# RecursionAnalysis

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# Setup

R Version for citation is: R.version.string.

### Loading data

```
#original data
full.data <- read.csv('data/recursion_full.csv', na.strings=c(""," ","NA", "NA"))

Reasons for exclusion and their numbers

full.data %>%
    dplyr::filter(ExclusionGroup != "include") %>%
    dplyr::distinct(LadlabID, .keep_all = TRUE) %>%
    dplyr::group_by(ExclusionGroup) %>%
    dplyr::summarize(countN = dplyr::n_distinct(LadlabID)) %>%
    kable()
```

## Warning: package 'bindrcpp' was built under R version 3.4.4

ExclusionGroup	countN
age	5
dnf infinity	4
$\operatorname{dnf}$ WCN	6
experimenter error	3
L1 not english	4
parent interference	1
pilot order	3

RMS original code for checking who failed practice - do not need to run. EVAL set to FALSE

# check how many failed both practice trials

(TaskItem == 1 | TaskItem == 5))%>%

x <- full.data %>%

filter(Task == "WCN" &

```
group_by(LadlabID)%>%
  summarise(sum = sum(Accuracy))%>%
 filter(sum != 2)
#just hardcoding kids because it's easier than going back to the full data frame
#These kids got 1 right, 5 wrong:
one.corr <- as.vector(c("012316-B0", "022616-JM", "030216-ED",
                         "030817-ZI", "031516-A", "032216-JH",
                         "032216-RC", "040317-AL", "040317-SL",
                         "041316-AR", "041316-NC", "041316-VN",
                         "062416-MC"))
five.corr <- as.vector("050617-Z1")
zero.corr <- as.vector(c("030216-AD", "040616-K"))
Exclude those who failed the practice trials on What Comes Next Task
#final decision: remove kids who fail 1 trial out of 2 trials, with no additional information about whe
# added 022516-ML on 2018-09-03 to the exclusion list. kid had NA data for wcn practice trials and 0 co
full.data %<>%
  mutate(ExclusionGroup = ifelse(LadlabID == "022616-JM" | LadlabID == "030216-AD" |
                                    LadlabID == "031516-A" | LadlabID == "041316-AR"|
                                    LadlabID == "041316-VN" | LadlabID == "032216-RC"|
                                    LadlabID == "012316-B0" | LadlabID == "041316-NC" |
                                    LadlabID == "022516-ML", "fail wcn", levels(ExclusionGroup) [Exclusion
         ExclusionGroup = as.factor(ExclusionGroup))
# check. good
# full.data %>%
  filter(LadlabID == "022616-JM")
Let's remove anyone who should not be included in the final dataset.
full.data %<>%
 dplyr::filter(ExclusionGroup == "include")
Now, add in the Productivity classification, IHC, and FHC from PC, JC, and RMS coding
Question from RMS: is FHC capped at 100 as well? Yes, capping it at 100 for now - PC. Junyi - thoughts?
#productivity, fhc, ihc coding from pc, jc, and rms
hc.data <- read.csv('data/HC-datawide-forcoding - hc.datawide.csv') %>%
 dplyr::select(LadlabID, prod_tomerge, ihc_tomerge, fhc_tomerge, dce)
full.data <- dplyr::left_join(full.data, hc.data, by = "LadlabID")</pre>
## Warning: Column `LadlabID` joining factors with different levels, coercing
## to character vector
```

Number of kids by age group and average age

```
full.data %>%
  dplyr::group_by(AgeGroup) %>%
  dplyr::summarize(sumAge = n_distinct(LadlabID)) %>%
  kable()
```

AgeGroup	sumAge
4-4.5y	32
4.5-5y	29
5 - 5.5y	32
5.5-6y	29

$\min Age$	$\max Age$	$\operatorname{meanAge}$	$\operatorname{sdAge}$
4	5.99	4.998115	0.5713336

Number of kids who were classified as decade productive & nonproductive

Productivity	n	meanage	$\operatorname{sdage}$	minage	maxage
Nonproductive	43	4.598837	0.4192125	4.00	5.61
Productive	79	5.215443	0.5253760	4.05	5.99

Just for reference, this is the number of kids who switched classifications from PC, JC, RMS recode

```
full.data %>%
  dplyr::filter(TaskType == "productivity") %>%
  droplevels()%>%
  dplyr::distinct(LadlabID, Response, Productivity) %>%
  dplyr::mutate(Response = factor(Response, levels = c("nonprod", "prod"),
                                   labels = c("Nonproductive", "Productive")))%>%
  dplyr::mutate(changed_classification = ifelse((is.na(Response) & Productivity == "Nonproductive"),
                                                  "NA_toNonprod",
                                                  ifelse((is.na(Response) & Productivity == "Productive")
                                                         "NA_toProd",
                                                         ifelse((Response == "Nonproductive" & Productivi
                                                                 "Nonprod_toProd",
                                                                ifelse((Response == "Productive" & Productive" & Productive
                                                                        "Prod_toNonprod", "no_change")))))
  dplyr::group_by(changed_classification)%>%
  dplyr::summarise(n =n())
## # A tibble: 4 x 2
     changed_classification
                                 n
##
     <chr>
                             <int>
## 1 NA_toNonprod
## 2 NA_toProd
                                 7
## 3 no_change
                                85
## 4 Nonprod_toProd
                                 1
```

# **Highest Count Descriptives**

Average of IHC, DCE, and FHC for all kids

mean_IHC	sd_IHC	min_IHC	max_IHC	median_IHC
50.41803	33.80568	5	100	39.5

mean_DCE	sd_DCE	min_DCE	max_DCE	median_DCE
43.80769	17.54438	19	99	44

mean_FHC	$\operatorname{sd}_{\operatorname{-FHC}}$	min_FHC	$\max_{}$ FHC	median_FHC
71.55738	34.64532	5	100	99

Similar data by decade productivity

Productivity	mean_IHC	sd_IHC	min_IHC	max_IHC	median_IHC
Nonproductive	23.76744	15.20156	5	77	18
Productive	64.92405	32.30693	12	100	59

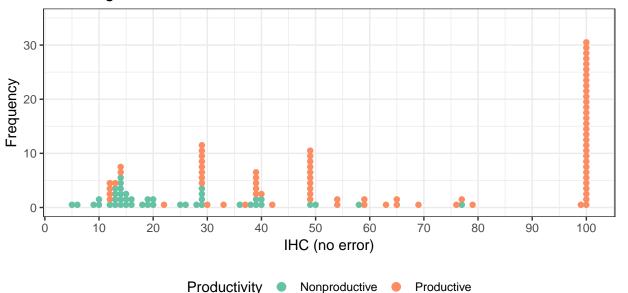
Productivity	mean_DCE	$sd\_DCE$	min_DCE	max_DCE	median_DCE
Nonproductive	29.62500	8.539126	19	49	29
Productive	50.11111	16.865481	19	99	49

```
full.data %>%
  dplyr::distinct(LadlabID, Productivity, FHC)%>%
  dplyr::group_by(Productivity)%>%
```

Productivity	mean_FHC	sd_FHC	min_FHC	max_FHC	median_FHC
Nonproductive		14.46438	5	77	29
Productive		14.74922	38	100	100

Plotting distribution of IHC, as a function of productivity (~ junyi's graph)

### **Initial Highest Count**



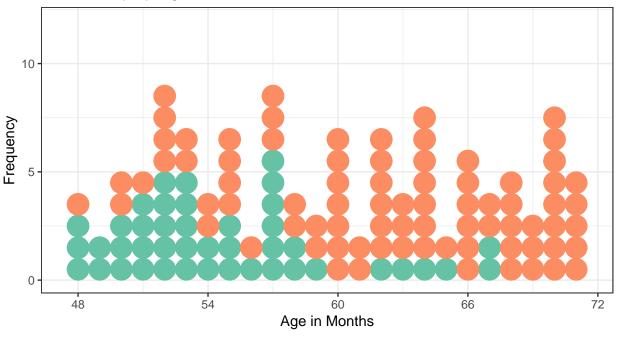
```
ggsave('graphs/ihc-by-prod.png')
```

