Computer Vision Lab 2

Edges and contours

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1. Determine the optimal edges

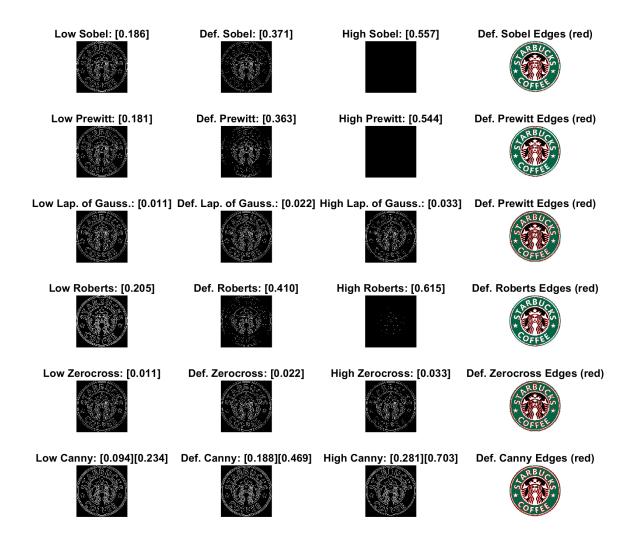
Create a file "exercise1.m" to implement the following steps:

- A Read the image "starbuck.jpg" and find its edges using matlab function edge.
- Apply different operators (Sobel and Prewitt, Laplacian of Gaussian) and find the optimal parameters for each of them.
- Apply Canny edge detector (also implemented in the function edge).
- Overlap the edges on the image as shown in Fig.2 (right).
- Repeat the experiment on 3 other images.

Function showedges applies the previous points programatically for each imge and plot the results. Here is applied to:

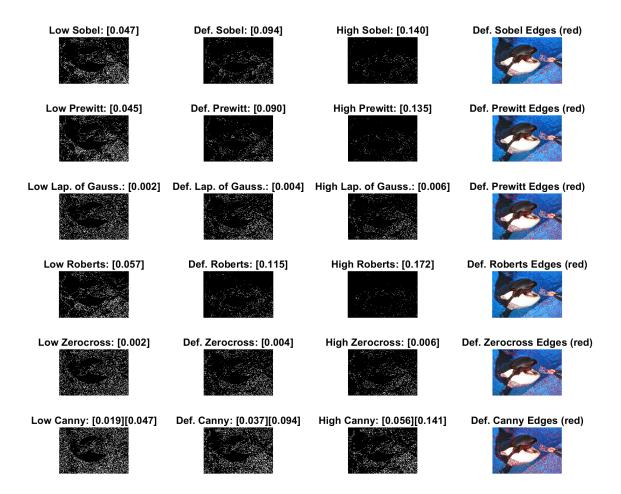
Starbucks

```
set(gcf,'Position',[0 0 1000 850]);
showedges('./images_video/starbuck.jpg')
```



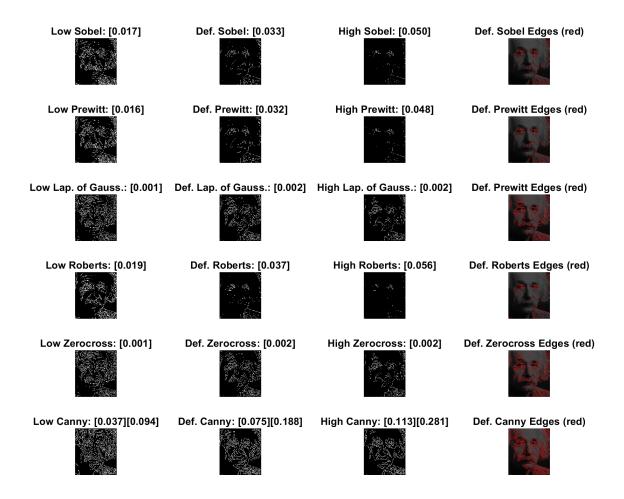
Doulphin

showedges('./images_video/Doulphin.jpg')



Einstein

showedges('./images_video/Einstein.jpg')



Answer the following questions in the report:

- 1. How many methods to obtain the edges of the image are implemented by the function edge?
- 2. Which is the best edge detector?
- 3. What are the advantages and disadvantages you see when extracting the edges on the different images?
- 4. Discuss if the parameters should be changed for the different images.

