

## PAGE CONTENTS

&gt; 考试重点和超纲内容

&gt; Representing and Manipula...

&gt; Machine-Level Representati...

&gt; The Memory Hierarchy

## TALK

View Discussion

## LAST EDITED BY

Administrator

Last Wednesday at 12:48 AM



## 考试重点和超纲内容

### Representing and Manipulating Information

- ▶ 2.1 Information Storage
  - ▶ **Conversion between decimal, binary and hex values**
  - ▶ **Byte ordering (Big endian and little endian)**
  - ▶ **Bit-level operations** (&, |, ~, ^)
  - ▶ Logical operations (!, &&, |)
  - ▶ **Shift operations** (logical shift, arithmetic shift), arithmetic right shifts for signed data
- ▶ 2.2 Integer Representations
  - ▶ Unsigned encoding and signed encoding (two's complement)
    - ▶ **Maximum value, minimum value**
  - ▶ Conversion between signed and unsigned
  - ▶ Explicit conversion, **implicit conversion**
  - ▶ **Expanding and Truncating numbers**
    - ▶ From long to int
    - ▶ From int to long
- ▶ 2.3 Integer Arithmetic
  - ▶ Unsigned/Signed addition (**Overflow, underflow**)
  - ▶ **Two's complement negation**
  - ▶ Unsigned/Signed multiplication (Overflow)
  - ▶ Dividing: out of scope
- ▶ 2.4: Out of Scope

### Machine-Level Representation of Programs

- ▶ 3.1: Out of Scope
- ▶ 3.2 Program Encodings
- ▶ 3.3 Data Formats
- ▶ 3.4 Accessing Information
  - ▶ **Registers, Operand forms**
  - ▶ Data Movement Instructions
  - ▶ Pushing and Popping Stack Data
- ▶ 3.5 Arithmetic and Logical Operations
  - ▶ **Load Effective Address** (**lea**)
  - ▶ Others
- ▶ 3.6 Control
  - ▶ Condition Codes
  - ▶ Accessing the Condition Codes
    - ▶ **cmp**, **set**
  - ▶ Conditional Control
  - ▶ **Conditional Move**
  - ▶ **Loop**
  - ▶ **Switch statements**
- ▶ 3.7 Procedures
  - ▶ The Run-Time Stack
  - ▶ Control Transfer
    - ▶ **call**: Push return address to the stack
    - ▶ **ret**: Pop return address from the stack
  - ▶ Data Transfer (**argument, return value**)
  - ▶ Local Storage on the Stack
    - ▶ **Stack frame**
  - ▶ Local Storage in Registers
    - ▶ **Caller saved, callee saved**
  - ▶ **Recursive Procedures**
- ▶ 3.8 Array Allocation and Access
  - ▶ memory allocation
  - ▶ Access
- ▶ 3.9 Heterogeneous Data Structures
  - ▶ **Structures**
  - ▶ Unions: Out of scope
  - ▶ **Data Alignment**
- ▶ 3.10 Combining Control and Data in Machine-Level Programs
  - ▶ Buffer overflow
    - ▶ Code injection attack
    - ▶ Return-oriented programming
  - ▶ Protection
- ▶ 3.11 Floating-Point Code: Out of scope

### The Memory Hierarchy

- ▶ 6.1 Storage Technologies
  - ▶ **DRAM, SRAM**
  - ▶ Disk Storage, Solid State Disks, Storage Technology Trends: Out of scope
- ▶ 6.2 **Locality**
  - ▶ **Temporal locality, spatial locality**
- ▶ 6.3 **The Memory Hierarchy**
- ▶ 6.4 **Cache Memories**
  - ▶ **Cache organization**
  - ▶ **The process of cache read**
    - ▶ Cache miss
    - ▶ Cache hit

- ▶ **Cache Associativity**
- ▶ Cache write
  - ▶ Write hit
    - ▶ write through, write back
  - ▶ Write miss
    - ▶ write allocate, write non-allocate
- ▶ **6.5 Writing Cache-Friendly Code**
- ▶ 6.6 Putting It Together: The Impact of Caches on Program Performance
  - ▶ The Memory Mountain: Out-of-scope
  - ▶ Rearranging Loops to Increase Spatial Locality

💬 Comments

No comments yet.