

A Model-Based Methodology for Automated Verification of ROS 2 Systems

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⋮⋮ROS 2

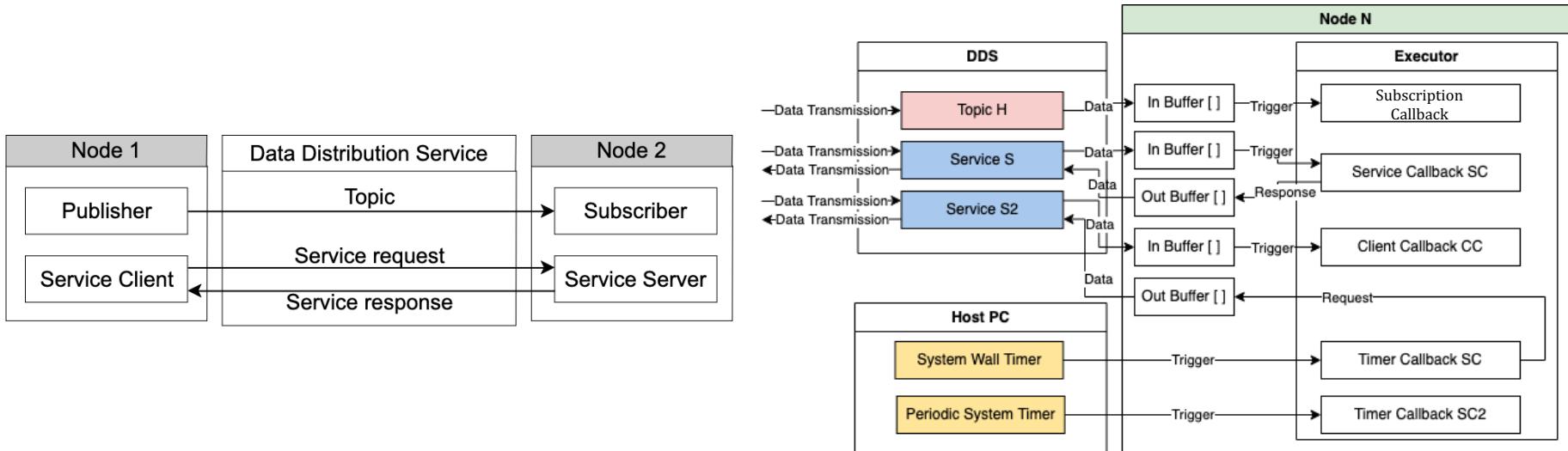


Robot Operating System (ROS)

- Open Source Middleware for fast prototyping and development of distributed (robotic) systems
- Often strict timing requirements
- Added Real-Time capabilities by adding Data Distribution System (DDS) to ROS 2
- ROS 2 is used in academia and industry and finds application in real world systems like warehouse logistics



ROS 2 Concept



- Especially in distributed systems, real-time capabilities are influenced by multiple system components, including communication, task scheduling and execution.

Formal Verification and UPPAAL

Verification in various forms is needed

Formal Methods provide mathematical and rigorous analysis during system design time

Model-Based Verification:

Exhaustive checking of the whole state space based on formal models

UPPAAL

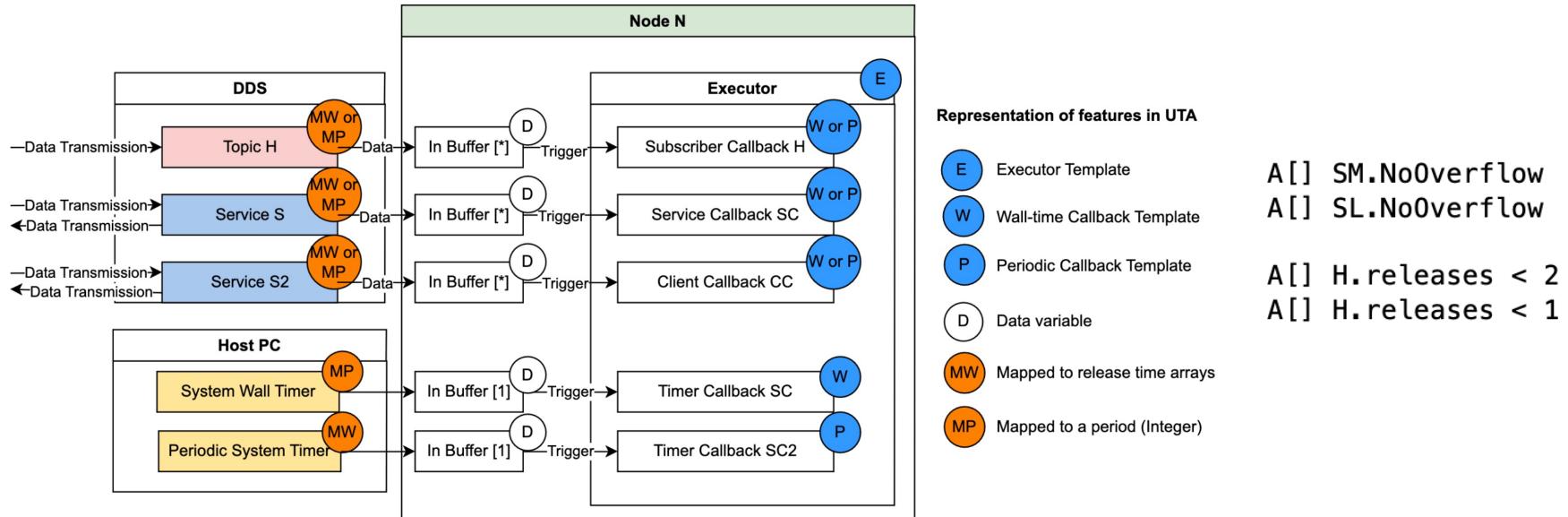
- State of the art tool supporting modeling, simulation and model checking for an extension of TA (UTA)
- UTA are modeled as templates that can be composed to a system

