Identifiability of the Causal Effect of Infection on Death

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1 Task

The qualitative knowledge of causal relationships in the domain is represented by a causal model shown in Fig. 1. The treatment variable is Infection and the outcome variable is Death. We show that the causal effect do(Infection = infection) on Death, written as $P_{Infection}(Death)$, is identifiable from a distribution over the observed variables P(AHD, COPD, Death, Diabetes, HT, ICU, Infection).

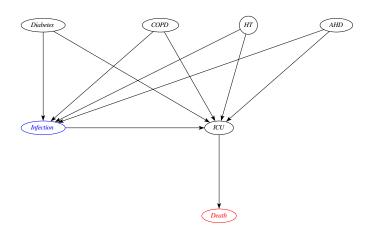


Figure 1: Causal Graph G. Infection is the treatment variable, and Death is the outcome variable.

2 Derivation

Theorem 1. The causal effect of Infection on Death is identifiable from P(AHD, COPD, Death, Diabetes, HT, ICU, Ir and is given by the formula

$$P_{Infection}\left(Death\right) = \sum_{AHD,COPD,Diabetes,HT} P\left(Death|Infection,AHD,COPD,Diabetes,HT\right) P\left(AHD,COPD,Diabetes,HT\right) P\left$$

Proof.

$$P_{Infection} (Death)$$

$$= \sum_{AHD,COPD,Diabetes,HT,ICU} P_{Infection} (AHD,COPD,Death,Diabetes,HT,ICU)$$

$$= \sum_{AHD,COPD,Diabetes,HT,ICU} P_{COPD,Death,Diabetes,HT,ICU,Infection} (AHD) P_{AHD,Death,Diabetes,HT,ICU,Infection}$$

$$(3)$$

Eq. (2) follows from summing over $\{AHD, COPD, Diabetes, HT, ICU\}$ and Eq. (3) from C-component factorization.

Task 1: Compute $P_{COPD,Death,Diabetes,HT,ICU,Infection}$ (AHD)

$$P_{COPD,Death,Diabetes,HT,ICU,Infection}(AHD)$$

$$= P(AHD)$$
(5)

Eq. (5) follows from the third rule of do-calculus with the independence (COPD, Death, Diabetes, HT, ICU, Infection \perp (refer to Fig. 2).

Task 2: Compute $P_{AHD,Death,Diabetes,HT,ICU,Infection}$ (COPD)

$$P_{AHD,Death,Diabetes,HT,ICU,Infection} (COPD)$$

$$= P(COPD)$$
(6)

Eq. (7) follows from the third rule of do-calculus with the independence (AHD, Death, Diabetes, HT, ICU, Infection $\perp C$ (refer to Fig. 2).

Task 3: Compute $P_{AHD,COPD,Death,HT,ICU,Infection}$ (Diabetes)

$$P_{AHD,COPD,Death,HT,ICU,Infection} (Diabetes)$$

$$= P(Diabetes)$$
(8)

Eq. (9) follows from the third rule of do-calculus with the independence (AHD, COPD, Death, HT, ICU, In fection \perp Di (refer to Fig. 2).

Task 4: Compute $P_{AHD,COPD,Death,Diabetes,ICU,Infection}(HT)$

$$P_{AHD,COPD,Death,Diabetes,ICU,Infection}(HT)$$
 (10)
= $P(HT)$ (11)

Eq. (11) follows from the third rule of do-calculus with the independence (AHD, COPD, Death, Diabetes, ICU, Infection (refer to Fig. 2).

Task 5: Compute $P_{AHD,COPD,Death,Diabetes,HT,Infection}$ (ICU)

$$P_{AHD,COPD,Death,Diabetes,HT,Infection} (ICU)$$

$$= P_{AHD,COPD,Diabetes,HT,Infection} (ICU)$$

$$= P(ICU|AHD,COPD,Diabetes,HT,Infection)$$
(13)

Eq. (13) follows from the third rule of do-calculus with the independence ($Death \perp ICU|AHD, COPD, Diabetes, HT, Inj$ (refer to Fig. 3). Eq. (14) follows from the second rule of do-calculus with the independence (AHD, COPD, Diabetes, HT, (refer to Fig. 4).

Task 6: Compute $P_{AHD,COPD,Diabetes,HT,ICU,Infection}$ (Death)

$$P_{AHD,COPD,Diabetes,HT,ICU,Infection} (Death)$$

$$= P(Death|AHD,COPD,Diabetes,HT,ICU,Infection)$$
(15)

Eq. (16) follows from the second rule of do-calculus with the independence (AHD, COPD, Diabetes, HT, ICU, Infection (refer to Fig. 2).

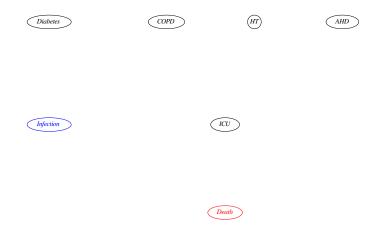
Substituting Eq. (5), Eq. (7), Eq. (9), Eq. (11), Eq. (14), and Eq. (16) back into Eq. (3), we

$$P_{Infection}\left(Death\right) = \sum_{AHD,COPD,Diabetes,HT} P\left(Death|Infection,AHD,COPD,Diabetes,HT\right) P\left(AHD,COPD,Diabetes,HT\right) P\left$$

(17)

3 Figures

The subgraphs used in the derivation of the causal effect of Infection on Death are as follows:



 $\mbox{Figure 2: Causal Graph $G_{\overline{COPD},Death,Diabetes,HT,ICU,Infection}$, $G_{\overline{AHD},Death,Diabetes,HT,ICU,Infection}$, $G_{\overline{AHD},COPD,Death,H}$ and $G_{\overline{COPD},Death,Diabetes,HT,ICU,Infection}$, $G_{\overline{AHD},COPD,Death,H}$ and $G_{\overline{COPD},Death,Diabetes,HT,ICU,Infection}$, $G_{\overline{COPD},Death,Diabetes,H$

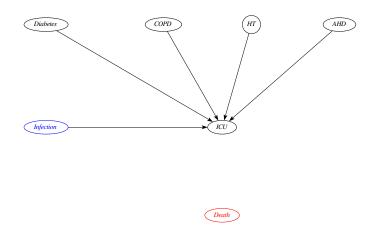


Figure 3: Causal Graph $G_{\overline{AHD,COPD,Death,Diabetes,HT,Infection}}.$

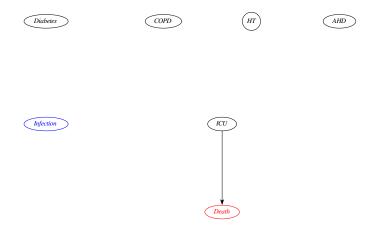


Figure 4: Causal Graph $G_{\underline{AHD,COPD,Diabetes,HT,Infection}}.$