CustomerName, o.TotalAmount
        FROM Orders o
        JOIN Customer c ON o.CustomerID = c.CustomerID;
    v_order c_orders%ROWTYPE;
BEGIN
```

Results [Explain](#) [Describe](#) [Saved SQL](#) [History](#)

```
1 - Ashik - 1200
2 - Rony - 1450
3 - Rafsan - 500
4 - Fardin - 1500
5 - Noman - 1800

Statement processed.
```

0.02 seconds

Language: en Application Express 2.1.0.00.39 Copyright © 1999, 2006, Oracle. All rights reserved.

27°C Mostly cloudy  11:50 PM 8/23/2025

5. Explicit cursor & Cursor-based record

-- Project: Bookshop Management System
-- Semester: Summer 2025
-- Course: ADBMS
-- Section: A

```
DECLARE
    CURSOR c_books IS
        SELECT Title, Price FROM Books;
    v_book c_books%ROWTYPE;
BEGIN
    FOR v_book IN c_books LOOP
```

```

DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE(v_book.Title || ' - ' || v_book.Price);

END LOOP;

END;

/

```

ORACLE Database Express Edition

User SYSTEM

Home > SQL > SQL Commands

Autocommit Display 10

```
-- Project: Bookshop Management System
-- Semester: Summer 2025
-- Course: ADBMS
-- Section: A

DECLARE
    CURSOR c_books IS
        SELECT Title, Price FROM Books;
    v_book c_books%ROWTYPE;
BEGIN
    FOR v_book IN c_books LOOP
        DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE(v_book.Title || ' - ' || v_book.Price);
    END LOOP;
END;
```

Results Explain Describe Saved SQL History

Database Systems - 1200
Modern Physics - 950
The Great Gatsby - 500
Learning Python - 1500
AI Revolution - 1800

Statement processed.

0.00 seconds

Language: en Application Express 2.1.0.00.39 Copyright © 1999, 2006, Oracle. All rights reserved.

27°C Mostly cloudy 11:51 PM 8/23/2025

6. Row level trigger

-- Project: Bookshop Management System
-- Semester: Summer 2025
-- Course: ADBMS
-- Section: A

CREATE OR REPLACE TRIGGER trg_update_stock

AFTER INSERT ON Orders

FOR EACH ROW

```

BEGIN

    -- Reduce stock by 1 for demonstration (in real scenario link with order
    details)

    UPDATE Books

    SET Stock = Stock - 1

    WHERE BookID = 1; -- Example: adjust for real BookID from order table

END;

/

```

The screenshot shows the Oracle Database Express Edition interface. The SQL Commands window contains the following code:

```

-- Project: Bookshop Management System
-- Semester: Summer 2025
-- Course: ADBMS
-- Section: A

CREATE OR REPLACE TRIGGER trg_update_stock
AFTER INSERT ON Orders
FOR EACH ROW
BEGIN
    -- Reduce stock by 1 for demonstration (in real scenario link with order details)
    UPDATE Books
    SET Stock = Stock - 1
    WHERE BookID = 1; -- Example: adjust for real BookID from order table
END;

```

The results section shows:

```

0 row(s) updated.

0.05 seconds

```

The status bar at the bottom right indicates:

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Language: en

7. Statement level trigger

-- Project: Bookshop Management System
 -- Semester: Summer 2025
 -- Course: ADBMS

-- Section: A

```
CREATE OR REPLACE TRIGGER trg_customer_log
```

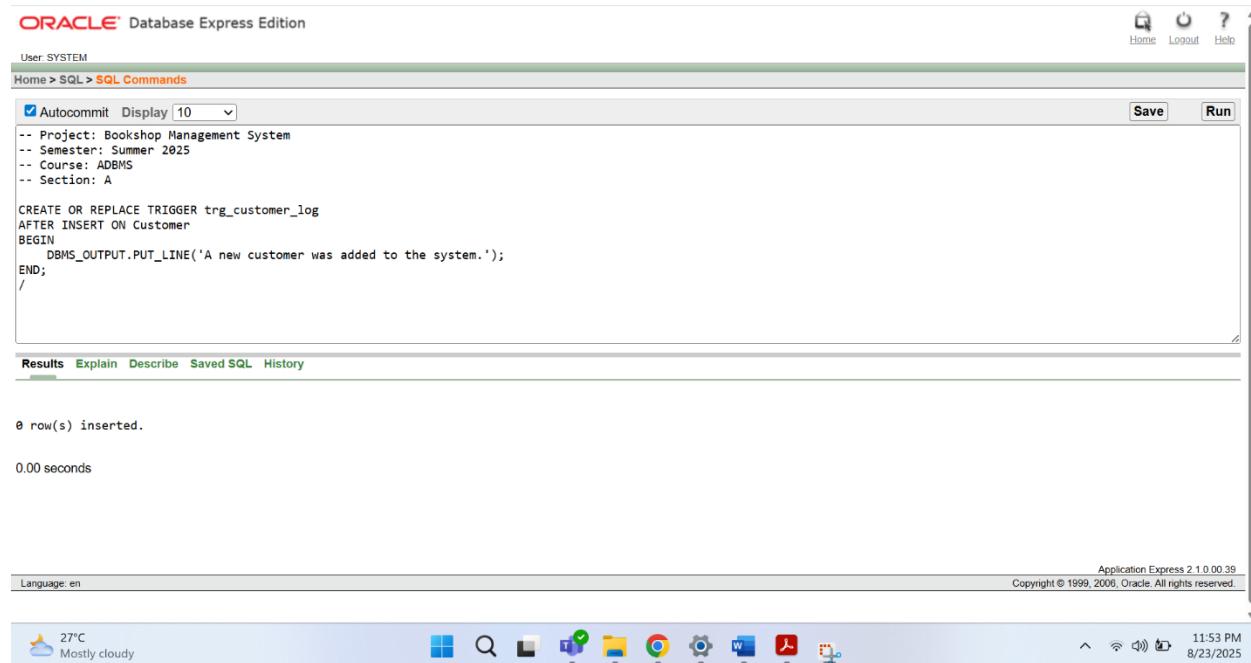
```
AFTER INSERT ON Customer
```