Drawback of Formal Modeling:

- complicated modeling process
 - steep learning curve for syntax, semantics and the formal modeling language
- Trial and Error Approaches are predominant in cyberphysical systems

Pattern-Based Verification of ROS 2

Pattern-Based Verification of Buffer Sizes and Callback Latency



Needed Parameters: System Design, Execution Times, Release Times, Buffer Sizes, Priority

Pattern-Based Verification of ROS 2

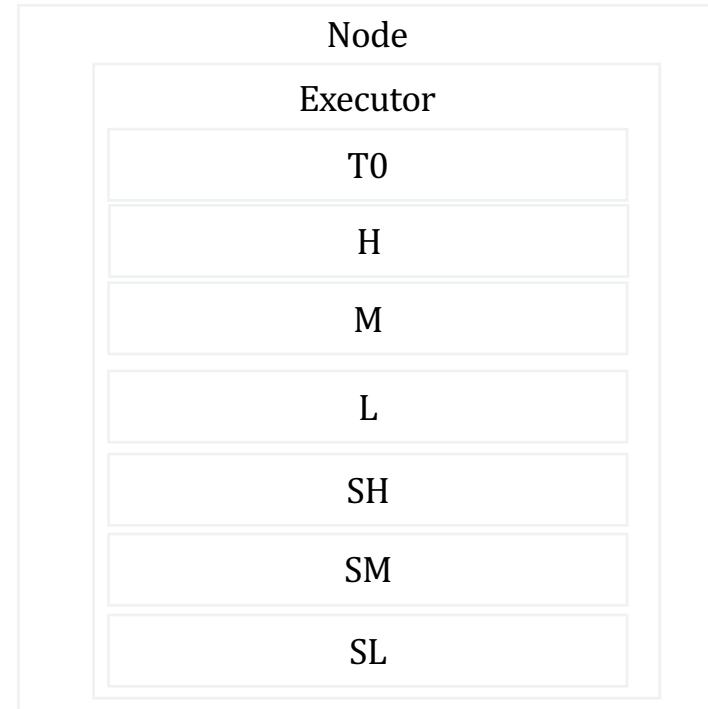
```
// Simulation Time
const int StopTime = 100;

// Release Times for WallTimeCallbacks
const int releasesH[MAXX]={0,32,63,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0};
const int releasesM[MAXX]={0,32,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0};
const int releasesL[MAXX]={0,32,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0};
const int releasesSH[MAXX]={0,45,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0};
const int releasesSM[MAXX]={0,45,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0};
const int releasesSL[MAXX]={0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0};

// Executors
ExecV1 = ExecutorV1(StopTime);
ExecV2 = ExecutorV2(StopTime);

// Callbacks
T0 = PeriodicCallback(0, 5, 13, TIMER, 0, 1);
H = WallTimeCallback(0, 5, 3, releasesH, SUBSCRIBER,10);
M = WallTimeCallback(1, 5, 2, releasesL, SUBSCRIBER,10);
L = WallTimeCallback(2, 5, 2, releasesM, SUBSCRIBER,10);
SH = WallTimeCallback(0, 5, 2, releasesSH, SERVICE,10);
SM = WallTimeCallback(1, 5, 2, releasesSM, SERVICE,10);
SL = WallTimeCallback(2, 5, 1, releasesSL, SERVICE,10);

// System Definition
system ExecV1 < H, M, L, SH, SM, SL, T0;
//system ExecV2 < H, M, L, SH, SM, SL, T0;
```



- [13] Lukas Dust, Rong Gu, Cristina Seceleanu, Mikael Ekström, and Saad Mubeen. 2023. Pattern-Based Verification of ROS 2 Nodes Using UPPAAL. In *International Conference on Formal Methods for Industrial Critical Systems*. Springer, 57–75.

