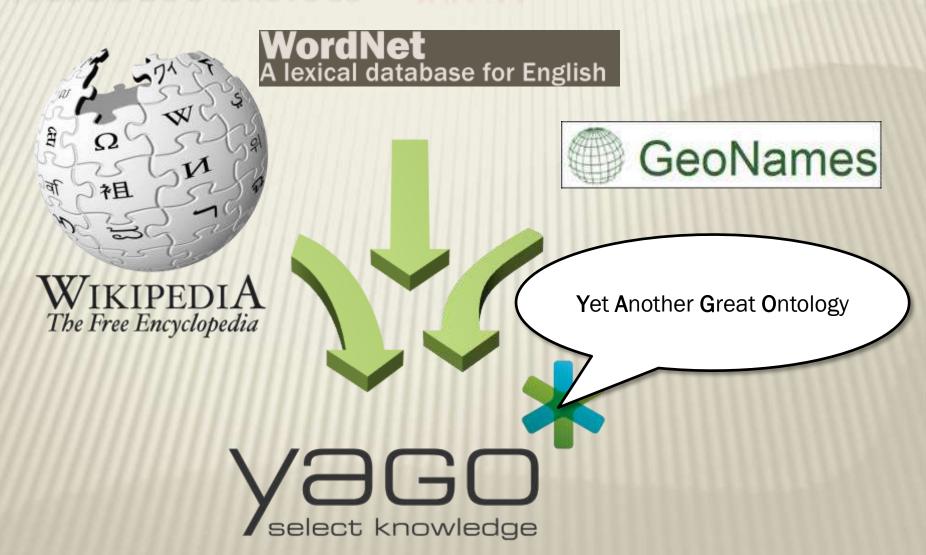
DB Project

Database Systems
Spring 2015

Database project - YAGO



About YAGO*

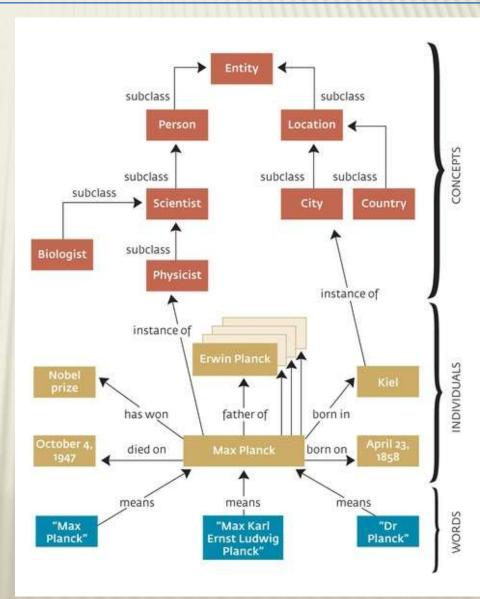
- * A huge semantic knowledge base
 - + knowledge base a special kind of DB for knowledge management (e.g., facts)
 - + Semantic related to the Semantic Web where presentation is assigned a meaning http://www.youtube.com/watch?v=TJfrNo3Z-DU&feature=player_embedded



YAGO is an Ontology

* A Taxonomy of concept classes

- At the bottom instances, facts about instances
 - + This is typically the interesting part