## Saving  $6.5 \times 4.5$  in image

#### # hist(unique.hc.data\$IHC)

Plotting productivity as a function of age in months

### Productivity by Age



ggsave('graphs/prod-by-age.png')

```
## Saving 6.5 \times 4.5 in image
```

Distance between IHC and FHC

Restruture data to plot distance between IHC, DCE, and FHC

Productivity

```
hc.dev.data <- full.data %>%

dplyr::select(LadlabID, Age, Productivity, IHC, DCE, FHC) %>%
```

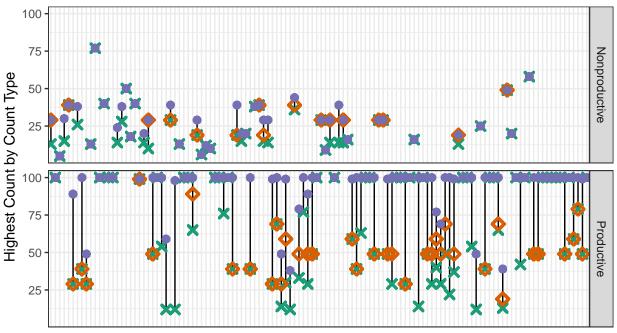
Nonproductive

Productive

```
gather(hcprogression, hc, IHC:FHC)%>%
  mutate(hcprogression = factor(hcprogression, levels = c("IHC", "DCE", "FHC"))) %>%
  rename(`Highest Count Coding` = hcprogression)
#all kids together
ggplot(hc.dev.data, aes(x = LadlabID, y = hc)) +
  facet_grid(rows = vars(Productivity)) +
  geom line(data=hc.dev.data[!is.na(hc.dev.data$hc),]) +
  geom_point(aes(shape = `Highest Count Coding`, colour = `Highest Count Coding`),
             size = 2, stroke = 1.5) +
  scale_color_brewer(palette="Dark2") +
  scale_shape_manual(values = c(4,5,20)) +
  labs(title="Highest Count Progression by Decade Productivity",
       x = "Each line = individual kids",
      y="Highest Count by Count Type") +
  theme_bw() +
  theme(legend.position="bottom",
        axis.text.x = element_text(angle = 270, hjust = 1)) +
  theme(axis.text.x=element_blank(),
        axis.ticks.x=element_blank())
```

## Warning: Removed 3010 rows containing missing values (geom\_point).

## Highest Count Progression by Decade Productivity



Each line = individual kids

Highest Count Coding X IHC ♦ DCE • FHC

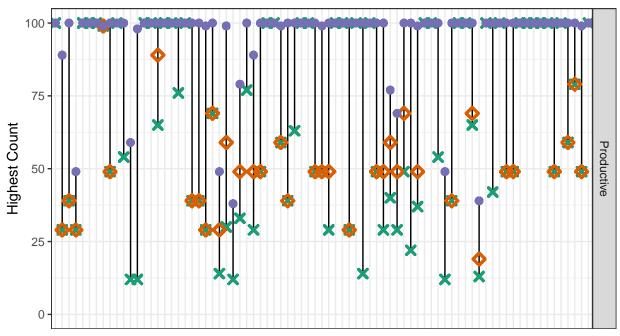
```
hc.dev.prod <- subset(hc.dev.data, Productivity == "Productive")
hc.dev.nonprod <- subset(hc.dev.data, Productivity == "Nonproductive")</pre>
```

Separate graphs for productivity groups (for easier viewing)

```
#productive
ggplot(hc.dev.prod, aes(x = LadlabID, y = hc)) +
  facet_grid(rows = vars(Productivity)) +
  geom_line(data=hc.dev.prod[!is.na(hc.dev.prod$hc),]) +
  geom_point(aes(shape = `Highest Count Coding`, colour = `Highest Count Coding`),
             size = 2, stroke = 1.5) +
  scale_color_brewer(palette="Dark2") +
  scale_shape_manual(values = c(4,5,20)) +
  ylim(0, 100) +
  labs(title="A. Distance, Productive Decade Counters",
      x = "Each line = individual kids",
      y="Highest Count") +
  theme_bw() +
  theme(legend.position="bottom",
        axis.text.x = element_text(angle = 270, hjust = 1)) +
  theme(axis.text.x=element_blank(),
        axis.ticks.x=element_blank())
```

## Warning: Removed 1849 rows containing missing values (geom\_point).

### A. Distance, Productive Decade Counters



Each line = individual kids

Highest Count Coding X IHC ♦ DCE • FHC

```
ggsave('graphs/distance-prod.png')

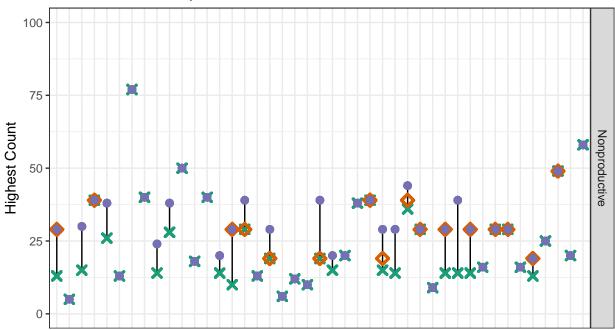
## Saving 6.5 x 4.5 in image

## Warning: Removed 1849 rows containing missing values (geom_point).

#nonproductive
ggplot(hc.dev.nonprod, aes(x = LadlabID, y = hc)) +
  facet_grid(rows = vars(Productivity)) +
```

## Warning: Removed 1161 rows containing missing values (geom\_point).

### B. Distance, Non-productive Decade Counters



Each line = individual kids

```
Highest Count Coding X IHC ♦ DCE • FHC
```

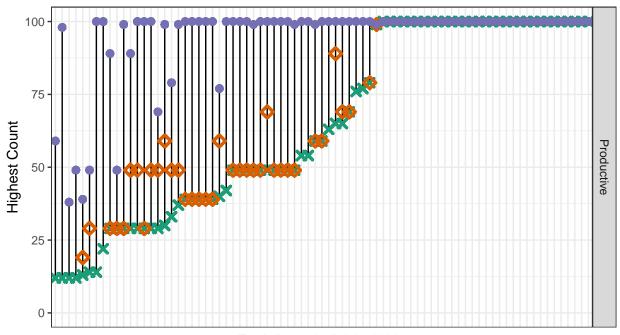
```
## Saving 6.5 x 4.5 in image
## Warning: Removed 1161 rows containing missing values (geom_point).

Separate graphs for productivity groups, sorted by ascending IHC

#productive
ggplot(hc.dev.prod, aes(x = reorder(LadlabID, hc, FUN=min), y = hc)) +
facet_grid(rows = vars(Productivity)) +
geom_line(data=hc.dev.prod[!is.na(hc.dev.prod$hc),]) +
```

## Warning: Removed 1849 rows containing missing values (geom\_point).

#### A. Distance, Productive Decade Counters

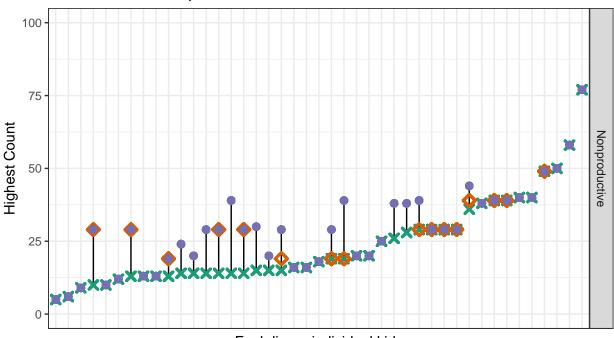


Each line = individual kids

Highest Count Coding X IHC ♦ DCE • FHC

## Warning: Removed 1161 rows containing missing values (geom\_point).

### B. Distance, Non-productive Decade Counters



Each line = individual kids

Highest Count Coding X IHC ♦ DCE • FHC

```
ggsave('graphs/distance-nonprod-sorted.png')
```

```
## Saving 6.5 x 4.5 in image
```

