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## COMPETITIVE PROGRAMMING

### PROGRAM 1: Finding Duplicates- $O(n^2)$ Time Complexity, $O(1)$ Space Complexity

Find Duplicate in Array.

Given a read only array of  $n$  integers between 1 and  $n$ , find one number that repeats.

Input Format:

First Line - Number of elements

$n$  Lines -  $n$  Elements

Output Format:

Element  $x$  - That is repeated

**For example:**

Input	Result
5 1 1 2 3 4	1

**Answer:** (penalty regime: 0 %)

```
1 #include <stdio.h>
2 int main()
3 {
4     int n;
5     scanf("%d", &n);
6     int arr[n];
7     for (int i = 0; i < n; i++)
8     {
9         scanf("%d", &arr[i]);
10    }
11    int duplicate = -1;
12    for (int i = 0; i < n; i++)
13    {
14        for (int j = i + 1; j < n; j++)
15        {
16            if (arr[i] == arr[j]) {
17                duplicate = arr[i];
18                break;
19            }
20        }
21        if (duplicate != -1)
22            break;
23    }
24    if (duplicate != -1)
25        printf("%d\n", duplicate);
26    else
27        printf("No duplicate found\n");
28    return 0;
29 }
30
31
```

	Input	Expected	Got	
✓	11 10 9 7 6 5 1 2 3 8 4 7	7	7	✓
✓	5 1 2 3 4 4	4	4	✓
✓	5 1 1 2 3 4	1	1	✓

Passed all tests! ✓

**Correct**

Marks for this submission: 1.00/1.00.

## PROGRAM 2: Finding Duplicates- $O(n)$ Time Complexity, $O(1)$ Space Complexity

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Find Duplicate in Array.

Given a read only array of  $n$  integers between 1 and  $n$ , find one number that repeats.

Input Format:

First Line - Number of elements

$n$  Lines -  $n$  Elements

Output Format:

Element  $x$  - That is repeated

**For example:**

Input	Result
5 1 1 2 3 4	1

**Answer:** (penalty regime: 0 %)

```
1 #include <stdio.h>
2 int main()
3 {
4     int n;
5     scanf("%d", &n);
6     int arr[n];
7     for (int i = 0; i < n; i++)
8         scanf("%d", &arr[i]);
9     int slow = arr[0];
10    int fast = arr[0];
11    do
12    {
13        slow = arr[slow];
14        fast = arr[arr[fast]];
15    } while (slow != fast);
16    slow = arr[0];
17    while (slow != fast)
18    {
19        slow = arr[slow];
20        fast = arr[fast];
21    }
22    printf("%d\n", slow);
23    return 0;
24 }
25
```

	Input	Expected	Got	
✓	11 10 9 7 6 5 1 2 3 8 4 7	7	7	✓
✓	5 1 2 3 4 4	4	4	✓
✓	5 1 1 2 3 4	1	1	✓

Passed all tests! ✓

### PROGRAM 3: Print Intersection of 2 sorted arrays- $O(m*n)$ Time Complexity, $O(1)$ Space Complexity1

**Answer:** (penalty regime: 0 %)

```
1  #include <stdio.h>
2  int main()
3  {
4      int t;
5      scanf("%d", &t);
6      while (t-->0)
7      {
8          int n1, n2;
9          scanf("%d", &n1);
10         int arr1[n1];
11         for (int i = 0; i < n1; i++)
12             scanf("%d", &arr1[i]);
13         scanf("%d", &n2);
14         int arr2[n2];
15         for (int i = 0; i < n2; i++)
16             scanf("%d", &arr2[i]);
17         for (int i = 0; i < n1; i++)
18         {
19             for (int j = 0; j < n2; j++)
20             {
21                 if (arr1[i] == arr2[j])
22                 {
23                     printf("%d ", arr1[i]);
24                     break;
25                 }
26             }
27         }
28         printf("\n");
29     }
30     return 0;
31 }
32
```

	Input	Expected	Got	
✓	1 3 10 17 57 6 2 7 10 15 57 246	10 57	10 57	✓
✓	1 6 1 2 3 4 5 6 2 1 6	1 6	1 6	✓

Passed all tests! ✓

**Correct**

Marks for this submission: 1.00/1.00.