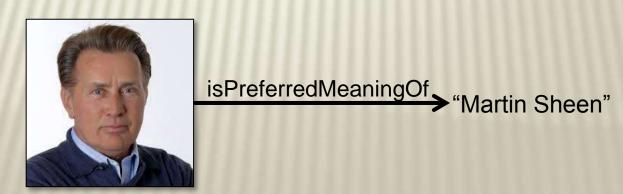


A fact

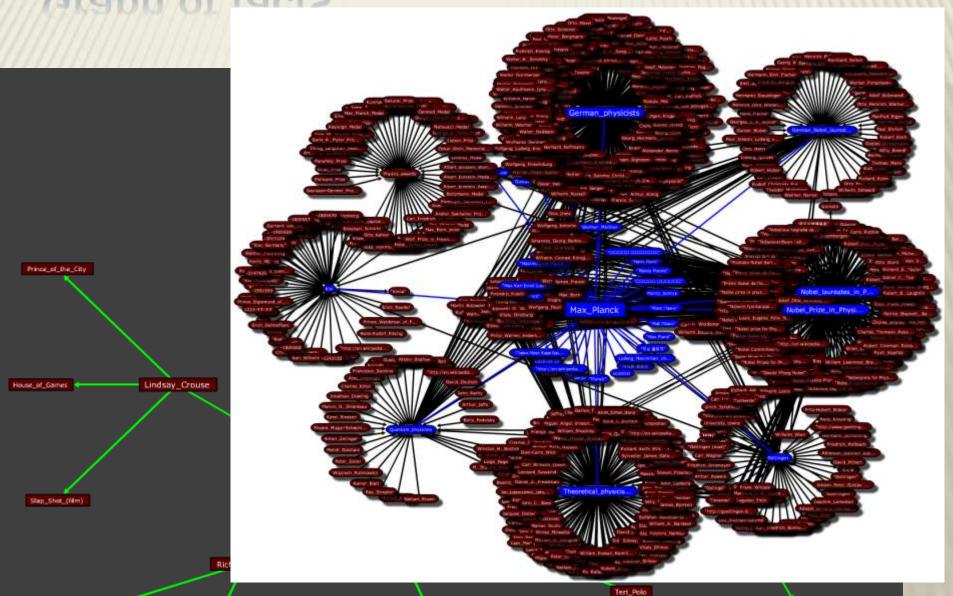
A particular relationship that holds between two instances



Or, an instance and a literal (string)



Graph of facts



More about YAGO

- More than 10 million entities
- More than 120 million facts
- High (but not perfect!) accuracy
- Links with other ontologies (DBPedia, SUMO, Freebase...)
- Over 11 research papers (Max Planck team) with over 1k citations

Detailed Evaluation Results of YAGO2s

Relation	Evaluations	Correct	Ratio (%)	Wilson Center (%)	Wilson Width (%)	# of facts in YAGO
<actedin></actedin>	39	39	100	95.52	4.48	120508
<created></created>	55	54	98.18	95.04	4.64	260997
<dealswith></dealswith>	43	43	100	95.9	4.1	882
<diedln></diedln>	35	35	100	95.05	4.95	45019
<diedondate></diedondate>	37	37	100	95.3	4.7	361890
<directed></directed>	58	57	98.28	95.28	4.42	39685
<edited></edited>	35	35	100	95.05	4.95	5678
<exports></exports>	88	88	100	97.91	2.09	577
<graduatedfrom></graduatedfrom>	39	39	100	95.52	4.48	26280
<happenedln></happenedln>	36	36	100	95.18	4.82	166496
<happenedondate></happenedondate>	43	43	100	95.9	4.1	182572
<hasacademicadvisor></hasacademicadvisor>	44	44	100	95.99	4.01	2895
<hasarea></hasarea>	42	42	100	95.81	4.19	129909
<hasbudget></hasbudget>	44	44	100	95.99	4.01	715
<hascapital></hascapital>	63	61	96.83	94.13	4.99	1821
<haschild></haschild>	64	62	96.88	94.22	4.92	14998
<hascurrency></hascurrency>	36	36	100	95.18	4.82	504

Database Project - Goals

Project goal: to tackle and resolve real-life DB related development issues

- * Including
 - * DB design
 - Query writing
 - DB programming
 - * Application design



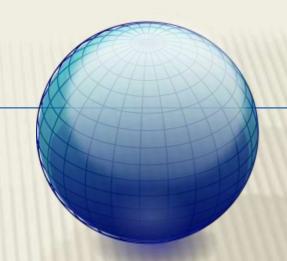
The Theme of the Projects

Around the Globe



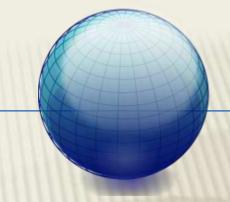
Around the Globe

Applications that involve locations, countries, and languages



- A lot of data in YAGO has locations
 (birth places, historic events, sights, movies, books, sports teams...)
- * A lot of data in YAGO is about locations (e.g., NYC is in New York state which is in the US, properties of cities and countries, GeoNames data)
- YAGO Data partly comes from Wikipedia and Wordnet in different lanuages

What will Your App Do with this?

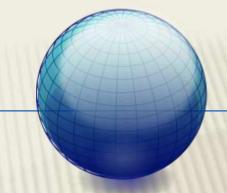


Whatever you want!