## Warning: Removed 1161 rows containing missing values (geom\_point).

Number of kids who counted to 99+ spontaneously on IHC plus those whose FHC = 99+ without prompting

```
# full.data %>%
# filter(IHC > 98) %>%
# distinct(LadlabID, IHC, FHC, HCReceivedSupport) %>%
# count() #n=32
# but some kids made errors past IHC but < 3 so need to account for that

full.data %>%
filter(FHC > 98 & (is.na(HCReceivedSupport) | HCReceivedSupport != 1)) %>%
```

```
distinct(LadlabID, IHC, FHC, HCReceivedSupport) %>%
  count() #n = 42
## # A tibble: 1 x 1
##
        n
##
     <int>
## 1
        42
Average number of decade prompts provided. Productive counters first
full.data %>%
  filter(TaskItem == "times") %>%
  filter(Productivity == "Productive") %>%
  distinct(LadlabID, HCReceivedSupport, TaskItem, Response) %>%
  mutate(Response = as.numeric(levels(Response)[Response])) %>%
  group_by(HCReceivedSupport) %>%
  summarize(mean = mean(Response, na.rm=TRUE),
            sd = sd(Response, na.rm=TRUE),
            min = min(Response, na.rm=TRUE),
            max = max(Response, na.rm=TRUE),
            count=n())
## # A tibble: 3 x 6
     {\tt HCReceivedSupport}
                         mean
                                  sd
                                       min
                                              max count
                        <dbl>
                               <dbl> <dbl> <int>
##
     <fct>
## 1 0
                         2
                               NA
                                          2
                                                2
## 2 1
                                          1
                                                7
                                                     37
                         3.32
                               1.73
## 3 <NA>
                       NaN
                              NaN
                                        Inf -Inf
\# assume O = NA
# error in supported.times coding, should only count to 90
\# but one kid got prompted with 100 and 110 and times should be 0
Then nonproductive counters.
full.data %>%
  filter(TaskItem == "times") %>%
  filter(Productivity == "Nonproductive") %>%
  distinct(LadlabID, HCReceivedSupport, TaskItem, Response) %>%
  mutate(Response = as.numeric(levels(Response)[Response])) %>%
  group_by(HCReceivedSupport) %>%
  summarize(mean = mean(Response, na.rm=TRUE),
            sd = sd(Response, na.rm=TRUE),
            min = min(Response, na.rm=TRUE),
            max = max(Response, na.rm=TRUE),
            count=n())
## # A tibble: 2 x 6
    HCReceivedSupport mean
                                sd
                                     min
                                            max count
                       <dbl> <dbl> <dbl> <int>
## 1 0
                                              2
                        1.33 0.577
                                       1
## 2 1
                        1.29 0.469
                                                   14
\# assume O = NA
# error in supported.times coding, should only count to 90
\# but one kid got prompted with 100 and 110 and times should be 0
```

### What Comes Next Descriptives

Note minimum highest contig NN can be 5 (one of the practice trials). Practice trials are excluded from %corr and within vs. beyond computation.

First check if Accuracy column in full.data is coded correctly. Good to go.

```
wcn.data <- full.data %>%
  filter(Task == "WCN")
wcn.data %<>%
  mutate(Response_num = as.numeric(as.character(Response)),
         TaskItem_num = as.numeric(as.character(TaskItem)),
         Accuracy check = ifelse(Response num == (TaskItem num + 1), 1, 0),
         Accuracy_valid = ifelse(Accuracy == Accuracy_check, TRUE, FALSE))
## Warning in evalq(as.numeric(as.character(Response)), <environment>): NAs
## introduced by coercion
validate <- function(){</pre>
  validation <- wcn.data %>%
    filter(Accuracy_valid == FALSE)
  if(length(validation$LadlabID) > 0) {
   print("WARNING: CHECK CODING")
  } else {
   print("All coding correct")
}
validate()
```

#### ## [1] "All coding correct"

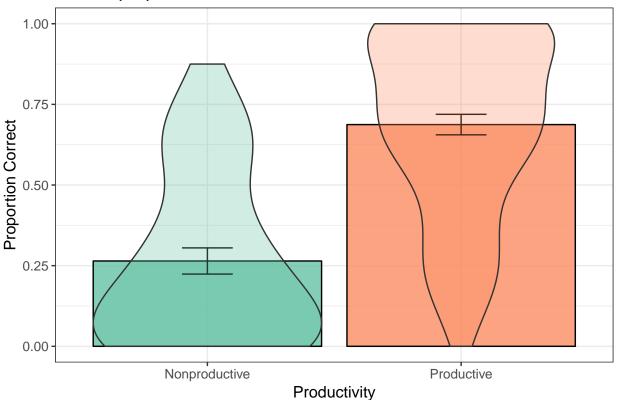
Immediate vs. Momentum trials: Children were provided with momentum trials if they got wrong on immediate trials. Check %trials where immediate = wrong, momentum = right

```
wcn.wide <- full.data %>%
  filter(ExclusionGroup == "include") %>%
  filter(Task == "WCN") %>%
  filter(TaskType != "practice") %>%
  filter(TaskItem != 3) %% # a trial on 3 for momentum that doesn't exist for immediate
  droplevels()%>%
  dplyr::select(LadlabID, Age, AgeGroup, TaskType, TaskItem, Accuracy, Productivity) %>%
  spread(TaskType, Accuracy)
# data check: some kids got 1 for immediate but 0 for momentum or 1 for immediate and 1 for momentum (N
## for reference, pulling out these kids below
full.data %>%
  filter(Task == "WCN",
         TaskType == "momentum" | TaskType == "immediate")%>%
  dplyr::select(LadlabID, Age, AgeGroup, TaskType, TaskItem, Accuracy) %>%
  spread(TaskType, Accuracy)%>%
  mutate(issue_immediate1Momentum0 = ifelse(immediate == 1 & momentum == 0, TRUE, FALSE),
         issue_immediate1Momentum1 = ifelse(immediate == 1 & momentum == 1, TRUE, FALSE))%>%
  filter(issue immediate1Momentum0 == TRUE |
           issue_immediate1Momentum1 == TRUE)
```

```
LadlabID Age AgeGroup TaskItem immediate momentum
## 1 011216-WB 4.44
                      4-4.5y
                                   59
                                               1
## 2 022616-AG 4.32
                      4-4.5y
                                   37
                                               1
## 3 031616-RP 4.84
                                   23
                      4.5-5y
                                               1
                                                        1
## 4 041316-CC 4.36
                      4-4.5y
                                    62
                                               1
                                                        0
## 5 111117-VK 5.87
                                   29
                                               1
                      5.5 - 6y
                                                        1
     issue_immediate1Momentum0 issue_immediate1Momentum1
                         FALSE
## 1
                                                     TRUE
## 2
                         FALSE
                                                     TRUE
## 3
                         FALSE
                                                     TRUE
## 4
                          TRUE
                                                    FALSE
                                                     TRUE
## 5
                         FALSE
# how many kids show improved performance
xtabs(~immediate + momentum, data = wcn.wide, na.action = na.pass, exclude = NULL)
##
            momentum
## immediate
               0
                   1 <NA>
             263 174
##
       Ω
                       13
##
        1
               1
                   4 520
                   0
##
        <NA>
               1
                        0
# 191 / 1048 trials = ~ 18%. NOTE % not by kids but by trials.
Percent Correct on WCN
wcn.data %>%
  dplyr::filter(TaskType == "immediate") %>%
  dplyr::group_by(LadlabID) %>%
  dplyr::summarize(avg.wcn = mean(Accuracy, na.rm=TRUE),
                   sd.wcn = sd(Accuracy, na.rm=TRUE)) %>%
  dplyr::summarize(avg = mean(avg.wcn),
                   sd = sd(sd.wcn)
## # A tibble: 1 x 2
##
              sd
       avg
##
     <dbl> <dbl>
## 1 0.538 0.215
wcn.data %>%
  dplyr::filter(TaskType == "immediate") %>%
  dplyr::group_by(LadlabID, Productivity) %>%
  dplyr::summarize(avg.wcn = mean(Accuracy, na.rm=TRUE),
                   sd.wcn = sd(Accuracy, na.rm=TRUE)) %>%
  dplyr::group_by(Productivity) %>%
  dplyr::summarize(avg = mean(avg.wcn),
                   sd = sd(sd.wcn)
## # A tibble: 2 x 3
##
    Productivity
                     avg
##
     <fct>
                   <dbl> <dbl>
## 1 Nonproductive 0.265 0.216
## 2 Productive
                   0.687 0.215
Plotting %corr on WCN as function of productivity
wcn.data %>%
 dplyr::filter(TaskType == "immediate") %>%
```

```
dplyr::group_by(LadlabID, Productivity) %>%
dplyr::summarize(avg.wcn = mean(Accuracy, na.rm=TRUE),
                 sd.wcn = sd(Accuracy, na.rm=TRUE)) %>%
ggplot(aes(x = Productivity, y = avg.wcn, fill=factor(Productivity))) +
stat_summary(fun.y = mean, position = position_dodge(width = .95),
             geom="bar", alpha = .8, colour = "black") +
stat_summary(fun.data = mean_se, geom="errorbar",
            position = position dodge(width=0.90), width = 0.2)+
#scale fill discrete(name = "Productivity") +
scale_fill_brewer(name="Productivity", palette="Set2") +
ylab("Proportion Correct") +
xlab('Productivity') +
theme_bw() +
theme(legend.position = "none") +
ggtitle("Overall proportion correct on the What Comes Next Task") +
theme(text = element_text(size = 12)) +
ylim(0, 1.0) +
geom_violin(alpha = .3)
```

