

INTEGER RESTORING DIVISION

EXP NO: 33

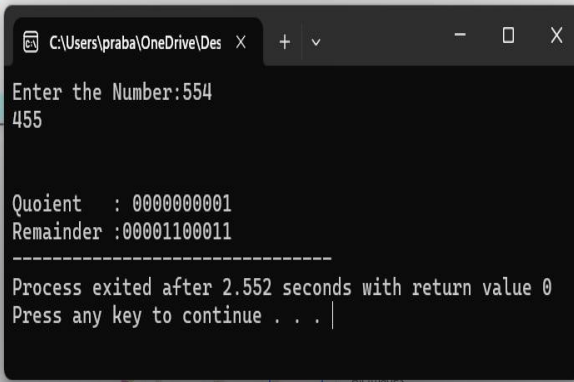
AIM: To write a C program to implement Integer Restoring Division.

ALGORITHM:

1. **Initialize** the dividend (D) and divisor (R).
2. Set up a register A (Accumulator) and initialize it to 0. This will store the remainder.
3. Shift the **dividend** D left by one position and shift its most significant bit into A (the remainder register).
4. **Subtract** the divisor R from A.
 - If the result is **non-negative**, set the least significant bit of the quotient to 1.
 - If the result is **negative**, restore A by adding the divisor R back and set the least significant bit of the quotient to 0.
5. Repeat steps 3 and 4 for each bit of the dividend (total number of iterations equals the number of bits in the dividend).
6. After all iterations, A contains the remainder, and the quotient register contains the quotient.
7. **Output** the quotient and the remainder.

PROGRAM/OUTPUT SS:

```
1  #include<stdlib.h>
2  #include<stdio.h>
3  int acum[100]={0};
4  void add(int acum[],int b[],int n);
5  int q[100],b[100];
6  int main(){
7      int x,y;
8      printf("Enter the Number:");
9      scanf("%d",&x,&y);
10     int i=0;
11     while(x>0||y>0){
12         if(x>0){
13             q[i]=x%2;
14             x=x/2;
15         }else{
16             q[i]=0;
17         }
18         if(y>0){
19             b[i]=y%2;
20             y=y/2;
21         }else{
22             b[i]=0;
23         }
24         i++;
25     }
26     int n=i;
27     int bc[50];
28     printf("\n");
29     for(i=0;i<n;i++){
30         if(b[i]==0){
31             bc[i]=1;
32         }else{
33             bc[i]=0;
34         }
35     }
36     bc[n]=1;
37     for(i=0;i<n;i++){
38         if(bc[i]==0){
39             bc[i]=1;
40             i=n+2;
41         }else{
42             bc[i]=0;
43         }
44     }
45     int l;
46     b[n]=0;
47     int k=n;
48     int n1=n+n-1;
49     int j,mi=n-1;
50     for(i=n;i!=0;i--){
51         for(j=n;j>0;j--){
52             acum[j]=acum[j-1];
53         }
54         acum[0]=q[n-1];
55         for(j=n-1;j>0;j--){
56             q[j]=q[j-1];
57             add(acum,bc,n+1);
58             if(acum[n]==1){
59                 q[0]=0;
60                 add(acum,b,n+1);
61             }else{
62                 q[0]=1;
63             }
64             printf("\nQuotient :");
65             for(l=n-1;l>=0;l--){
66                 printf("%d",q[l]);
67             }
68             printf("\nRemainder :");
69             for(l=n;l>=0;l--){
70                 printf("%d",acum[l]);
71             }
72         }
73         return 0;
74     }
75     void add(int acum[],int bo[],int n){
76         int i=0,temp=0,sum=0;
77         for(i=0;i<n;i++){
78             sum=0;
79             sum=acum[i]+bo[i]+temp;
80             if(sum==0){
81                 acum[i]=0;
82                 temp=0;
83             }
84             else if(sum==2){
85                 acum[i]=0;
86                 temp=1;
87             }
88             else if(sum==1){
89                 acum[i]=1;
90                 temp=0;
91             }
92             else if(sum==3){
93                 acum[i]=1;
94                 temp=1;
95             }
96         }
97     }
```



RESULT: Thus the given program has been executed successfully using DevC++.