- **×** Games that involve locations (e.g., trivia, puzzles, word games)
- Social applications that display locations on a map
- * Search engines that use geographical criteria
- * Applications related to travel recommendations or reviews
- * Something even better?...

... But make sure that a single grader can also check it!

Where to Find the Data?



× Yago facts about

<diedIn>, <exports>, <happenedIn>, <hasCapital>, <hasCurrency>,
<hasOfficialLanguage>, <imports>, <isCitizenOf>, <isLeaderOf>, <isLocatedIn>,
<isPoliticianOf>, <livesIn>, <wasBornIn>, <isConnectedTo>, <byTransport> (meta-fact)

(but you can use, in addition, any other data in YAGO)

- GeoNames data (in YAGO downloads)
- YAGO multilingual labels (in YAGO downloads)
- YAGO extracts data from multilingual Wikipedia Infoboxes (in YAGO downloads)
- You can also combine data from external sources, e.g., wikidata,
 LinkedGeoData, Foursquare as long as the core of your data is from YAGO

Database Project - Requirements

- 1. Think of an application
 - + Useful and creative!
- 2. Design a DB schema
 - According to available data
 - And the application usage
 - + And principles of DB design

Parts of your application!

- Load and flatten data from YAGO
- 4. Update the Database
- 5. Write an application (with UI)
 - + Usable and fault tolerant
 - + Accessing the data via efficient queries/updates
 - + According to principles of coding
- 6. Support manual updates and updates from YAGO

1. Think of an application

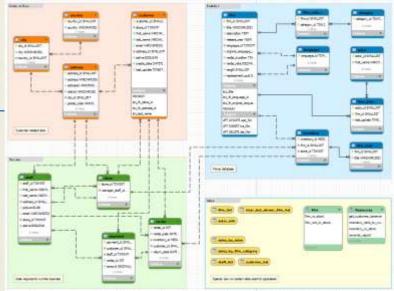
- Could be anything! As far as your imagination goes, in light of the theme
 - + YOU should want to use it...
 - + Tip: first inspect the available data
 - + Tip: must-have and nice-to-have features
 - + Can be interesting even if the UI is simple



2. Design a DB Schema

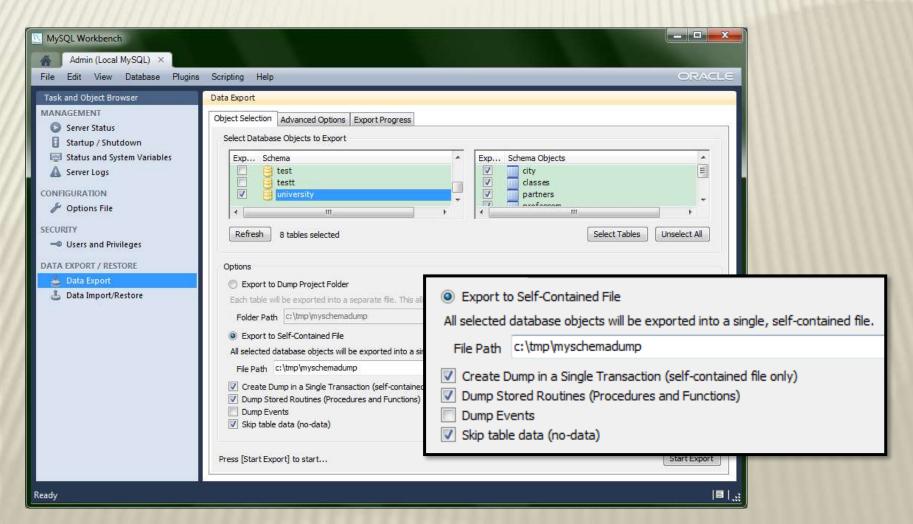
- * Tables, indexes, keys and foreign keys
- * Avoid redundant information
- * Allow efficient queries
- The script for generating the schema should be submitted with the project

