

Rajalakshmi Engineering College

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Roll no: 240701441

Phone: 6374014369

Branch: REC

Department: CSE - Section 7

Batch: 2028

Degree: B.E - CSE

Scan to verify results



2024_28_III_OOPS Using Java Lab

2028_REC_OOPS using Java_Week 2_Q1

Attempt : 1

Total Mark : 10

Marks Obtained : 10

Section 1 : Coding

1. Problem Statement

Arun is working on a project to automate the process of determining whether a student has passed or failed based on their subject marks.

He aims to create a simple program that takes positive integers as marks for five subjects from the user. If the average of the marks is greater than or equal to 50, the student has passed the exam. Otherwise, the student has failed.

Help Arun to implement the project.

Input Format

The input consists of five space-separated integers, representing the marks in five subjects.

Output Format

The first line of output prints "Average score: " followed by an integer representing the average score.

The second line prints one of the following:

1. If the condition is satisfied, print "The student has passed".
2. Otherwise, the output prints "The student has failed".

Refer to the sample output for formatting specifications.

Sample Test Case

Input: 50 60 70 80 90

Output: Average score: 70

The student has passed

Answer

```
import java.util.Scanner;

class Main {
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        Scanner scanner = new Scanner(System.in);

        int subject1 = scanner.nextInt();
        int subject2 = scanner.nextInt();
        int subject3 = scanner.nextInt();
        int subject4 = scanner.nextInt();
        int subject5 = scanner.nextInt();

        int totalMarks = subject1 + subject2 + subject3 + subject4 + subject5;

        int averageMarks = totalMarks / 5;

        if (averageMarks >= 50)
            System.out.println("Average score: "+averageMarks+"\nThe student has
passed");
        else {
            System.out.println("Average score: "+averageMarks+"\nThe student has
failed");
```

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}

Status : Correct

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Marks : 10/10

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2024_28_III_OOPS Using Java Lab

2028_REC_OOPS using Java_Week 2_Q2

Attempt : 1

Total Mark : 10

Marks Obtained : 10

Section 1 : Coding

1. Problem Statement

Samantha is a diligent math student who is exploring the world of programming. She is learning Java and has recently studied conditional statements. One day, her teacher gives her an interesting problem to solve, which takes a number as input and checks whether it is a multiple of 5 or 7.

Help her complete the task.

Input Format

The input consists of a single integer N, representing the number to be checked.

Output Format

If the number is a multiple of 5 but not 7, the output prints "N is a multiple of 5".

If the number is a multiple of 7, the output prints "N is a multiple of 7".

Otherwise the output prints "N is neither multiple of 5 nor 7" where N is an entered integer.

Refer to the sample output for formatting specifications.

Sample Test Case

Input: 10

Output: 10 is a multiple of 5

Answer

```
import java.util.Scanner;

public class Main {
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        Scanner scanner = new Scanner(System.in);
        int number = scanner.nextInt();
        if (number % 5 == 0) {
            System.out.println(number + " is a multiple of 5");
        } else if (number % 7 == 0) {
            System.out.println(number + " is a multiple of 7");
        } else{
            System.out.println(number + " is neither multiple of 5 nor 7");
        }
        scanner.close();
    }
}
```

Status : Correct

Marks : 10/10

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2024_28_III_OOPS Using Java Lab

2028_REC_OOPS using Java_Week 2_Q3

Attempt : 1

Total Mark : 10

Marks Obtained : 10

Section 1 : Coding

1. Problem Statement

John is a fitness trainer, and he wants to use the BMI calculator to assess the body mass index of his clients. He has a list of clients based on their height and weight.

John plans to write a program to quickly determine the BMI and provide a classification for each client.

If BMI is less than 18.5, the program will classify it as "Underweight" If BMI is between 18.6 and 24.9, the program will classify it as "Normal Weight" If BMI is between 25.0 and 29.9, the program will classify it as "Overweight" If BMI is 30.0 or higher, the program will classify it as "Obese"

Note: Formula to calculate BMI = weight/(height*height)

Input Format

The first line of input consists of a double value, representing the height of the person in meters.

The second line consists of a double value, representing the weight of the person in kilograms.

Output Format

The first line of output prints "BMI: " followed by a double (rounded to two decimal places) representing the calculated BMI.

The second line prints "Classification: " followed by a string indicating the BMI category (Underweight, Normal Weight, Overweight, or Obese).

Refer to the sample output for formatting specifications.