Needed Parameters: Callback Types, Execution Times, Release Times, Buffer Sizes, Priority

Problem Formulation

System Design or
Implementation

Manual Parameter
Extraction

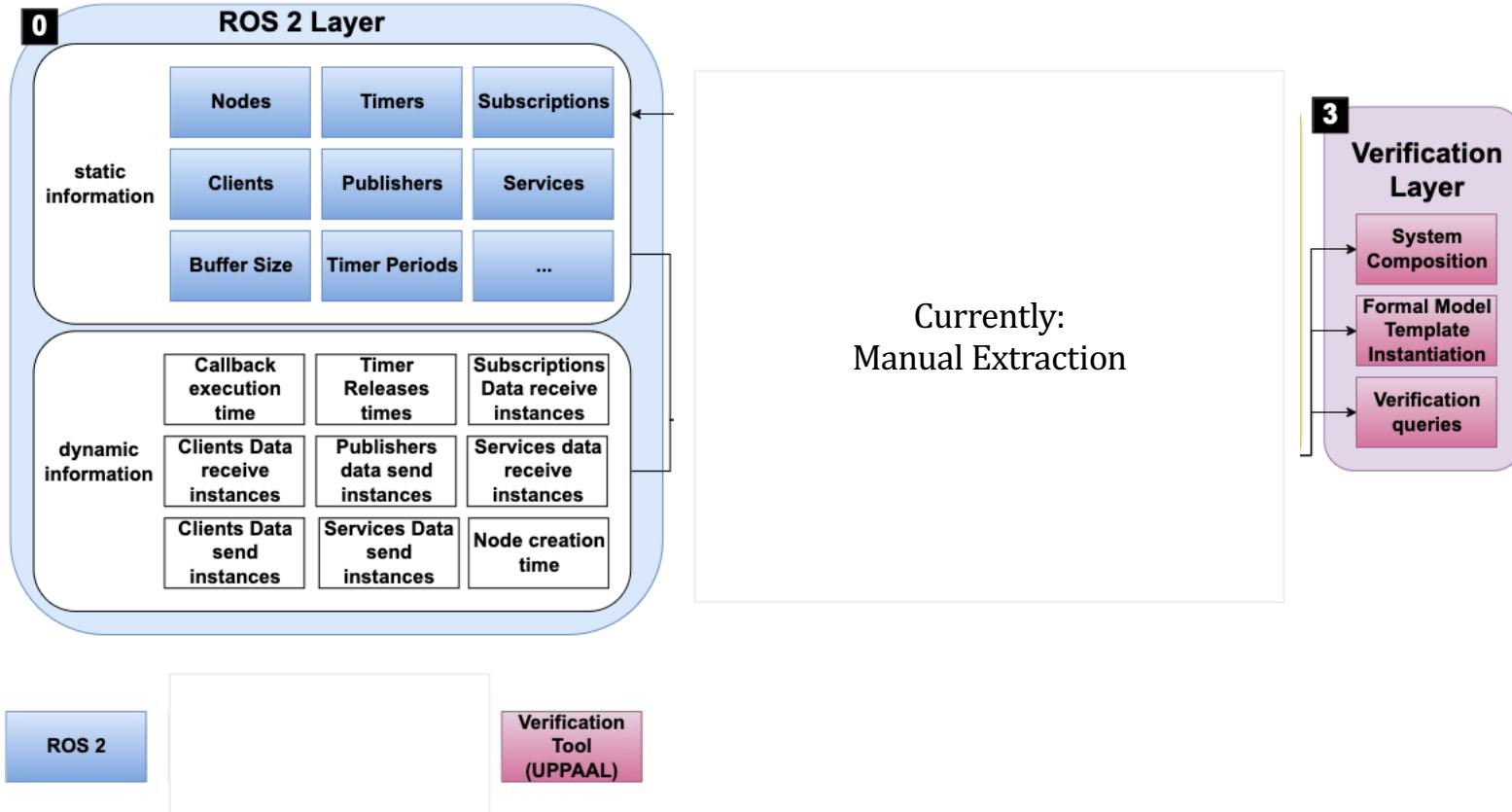
Formal Modeling
and Formal Model
Declaration