More about design in the following lectures



2. Creating the SQL Script

* http://dev.mysql.com/doc/workbench/en/wb-admin-export-import-management.html



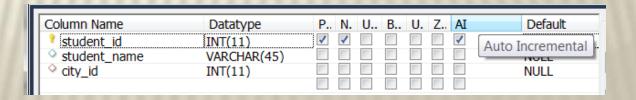
3. Load data from YAGO



- * The entire database of YAGO is available online
- Choose the files you need
 - + They will be saved locally in the file system
- * In your java code, read the relevant data
 - YAGO is huge, and may not fit into your quota
 - + keep data in Sets/Lists/Maps/arrays/custom types
- * This process may be done in several batches
- HowTo below

4. Update the DB

- * Insert into flat tables
 - + A few facts may be used for one record
 - × E.g., the actor record for Martin Sheen will include his first and last name, birth date, residence, etc.
 - × (But not the films he did... why?)
 - + Before submission you will update your schema in the school MySQL server
- Including relevant IDs
 - + Actor_id, film_id,... (Must be integers in MySQL!)
 - + Auto-incremental or based on YAGO ids



5. Write an application

- ★ In java, using JDBC
- Desktop application
- SWT for GUI (other open-source packages such as Swing, Qt Jambi...)
- Any other open-source packages, except hibernate and similar packages
- According to DB programming principles
- Important: separate the code of the UI, the core logic and the DB

5. Write an application (cont.)

* Should be usable and easy to understand

- * Should be fault tolerant
 - + Every exception should be caught, and a user-friendly

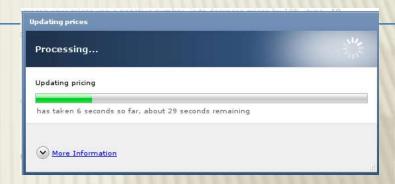
message should be displayed

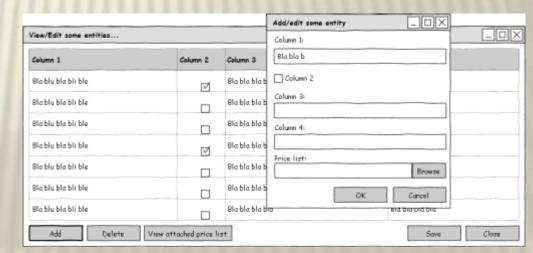


- Test your application
 - + Install on different environments
 - + Portable:
 - × Copy-paste, create DB schema, edit configuration and... play!

6. Support updates

- * A must-have feature!
- "Import" from YAGO
 - + Via the UI
 - + To support, e.g., a new YAGO version
 - + What happens to the "old" data?
 - + Administrator privileges?
- Manual updates
 - + Add, edit and delete data originally taken from YAGO
 - + Add, edit and delete user-provided data





YAGO data - HowTo

* YAGO downloads page - http://www.mpi- inf.mpg.de/yago-naga/yago/downloads.html

TAXONOMY	yago Schema The domains, ranges and confidence values of the relations	Pravara	Duwnload TTL	Downland TSV
	yagoTypes All niftype facts of YAGO	Praving	Download TTL	Download TSV
	yagoTaxonomy The entire YAGO taxonomy. These are all riffs subClassOf facts derived from Wikipedia and from Wordhiet.	Execus	Download TTL	Download TSV
	yagoTransitiveType TransitiveClosure of all ref-typeirds.subClassOf facts.	Erasian	Download TTL	Download TSV
SIMPLETAX	yagoSimpleTaxcoomy A simplified rifls subClassOf taxonomy. This taxonomy contains just WordNet suxes, the man YAGO branches, and owl Thing. Use with yagoSimpleTypes.	Exerces	Download, ITI.	Commisant TSV
	yagoSimpleTypes A simplified of type system. This theme contains all instances, and links them with rof type facts to the leaf level of Virinthiat. Use with yagoSimpleTaxonomy.	Present	Download TTL	Download T5V
CORE	yagoFacts All facts of YAGO that hold between instances	Excess	Download TTL	Download ISV
	yagoLabets All facts of YAGO that contain labels (rdfs tabel, skos prefLabel, isPreferredMaaningOt hasGivenflume, hasFamilyName, hasGloss)	Execus	Download ITL	Download TSM
	yagoLiteralFacts All facts of YAGO that contain literals (except labels)	Preview	Download TTL	Download TSV
GEONAMES	yagoGeonamesClassida IDa trom GeoNames classes	Execus	Download III.	Download ISY
	yagoGeonamesClasses Classes from GeoNames	Preview	Download TTL	Download TSV
	yagoGeonamesEnthylds Ds from GeoNames entities	Previous	Download TTL	Downland TSV
META	yego Statistics Statistics about YAGO and YAGO themes	Stredew	Download TTL	Download ISY

YAGO data - HowTo (cont.)

