

Breast cancer

Received in formalin is a (right/ left) ☐ modified radical mastectomy specimen

☐ simple mastectomy specimen

☐

Measuring 17.5 x 13 x 6.5 x cm. ☐ with axillary content , x x cm.

The skin ellipse , x cm. and ☐ appears normal.....

☐ shows an old surgical scar cm in length at (areola / upper / lower / inner / outer) (quadrant).

☐ shows an ulceration x cm . at (areola / upper / lower / inner / outer) (quadrant).

The nipple ☐ is everted . ☐ shows inverted . ☐ shows ulceration

There (is a / are / two / are multiple)

☐ infiltrative firm yellow white mass x x cm.

☐ well-defined firm white mass with slit like appearance x x cm.

☐ previous surgical cavity with adjacent fibrous tissue x x cm.

☐ previous surgical cavity with adjacent fibrous tissue x x cm. and firm yellow white residual mass , x x cm.

located ☐ beneath the nipple . ☐ beneath the scar . ☐ in the central portion (subareolar) .

☐ in (upper / lower / inner / outer) quadrant . ☐

Tumor is located

..... cm. from deep margin , cm. from superior margin ,
..... cm. from inferior margin , cm. from medial margin ,
..... cm. from lateral margin ,	and cm. from skin .

☐ The uninvolved breast parenchyma has a fat to fibrous tissue ratio of approximately _____ : _____ .

The remaining of breast tissue ☐ is unremarkable . ☐

☐ There are multiple lymph nodes ranging from cm . to cm . in diameter.

Representative sections are submitted as

..... = nipple

..... = mass

..... = old biopsy cavity with fibrosis

..... = deep resected margin

..... = nearest resected margin ,

..... = sampling upper inner quadrant

..... = sampling upper outer quadrant

..... = sampling lower inner quadrant

..... = sampling lower outer quadrant

..... = sampling central region

..... = axillary lymph nodes

.....Prosecutor

Date