Formal Verification

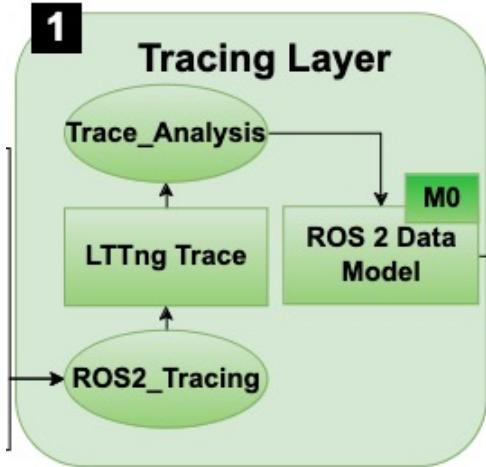


Goal: Application of Software Engineering Methods and Tools to achieve **automation and simplification**

Architectural Overview



Architectural Overview – Parameter extraction

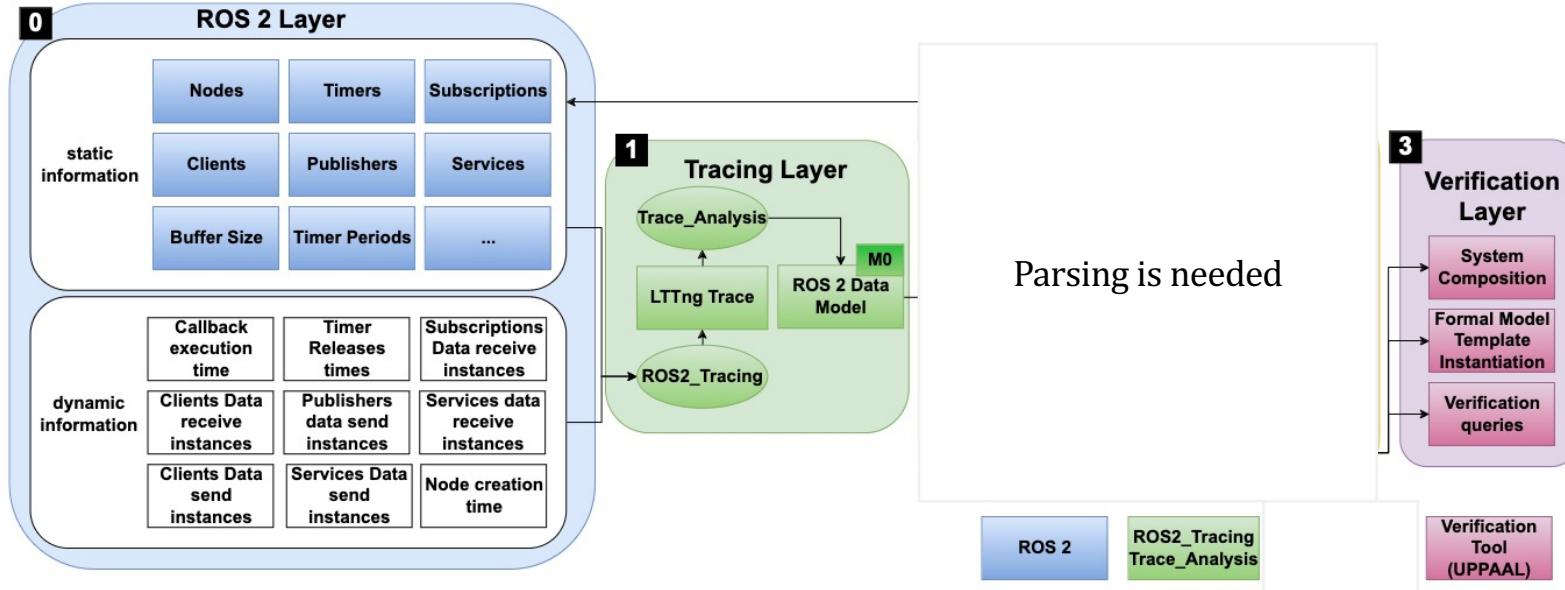


ROS 2 Tracing: Low-Overhead Framework for Real-Time Tracing of ROS 2

- Natively in ROS 2 distributions
- Based on LTTNG tracing with tracepoints in the ROS 2 source code
- Contains a ROS 2 Data Model in form of a python pandas table

- [6] Christophe Bédard, Ingo Lütkebohle, and Michel Dagenais. 2022. ros2_tracing: Multipurpose Low-Overhead Framework for Real-Time Tracing of ROS 2. *IEEE Robotics and Automation Letters* 7, 3 (2022), 6511–6518.