Data comes in TSV format – text with tab-separated fields (also TTL)
 Format: fact-id entity relation entity

```
<id zik11d 88c ehg9uq>
                         <A>
                                     rdf:type <wikicategory Vowel letters>
<id zik11d 88c w3c6wm> <A>
                                     rdf:type <wikicategory ISO basic Latin letters>
                                     rdf:type <wikicategory_States_of_the_United_States>
<id 1bsrlah 88c 1s6g79w> <Alabama>
<id_3ienox_88c_4retae>
                         <Achilles>
                                     rdf:type <wikicategory People of the Trojan War>
<id 3ienox 88c 1rk49a2>
                                     rdf:type <wikicategory Pederastic heroes and deities>
                         <Achilles>
<id 3ienox 88c s57m6o>
                          <Achilles>
                                     rdf:type <wikicategory Kings of the Myrmidons>
```

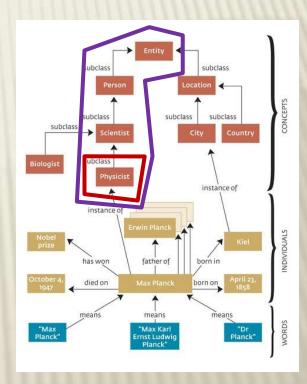
- YAGO entities and relations are marked by < > (e.g., <Achilles>)
- Others are taken from rdf, rdfs, owl, skos... (e.g., rdf:type)
- Literals are marked by " "
 - + Strings with optional locale, e.g., "Big tent"@eng
 - + Others with datatype, e.g., "1977-08-16"^^xsd:date, "70"^<m>
- See also: http://www.mpi-inf.mpg.de/departments/databases-and-information-systems/research/yago-naga/yago/faq/

YAGO data - HowTo (cont.)

- * You can also download just the portions of YAGO that you need. Some examples for useful downloads:
 - + YagoTransitiveType: each entity in YAGO with all of its classes
 - + YagoTaxonomy: The hierarchy of classes
 - + YagoLiteralFacts/DateFacts: facts of the form entity-relation-literal/date
 - + YagoLabels: The names of entities as strings
 - + YagoFacts: facts if the form entity-relation-entity\
 - yagoGeonamesClasses: similar to taxonomy but with geographical places
 - yagoGeonamesOnlyData: similar to YagoFacts with entities from GeoNames
 - + YagoGeonamesType: similar to YagoType with GeoNames entities
 - + YagoMetaFacts: facts about facts (e.g., when did a certain fact occur)
 - + MULTILINGUAL: The multilingual names for entities.

YAGO data - Taxonomy

- yagoTypes facts with relation rdf:type - contains the lowestlevel classes for each entity
- * yagoTransitiveType also contains the higher-level classes



```
<id zik11d 88c ehg9uq>
                                      rdf:tvpe
                                               <wikicategory Vowel letters>
                          <A>
<id zik11d 88c w3c6wm>
                          <A>
                                      rdf:tvpe
                                               <wikicategory ISO basic Latin letters>
<id 1bsrlah 88c 1s6g79w>
                          <Alabama>
                                               <wikicategory States of the United States>
                                      rdf:type
<id_3ienox_88c_4retae>
                          <Achilles>
                                      rdf:type <wikicategory_People_of_the_Trojan_War>
                                               <wikicategory_Pederastic_heroes_and_deities>
<id 3ienox 88c 1rk49a2>
                          <Achilles>
                                      rdf:tvpe
<id 3ienox 88c s57m6o>
                          <Achilles>
                                               <wikicategory Kings of the Myrmidons>
```

YAGO data - Core

- yagoFacts facts between instances
 - + A complete list of relations in Taxomony, yagoSchema
 - <Martin_Sheen> <hasChild> <Charlie_Sheen>
- * YagoLabels names of entities.
 - + There may be many labels! use skos:prefLabel
 - <Martin_Sheen> skos:prefLabel "Martin Sheen"@eng
- yagoDateFacts
 - <Martin_Sheen> <wasBornOnDate> "1940-08-03"^^xsd:date

