RECURSION

1. PRINT N TO 1

```
#include <iostream>
using namespace std;
void printToN(int n)
      if(n == 0)
            return;
      cout<<n<<" ";
      printToN(n - 1);
}
int main() {
      int n = 4;
      printToN(n);
      return 0;
}
```

2. PRINT 1 TO N

#include <iostream>
using namespace std;

```
void printToN(int n)
         if(n == 0)
               return;
         printToN(n - 1);
         cout<<n<<" ";
  }
   int main() {
         int n = 4;
         printToN(n);
         return 0;
  }
3. FACTORIAL
  #include <iostream>
   using namespace std;
   int fact(int n, int k)
   {
         if(n == 0 || n == 1)
               return k;
         return fact(n - 1, k * n);
```

```
}
  int main() {
        cout<<fact(3, 1);
  }
4. NATURAL NUMBER SUM
  #include <iostream>
   using namespace std;
  int getSum(int n)
   {
        if(n == 0)
              return 0;
        return n + getSum(n - 1);
  }
  int main() {
        int n = 4;
        cout<<getSum(n);</pre>
        return 0;
  }
```

5. PALINDROME CHECK

```
#include <iostream>
   using namespace std;
   bool isPalindrome(string str, int start, int end)
   {
         if(start >= end)
               return true;
         return ((str[start]==str[end]) &&
                  isPalindrome(str, start + 1, end - 1));
  }
   int main() {
         string s = "GeekskeeG";
               printf("%s", isPalindrome(s, 0, s.length() -1)? "true":
   "false");
         return 0;
   }
6. SUM OF DIGITS
   #include <iostream>
   using namespace std;
   int fun(int n)
   {
         if(n < 10)
               return n;
```

```
return fun(n / 10) + n % 10;
  }
  int main() {
         cout < fun(253);
         return 0;
  }
7. ROPE CUTTING PROBLEM
  #include <iostream>
   using namespace std;
   int maxCuts(int n, int a, int b, int c)
   {
         if(n == 0)
               return 0;
        if(n \le -1)
               return -1;
        int res = max(maxCuts(n-a, a, b, c),
               max(maxCuts(n-b, a, b, c),
               maxCuts(n-c, a, b, c)));
         if(res == -1)
               return -1;
        return res + 1;
  int main() {
```

```
int n = 5, a = 2, b = 1, c = 5;
cout<<maxCuts(n, a, b, c);
return 0;
}</pre>
```

8. GENERATE SUBSETS

```
#include <iostream>
using namespace std;
void printSub(string str, string curr, int index)
{
      if(index == str.length())
            cout<<curr<<" ";
            return;
      }
      printSub(str, curr, index + 1);
      printSub(str, curr+str[index], index + 1);
}
int main() {
      string str = "ABC";
  printSub(str, "", 0);
      return 0;
}
```

9. TOWER OF HANOI

```
#include <iostream>
using namespace std;
void ToH(int n, char A, char B, char C)
{
  if (n == 1)
     cout<<"Move 1 from " << A << " to " << C << endl;
     return;
  }
  ToH(n-1, A, C, B);
  cout<<"Move " << n << " from " << A << " to " << C << endl:
  ToH(n-1, B, A, C);
}
int main() {
      int n = 2;
  ToH(n, 'A', 'B', 'C');
      return 0;
}
```

10. JOSEPHUS PROBLEM

```
#include <iostream>
using namespace std;
int jos(int n, int k)
```

```
{
    if(n == 1)
        return 0;
    else
        return (jos(n - 1, k) + k) % n;
}
int myJos(int n, int k)
{
    return jos(n, k) + 1;
}
int main() {
    cout<<myJos(5, 3);
    return 0;
}</pre>
```

11. SUBSET SUM PROBLEM

```
#include <iostream>
#include <limits.h>
using namespace std;

int countSubsets(int arr[], int n, int sum)
{
    if(n==0)
        return sum==0? 1 : 0;

    return countSubsets(arr, n-1, sum) + countSubsets(arr, n-1, sum - arr[n-1]);
}
```

```
int main() {
    int n = 3, arr[]= {10, 20, 15}, sum = 25;
    cout<<countSubsets(arr, n, sum);
    return 0;
}</pre>
```

12. PRINTING ALL PERMUTATIONS OF A STRING