Architectural Overview



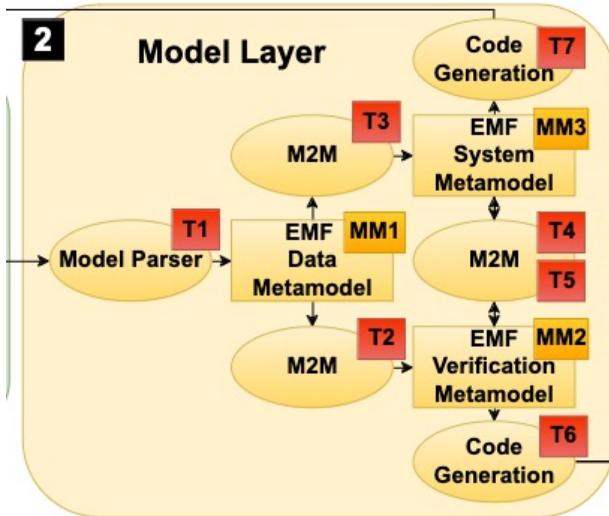
Architectural Overview – Modeling Layer

- Combination of Metamodels and Model Transformations in a modular approach
 - Adaptability and traceability, each metamodel focuses on specific parameters and visualization to improve understandability
 - Automated Transformations between the models
- Used Tools: Eclipse, EMF, QVT-O and Acceleo

[27] Dave Steinberg, Frank Budinsky, Ed Merks, and Marcelo Paternostro. 2008. *EMF: eclipse modeling framework*. Pearson Education.

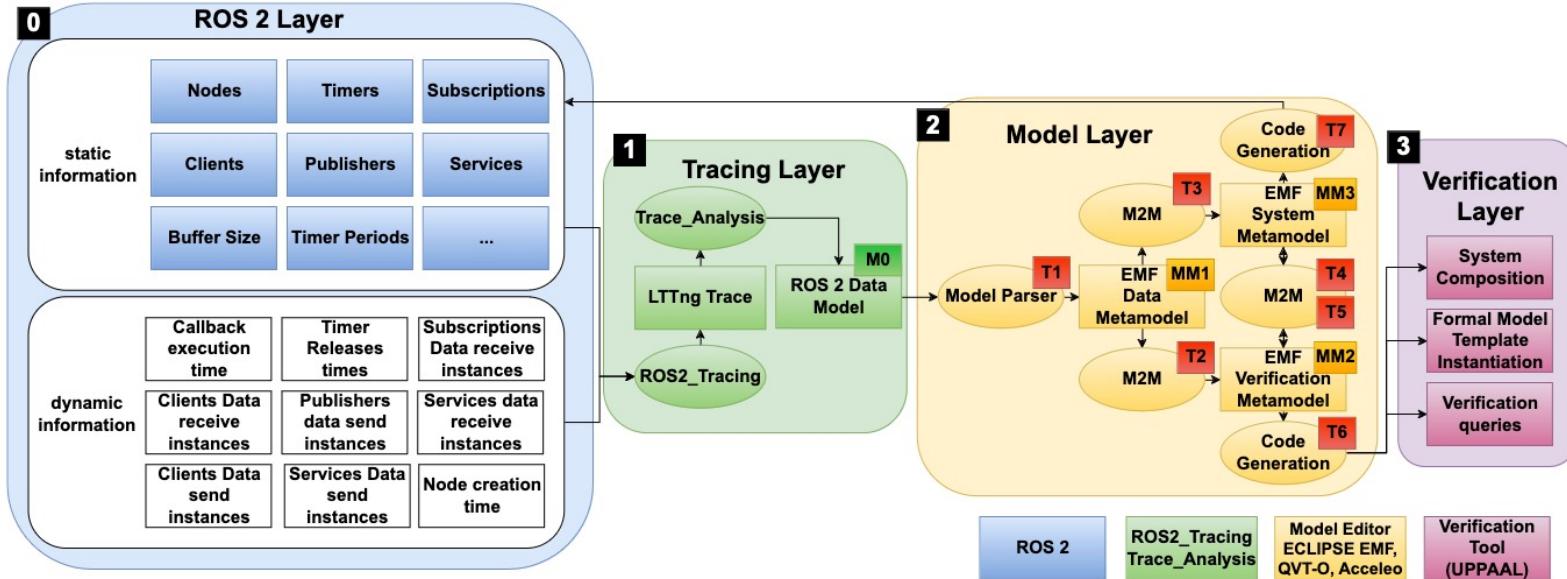
[1] 2011. Acceleo - Transforming Models into Code. [21] OMG. 2011. MOF 2.0 Query/View/Transformation Spec. V1.1.

