PYSIKH 1 STAJE SM 8

DIVOLUEIS HON E Zaptalvian Siapopien' E 31'ou on 2 Jon ne xwelopo netablitur. Trwon AltEn(TrwTIOTh) Me TETpajavion avriotaon a épa,

Avtoraon F(v) = -C|V|V

Dupajnac ou exer Thu islocated $F(v)V \leq 0$ $\forall V$.

Azezns undaen oto kero me cepx. τax . V(0)=0

AIATPAMMA

BENATOS

mg

Tra va Zegoptwood Tro attos Jan Tran Treprhen V(+)>0 sat >0 Kon Ser Da gra Zer Troonno. V+ Apa na t>0 Da E'xw $F(v) = -Gv^2, G = \sigma a\theta > 0$ 205 Nomos aten mdv = mg - Gv $\frac{dv}{dt} = g - kv^2$ g = G/mLapiduos Metabantav.

dv = dt

$$\int \frac{dV}{g - kV^2} = \int dt$$

$$\int_{1-\frac{k}{2}}^{1-\frac{k}{2}} dx = g \int_{1-\frac{k}{2}}^{1-\frac{k}{2}} dx$$

OpiSw
$$A = \sqrt{kg}$$
, $\frac{k}{g} = A^2$

$$A > 0$$

dv = q (dt

Thus Da kain zo osoki njowska;

$$\frac{1}{1-A^2v^2} = \frac{1}{(1-Av)(1+Av)}$$

$$\times wpiju Gaofiala:$$

$$= \frac{\chi}{1-Av} + \frac{\beta}{1+Av}$$

$$\forall Axxw 7a & 2, \beta. Ta kain oninga$$

$$= \chi(1+Av) + \beta(1-Av) = \frac{\beta}{1+Av}$$

$$(1-A)(1+Av) \qquad (1-Av)(1+Av)$$

$$= \frac{\alpha+\beta+Av(\alpha-\beta)}{(1-Av)(\Lambda+Av)} = \frac{1}{(1-Av)(\Lambda+Av)}$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{\alpha+\beta=1}{\alpha-\beta=0} \Rightarrow \alpha=\beta=\frac{1}{2}$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{1}{1-A^2v^2} = \frac{1}{2(1+Av)} + \frac{1}{2(1-Av)}$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{1}{1-A^2v^2} = \frac{1}{2(1+Av)} + \frac{1}{2(1-Av)}$$

$$= \frac{1}{2(Av+1)} - \frac{1}{2(Av-1)}.$$

$$Apa$$

$$\frac{1}{2} \int \frac{dv}{Av+1} - \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{dv}{Av-1} = g \int dt$$

$$(*) \frac{1}{2A} \log(Av+1) - \frac{1}{2A} \log(Av-1) = gt+c,$$

$$(*) \frac{1}{2A} \log(Av-1) = gt+c$$

Eixame Kaiver Tuv Mapadoxu

tou, alla erw VLt/ DU SM on V(0)=0 apa son t m1k00 0 0005 AV LC 1 0 201 0005 log (AV-1) Ser 00176 tai! TI OA KANQ; Itor Grau on THATA!! $\frac{1}{x} dx = \frac{\log x}{1}$

To space of two owers ton

EXW, av71 87a Thv (X), Thv

E3ns:

Pa | Av+11 - 1 (op | Av-11 = at+0

 $\frac{1}{2A}\log|AV+1| - \frac{1}{2A}\log|AV-1| = gt+C_{l}$

 $\Rightarrow \frac{1}{2A} \log \left| \frac{Av+1}{Av-1} \right| = gt + C_1.$

Tia t $\mu k \rho o$, Av+1>0 $a \chi a'$ Av-1<0, \Rightarrow

[AV+1] = AV+1 = 1+AV

AV-1 1-AV $\frac{1}{2A} \log \frac{1+AV}{1-AV} = gt + C_1.$ $\frac{1}{1-AV} = gt + C_1.$ $\frac{1}{1-AV} = gt + C_1.$ $\Rightarrow \log \frac{1+AV}{1-AV} = 2Agt + G_2$ $\Rightarrow \frac{1+AV}{1-AV} = 2Agt + G_2$ $= 2Agt + G_2$ $= e^{2gAt} e^{\frac{1}{2}}$

$$\frac{1 + Av}{1 - Av} = G_3 e^{2gAt} (**)$$

$$A_{ex} \quad \text{ovv} \quad \text{ov} \quad \text{on} \quad \text{kn} \quad \text{sier} \quad t = 0 \Rightarrow v = 0.$$

$$\text{a'oa} \quad (***) \quad \text{five zan}$$

$$1 = G_3 \cdot 1 \Rightarrow G_3 = 1.$$

$$2gAt$$

$$\Rightarrow \quad 1 + Av = e$$

$$1 - Av$$

$$2vnv \quad \text{ws} \quad \text{tipes} \quad v.$$

29At/.

$$1+Av = C (1-Av)$$

$$\Rightarrow Av(1+e^{2gAt}) = e^{2gAt} - |\Rightarrow$$

$$1+Av = C (1-Av)$$

$$\Rightarrow Av(1+e^{2gAt}) = e^{2gAt} - |\Rightarrow$$

$$V = V(t) = \frac{1}{A} \frac{e^{2gAt} - 1}{e^{2gAt} + 1}$$

$$t \ge 0$$

Exw V(0)=0, evkosa deixne $\frac{dV(t)>0}{}=)V(t)$ and For oa Kou Ettions V(t) -> 1/A, t->0. apa eivar o'trus un Jarspapisa. Ornama A = 1 mg $\frac{1}{A} = \sqrt{\frac{mq}{C}}$

Opikin Taxianza lim V(t) = Va = Ima t >0 Dynama ou na spanner autimen eixa opiku tax. Voo = mg/d Opikn Taxitne vois onuavritin (Depa Juns pará Tou). MIRPO Vas > Jun MEgajo Vos > Da'na zos.

Man 1 1/

Xwpis va Jow Siag, Estowon; Esta ou exa dedo ném moppn cevtitte ons. F(V) <0 ne V>0 TTX. F(v) = - CV F-(v)=- c/v/v $E(V) = -CV^3$ 205 Nomos =>

$$\frac{dV}{dt} = mg + F(V).$$

$$kadus t \rightarrow \infty, V(t) \rightarrow V_{\infty} = \sigma \tau al.$$

$$\Rightarrow \epsilon \tau \tau \tau ax. \frac{dv}{dt}(t) \rightarrow 0.$$

$$apa \sigma \tau o = op \rho o \tau i \sigma x v \in U.$$

$$\frac{dV}{dt} = 0 \Rightarrow mg + F(V) = 0.$$

$$\delta t = 0 \Rightarrow mg + F(V) = 0.$$

$$\delta t = V_{\infty}$$

$$\alpha c = 0$$

THE ANTERPIKHE ESIEDERE

$$mg + F(V_{\infty}) = 0$$
 $(***)$

Ti Siver stis smotes trepitations) $\frac{d'}{d'} = -cV.$ $\frac{d'}{d'} = mg - cV.$ $\frac{d'}{d'} = mg - cV.$ $\frac{d'}{d'} = mg - cV.$ $\frac{d'}{d'} = mg - cV.$

ma,

Va = "7/ 020000 B/ Terpasurion Avrioraon $= - \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{2}$ $(+ + +) \Rightarrow mg - GV_0 = 0$ EUBIKN Avrocaon 1-11-

$$= \sum_{mg} - CV_{\infty}^{3} = 0$$

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