# Overall proportion correct on the What Comes Next Task



ggsave('graphs/wcn-percentcorr.png')

## Saving  $6.5 \times 4.5$  in image

Add whether the Task Item was within or outside of the kid's initial highest count.

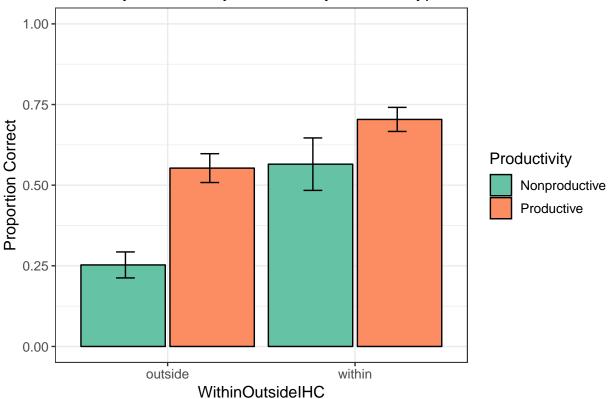
```
#first, get initial highest count for each kiddo
#Make a lookup table with SID and initial highest count
lookup <- full.data %>%
```

```
distinct(LadlabID, IHC)
wcn.data %<>%
  dplyr::mutate(TaskItem = as.numeric(as.character(TaskItem)))
#This is a function that, for each trial, checks the number queried. If number queried is above the chi
determine_count_range <- function(df) {</pre>
  tmp <- df
  for (row in 1:nrow(tmp)) {
   sub = as.character(tmp[row, "LadlabID"])
    count_range = as.numeric(as.character(subset(lookup, LadlabID == sub)$IHC))
   tmp[row, "IHC"] = as.numeric(as.character(count_range))
    if (tmp[row, "TaskItem"] > count range) {
      tmp[row, "WithinOutsideIHC"] = "outside"
   } else {
      tmp[row, "WithinOutsideIHC"] = "within"
   }
 }
 return(tmp)
}
#Run for wcn
wcn.data <- determine_count_range(wcn.data)</pre>
WCN accuracy, within and outside of IHC
wcn.data %>%
  dplyr::filter(TaskType == "immediate") %>%
  dplyr::group by(WithinOutsideIHC) %>%
  dplyr::summarize(mean = mean(Accuracy, na.rm = TRUE),
                   sd = sd(Accuracy, na.rm = TRUE))
## # A tibble: 2 x 3
     WithinOutsideIHC mean
                               sd
##
     <chr>>
                      <dbl> <dbl>
## 1 outside
                      0.342 0.475
## 2 within
                      0.764 0.425
Now WCN by within/outside count range and productivity
wcn.data %>%
  dplyr::filter(TaskType == "immediate") %>%
  dplyr::group_by(Productivity, WithinOutsideIHC) %>%
  dplyr::summarize(mean = mean(Accuracy, na.rm = TRUE),
                   sd = sd(Accuracy, na.rm = TRUE))
## # A tibble: 4 x 4
## # Groups: Productivity [?]
    Productivity WithinOutsideIHC mean
##
     <fct>
                   <chr>
                                    <dbl> <dbl>
## 1 Nonproductive outside
                                    0.207 0.406
## 2 Nonproductive within
                                    0.612 0.492
## 3 Productive
                                    0.518 0.501
                   outside
## 4 Productive
                   within
                                    0.783 0.413
```

Plotting WCN as within vs. beyond by productivity

```
wcn.data %>%
  dplyr::filter(TaskType == "immediate") %>%
  dplyr::group_by(Productivity, WithinOutsideIHC, LadlabID) %>%
  dplyr::summarize(meansubj = mean(Accuracy, na.rm = TRUE)) %>%
  ggplot(aes(x=WithinOutsideIHC, y=meansubj, fill=Productivity)) +
  stat_summary(fun.y = mean, position = position_dodge(width = .95),
               geom="bar", colour = "black") +
  stat summary(fun.data = mean se, geom="errorbar",
               position = position_dodge(width=0.90), width = 0.2) +
  scale_fill_brewer(name = "Productivity", palette="Set2") +
  scale_y_continuous(lim=c(0,1)) +
  labs(title="Accuracy on WCN by Productivity and trial type",
       y="Proportion Correct",
       fill="Productivity") +
  theme bw() +
  theme(text = element_text(size = 12))
```

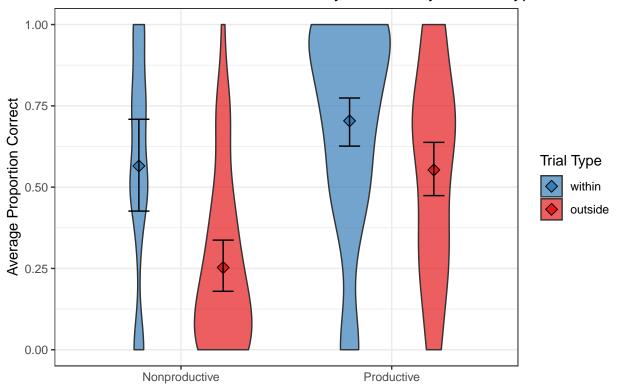
# Accuracy on WCN by Productivity and trial type



```
ggsave('graphs/wcn-within-beyond.png')
```

```
## Saving 6.5 x 4.5 in image
wcn.data %>%
    dplyr::filter(TaskType == "immediate") %>%
    dplyr::group_by(Productivity, WithinOutsideIHC, LadlabID) %>%
    dplyr::summarize(meansubj = mean(Accuracy, na.rm = TRUE)) %>%
    ggplot(aes(x=Productivity, y=meansubj, fill=reorder(WithinOutsideIHC, WithinOutsideIHC, length))) +
    geom_violin(alpha=0.7, scale="count", position=position_dodge(width=0.8)) +
    #geom_point(position=position_jitterdodge(jitter.width=0.2, dodge.width=.9)) +
```