Architectural Overview – Modeling Layer

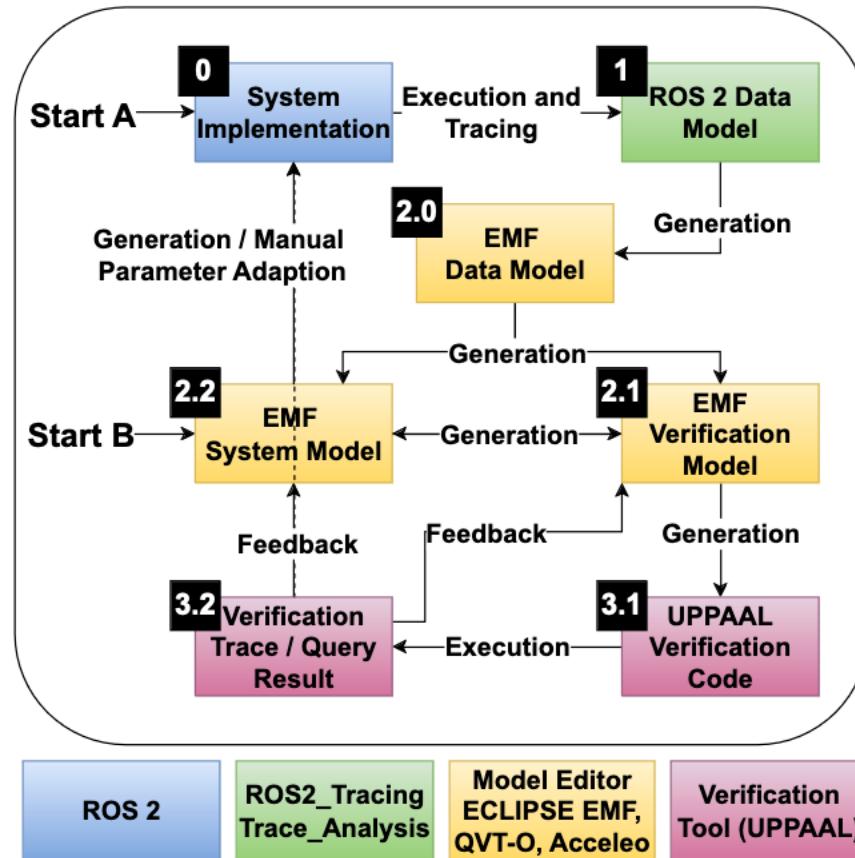


- MM1: Representation of the trace data for early analysis and simple parsing
- MM2: Verification Metamodel, abstraction of the needed parameters for verification
- MM3: System Metamodel, systems description and abstraction, hierarchical model to analyze and understand system design
 - An understandable system model for ROS 2 developers

