

## SPARSE MATRIX

Having many number of non-zero elements

Methods for storing sparse matrix

- 1. Coordinate list / Three column representation
- 2. Compressed sparse row

# 1. Coordinate List / Three column representation

		١.	2_	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	70	ω	column	element
	١	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	0	8		9	8
	2	0	0	8	0	0	10	٥	0	0	1		8	3
	3	0	0	٥	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	_	3	8
	ч	4	٥	٥	0	0	0	0	0	0	2		6	lo
	5	0	0	0	٥	0	0	0	0	٥	ч		1	4
	6	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	٥	٥	6	)	3	2
	7	0	0	0	6	0	0	0	٥	٥	7	,	4	6
	8	0	q	٥	٥	5	0	0	0	0	8		2	9
8 x 9 72 elements										8		5	5	
						•								

72 x 2 = 144 bytes

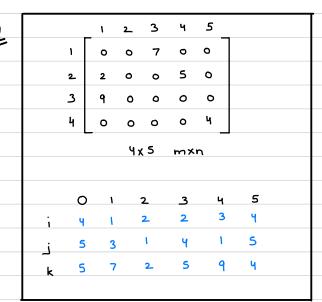
## 2. Compressed sparse row

$$-A[3,8,10,4,2,6,9,5] \rightarrow Non Zero elements$$

No of column in which each non zero element is located

$$8+9+8 = 25 \times 2 = 50$$
 bytes

# 1. Coordinate list / Three column representation (ADDITION)



#### CREATING SPARSE MATRIX PROGRAM

```
Struct Element
1
                                   1
        int ij
        int j
         int x;
Struck sparse
         int m;
         int n;
         int num;
         Strult Element *e;
void main()
         Struct sparse s;
         crease (ds)
S → e = (Struct Element *) malloc
(s → num size of (Struct Element))
```

```
Void create (struct sparse "s)

int i;

printf(" Enter dimensions");

scanf (" x d x d", ds→m, ds→n);

printf(" Enter number of non-zero elements);

Scanf (" x d", ds→num);

S→e = new Elements [s→num];

printf(" Enter all elements");

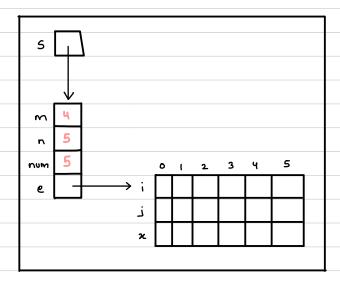
for (i=0; i < s→num; i++)

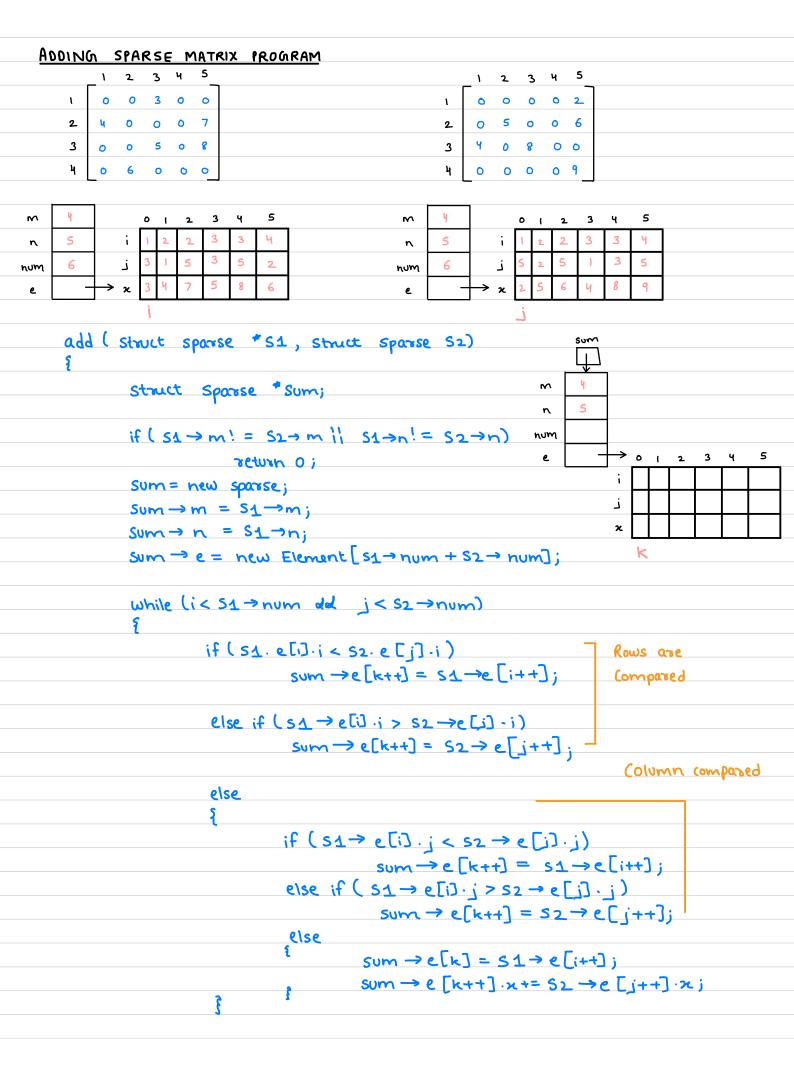
scanf(" x d x d x d x d", ds → e[i]·i,

ds → e[i]·j)

ds → e[i]·x);

}
```





#### POLYNOMIAL REPRESENTATION

1 Polynomial Representation

 $p(n) = 3n^5 + 2n^4 + 5n^2 + 2n + 7$ 

- 2. Evaluation of Polynomial
- 3. Addition of two Polynomials

```
coeff 3 2 5 2 7 n=5
```

```
Struct Term

{

int coeff;

int Exp;

Struct Poly

{

Struct Poly

{

int n;

Struct Term *t;

}
```

```
Struck Poly P;

printf(" No of non-zero terms");

S(anf (" */d", of p.n);

p.t = new Term[p.n];

printf(" Enter polynomial terms ");

for (i=0; i < p.n; (++)

printf(" Term No: y.d", i+1);

S(anf (" */d */d", of p.t[i] · coeff, x p.t[i] · Enp);

}
```

#### EVALUATION

```
Struct Poly P;

n = 5; sum = 0;

for(i=0; i 

<math>sum + = p \cdot t[i]. coeff* pow(n, p t[i] \cdot Enp);
```

#### POLYNOMIAL ADDITION