PROGRAM 4: Print Intersection of 2 sorted arrays-  
 $O(m+n)$  Time Complexity,  $O(1)$  Space Complexity

Answer: (penalty regime: 0 %)

```
1 #include <stdio.h>
2 int main()
3 {
4     int t;
5     scanf("%d", &t);
6     while (t--)
7     {
8         int n1, n2;
9         scanf("%d", &n1);
10        int arr1[n1];
11        for (int i = 0; i < n1; i++)
12            scanf("%d", &arr1[i]);
13        scanf("%d", &n2);
14        int arr2[n2];
15        for (int i = 0; i < n2; i++)
16            scanf("%d", &arr2[i]);
17        int i = 0, j = 0;
18        while (i < n1 && j < n2)
19        {
20            if (arr1[i] < arr2[j])
21                i++;
22            else if (arr2[j] < arr1[i])
23                j++;
24            else {
25                printf("%d ", arr1[i]);
26                i++;
27                j++;
28            }
29        }
30        printf("\n");
31    }
32    return 0;
33 }
34
```

	Input	Expected	Got	
✓	1 3 10 17 57 6 2 7 10 15 57 246	10 57	10 57	✓
✓	1 6 1 2 3 4 5 6 2 1 6	1 6	1 6	✓

Passed all tests! ✓

Correct

Marks for this submission: 1.00/1.00.

## PROGRAM 5: Pair with Difference- $O(n^2)$ Time Complexity, $O(1)$ Space Complexity

**Question 1** | Correct | Mark 1.00 out of 1.00 | [Flag question](#)

Given an array A of sorted integers and another non negative integer k, find if there exists 2 indices i and j such that  $A[j] - A[i] = k$ ,  $i \neq j$ .

Input Format:

First Line n - Number of elements in an array

Next n Lines - N elements in the array

k - Non - Negative Integer

Output Format:

1 - If pair exists

0 - If no pair exists

Explanation for the given Sample Testcase:

YES as  $5 - 1 = 4$

So Return 1.

**Answer:** (penalty regime: 0 %)

```
1 #include<stdio.h>
2 int main()
3 {
4     int n;
5     scanf("%d",&n);
6     int arr[n];
7     for(int i=0;i<n;i++)
8     {
9         scanf("%d",&arr[i]);
10    }
11    int k;
12    scanf("%d",&k);
13    int found=0;
14    for(int i=0;i<n;i++)
15    {
16        for(int j=i+1;j<n;j++)
17        {
18            if(arr[j]-arr[i]==k)
19            {
20                found=1;
21                break;
22            }
23        }
24        if(found) break;
25    }
26    printf("%d\n", found);
27    return 0;
28 }
29
```



	Input	Expected	Got	
✓	3 1 3 5 4	1	1	✓
✓	10 1 4 6 8 12 14 15 20 21 25 1	1	1	✓
✓	10 1 2 3 5 11 14 16 24 28 29 0	0	0	✓
✓	10 0 2 3 7 13 14 15 20 24 25 10	1	1	✓

Passed all tests! ✓

**Correct**

Marks for this submission: 1.00/1.00.

## PROGRAM 6: Pair with Difference -O(n) Time Complexity,O(1) Space Complexity

**Question 1** | Correct Mark 1.00 out of 1.00 [Flag question](#)

Given an array A of sorted integers and another non negative integer k, find if there exists 2 indices i and j such that  $A[j] - A[i] = k$ ,  $i \neq j$ .

Input Format:

First Line n - Number of elements in an array

Next n Lines - N elements in the array

k - Non - Negative Integer

Output Format:

1 - If pair exists

0 - If no pair exists

Explanation for the given Sample Testcase:

YES as  $5 - 1 = 4$

So Return 1.

**For example:**

Input	Result
3	1
1 3 5	
4	

**Answer:** (penalty regime: 0 %)

```
1 #include <stdio.h>
2 int main()
3 {
4     int n;
5     scanf("%d", &n);
6     int arr[n];
7     for (int i = 0; i < n; i++)
8         scanf("%d", &arr[i]);
9     int k;
10    scanf("%d", &k);
11    int i = 0, j = 1;
12    int found = 0;
13    while (i < n && j < n)
14    {
15        int diff = arr[j] - arr[i];
16        if (i != j && diff == k)
17        {
18            found = 1;
19            break;
20        }
21        else if (diff < k)
22            j++;
23        else
24            i++;
25    }
26    printf("%d\n", found);
27    return 0;
28 }
29
```

	Input	Expected	Got	
✓	3 1 3 5 4	1	1	✓
✓	10 1 4 6 8 12 14 15 20 21 25 1	1	1	✓
✓	10 1 2 3 5 11 14 16 24 28 29 0	0	0	✓
✓	10 0 2 3 7 13 14 15 20 24 25 10	1	1	✓

Passed all tests! ✓

**Correct**

Marks for this submission: 1.00/1.00.