```
BEGIN
```

```
    DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE('A new customer was added to the system.');
```

```
END;
```

```
/
```



The screenshot shows the Oracle Database Express Edition interface. In the SQL Commands tab, a trigger creation script is entered:

```
-- Project: Bookshop Management System
-- Semester: Summer 2025
-- Course: ADBMS
-- Section: A

CREATE OR REPLACE TRIGGER trg_customer_log
AFTER INSERT ON Customer
BEGIN
    DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE('A new customer was added to the system.');
END;
/
```

The results show 0 rows inserted and a execution time of 0.00 seconds.

At the bottom, the operating system taskbar shows a weather icon (27°C, Mostly cloudy), system icons, and the date/time (11:53 PM, 8/23/2025).

8. Package

-- Project: Bookshop Management System

-- Semester: Summer 2025

-- Course: ADBMS

-- Section: A

```
CREATE OR REPLACE PACKAGE sales_pkg IS
```

```
    FUNCTION total_orders RETURN NUMBER;
```

```
    PROCEDURE show_customers;
```

```
END sales_pkg;
```

```
/
```

```
CREATE OR REPLACE PACKAGE BODY sales_pkg IS
```

```
    FUNCTION total_orders RETURN NUMBER IS
```

```
        v_count NUMBER;
```

```
BEGIN
```

```
    SELECT COUNT(*) INTO v_count FROM Orders;
```

```
    RETURN v_count;          -- Return total orders
```

```
END;
```

```
    PROCEDURE show_customers IS
```

```
BEGIN
```

```
    FOR rec IN (SELECT Name, Email FROM Customer) LOOP
```

```
        DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE(rec.Name || ' - ' || rec.Email);
```

```
    END LOOP;           -- Loop through all customers
```

```
END;
```

```
END sales_pkg;
```

```
/
```

ORACLE Database Express Edition

User SYSTEM

Home > SQL > SQL Commands

Autocommit Display 10

```
-- Project: Bookshop Management System
-- Semester: Summer 2025
-- Course: ADBMS
-- Section: A

CREATE OR REPLACE PACKAGE sales_pkg IS
    FUNCTION total_orders RETURN NUMBER;
    PROCEDURE show_customers;
END sales_pkg;
/

CREATE OR REPLACE PACKAGE BODY sales_pkg IS
    FUNCTION total_orders RETURN NUMBER IS
        NUMBER;
    BEGIN
        SELECT COUNT(*) INTO v_count;
        RETURN v_count; -- Return total orders
    END;

    PROCEDURE show_customers IS
    BEGIN
        FOR rec IN (SELECT Name, Email FROM Customer) LOOP
            DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE(rec.Name || ' - ' || rec.Email);
        END LOOP; -- Loop through all customers
    END;
END sales_pkg;
/
```

Results Explain Describe Saved SQL History

Package created.

0.01 seconds

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Language: en

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ORACLE Database Express Edition

User SYSTEM

Home > SQL > SQL Commands

Autocommit Display 10

```
SELECT COUNT(*) INTO v_count;
    RETURN v_count; -- Return total orders
END;

PROCEDURE show_customers IS
BEGIN
    FOR rec IN (SELECT Name, Email FROM Customer) LOOP
        DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE(rec.Name || ' - ' || rec.Email);
    END LOOP; -- Loop through all customers
END;
END sales_pkg;
/
```

Results Explain Describe Saved SQL History

Package Body created.

0.02 seconds

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Language: en

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