## Performance on Next Number task by Productivity and trial type



ggsave('graphs/wcn-within-beyond2.png', width=6, height=4)

#### todo

Analysis of WCN accuracy by productivity and trial type

```
LadlabID = factor(LadlabID))%>%
  mutate(IHC.c = as.vector(scale(IHC, center = TRUE, scale=TRUE)), #scale and center for model fit
         FHC.c = as.vector(scale(FHC, center = TRUE, scale=TRUE)),
         Highest_Contig_NN.c = as.vector(scale(Highest_Contig_NN, center = TRUE, scale=TRUE)))
How many trials do kids have beyond their IHC?
wcn.data %>%
  dplyr::filter(TaskType == "immediate") %>%
  dplyr::group_by(Productivity, WithinOutsideIHC)%>%
 dplyr::summarise(n = n())
## # A tibble: 4 x 3
## # Groups: Productivity [?]
   Productivity WithinOutsideIHC
     <fct>
                   <chr>
                                     <int>
## 1 Nonproductive outside
                                       295
## 2 Nonproductive within
                                        49
## 3 Productive
                  outside
                                       227
## 4 Productive
                   within
                                       405
Highest contiguous NN
wcn.wide %<>%
  dplyr::mutate(TaskItem = as.numeric(as.character(TaskItem)))
unique.nn <- as.vector(unique(wcn.wide$LadlabID))</pre>
#get the task items from wcn
nextnums <- as.vector(unique(wcn.wide$TaskItem))</pre>
#this is a function that pulls out the largest number for which a participant had a correct consecutive
get_contiguous <- function(){</pre>
  contig <- data.frame()</pre>
  for (sub in unique.nn) {
    tmp <- wcn.wide %>%
      dplyr::select(LadlabID, Age, AgeGroup, TaskItem, immediate)%>%
      filter(LadlabID == sub,
             immediate == 0)%>%
      mutate(TaskItem = sort(TaskItem))
    if (length(tmp$LadlabID) == 0) {
      highest_contig = 86
      sub_contig <- data.frame(sub, highest_contig)</pre>
      contig <- bind_rows(contig, sub_contig)</pre>
    } else if (length(tmp$TaskItem) > 0 & min(tmp$TaskItem) == 23) {
      #if(sub %in% one.corr){
      highest_contig = 5
      sub_contig <- data.frame(sub, highest_contig)</pre>
      contig <- bind_rows(contig, sub_contig)</pre>
      # } else if(sub %in% five.corr | sub %in% zero.corr){
      # highest_contig = 0
      # sub contiq <- data.frame(sub, highest contiq)</pre>
      # contig <- bind_rows(contig, sub_contig)</pre>
      # } else {
      # highest_contig = 5
         sub_contiq <- data.frame(sub, highest_contiq)</pre>
```

```
# contig <- bind_rows(contig, sub_contig)</pre>
      # }
    } else {
      min.nn <- min(tmp$TaskItem)</pre>
      prev_correct <- nextnums[nextnums < min.nn]</pre>
      highest_contig <- max(prev_correct)</pre>
      sub contig <- data.frame(sub,</pre>
                                highest_contig)
      contig <- bind_rows(contig, sub_contig)</pre>
    }
  }
  return(contig)
highest_contiguous_nn <- get_contiguous()%>%
  dplyr::rename(LadlabID = sub)%>%
  distinct(LadlabID, highest_contig)%>%
  rename(Highest_Contig_NN = highest_contig)
## Warning in bind_rows_(x, .id): Unequal factor levels: coercing to character
## Warning in bind_rows_(x, .id): binding character and factor vector,
## coercing into character vector
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```
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Code for checking highest contig NN
```

```
full.data %>%
  filter(LadlabID == "022316-AB") %>%
  filter(TaskType == "immediate"|TaskType == "practice") %>%
  select(LadlabID, TaskType, TaskItem, Accuracy)

# these two kids, for example, had the same contig highest NN but diff profile of responses
#040317-KK #7 correct out of 10
#022316-AB #9 correct out of 10

# wcn.data %<>%
  # dplyr::right_join(highest_contiguous_nn)
#
# wcn.data %>%
# filter(LadlabID == "040317-KK")
```

See if highest contiguous next number underestimates kids' knowledge. Seems to correspond well with # correct data.

```
wcn.data %>%
  dplyr::right_join(highest_contiguous_nn) %>%
  dplyr::filter(TaskType == "immediate"|TaskType == "practice") %>% #added prac for 165
  dplyr::group_by(LadlabID, Highest_Contig_NN) %>%
  dplyr::summarize(n_corr = sum(Accuracy)) %>%
  dplyr::group_by(Highest_Contig_NN, n_corr, na.rm=TRUE) %>%
  dplyr::summarize(n_participants = n_distinct(LadlabID)) %>%
  tidyr::spread(n_corr, n_participants) %>%
  kable()
```

## Joining, by = "LadlabID"

Highest_Contig_NN	na.rm	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	
5	TRUE	1	13	11	7	NA	2	2	NA	NA	NA	NA
23	TRUE	NA	2	2	5	7	4	14	7	1	NA	1
29	TRUE	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	1	3	NA	NA	NA
37	TRUE	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	1	1	3	2	NA	NA
40	TRUE	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	1	3	4	NA	NA
62	TRUE	NA	2	NA	NA							
70	TRUE	NA	1	NA	NA							
86	TRUE	NA	21	NA								

```
# 2 kids had NA as n_corr
wcn.data %>%
  dplyr::right join(highest contiguous nn) %>%
  dplyr::filter(TaskType == "immediate"|TaskType == "practice") %% #added prac for 165
  dplyr::group_by(LadlabID, Highest_Contig_NN) %>%
  dplyr::summarize(n_corr = sum(Accuracy)) %>%
  dplyr::group_by(Highest_Contig_NN, n_corr) %>%
  filter(is.na(n_corr))
## Joining, by = "LadlabID"
## # A tibble: 1 x 3
              Highest_Contig_NN, n_corr [1]
## # Groups:
    LadlabID Highest_Contig_NN n_corr
                           <dbl> <int>
##
     <chr>>
## 1 040317-SL
                              23
# 022516-ML
# 040317-SL
# this kid (ML) got 0 for all test and NA for 1 and 5. Not one of the two kids under zero.corr because
# commentout
# full.data %>%
  filter(LadlabID == "022516-ML") %>%
   filter(TaskType == "immediate"|TaskType == "practice") %>%
  select(LadlabID, TaskType, TaskItem, Accuracy)
# this kid (SL) has one NA value but otherwise look fine
# now added na.rm=TRUE for sum(accuracy)
# commentout
# full.data %>%
   filter(LadlabID == "040317-SL") %>%
  filter(TaskType == "immediate"|TaskType == "practice") %>%
  select(LadlabID, TaskType, TaskItem, Accuracy)
# overview of highest contiquous coding and by-trial performance
z <- wcn.data %>%
  dplyr::right_join(highest_contiguous_nn) %>%
  filter(TaskType == "immediate") %>%
  select(LadlabID, Highest_Contig_NN, TaskItem, Accuracy) %>%
  spread(TaskItem, Accuracy)
## Joining, by = "LadlabID"
Median highest contiguous next number by productivity
full.data %>%
  dplyr::right_join(highest_contiguous_nn) %>%
  dplyr::distinct(LadlabID, Highest_Contig_NN, Productivity) %>%
  dplyr::group_by(Productivity) %>%
  dplyr::summarise(median_NN = median(Highest_Contig_NN),
                   mean_NN = mean(Highest_Contig_NN)) %>%
```

kable()