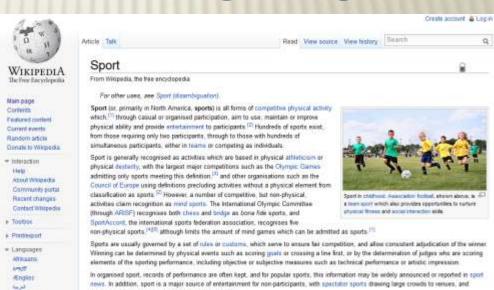
Example

- * Assume we work with the sports domain
- Create an online application that contains details on teams and players

* Users/automatic algorithms will guess game

Acadomic

scores, awards, etc.



reaching wider audiences through sports broadcasting

Example



- Editing capabilities for YAGO data: add/remove/edit all players, teams, games...
- Data of your own: odds, bets...
- * Your tables:
 - + Players, Teams, Users, Bets
 - + Linking tables: Player_team, User_bets

YAGO data - putting it together

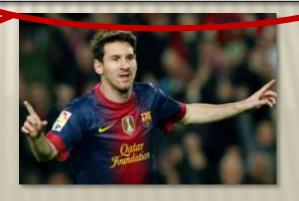
- We want to create records in the table Player(ID, name, birth date, height)
- First, we look in yagoTransitiveType for entities that represent players
 - + We find, e.g.,

<Lionel_Messi>

rdf:type

<wordnet_player_110439851>

Fixed application parameter



YAGO data - putting it together



- * Next, we create the properties
 - + ID e.g., automatically generated (must make sure we do not have Messi in our DB yet!)
 - + Name from yagoLabels

<Lionel_Messi> skos:prefLabel "Lionel Messi"@eng

+ Birthdate and height – from yagoLiteralFacts/DateFacts

<Lionel_Messi> <hasHeight> "1.69"^^<m> <Lionel_Messi> <wasBornOnDate> "1987-06-24"^^xsd:date

YAGO data - challenges



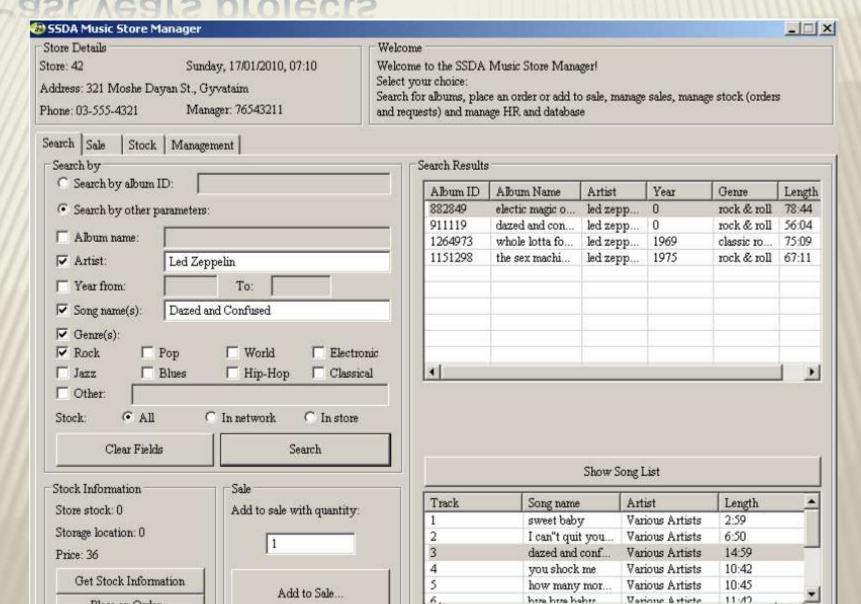
- * What do we do when a value is missing?
- * What do we do when the data in invalid?
- What do we do when there is more than one value?

```
<Lionel_Messi> <playsFor> <FC_Barcelona_B>
<Lionel_Messi> <playsFor> <FC_Barcelona_C>
<Lionel_Messi> <playsFor> <Newell's_Old_Boys>
<Lionel_Messi> <playsFor> <Argentina_national_football_team>
<Lionel_Messi> <playsFor> <FC_Barcelona>
```