Architectural Overview

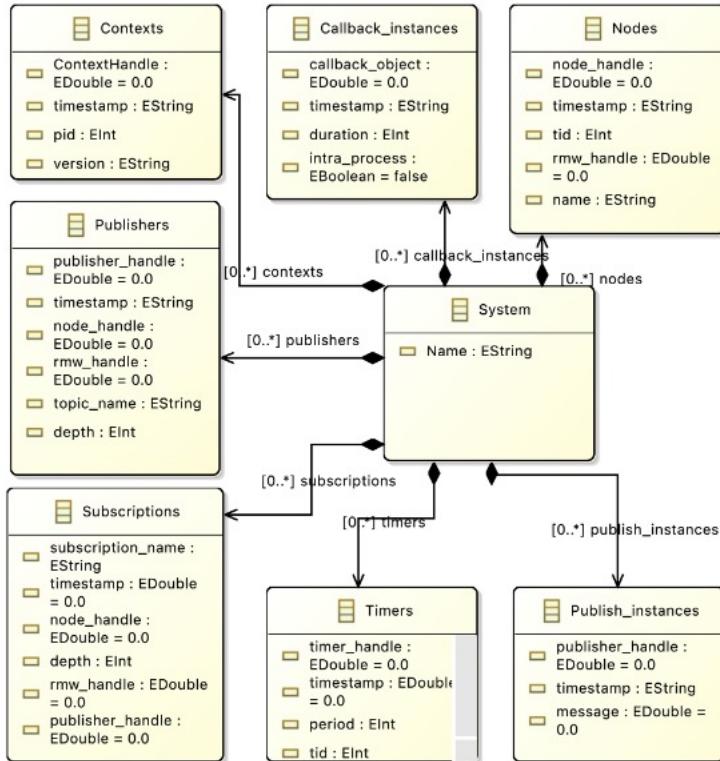


Workflow

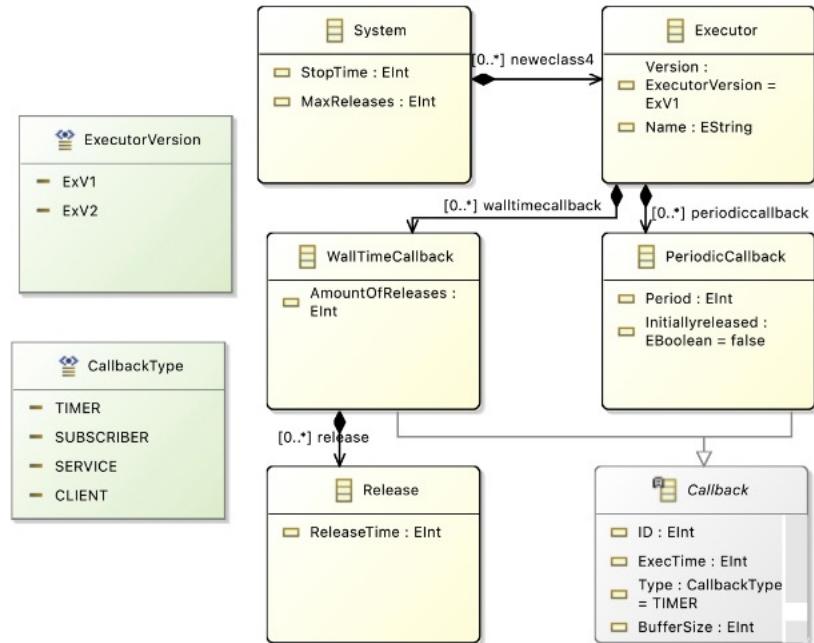


Proof of Concept

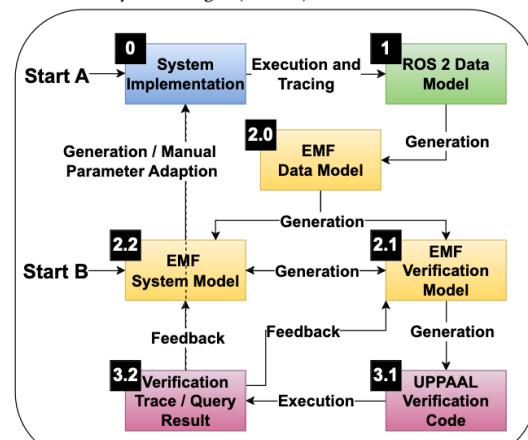
Data Metamodel



Verification Metamodel



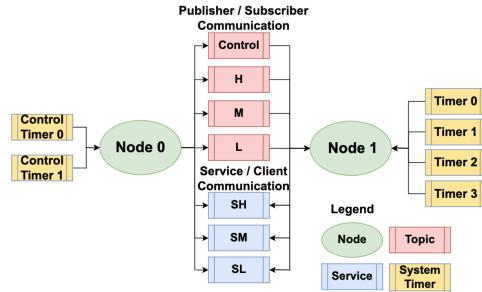
Proof of Concept



ROS 2 ROS2_Tracing
Trace_Analysis Model Editor
ECLIPSE EMF,
QVT-O, Acceleo Verification
Tool (UPPAAL)

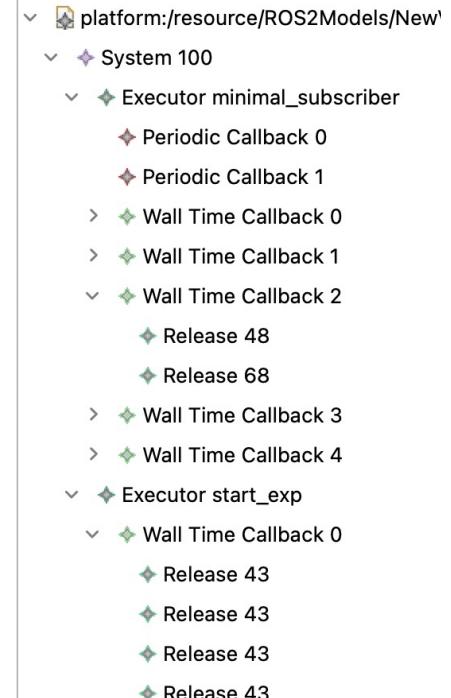
```
31
32     # Process
33     events = load_file(path)
34     handler = Ros2Handler.process(events)
35     #handler.data.print_data()
36
37     data_util = Ros2DataModelUtil(handler.data)
38
39     handler.data.print_xml('trace_generated.ros2datamodel.lmm')
40
```