#### ## Joining, by = "LadlabID"

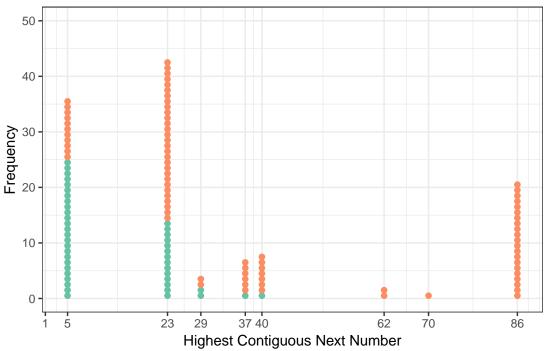
Productivity	median_NN	mean_NN
Nonproductive	5	13.53488
Productive	23	41.54430

Plotting freq of highest contiguous as a function of productivity

```
full.data %>%
  dplyr::right_join(highest_contiguous_nn) %>%
  dplyr::distinct(LadlabID, Highest_Contig_NN, Productivity) %>%
  ggplot(aes(x=Highest_Contig_NN, color=Productivity)) +
  geom_dotplot(aes(fill = Productivity),
              binwidth=1, stackgroups=TRUE, binpositions="all",method="dotdensity") +
  scale_color_brewer(palette="Set2") +
  scale_fill_brewer(palette="Set2") +
  coord_fixed(ratio=1) +
  scale_y_continuous(breaks=seq(0,50,10), lim=c(0,50)) +
  \#scale_x\_continuous(breaks=seq(0,100,by=10)) +
  scale_x_continuous(breaks = c(0, 1, 5, 23, 29, 37, 40, 62, 70, 86),
                    labels=c("0", "1", "5", "23", "29", "37", "40", "62", "70", "86")) +
  labs(title="Highest Contiguous Next Number by Decade Productivity",
      x="Highest Contiguous Next Number",
      y="Frequency") +
  theme_bw() +
  theme(legend.position="bottom")
```

## Joining, by = "LadlabID"

# Highest Contiguous Next Number by Decade Productivity



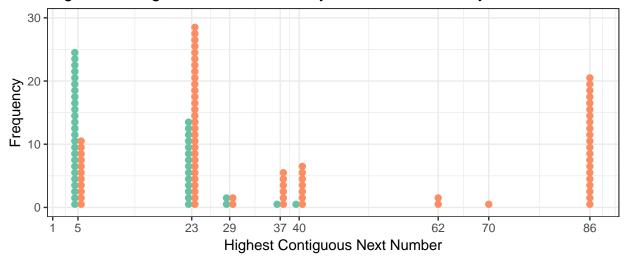
Productivity Nonproductive Productive

```
ggsave('graphs/highestcontig-by-prod.png')
```

```
## Saving 6.5 x 4.5 in image
# side by side
full.data %>%
  dplyr::right_join(highest_contiguous_nn) %>%
  dplyr::distinct(LadlabID, Highest_Contig_NN, Productivity) %>%
  ggplot(aes(x=Highest_Contig_NN, color=Productivity)) +
  geom_dotplot(aes(fill = Productivity),
               binwidth=1, stackdir="up", position=position_dodge(width=2), stackgroups=FALSE, binposit
  scale_color_brewer(palette="Set2") +
  scale_fill_brewer(palette="Set2") +
  coord_fixed(ratio=1) +
  scale_y_continuous(breaks=seq(0,30,10), lim=c(0,30)) +
  \#scale_x\_continuous(breaks=seq(0,100,by=10)) +
  scale_x_continuous(breaks = c(0, 1, 5, 23, 29, 37, 40, 62, 70, 86),
                     labels=c("0", "1", "5", "23", "29", "37", "40", "62", "70", "86")) +
  labs(title="Highest Contiguous Next Number by Decade Productivity",
       x="Highest Contiguous Next Number",
      y="Frequency") +
  theme_bw() +
  theme(legend.position="bottom")
```

## Joining, by = "LadlabID"

## Highest Contiguous Next Number by Decade Productivity



```
ggsave('graphs/highestcontig-by-prod-2.png')
```

Productive

Productivity Nonproductive

```
## Saving 6.5 x 4.5 in image
```

Correlations

```
corrdf <- full.data %>%
  dplyr::right_join(highest_contiguous_nn) %>%
  dplyr::distinct(LadlabID, Highest_Contig_NN, Age, IHC, FHC) %>%
  dplyr::select(-LadlabID)
```

```
## Joining, by = "LadlabID"
```

```
rcorr(as.matrix(corrdf), type = "pearson")
```

```
##
                      Age IHC FHC Highest_Contig_NN
## Age
                      1.00 0.51 0.61
                                                   0.37
                      0.51 1.00 0.72
                                                   0.75
## IHC
                      0.61 0.72 1.00
                                                   0.54
## Highest_Contig_NN 0.37 0.75 0.54
                                                   1.00
##
## n= 122
##
##
## P
                      Age IHC FHC Highest_Contig_NN
##
## Age
                               0
## IHC
                       0
                                   0
## FHC
                       0
                           0
                                   0
                               0
## Highest_Contig_NN
```