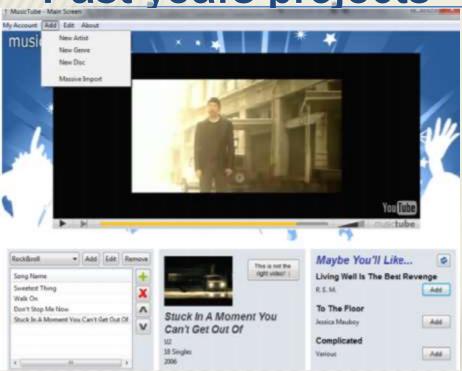
Relaxations



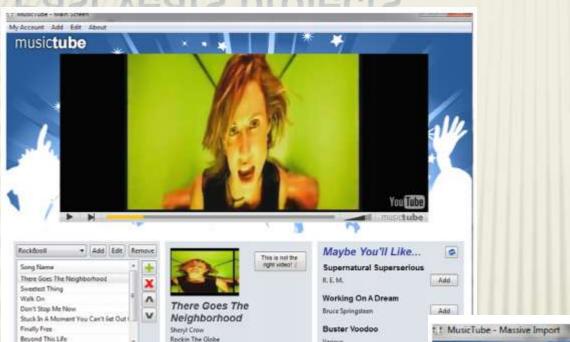
- * You do not have to fix errors in YAGO's data (but you can allow the application users to do so)
- You can choose an arbitrary value if there are many (where this makes sense! playsFor can be many-to-one, actedIn must be many-to-many)
- You can use an additional data source to complete missing data (must be freely available)



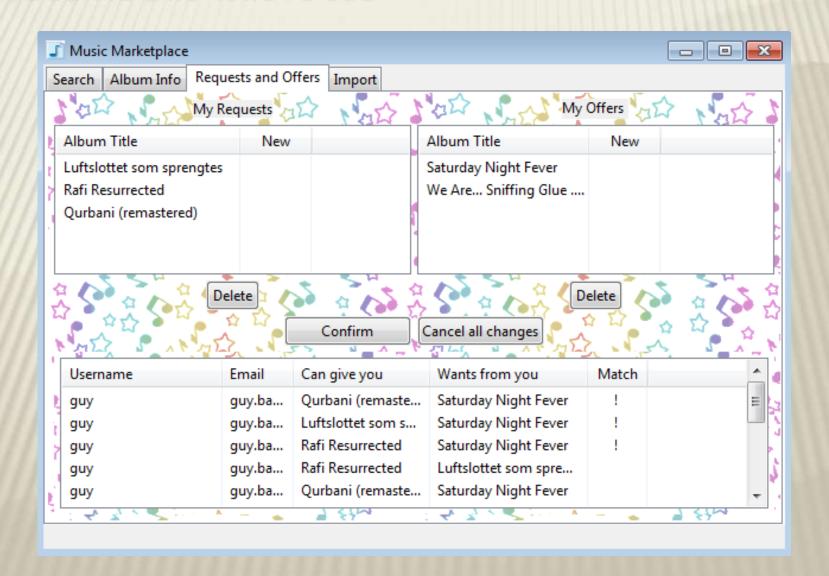












Tips

- * First: understand the data format.
 - understand what you want to do.
 - find relevant data and relations.
- ★ Be flexible: work with what you have!
- Database key should always be an INTEGER.
- ★ Don't forget to support manual editing of the data (add/update/remove) – e.g., artists/categories/values...
- * Configuration for DB connection, OS, etc.

Database Project - Bureaucracy

- * Work in groups of 4
- Submission database is MySQL in TAU
- Java, SWT (or other UI package)
- Thinking out of the box will be rewarded
- * (at least) 150K records table
 - + But could be much more!
- Also see the course website for full instructions http://courses.cs.tau.ac.il/databases/databases201415/assignments/

Time schedule

April 28th - Project distribution

May 5th – Last date for submitting the team member names

May 24th – submit via moodle a pdf document (2 A4 pages)with

- + Short description of the application idea
- + DB design
- + Work plan what is left to do, who does what and when

May 26th - "Project days"

- + I will meet (very briefly) with each team
- + Data should already be uploaded to the school DB
- + Optional a presentation, a demonstration of the tool
- + You will be able to ask questions and get advice

June 21st - Project due!

+ Aim to submit a week before, to avoid network problem, server crushes...

DB Project

בהצלחה! Good Luck!