Proof of Concept



```
c:\conversionresult
1 ======ROS 2 DATA MODEL=====
2 Contexts:
3 | | timestamp pid version
4 context_handle
5 94072746120384 1677502738930967157 1110802 2.3.0
6 94435366421696 1677502743279728904 1111072 2.3.0
7
8 Nodes:
9 | | timestamp tid rmw_handle name namespace
10 node_handle
11 94072746126048 1677502738934754734 1110802 94072746280896 minimal_subscriber /
12 94435366427344 1677502743282774818 1111072 94435366582272 start_exp /
13
14 Publishers (rmw):
15 Empty DataFrame
16 Columns: []
17 Index: []
18
19 Publishers (rcl):
20 | | timestamp node_handle rmw_handle topic_name depth
21 publisher_handle
22 140731408565080 1677502738934745454 94072746126048 94072746278384 /rosout 1000
23 94072746469072 16775027389371314087 94072746126048 940727465141696 /parameter_events 1000
24 944353668337522 1677502743282766315 94435366427344 94435366579760 /rosout 1000
25 94435366763072 1677502743285180770 94435366427344 94435366845312 /parameter_events 1000
26 94435366873392 1677502743286400928 94435366427344 94435366873712 /topic 10
27 94435366873616 1677502743286575820 94435366427344 94435366930912 /H 10
28 94435366953648 1677502743286736342 94435366427344 94435366930176 /M 10
29 94435366968160 1677502743286901099 94435366427344 94435366869568 /L 10
30
31 Subscriptions (rmw):
```

- ◆ Services /SH
- ◆ Services /SM
- ◆ Services /SL
- ◆ Services /start_exp/get_parameters
- ◆ Services /start_exp/get_parameter_types
- ◆ Services /start_exp/set_parameters
- ◆ Services /start_exp/set_parameters_atomically
- ◆ Services /start_exp/describe_parameters
- ◆ Services /start_exp/list_parameters
- ◆ Publishers /rosout
- ◆ Publishers /parameter_events
- ◆ Publishers /rosout
- ◆ Publishers /parameter_events
- ◆ Publishers /topic
- ◆ Publishers /H
- ◆ Publishers /M
- ◆ Publishers /L
- ◆ Nodes minimal_subscriber
- ◆ Nodes start_exp
- ◆ Contexts 9.4072746120384E13
- ◆ Contexts 9.4435366421696E13
- ◆ Clients /SH
- ◆ Clients /SM
- ◆ Clients /SL



Proof of Concept

platform:/resource/ROS2Models/New'

System 100

Executor minimal_subscriber

Periodic Callback 0

Periodic Callback 1

Wall Time Callback 0

Wall Time Callback 1

Wall Time Callback 2

Release 48

Release 68

Wall Time Callback 3

Wall Time Callback 4

Executor start_exp

Wall Time Callback 0

Release 43

Release 43

Release 43

Release 43

```
2 // Simulation Time
3 const int StopTime = 100;
4
5 // Take away comment to start verification of executor
6 /*
7 // Executor minimal_subscriber
8
9 // Release Times for WallTimeCallbacks
10 const int releasesSUBSCRIBER0[MAXX]={58,78,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0};
11 const int releasesSUBSCRIBER1[MAXX]={53,73,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0};
12 const int releasesSUBSCRIBER2[MAXX]={48,68,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0};
13 const int releasesSUBSCRIBER3[MAXX]={43,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0};
14 const int releasesSUBSCRIBER4[MAXX]={0,0,0,0,43,43,43,43,43,43};
15
16 // Executor
17 ExV1 = ExecutorExV1(StopTime);
18
19 // Callbacks
20 TIMER0 = PeriodicCallback(0,5,20,TIMER,0,1);
21 TIMER1 = PeriodicCallback(1,5,230,TIMER,0,1);
22 SUBSCRIBER0 = WallTimeCallback(0,5,2,releasesSUBSCRIBER0,SUBSCRIBER,10);
23 SUBSCRIBER1 = WalltimeCallback(1,5,2,releasesSUBSCRIBER1,SUBSCRIBER,10);
24 SUBSCRIBER2 = WallTimeCallback(2,5,2,releasesSUBSCRIBER2,SUBSCRIBER,10);
25 SUBSCRIBER3 = WallTimeCallback(3,5,1,releasesSUBSCRIBER3,SUBSCRIBER,10);
26 SUBSCRIBER4 = WallTimeCallback(4,5,10,releasesSUBSCRIBER4,SUBSCRIBER,1000);
27
28 // System Definition
29 system ExV1 < TIMER0,TIMER1,SUBSCRIBER0,SUBSCRIBER1,SUBSCRIBER2,SUBSCRIBER3,SUBSCRIBER4;
```

Contributions

1. A novel methodology for model-based verification of ROS 2 systems proposing a potential toolchain including UPPAAL, Eclipse and ROS 2 tracing
2. Inclusion of metamodels to capture system structure and support verification activities
3. Automated model-to-model transformations from generated ROS 2 execution traces to Ecore models and automated transformations of Ecore models to UPPAAL models
4. Demonstration of the main workflow in form of a proof of concept implementation covering partial aspects of the toolchain

Future Work

- Some more beneficial trace points can be added to ROS 2 tracing
- Implementation of the missing transformations from the prototype
 - Implementation of requirements management
 - ROS 2 code generation
- Formal proof of the models, further improvements to the verification
- Inclusion of additional verification properties

Questions



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