# **Infinity Descriptives**

Number of kids in each infinity category

```
full.data %>%
  dplyr::distinct(LadlabID, Category)%>%
  dplyr::group_by(Category)%>%
  dplyr::summarise(n = n())
## # A tibble: 4 x 2
##
     Category
                          n
     <fct>
##
                      <int>
## 1 A Non-knower
                         62
## 2 B Endless-only
                         14
## 3 C Successor-only
                         27
## 4 D Full-knower
                         19
full.data %>%
  dplyr::distinct(LadlabID, SuccessorKnower, Productivity)%>%
  dplyr::group_by(SuccessorKnower, Productivity)%>%
  dplyr::summarise(n = n()) %>%
  spread(Productivity, n)
## # A tibble: 2 x 3
## # Groups:
              SuccessorKnower [2]
     SuccessorKnower Nonproductive Productive
##
               <int>
                             <int>
                                        <int>
## 1
                   0
                                 31
                                            39
## 2
                   1
                                 12
                                            40
full.data %>%
  dplyr::distinct(LadlabID, EndlessKnower, Productivity)%>%
  dplyr::group_by(EndlessKnower, Productivity)%>%
  dplyr::summarise(n = n()) %>%
  spread(Productivity, n)
## # A tibble: 2 x 3
## # Groups:
             EndlessKnower [2]
     EndlessKnower Nonproductive Productive
##
             <int>
                           <int>
                                       <int>
## 1
                 0
                               39
                                          49
## 2
                 1
                                4
                                          30
Average age of kids for Endless and Successor Knowers
full.data %>%
  dplyr::distinct(LadlabID, SuccessorKnower, Age)%>%
  dplyr::group_by(SuccessorKnower)%>%
  dplyr::summarise(meanAge = mean(Age),
                   sdAge = sd(Age),
                   meanAgeMonths = mean(Age)*12,
                   sdAgeMonths = sd(Age)*12)
## # A tibble: 2 x 5
     SuccessorKnower meanAge sdAge meanAgeMonths sdAgeMonths
                       <dbl> <dbl>
##
               <int>
                                            <dbl>
                                                         <dbl>
## 1
                   0
                        4.92 0.577
                                             59.0
                                                         6.93
## 2
                        5.11 0.550
                                             61.3
                                                         6.60
                   1
full.data %>%
  dplyr::distinct(LadlabID, EndlessKnower, Age)%>%
```

```
dplyr::group_by(EndlessKnower)%>%
  dplyr::summarise(meanAge = mean(Age),
                   sdAge = sd(Age),
                   meanAgeMonths = mean(Age)*12,
                   sdAgeMonths = sd(Age)*12)
## # A tibble: 2 x 5
    EndlessKnower meanAge sdAge meanAgeMonths sdAgeMonths
##
            <int>
                     <dbl> <dbl>
                                       <dbl>
                      4.89 0.560
                                                       6.71
## 1
                 0
                                           58.7
## 2
                 1
                      5.27 0.516
                                           63.2
                                                       6.19
Infinity in relation to highest count
full.data %>%
  dplyr::distinct(LadlabID, EndlessKnower, IHC, FHC) %>%
  dplyr::group_by(EndlessKnower) %>%
  dplyr::summarize(mean_IHC = mean(IHC),
                   mean_FHC = mean(FHC))
## # A tibble: 2 x 3
##
     EndlessKnower mean_IHC mean_FHC
##
             <int>
                      <dbl>
                               <dbl>
## 1
                 0
                       42.8
                                63.8
## 2
                       70.1
                                 91.8
full.data %>%
  dplyr::distinct(LadlabID, SuccessorKnower, IHC, FHC) %>%
  dplyr::group_by(SuccessorKnower) %>%
  dplyr::summarize(mean_IHC = mean(IHC),
                   mean_FHC = mean(FHC))
## # A tibble: 2 x 3
     SuccessorKnower mean_IHC mean_FHC
##
               <int>
                        <dbl>
                                  <dbl>
## 1
                         47.4
                                  67.0
## 2
                         54.5
                   1
                                  77.7
Infinity in relation to WCN
full.data %>%
  dplyr::right_join(highest_contiguous_nn) %>%
  dplyr::distinct(LadlabID, EndlessKnower, Highest_Contig_NN) %>%
  dplyr::group_by(EndlessKnower) %>%
  dplyr::summarize(mean_contig_nn = mean(Highest_Contig_NN),
                   median_contig_nn = median(Highest_Contig_NN))
## Joining, by = "LadlabID"
## # A tibble: 2 x 3
##
     EndlessKnower mean_contig_nn median_contig_nn
##
             <int>
                            <dbl>
                                              <dbl>
## 1
                 0
                             26.2
                                                 23
## 2
                             45.7
                                                 37
full.data %>%
  dplyr::right_join(highest_contiguous_nn) %>%
  dplyr::distinct(LadlabID, SuccessorKnower, Highest_Contig_NN) %>%
```

```
dplyr::group_by(SuccessorKnower) %>%
  dplyr::summarize(mean_contig_nn = mean(Highest_Contig_NN),
                   median_contig_nn = median(Highest_Contig_NN))
## Joining, by = "LadlabID"
## # A tibble: 2 x 3
    SuccessorKnower mean_contig_nn median_contig_nn
##
##
               <int>
                              <dbl>
## 1
                                27.4
                                                   23
                   0
## 2
                                37.4
                                                   23
```

### Analyses

### Counting, Productivity, and Infinity Battery

To identify whether there is connection between counting experience and Infinity Task performance, we will conduct three initial analyses, predicting Infinity Task performance from either (1) Initial Highest Count, (2) Productivity for Decade Rule (defined above), or (3) performance on the Next Number task.

```
glmer(inf.0/1 \sim (predictor) + age + (1|subject), family = binomial).
```

First, we need to make a model data frame that readily has all of this information

Highest Next Number - commented because we're using highest contiguous

```
# lookup <- full.data %>%
#
   filter(Task == "WCN",
#
           Accuracy == 1)\%>\%
   group_by(LadlabID)%>%
#
#
   summarise(max = max(as.numeric(as.character(TaskItem))))
#
# #Add highest NN to model df
# add highest num <- function() {</pre>
  tmp <- model.df
#
   for (row in 1:nrow(tmp)) {
#
#
      sub = as.character(tmp[row, "LadlabID"])
#
      highest_num = subset(lookup, LadlabID == sub)$max
#
      tmp[row, "Highest_NN"] = highest_num
#
#
    return(tmp)
# }
# #run this function on model df
# model.df <- add_highest_num()</pre>
```

Add highest contiguous next number to model.df

```
model.df <- right_join(model.df, highest_contiguous_nn, by = "LadlabID")
# hc.datawide <- right_join(hc.datawide, highest_contiquous_nn, by = "LadlabID")
# hc.datawide %>%
  dplyr::select(LadlabID, Age, AgeGroup, productivity, max,
#
     HCReceivedSupport, ihc, dce, sup.noerror) %>%
  group by (productivity) %>%
  summarize(median = median(max, na.rm=TRUE),
             count = n()
# #median is 86 for all groups
```

Get mean WCN for everyone Not using this anymore - RMS

```
# lookup <- wcn.wide %>%
   group_by(LadlabID)%>%
# summarise(mean.NN = mean(immediate, na.rm = TRUE))
```

#### Successor models

```
#each participant only needs one row here, because we only need to know whether they are a Successor Kn
distinct model.df <- model.df %>%
  distinct(LadlabID, Age, AgeGroup, Gender, SuccessorKnower, EndlessKnower,
           IHC, Highest_Contig_NN, FHC, DCE, Productivity)%>%
  mutate(SuccessorKnower = factor(SuccessorKnower, levels = c(0,1)),
         EndlessKnower = factor(EndlessKnower, levels = c(0,1)))%>%
  mutate(IHC = as.integer(IHC),
         Highest_Contig_NN = as.integer(Highest_Contig_NN),
         LadlabID = factor(LadlabID))%>%
  mutate(IHC.c = as.vector(scale(IHC, center = TRUE, scale=TRUE)), #scale and center for model fit
         FHC.c = as.vector(scale(FHC, center = TRUE, scale=TRUE)),
         Highest_Contig_NN.c = as.vector(scale(Highest_Contig_NN, center = TRUE, scale=TRUE)))
# #add mean_nn to model df
# distinct_model.df <- right_join(distinct_model.df, lookup, by = "LadlabID")</pre>
###MODEL BUILDING AND COMPARISONS###
#base model for successor knower
base.successor <- glmer(SuccessorKnower ~ Age + (1|LadlabID), family = "binomial",</pre>
                        data = distinct_model.df)
##IHC model##
model.ihc.successor <- glmer(SuccessorKnower ~ IHC.c + Age + (1 LadlabID), family = "binomial",
                             data = distinct_model.df)
anova(base.successor, model.ihc.successor, test = 'LRT') #IHC not significant
## Data: distinct_model.df
## Models:
## base.successor: SuccessorKnower ~ Age + (1 | LadlabID)
## model.ihc.successor: SuccessorKnower ~ IHC.c + Age + (1 | LadlabID)
##
                       Df
                             AIC
                                    BIC logLik deviance Chisq Chi Df
```

```
3 169.08 177.49 -81.539
## base.successor
                                                  163.08
## model.ihc.successor 4 171.01 182.22 -81.503 163.01 0.0711
                      Pr(>Chisq)
## base.successor
## model.ihc.successor
                           0.7897
##Highest NN Model##
model.nn.successor <- glmer(SuccessorKnower ~ Highest_Contig_NN.c + Age + (1|LadlabID), family = "binom"</pre>
                            data = distinct_model.df)
anova(base.successor, model.nn.successor, test = 'LRT')#highest contiguous NN not significant
## Data: distinct_model.df
## Models:
## base.successor: SuccessorKnower ~ Age + (1 | LadlabID)
## model.nn.successor: SuccessorKnower ~ Highest_Contig_NN.c + Age + (1 | LadlabID)
                                  BIC logLik deviance Chisq Chi Df
                     Df
                            AIC
## base.successor
                      3 169.08 177.49 -81.539
                                                163.08
## model.nn.successor 4 169.22 180.44 -80.610 161.22 1.8565
                     Pr(>Chisq)
## base.successor
## model.nn.successor
                           0.173
##Productivity model##
model.prod.successor <- glmer(SuccessorKnower ~ Productivity + Age + (1 LadlabID), family = "binomial",
                              data = distinct model.df)
#convergence warnings, is this an issue?
with (model.prod.successor@optinfo$derivs, max(abs(solve(Hessian, gradient))) < 2e-3) #true, so we're okay
## [1] TRUE
#compare
anova(base.successor, model.prod.successor, test = 'LRT') #Productivity trending
## Data: distinct model.df
## Models:
## base.successor: SuccessorKnower ~ Age + (1 | LadlabID)
## model.prod.successor: SuccessorKnower ~ Productivity + Age + (1 | LadlabID)
                                    BIC logLik deviance Chisq Chi Df
                       Df
                              AIC
## base.successor
                        3 169.08 177.49 -81.539
                                                  163.08
## model.prod.successor 4 167.95 179.17 -79.977 159.95 3.1234
                       Pr(>Chisq)
## base.successor
## model.prod.successor
                           0.07718 .
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
Endless Models
base.endless <- glmer(EndlessKnower ~ Age + (1 LadlabID), family = "binomial",
                      data = distinct_model.df)
```