Sample Test Case

Input: 1.2

45.2

Output: BMI: 31.39

Classification: Obese

Answer

```
import java.util.Scanner;

class Main {
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        Scanner scanner = new Scanner(System.in);

        double height = scanner.nextDouble();
        double weight = scanner.nextDouble();

        double bmi = weight / (height * height);

        String classification;
        if (bmi < 18.5) {
            classification = "Underweight";
        } else if (bmi >= 18.6 && bmi <= 24.9) {
            classification = "Normal Weight";
        } else if (bmi >= 25.0 && bmi <= 29.9) {
            classification = "Overweight";
        } else {
            classification = "Obese";
        }
        System.out.println("BMI: " + bmi);
        System.out.println("Classification: " + classification);
    }
}
```

```
        classification = "Overweight";
    } else {
        classification = "Obese";
    }

    System.out.printf("BMI: %.2f\n", bmi);
    System.out.println("Classification: " + classification);

    scanner.close();
}
}
```

Status : Correct

Marks : 10/10

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2024_28_III_OOPS Using Java Lab

2028_REC_OOPS using Java_Week 2_Q4

Attempt : 1

Total Mark : 10

Marks Obtained : 0

Section 1 : Coding

1. Problem Statement

Amit wants to evaluate the depreciation of his car over time to understand its current value and categorize it based on that value.

Write a program that helps him determine the current value of his car after a certain number of years of depreciation and classify it into one of three categories:

High: If the current value is greater than 10,000.
Medium: If the current value is between 5,000 and 10,000, both inclusive.
Low: If the current value is less than 5,000.

The depreciation rate of the car is 15% per year. The program should calculate the current value of the car after applying this depreciation over the given number of years and print the current value along with the category.

Input Format

The first line of input consists of an integer, representing the initial cost of the car.

The second line consists of an integer, representing the number of years the car has been depreciating.

Output Format

The first line of output prints a double value, representing the current value of the car, rounded off to two decimal places "Current Value: <value>".

The second line prints its category "Category: <categories>".

Refer to the sample output for formatting specifications.

Sample Test Case

Input: 20000

5

Output: Current Value: 8874.11

Category: Medium

Answer

```
import java.util.Scanner;

class Main {
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        Scanner scanner = new Scanner(System.in);

        int initialCost = scanner.nextInt();
        int age = scanner.nextInt();

        double currentValue = initialCost * Math.pow(0.85, age);
        double epsilon = 1e-9;

        String category;
        if (currentValue > 10000) {
            category = "High";
        } else if (currentValue <= 10000 && currentValue >= 5000) {
```

```
        category = "Medium";
    } else {
        category = "Low";
    }

    System.out.printf("Current Value: %.2f\n", CurrentValue);
    System.out.println("Category: " + category);
}
}
```

Status : Wrong

Marks : 0/10

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2024_28_III_OOPS Using Java Lab

2028_REC_OOPS using Java_Week 2_Q5

Attempt : 1

Total Mark : 10

Marks Obtained : 10

Section 1 : Coding

1. Problem Statement

Ted, the computer science enthusiast, has accepted the challenge of writing a program that checks if the number of digits in an integer matches the sum of its digits.

Guide Ted in designing and writing the code to solve this problem using a 'do-while' loop.

Input Format

The input consists of an integer N, representing the number to be checked.

Output Format

If the sum is equal to the number of digits, print "The number of digits in N matches the sum of its digits."

Else, print "The number of digits in N does not match the sum of its digits."

Refer to the sample output for formatting specifications.

Sample Test Case

Input: 20

Output: The number of digits in 20 matches the sum of its digits.

Answer

```
import java.util.Scanner;

public class Main {
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        Scanner scanner = new Scanner(System.in);
        int number = scanner.nextInt();

        int digitCount = 0;
        int digitSum = 0;
        int tempNumber = Math.abs(number);

        do {
            int digit = tempNumber % 10;
            digitCount++;
            digitSum += digit;
            tempNumber /= 10;
        } while (tempNumber != 0);

        if (digitCount == digitSum) {
            System.out.println("The number of digits in " + number + " matches the
sum of its digits.");
        } else {
            System.out.println("The number of digits in " + number + " does not match
the sum of its digits.");
        }
    }
}
```

Status : Correct

Marks : 10/10

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2024_28_III_OOPS Using Java Lab

2028_REC_OOPS using Java_Week 2_Q6

Attempt : 1

Total Mark : 10

Marks Obtained : 10

Section 1 : Coding

1. Problem Statement

Maya, a student in an arts and crafts class, wants to create a pattern using stars (*) in a specific format. She plans to use a program to help her construct the pattern.

Write a program that takes an integer as input and constructs the following pattern using nested for loops.

Input: 5

Output:

*

**

```
***  
****  
*****  
****  
***  
**  
*
```

Input Format

The input consists of a number (integer) representing the number of rows.

Output Format

The output displays the required pattern.

Refer to the sample output for the formatting specifications.

Sample Test Case

Input: 5

Output: *

```
**  
***  
****  
*****  
***  
**  
*
```

Answer

```
import java.util.Scanner;  
  
public class Main {  
    public static void main(String[] args) {  
        Scanner scanner = new Scanner(System.in);
```

```
int n = scanner.nextInt();

for (int i = 1; i <= n; i++) {
    for (int j = 1; j <= i; j++) {
        System.out.print("* ");
    }
    System.out.println();
}

for (int i = n - 1; i > 0; i--) {
    for (int j = 1; j <= i; j++) {
        System.out.print("* ");
    }
    System.out.println();
}

scanner.close();
}
```

Status : Correct

Marks : 10/10