

UCD School of Mathematics and Statistics

STAT40840: Data programming with SAS Laura Kirwan

Exercises 7

Which of the following statements creates a numeric variable, **Bonus**, with a value Partial work.comp

- a. Bonus=\$500;
- b. Bonus=500;
- c. label Bonus='500';
- d. format Bonus 500.;

Bonus	Compensation	Bonus Month
500	108755	6
500	88475	1
500	27100	1



Exercise 1 solution

Which of the following statements creates a numeric variable, **Bonus**, with a value Partial **work.comp**

- a. Bonus=\$500;
- b. Bonus=500;
 - c. label Bonus='500';
 - d. format Bonus 500.;

Bonus	Compensation	Bonus Month
500	108755	6
500	88475	1
500	27100	1

You use an assignment statement to set the value of the variable, Bonus, equal to 500. Numeric constants do not include commas or currency symbols.



A DROP statement was added to this DATA step. Can the program calculate **Compensation** and **BonusMonth** correctly?

```
data work.comp;
   set orion.sales;
   drop Gender Salary Job_Title Country
        Birth_Date Hire_Date;
   Bonus=500;
   Compensation=sum(Salary,Bonus);
   BonusMonth=month(Hire_Date);
run;
```

L7 E2.sas



Exercise 2 solution

A DROP statement was added to this DATA step. Can the program calculate **Compensation** and **BonusMonth** correctly?

```
23
     data work.comp;
        set orion.sales;
24
25
        drop Gender Salary Job Title Country
26
                 Birth Date Hire Date;
27
        Bonus=500:
        Compensation=sum(Salary,Bonus);
28
29
        BonusMonth=month(Hire Date);
30
     run;
NOTE: There were 165 observations read from the data set ORION.SALES.
NOTE: The data set WORK.COMP has 165 observations and 6 variables.
```

Yes. A drop flag is set for the dropped variables, but the variables are in the PDV and therefore available for processing. DROP is a compile-time only statement.



In the program L7_D2.sas, is it possible for more than one condition to be true for a single observation?

- a. Yes, more than one condition can be true.
- b. No, the conditions are mutually exclusive, so only one condition can be true.



Exercise 3 solution

In the program L2_D2.sas, is it possible for more than one condition to be true for a single observation?

- a. Yes, more than one condition can be true.
- b. No, the conditions are mutually exclusive, so only one condition can be true.

For each observation, there is only one value for Job_Title. If that value matches one of the conditions, then it cannot match any other condition.



Program L7_E4.sas reads **orion.nonsales**, a non-validated data set. Open and submit the program and review the results. Why is **Bonus** set to 300 in observations 125, 197, and 200?

```
data work.bonus;
   set orion.nonsales;
   if Country='US' then Bonus=500;
   else Bonus=300;
run;
```



Exercise 4 solution

Program **L7_E4.sas** reads **orion.nonsales**, a non-validated data set. Open and submit the program and review the results. Why is **Bonus** set to 300 in observations 125, 197, and 200?

```
data work.bonus;
   set orion.nonsales;
   if Country='US' then Bonus=500;
   else Bonus=300;
run;
```

The Country variable has some mixed case values in orion.nonsales. Observations with a country value of *US* are assigned 500. All others are assigned 300, including *us*.



How would you prevent **Freq** from being truncated?



Exercise 5 solution

How would you prevent **Freq** from being truncated?

Possible solutions:

- Pad the first occurrence of the Freq value with blanks to be the length of the longest possible value.
- Switch conditional statements to place the longest value of Freq in the first conditional statement.
- Add a LENGTH statement to declare the byte size of the variable up front.



How many variables will be in **empsall2** after concatenating **empscn** and **empsjp**?

empscn

First	Gender	Country
Chang	М	China
Li	М	China
Ming	F	China

empsjp

First	Gender	Region
Cho	F	Japan
Tomi	М	Japan

```
data empsall2;
    set empscn empsjp;
run;
```



Exercise 6 - solution

How many variables will be in **empsall2** after concatenating **empscn** and **empsjp**?

empscn

First	Gender	Country
Chang	М	China
Li	М	China
Ming	F	China

empsjp

First	Gender	Region
Cho	F	Japan
Tomi	М	Japan

Four variables: First, Gender, Country, and Region



Which statement has correct syntax?

```
a. set empscn(rename(Country=Location))
empsjp(rename(Region=Location));
```

```
set empscn(rename=(Country=Location))
empsjp(rename=(Region=Location));
```

```
c. set empscn rename=(Country=Location) empsjp rename=(Region=Location);
```



Exercise 7 solution

Which statement has correct syntax?

```
a. set empscn(rename(Country=Location)) empsjp(rename(Region=Location));
```

```
set empscn(rename=(Country=Location))
empsjp(rename=(Region=Location));
```

```
c. set empscn rename=(Country=Location) empsjp rename=(Region=Location);
```



Which of the following BY statements correctly sorts by descending **salary** within **gender**?

- a. by descending salary within gender;
- b. by descending salary gender;
- c. by gender descending salary;
- d. by gender salary descending;



Exercise 8 solution

Which of the following BY statements correctly sorts by descending **salary** within **gender**?

- a. by descending salary within gender;
- b. by descending salary gender;
- (c.) by gender descending salary;
- d. by gender salary descending;

The keyword "descending" is placed before the variable to which it applies.



- Complete program L7_E9.sas to match-merge the sorted SAS data sets referenced in the PROC SORT steps.
- Submit the program. Correct and resubmit it, if necessary.
- What are the modified, completed statements?



Exercise 9 solution

```
proc sort data=orion.employee payroll
          out=work.payroll;
   by Employee ID;
run;
proc sort data=orion.employee addresses
          out=work.addresses;
   by Employee ID;
run;
data work.payadd;
   merge work.payroll work.addresses;
   by Employee ID;
run;
```



Consider the data set **empsauc** created by the program in the previous example. Which input data sets contributed information to the last observation?

- a. empsau
- b. phonec
- c. both empsau and phonec
- d. There is insufficient information.

empsauc

First	Gender	EmpID	Phone
Togar	M	121150	+61(2)5555-1795
Kylie	F	121151	
Birin	M	121152	+61(2)5555-1667
		121153	+61(2)5555-1348



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Exercise 10 solution

Consider the data set **empsauc** created by the program in the previous example. Which input data sets contributed information to the last observation?

- a. empsau
- b.) phonec
 - c. both empsau and phonec
 - d. There is insufficient information.

empsauc

First	Gender	EmpID	Phone
Togar	M	121150	+61(2)5555-1795
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