###IHC MODEL###

```
model.ihc.endless <- glmer(EndlessKnower ~ IHC.c + Age + (1|LadlabID), family = "binomial",
                           data = distinct_model.df)
#compare
anova(base.endless, model.ihc.endless, test = 'LRT') #IHC significant
## Data: distinct_model.df
## Models:
## base.endless: EndlessKnower ~ Age + (1 | LadlabID)
## model.ihc.endless: EndlessKnower ~ IHC.c + Age + (1 | LadlabID)
                                 BIC logLik deviance Chisq Chi Df
                     Df
                           AIC
## base.endless
                     3 139.31 147.72 -66.654
                                                133.31
## model.ihc.endless 4 133.62 144.84 -62.810
                                               125.62 7.6888
                    Pr(>Chisq)
##
## base.endless
## model.ihc.endless
                     0.005556 **
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
###HIGHEST CONTIG NN MODEL###
model.nn.endless <- glmer(EndlessKnower ~ Highest_Contig_NN.c + Age + (1|LadlabID), family = "binomial"
                          data = distinct_model.df)
anova (model.nn.endless, base.endless, test = 'LRT') #Highest contig NN significant
## Data: distinct model.df
## Models:
## base.endless: EndlessKnower ~ Age + (1 | LadlabID)
## model.nn.endless: EndlessKnower ~ Highest_Contig_NN.c + Age + (1 | LadlabID)
                                BIC logLik deviance Chisq Chi Df
##
                   Df
                          AIC
## base.endless
                    3 139.31 147.72 -66.654
                                              133.31
                                              127.77 5.5405
## model.nn.endless 4 135.77 146.98 -63.884
                   Pr(>Chisq)
##
## base.endless
## model.nn.endless
                       0.01858 *
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
###PRODUCTIVITY MODEL###
model.prod.endless <- glmer(EndlessKnower ~ Productivity + Age + (1|LadlabID), family = "binomial",</pre>
                            data = distinct model.df)
#compare
anova(model.prod.endless, base.endless, test = 'LRT') #Prod significant
## Data: distinct_model.df
## Models:
## base.endless: EndlessKnower ~ Age + (1 | LadlabID)
## model.prod.endless: EndlessKnower ~ Productivity + Age + (1 | LadlabID)
##
                            AIC
                                  BIC logLik deviance Chisq Chi Df
## base.endless
                       3 139.31 147.72 -66.654
                                                133.31
## model.prod.endless 4 136.19 147.40 -64.094
                                                128.19 5.1201
##
                     Pr(>Chisq)
## base.endless
## model.prod.endless
                        0.02365 *
## ---
```

```
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
# #okay with about mean NN
# model2.endless <- glmer(EndlessKnower ~ mean.NN + Age + (1/LadlabID), family = "binomial",
# data = distinct_model.df)
# anova(model2.endless, base.endless, test = 'LRT')#mean NN significant</pre>
```

#### Endless: Large model comparison

```
Put all significant Endless predictors into large model, run model comparison
##BASE MODEL WITH IHC
large.endless.base <- glmer(EndlessKnower ~ IHC.c + Age + (1|LadlabID),</pre>
                            family = "binomial", data = distinct_model.df)
##add highest contig
large.endless.nn <- glmer(EndlessKnower ~ Highest_Contig_NN.c + IHC.c + Age + (1|LadlabID),</pre>
                          family = "binomial", data = distinct_model.df)
#compare
anova(large.endless.base, large.endless.nn, test = 'LRT') #Apparently ns?
## Data: distinct_model.df
## Models:
## large.endless.base: EndlessKnower ~ IHC.c + Age + (1 | LadlabID)
## large.endless.nn: EndlessKnower ~ Highest_Contig_NN.c + IHC.c + Age + (1 | LadlabID)
                      Df
                                   BIC logLik deviance Chisq Chi Df
                            AIC
## large.endless.base 4 133.62 144.84 -62.810
                                                 125.62
## large.endless.nn
                      5 135.28 149.30 -62.642 125.28 0.3349
                                                                     1
                      Pr(>Chisq)
## large.endless.base
## large.endless.nn
                          0.5628
##Productivity v. Highest contiguous##
large.endless.prod <- glmer(EndlessKnower ~ Productivity + IHC.c + (1|LadlabID),</pre>
                            family = "binomial", data = distinct_model.df)
#compare
anova(large.endless.base, large.endless.prod, test = 'LRT')##Productivity is significant
## Data: distinct_model.df
## Models:
## large.endless.base: EndlessKnower ~ IHC.c + Age + (1 | LadlabID)
## large.endless.prod: EndlessKnower ~ Productivity + IHC.c + (1 | LadlabID)
                                   BIC logLik deviance Chisq Chi Df
##
                      Df
                            AIC
## large.endless.base 4 133.62 144.84 -62.810
                                                 125.62
## large.endless.prod 4 133.61 144.83 -62.806
                                                 125.61 0.0064
                                                                     0
                      Pr(>Chisq)
## large.endless.base
## large.endless.prod < 2.2e-16 ***
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##ALL THREE TOGETHER
large.endless.full <- glmer(EndlessKnower ~ Productivity + Highest_Contig_NN.c + IHC.c + (1|LadlabID),</pre>
                            family = "binomial", data = distinct_model.df)
#convergence warnings, is this an issue?
with(large.endless.full@optinfo$derivs,max(abs(solve(Hessian,gradient))) <2e-3) #True, we're okay
```

#### ## [1] TRUE

```
#compare
anova(large.endless.prod, large.endless.full, test = 'LRT') #n.s.
## Data: distinct_model.df
## Models:
## large.endless.prod: EndlessKnower ~ Productivity + IHC.c + (1 | LadlabID)
## large.endless.full: EndlessKnower ~ Productivity + Highest_Contig_NN.c + IHC.c +
## large.endless.full:
                           (1 | LadlabID)
                           AIC
                                  BIC logLik deviance Chisq Chi Df
                     Df
## large.endless.prod 4 133.61 144.83 -62.806
                                                 125.61
## large.endless.full 5 135.40 149.42 -62.702
                                                125.40 0.2092
                     Pr(>Chisq)
## large.endless.prod
## large.endless.full
                         0.6474
```