Homework 2

In this homework you will complete a couple of simple exercises in order to show your understanding with Python. If these exercises are challenging or new to you, you may want to reconsider taking the class and/or brush up on your Python skills. For the following exercises you are not allowed to use any Python packages (i.e. Numpy, Pandas, etc.).

Please print the output of each question in a new cell below your code

Lists

1.1 Create an empty Python list called 'a' in the cell below.

```
In [1]: #your code here
a = []
```

1.2 Store all values between 1-100 (inclusive) with increments of 3 (i.e. 1, 4, 7...) in 'a'.

```
#your code here
In [2]:
         i = 1
         while i <= 100:</pre>
              a.append(i)
              i += 3
         а
Out[2]: [1,
          4,
          7,
          10,
          13,
          16,
          19,
          22,
          25,
          28,
          31,
          34,
          37,
          40,
          43,
          46,
          49,
          52,
          55,
          58,
```

1.3 Create another list called 'a2' with numbers from 2-46 (inclusive) with increments of 0.5 (i.e. 2, 2.5, 3...).

61, 64, 67, 70, 73, 76, 79, 82, 85, 88, 91, 94, 97,

```
In [3]: #your code here
         a2 = []
         i = 2
         while i <= 46:
              a2.append(i)
             i += .5
         a2
Out[3]: [2,
          2.5,
          3.0,
          3.5,
          4.0,
          4.5,
          5.0,
          5.5,
          6.0,
          6.5,
          7.0,
          7.5,
          8.0,
          8.5,
          9.0,
          9.5,
          10.0,
          10.5,
          11.0,
          11.5,
          12.0,
          12.5,
          13.0,
          13.5,
          14.0,
          14.5,
          15.0,
          15.5,
          16.0,
          16.5,
          17.0,
          17.5,
          18.0,
          18.5,
          19.0,
          19.5,
          20.0,
          20.5,
          21.0,
          21.5,
          22.0,
          22.5,
          23.0,
          23.5,
          24.0,
          24.5,
          25.0,
```

25.5, 26.0, 26.5, 27.0, 27.5, 28.0, 28.5, 29.0, 29.5, 30.0, 30.5, 31.0, 31.5, 32.0, 32.5, 33.0, 33.5, 34.0, 34.5, 35.0, 35.5, 36.0, 36.5, 37.0, 37.5, 38.0, 38.5, 39.0, 39.5, 40.0, 40.5, 41.0, 41.5, 42.0, 42.5, 43.0, 43.5, 44.0, 44.5,

45.0, 45.5, 46.0]

1.4 Double every even integer element from list 'a'. Store the results back in 'a'.

```
In [4]: #your code here
         a = [2*i for i in a]
Out[4]: [2,
          8,
          14,
          20,
          26,
          32,
          38,
          44,
          50,
          56,
          62,
          68,
          74,
          80,
          86,
          92,
          98,
          104,
          110,
          116,
          122,
          128,
          134,
          140,
          146,
          152,
          158,
          164,
          170,
          176,
          182,
          188,
          194,
          200]
```

1.5 Add all numbers in 'a' except for the 2nd and 21st elements (the 2nd element here means the element at list index 1).

```
In [5]: #your code here
sum(a) - a[1] - a[20]
Out[5]: 3304
```

1.6 Calculate the mean of 'a'.

```
In [6]: #your code here
    mean = sum(a) / len(a)
    mean
Out[6]: 101.0
```

1.7 Delete all elements greater than the mean value from list 'a'

```
In [7]: #your code here
         for i in a:
              if i > mean:
                  a.remove(i)
         a
Out[7]: [2,
          8,
          14,
          20,
          26,
          32,
          38,
          44,
          50,
          56,
          62,
          68,
          74,
          80,
          86,
          92,
          98,
          110,
          122,
          134,
          146,
          158,
          170,
          182,
          194]
```

Strings

2.1 Create an empty list called 'b'.

```
In [1]: #your code here
b = []
```

2.2 Store the words in the sentence below as elements into the list 'b'.

'I am so excited about Data-X. It is important to be able to work with data.'

```
In [2]: #your code here
sentence = 'I am so excited about Data-X. It is important to be able to work
for word in sentence.split():
    b.append(word)
    print(b)
    print(sentence)

['I', 'am', 'so', 'excited', 'about', 'Data-X.', 'It', 'is', 'important',
```

['I', 'am', 'so', 'excited', 'about', 'Data-X.', 'It', 'is', 'important', 'to', 'be', 'able', 'to', 'work', 'with', 'data.']
I am so excited about Data-X. It is important to be able to work with dat a.

2.3 Return the count of the occurences of the lower-case letter 'e' in the list 'b'.

Out[3]: 4

2.4 Replace every lower- or upper-case letter 'i' in the list b with a '1'.

```
['1', 'am', 'so', 'exclted', 'about', 'Data-X.', '1t', '1s', 'Important',
'to', 'be', 'able', 'to', 'work', 'w1th', 'data.']
```

2.5 Append the string "This is the end of the first HW." to the list 'b'.

```
In [5]: #your code here
b.append('This is the end of the first HW.')
print(b)

['1', 'am', 'so', 'exclted', 'about', 'Data-X.', '1t', '1s', '1mportant',
   'to', 'be', 'able', 'to', 'work', 'w1th', 'data.', 'This is the end of th
```

2.6 Print 'b' as ONE string backwards (starting with "WH tsrif...").

e first HW.'

```
In [19]: #your code here
all_letters = []
for words in b:
    letters = list(words)
    for letter in letters:
        all_letters.append(letter)
print(''.join(all_letters[::-1]))
```

.WH tsrif eht fo dne eht si sihT.atadhtlwkrowotelbaebottnatropmlsltl.X-at aDtuobadetlcxeosmal

Dictionaries

3.1 Put the following in a dictionary called 'codes':

```
Keys: 1001, 1002, 1003, 1004, 1005
Values: 'Alpha', 'Beta', 'Gamma', 'Delta', 'Tau'
```

then traverse the dictionary by its keys and change every value to be all lower case.

```
In [20]: #your code here
    codes = {1001: 'Alpha', 1002: 'Beta', 1003: 'Gamma', 1004: 'Delta', 1005: 'Todes

Out[20]: {1001: 'Alpha', 1002: 'Beta', 1003: 'Gamma', 1004: 'Delta', 1005: 'Tau'}

    3.2 Delete 'alpha' from the dictionary.

In [21]: #your code here
    del codes[1001]
    codes

Out[21]: {1002: 'Beta', 1003: 'Gamma', 1004: 'Delta', 1005: 'Tau'}
```

Sets

4.1 Create a set called 'c' with the all the odd numbers less than 10.

```
In [22]: #your code here
c = {9, 7, 5, 3, 1}
print(c)
{1, 3, 5, 7, 9}
```

4.2 Create another set called 'd' with elements 2, 5, 10, 30.

```
In [23]: #your code here
          d = \{2, 5, 10, 30\}
          print(d)
          {2, 10, 5, 30}
          4.3 Find the union between sets 'c' and 'd' and store this in a new set called 'e'.
In [24]: #your code here
          union = c.union(d)
          print(union)
          {1, 2, 3, 5, 7, 9, 10, 30}
          4.4 Find the intersection between sets 'c' and 'd'.
In [25]: #your code here
          intersection = c.intersection(d)
          print(intersection)
          {5}
 In [ ]:
 In [ ]:
 In [ ]:
```