Defined Functions

```
function showedges(imageFilename)
%UNTITLED2 Summary of this function goes here
% Detailed explanation goes here

function overlapedImage = overlapedges(rgbImage, edges)
    redCh = rgbImage(:,:,1);
```

```
greenCh = rgbImage(:,:,2);
        blueCh = rgbImage(:,:,3);
        redCh(edges) = 255;
        greenCh(edges) = 0;
        blueCh(edges) = 0;
        overlapedImage = cat(3, redCh, greenCh, blueCh);
    end
rawImage = imread(imageFilename);
if(ndims(rawImage)==2)
    ch = rawImage ./ 3;
    % Gray as RGB representation
    rawImage = cat(3, ch, ch, ch);
end
rawImageGray = rgb2gray(rawImage);
fixedThres = [];
multThres = [0.5, 1.5];
sigma = 2;
direction = 'both';
thinning = 'thinning';
% Sobel
[sobel, sobelThres] = edge(rawImageGray, 'Sobel', fixedThres, direction, thinning);
[sobelLow, sobelThresLow] = edge(rawImageGray, 'Sobel', sobelThres * multThres(1), direction,
[sobelHigh, sobelThresHigh] = edge(rawImageGray, 'Sobel', sobelThres * multThres(2), direction
% Prewitt
[prewitt, prewittThres] = edge(rawImageGray, 'Prewitt', fixedThres, direction, thinning);
[prewittLow, prewittThresLow] = edge(rawImageGray, 'Prewitt', prewittThres * multThres(1), di
[prewittHigh, prewittThresHigh] = edge(rawImageGray, 'Prewitt', prewittThres * multThres(2), or
% Lapacian of Gaussian
[log, logThres] = edge(rawImageGray, 'log', fixedThres, sigma);
[logLow, logThresLow] = edge(rawImageGray, 'log', logThres * multThres(1), sigma);
[logHigh, logThresHigh] = edge(rawImageGray, 'log', logThres * multThres(2), sigma);
% Roberts
[roberts, robertsThres] = edge(rawImageGray, 'Roberts', fixedThres);
[robertsLow, robertsThresLow] = edge(rawImageGray, 'Roberts', robertsThres * multThres(1));
[robertsHigh, robertsThresHigh] = edge(rawImageGray, 'Roberts', robertsThres * multThres(2))
% ZeroCross
[zerocross, zerocrossThres] = edge(rawImageGray, 'zerocross', fixedThres);
[zerocrossLow, zerocrossThresLow] = edge(rawImageGray, 'zerocross', zerocrossThres * multThres
[zerocrossHigh, zerocrossThresHigh] = edge(rawImageGray, 'zerocross', zerocrossThres' * multTh
% Canny
[canny, cannyThres] = edge(rawImageGray, 'Canny', fixedThres);
[cannyLow, cannyThresLow] = edge(rawImageGray, 'Canny', cannyThres * multThres(1));
[cannyHigh, cannyThresHigh] = edge(rawImageGray, 'Canny', cannyThres * multThres(2));
% Plots
subplot(6,4,1), imshow(sobelLow), title("Low Sobel: " + sprintf("[%.3f]",string(sobelThresLow
```

```
subplot(6,4,2), imshow(sobel), title("Def. Sobel: " + sprintf("[%.3f]", string(sobelThres))),
subplot(6,4,3), imshow(sobelHigh), title("High Sobel: " + sprintf("[%.3f]", string(sobelThresH
subplot(6,4,4), imshow(overlapedges(rawImage, sobel)), title("Def. Sobel Edges (red)"), ...
subplot(6,4,5), imshow(prewittLow), title("Low Prewitt: " + sprintf("[%.3f]",string(prewittThe
subplot(6,4,6), imshow(prewitt), title("Def. Prewitt: " + sprintf("[%.3f]", string(prewittThre
subplot(6,4,7), imshow(prewittHigh), title("High Prewitt: " + sprintf("[%.3f]", string(prewitt")
subplot(6,4,8), imshow(overlapedges(rawImage, prewitt)), title("Def. Prewitt Edges (red)"), .
subplot(6,4,9), imshow(logLow), title("Low Lap. of Gauss.: " + sprintf("[%.3f]", string(logThreads)
subplot(6,4,10), imshow(log), title("Def. Lap. of Gauss.: " + sprintf("[%.3f]",string(logThre
subplot(6,4,11), imshow(logHigh), title("High Lap. of Gauss.: " + sprintf("[%.3f]", string(log
subplot(6,4,12), imshow(overlapedges(rawImage, log)), title("Def. Prewitt Edges (red)"), ...
subplot(6,4,13), imshow(robertsLow), title("Low Roberts: " + sprintf("[%.3f]", string(robertsT
subplot(6,4,14), imshow(roberts), title("Def. Roberts: " + sprintf("[%.3f]",string(robertsThree
subplot(6,4,15), imshow(robertsHigh), title("High Roberts: " + sprintf("[%.3f]", string(roberts
subplot(6,4,16), imshow(overlapedges(rawImage, roberts)), title("Def. Roberts Edges (red)"),
subplot(6,4,17), imshow(zerocrossLow), title("Low Zerocross: " + sprintf("[%.3f]", string(zero
subplot(6,4,18), imshow(zerocross), title("Def. Zerocross: " + sprintf("[%.3f]", string(zerocross)
subplot(6,4,19), imshow(zerocrossHigh), title("High Zerocross: " + sprintf("[%.3f]", string(zerocross
subplot(6,4,20), imshow(overlapedges(rawImage, zerocross)), title("Def. Zerocross Edges (red)
subplot(6,4,21), imshow(cannyLow), title("Low Canny: " + sprintf("[%.3f]",string(cannyThresLow
subplot(6,4,22), imshow(canny), title("Def. Canny: " + sprintf("[%.3f]",string(cannyThres))),
subplot(6,4,23), imshow(cannyHigh), title("High Canny: " + sprintf("[%.3f]",string(cannyThres)
subplot(6,4,24), imshow(overlapedges(rawImage, canny)), title("Def. Canny Edges (red)");
end
```