```
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html lang="en">

<head>
    <meta charset="UTF-8">
    <meta http-equiv="X-UA-Compatible" content="IE=edge">
    <meta name="viewport" content="width=device-width, initial-scale=1.0">
    <title>Document</title>
    <link rel="stylesheet" href="PROJECT8.css">
    <link rel="preconnect" href="https://fonts.googleapis.com">
    <link rel="preconnect" href="https://fonts.gstatic.com" crossorigin>
    <link
href="https://fonts.googleapis.com/css2?family=Francois+One&family=Grape+Nuts&
family=Great+Vibes&family=IBM+Plex+Mono:wght@100&family=Koulen&family=Maven+Pr
o&family=Moo+Lah+Lah&family=Petemoss&family=Smooch&family=Wire+One&display=swa
p" rel="stylesheet">

</head>

<body>
    <div class="outer">
        <div class="head" style="font-family: 'Wire One', sans-serif;">
           <u><i>INDIA -TOURISM</i></u>
        </div>
        <div class="link">
            <ul>
                <a href="">
                    <li>HOME</li>
                </a>
                <a href="">
                    <li>TRAVLE</li>
                </a>
                <a href="">
                    <li> ABOUT</li>
                </a>
            </ul>

        </div>
        <div class="innerbox">


            <div class="img1">
                <h1>THE HELY CITY OF VARANASI</h1>
                <div class="outer1">
                    <div class="box1"><img src="./imagesp/varanasi.jpg" alt=""
height="300px" width="300px"></div>
                    <div class="box2">Varanasi is a city in the northern
Indian state of Uttar Pradesh dating to the
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                        11th century B.C. Regarded as the spiritual capital of
India, the city draws Hindu pilgrims who
                        bathe in the Ganges River’s sacred waters and perform
funeral rites. Along the city's winding
                        streets are some 2,000 temples, including Kashi
Vishwanath, the “Golden Temple,” dedicated to
                        the Hindu god Shiva. – Google
                        Area: 82 km²
                        Elevation: 81 m
                        Weather: 35 °C, Wind E at 6 km/h, 42% Humidity
weather.com
                        Area code: 0542
                        Local time: Sunday, 10:22 pm
                        Metro population: 14,32,280 (List of million-plus
urban agglomerations in India)
                    </div>

                </div>
            </div>
            <div class="innerbox">
                <div class="img2">
                    <h1>THE GOLDENCITY :JAISALMER</h1>
                    <div class="outer2">
                        <div class="box3"><img src="./imagesp/jaispur.jpg"
alt="" height="300px" width="300px"></div>
                        <div class="box16">Jaisalmer is a former medieval
trading center and a princely state in the
                            western Indian state of Rajasthan, in the heart of
the Thar Desert. Known as the "Golden
                            City," it's distinguished by its yellow sandstone
architecture. Dominating the skyline is
                            Jaisalmer Fort, a sprawling hilltop citadel
buttressed by 99 bastions. Behind its massive
                            walls stand the ornate Maharaja's Palace and
intricately carved Jain temples. – Google
                            Area: 5.1 km²
                            Elevation: 225 m
                            Weather: 34 °C, Wind SW at 18 km/h, 45% Humidity
weather.com
                            Founder: Rawal Jaisal
                            Area code: 02992
                            Local time: Sunday, 11:01 pm
                            Mayor: Chhotu Singh Bhati
                        </div>
                    </div>
                </div>
            </div>
            <div class="innerbox">
```

```
                <div class="img3">
                    <h1>MUMBAI :THE GATEWAY OF INDIA</h1>
                    <div class="outer3">
                        <div class="box3"><img src="./imagesp/getwayof
india.jpg" alt="" height="300px" width="300px">
                        </div>
                        <div class="box4">The Gateway of India is an arch-
monument built in the early 20th century in
                            the city of Mumbai, India. It was erected to
commemorate the landing of King-Emperor George
                            V, the first British monarch to visit India, in
December 1911 at Ramchandani Road near
                            Shyamaprasad Mukherjee Chowk. Wikipedia
                            Address: Apollo Bandar, Colaba, Mumbai,
Maharashtra 400001
                            The Gateway of India was built in honor of King
George V and Queen Mary for their visit to
                            Bombay (now called Mumbai) in December 1911.
                            The Gateway of India is an arch-monument built in
the early 20th century in the city of
                            Mumbai, India. It was erected to commemorate the
landing of King-Emperor George V, the first
                            British monarch to visit India, in December 1911
at Ramchandani Road near Shyamaprasad
                            Mukherjee Chowk
                            The Gateway of India is India's most unique
landmark, situated in Mumbai, and is located at
                            Apollo Bunder in South Mumbai, on the shore of the
Arabian Sea.
                            The monument was erected to commemorate the
landing of King George V and Queen Mary at
                            Apollo Bunder on their visit to India in 1911.
Built in Indo-Saracenic style, the foundation
                            stone for the Gateway of India was laid on 31
March 1911. The structure is an arch made of
                            basalt, 26 metres (85 feet) high.
                            The Gateway of India is an arch monument built
during the 20th century in Bombay, India. The
                            monument was erected to commemorate the landing of
King George V and Queen Mary at Apollo
                            Bunder on their visit to India in 1911.

