

موضوع: DFT

$$D(R) = 1 \text{ و } R^{-1} = R^T$$

$$X(n) = \sum_{k=0}^{N-1} x(k) e^{-j \frac{2\pi}{N} kn}$$

$$R = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & \dots & 1 & e^{-j \frac{2\pi}{N}(N-1)} \\ 1 & e^{-j \frac{2\pi}{N}} & \dots & e^{-j \frac{2\pi}{N}(N-1)} & e^{-j \frac{2\pi}{N}(N-1)^2} \\ \vdots & \vdots & \ddots & \vdots & \vdots \\ 1 & e^{-j \frac{2\pi}{N}(N-1)} & \dots & e^{-j \frac{2\pi}{N}(N-1)^2} & e^{-j \frac{2\pi}{N}(N-1)^3} \end{bmatrix}$$

در هر کتبی از این ماتریس

$$R_{orth-normalized} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{N}} R$$

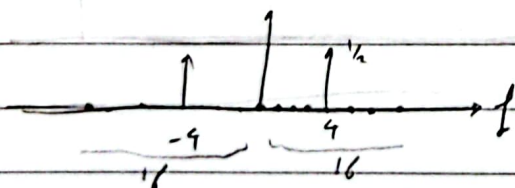
برای نرمالیزاسیون

$$D(R_{orth-normalized}) = 1$$

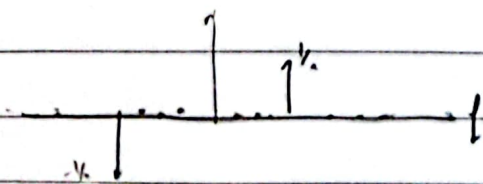
$$R^T = R^{-1}$$

$$a) \sum_{k=0}^{31} \cos\left(\frac{\pi}{4} k\right) e^{-j \frac{2\pi}{32} kn} \quad \cos\left(\frac{\pi}{4} n\right) = \cos\left(\frac{2\pi \cdot 4 n}{32}\right)$$

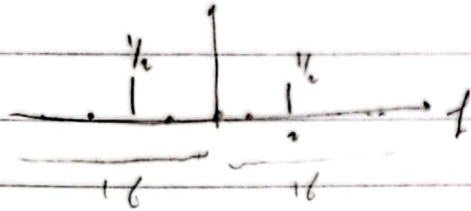
$$x(k) = \frac{1}{2} (\delta(k-4) + \delta(k+4))$$



$$b) \sin\left(\frac{\pi}{4} k\right) = \sin\left(\frac{2\pi \cdot 4 k}{32}\right) \quad x(k) = \frac{1}{2} (\delta(k-4) - \delta(k+4))$$



$$c) \cos\left(\frac{\pi}{8}n\right) = \cos\left(\frac{2\pi \cdot 2n}{32}\right) \rightarrow x[k] = \frac{1}{2} (\delta[k-2] + \delta[k-21])$$



$$d) \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^k u[n] \rightarrow X(e^{j\omega}) = \frac{1}{1 - \frac{1}{2}e^{-j\omega}} \rightarrow x[k] = \frac{1}{1 - \frac{1}{2}e^{-\frac{2\pi j k}{N}}}$$

$$g = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 1 & -1 & -1 \\ \sqrt{2} & -\sqrt{2} & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & \sqrt{2} & -\sqrt{2} \end{bmatrix} \rightarrow \text{Har}(g) = \tilde{A}$$

13.11

$$H_T = \frac{1}{2} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 1 & -1 & -1 \\ \sqrt{2} & -\sqrt{2} & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & \sqrt{2} & -\sqrt{2} \end{bmatrix} \quad H_T^{-1} = H_T^T = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & \sqrt{2} & 0 \\ 1 & 1 & -\sqrt{2} & 0 \\ 1 & -1 & 0 & \sqrt{2} \\ 1 & -1 & 0 & -\sqrt{2} \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\tilde{A} = H_T^T g = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 1 & -1 & -1 \\ \sqrt{2} & -\sqrt{2} & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & \sqrt{2} & -\sqrt{2} \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 1 & -1 & -1 \\ 1 & 1 & -1 & -1 \\ 1 & 1 & -1 & -1 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 2 & 2 & 2 & 2 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ -\sqrt{2} & \sqrt{2} & \sqrt{2} & -\sqrt{2} \\ \sqrt{2} & -\sqrt{2} & -\sqrt{2} & \sqrt{2} \end{bmatrix}$$

$$A_{rec} H^T \tilde{A} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & \sqrt{2} & 0 \\ 1 & 1 & -\sqrt{2} & 0 \\ 1 & -1 & 0 & \sqrt{2} \\ 1 & -1 & 0 & -\sqrt{2} \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 2 & 2 & 2 & 2 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ -\sqrt{2} & \sqrt{2} & \sqrt{2} & -\sqrt{2} \\ \sqrt{2} & -\sqrt{2} & -\sqrt{2} & \sqrt{2} \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 4 & 4 & 4 \\ 4 & 0 & 0 & 4 \\ 4 & 0 & 0 & 2 \\ 0 & 4 & 4 & 2 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\|A_{rec} g - g\|_2^2 = \|A_{rec} g - g\|_2^2 = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 3 & 3 & 4 \\ 3 & 0 & 0 & 3 \\ 3 & 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 3 & 3 & 2 \end{bmatrix} \Rightarrow \sigma = \sqrt{15} = 3.87$$