

# Shivraj PABSON

## First Terminal Examination 2081

Time: 3hrs

F:M=75

Class:- 9

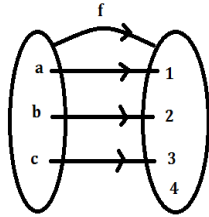
Sub:- O.P.T - Maths

P:M=

Attempts all the questions:

### Group A [5x2=10]

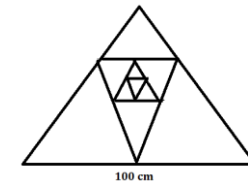
1. a) Define ordered pair with an example .  
b) If  $(x+2,4)=(6,4)$  what is the value of  $x$  ?
- 2.a) If  $A \times B = \{(a,1), (a,2), (b,1), (b,2)\}$  list out the element of set A.  
b) Define function .
- 3.a) From the given figure , find the co-domain of the function  $f$ .



- b) Find the figure degree of the polynomial  $9x^5 - 4x^3 + 3x^2 - 7x + 15$
  - 4.a) Define sequence with an example .  
b) Find the next term of the sequence  $x, -x^2, x^3, -x^4, \dots$
  - 5.a) Find the limit of the sequence  $0.2, 0.02, 0.002, 0.0002, \dots$   
b) Find the 8th term of the sequence  $1.9, 1.99, 1.999, \dots$
- Group B (4x4=16)
- 6.a) for what values of  $p$  and  $q$  ,  $(2p-7, 4q-8)$  and  $(p+8, 2q+4)$  are equal to each other.  
b) If  $A = \{1, 2, 3\}$  and  $B = \{a, b, c\}$  find  $A \times B$  .
  - 7.a) If the function  $f(x) = 8x-9$  and domain  $D = \{4, 5\}$  , Find its range .  
b) If  $f(x) = 2x^3 - 7$  find the value of  $f(-2)$  .
  - 8.a) If  $p(x) = (a-2)x^2 + (b+1)x + (c+2)$  ,  $q(x) = 5x^2 + 6x + 8$  and  $p(x) = q(x)$  Find the values of  $a$  and  $b$  .  
b) If  $p(x) = 3x^3 + 2x^2 - 5$  and  $q(x) = 2x^3 - 3x^2 + 7x + 7$  , find the sum of  $p(x)$  and  $q(x)$  .
  - 9.a) If  $f(x) = 2x^3 - 4x + 5$  and  $g(x) = 2x^2 - 2x + 3$  Find the product of  $f(x)$  and  $g(x)$  .  
b) Find the 15 term of the sequence  $3, 6, 9, 12, \dots$

Group c  $11 \times 3 = 33$

10. If  $A = \{p, q\}$  and  $B = \{2, 4, 6\}$  find  $A \times B$  and  $B \times A$  by mapping diagram.
11. If  $P = \{x: 6 \leq x \leq 8\}$  and  $Q = \{x: 2 < x \leq 4\}$  Find  $P \cap Q$ .
12. Write the difference between relation and function.
13. If  $f(x) = 2x^2 - 4x + 5$  find the value of  $f(7) + f(9)$  .
14. If  $f(x) = 2x-5$  show that  $\frac{f(x+h)-f(x)}{h} = 2$
15. if  $P(x) = 11x^2 - 5x + 7$  ,  $q(x) = 13x^2 + 5x - 9$  and  $r(x) = 3x^2 - 6x + 1$  then find  $p(x) + q(x) - r(x)$  .
16. Find the quotient and remainder of the following condition  $p(x) \div q(x)$  where  $p(x) = 8x^3 + 2x^2 - 6x + 5$  and  $q(x) = x - 2$
17. A sequence of number is given as  $6, 11, 18, 38, \dots$  find ,  
i)  $n$ th term  
ii) next two terms  
iii) value of 11th terms
18. Find the sum of  $\sum_{n=2}^9 (2n^2 - n + 5)$
19. if the function  $f(x) = \frac{x^2-4}{x-2}$   
i) Find the values of  $f(x)$  at  $x=1.9, 1.09, 1.009$   
ii) Find the values of  $f(x)$  at  $x=2.01, 2.0011$   
iii) What is the limit value of the function  $f(x)$  .
20. Each side of an equilateral triangle is 100cm . A second equilateral triangle is inscribed by joining the mid -points of the sides successively. This process is continued infinitely many times.



- a) Find the length of 3rd sides .
- b) What is the limit of area of triangle ?

- c) What is the limit of perimeter of triangle ?

Group D  $4 \times 4 = 16$

21. If  $f(x) = 2x+3$ ;  $R = \{5, 7, 9\}$  Find its domain and represent the function in  
a) Tabular form b) Mapping diagram
22. If  $f(x+2) = f(x) + f(2)$  then prove that :  $f(0) = 0$  and  $f(-2) = -f(2)$
23. if  $f(x) = ax+b$ ,  $f(-3) = -4$  and  $f(3) = 2$  , find the values of  $a$  and  $b$ .
24. If  $f(x) = \frac{2}{5} - \frac{1}{2}x + \frac{8}{9}x^2 - \frac{4}{5}x^3$  ,  $g(x) = \frac{1}{3}x^3 - \frac{1}{3}x^2 + \frac{3}{4}x - \frac{8}{5}$  and  $h(x) = \frac{5}{9}x^2 + \frac{1}{4}x - \frac{6}{5} - \frac{7}{15}x^3$  then prove that  $f(x) + g(x) - h(x)$  is zero polynomial .

The End