                            Built in Indo-Saracenic style, the foundation
stone for the Gateway of India was laid on 31
                            March 1911. The structure is an arch made of
basalt, 26 metres (85 feet) high. The final
                            design of George Wittet was sanctioned in 1914 and
the construction of the monument was
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                        completed in 1924. The Gateway was later used as a
symbolic ceremonial entrance to India for
                        Viceroys and the new Governors of Bombay. It
served to allow entry and access to India.

                        Architect: George Wittet
                        Construction started: 31 March 1913
                        Opened: 4 December 1924
                        Architectural style: Indo-Saracenic architecture
                        Height: 26 m
                        Function: Monument
                        Cost: ₹21 lakhs
                    </div>
                </div>
            </div>
            </div>
            <div class="innerbox">
                <div class="img4">
                    <h1> THE BEACHEAS OF GOA</h1>
                    <div class="outer4">
                        <div class="box3"><img src="./imagesp/goa.jpg" alt=""
height="300px" width="300px"></div>
                        <div class="box10">Goa is a state in western India
with coastlines stretching along the Arabian
                        Sea. Its long history as a Portuguese colony prior
to 1961 is evident in its preserved
                        17th-century churches and the area’s tropical
spice plantations. Goa is also known for its
                        beaches, ranging from popular stretches at Baga
and Palolem to those in laid-back fishing
                        villages such as Agonda. — Google
                        Land area: 3,702 km²
                        Founded: 30 May 1987
                        Capital: Panaji (Executive Branch)
                        Chief minister: Pramod Sawant
                        Population: 18.2 lakhs (2012)
                    </div>
                </div>
            </div>
            </div>
            <div class="innerbox">
                <div class="img5">
                    <h1>THE ELLORA CAVES ,AURANGABAD</h1>
                    <div class="outer5">
                        <div class="box3"><img src="./imagesp/aurngabad.jpg"
alt="" height="300px" width="300px"></div>
                        <div class="box11">Aurangabad is a city in Maharashtra
state, in India. It’s known for the
```

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                        17th-century marble Bibi ka Maqbara shrine, styled
on the Taj Mahal. The nearby Shivaji
                        Maharaj Museum, dedicated to the Maratha king
Shivaji, displays war weapons and a coin
                        collection. North of the city, the Aurangabad
Caves comprise ancient, rock-cut Buddhist
                        shrines. West of the city, battlements surround
the medieval Daulatabad Fort. — Google
                        Area: 139 km²
                        Elevation: 568 m
                        Founded: 1610
                        Weather: 25 °C, Wind W at 6 km/h, 87% Humidity
weather.com
                        Local time: Sunday, 11:02 pm
                        Area code: 0240</div>
                </div>
            </div>
            </div>
            <div class="innerbox">
                <div class="img6">
                    <h1>MEHRANGARH FORT ,JODHPUR</h1>
                    <div class="outer6">
                        <div class="box3"><img src="./imagesp/jodhpur-
3210080_1920.jpg" alt="" height="300px"
                                width="300px"></div>
                        <div class="box12">Jodhpur is a city in the Thar
Desert of the northwest Indian state of
                        Rajasthan. Its 15th-century Mehrangarh Fort is a
former palace that's now a museum,
                        displaying weapons, paintings and elaborate royal
palanquins (sedan chairs). Set on on a
                        rocky outcrop, the fort overlooks the walled city,
where many buildings are painted the
                        city's iconic shade of blue. — Google
                        Area: 233.5 km²
                        Founded: 1459
                        Elevation: 231 m
                        Weather: 33 °C, Wind S at 13 km/h, 59% Humidity
weather.com
                        Mayor: Kunti Deora Parihar
                        Local time: Sunday, 11:03 pm</div>
                </div>
            </div>
            <div class="innerbox">
                <div class="img7">
                    <h1>THE GANGES RIVER</h1>
                    <div class="outer7">
```

```
                        <div class="box3"><img src="./imagesp/river1.jpg"
alt="" height="300px" width="300px"></div>
                        <div class="box13">The Ganges is a trans-boundary
river of Asia which flows through India and
                            Bangladesh. The 2,525 km river starts in the
western Himalayas in the Indian state of
                            Uttarakhand. Wikipedia
                            Length: 2,510 km
                            Discharge: 12,020 m³/s
                            Basin area: 1.32 million km²
                            Mouth: Ganges Delta
                            Sources: Gangotri Glacier, Nanda Devi, Nanda Kot,
Satopanth Glacier, Kamet, Trisul,
                            Kedarnath
                            Cities: Varanasi, Haridwar, Prayagraj, Kanpur,
Patna, Kolkata, Ghazipur
                            Bridges: Mahatma Gandhi Setu, Shri Ram Jhula, MORE
                        </div>
                    </div>
                </div>
            </div>
            <div class="innerbox">
                <div class="img8">
                    <h1>THE GANGAES RIVER</h1>
                    <div class="outer8">
                        <div class="box3"><img src="./imagesp/river2.jpg"
alt="" height="300px" width="300px"></div>
                        <div class="box14">The Ganges is a trans-boundary
river of Asia which flows through India and
                            Bangladesh. The 2,525 km river starts in the
western Himalayas in the Indian state of
                            Uttarakhand. Wikipedia
                            Length: 2,510 km
                            Discharge: 12,020 m³/s
                            Basin area: 1.32 million km²
                            Mouth: Ganges Delta
                            Sources: Gangotri Glacier, Nanda Devi, Nanda Kot,
Satopanth Glacier, Kamet, Trisul,
                            Kedarnath
                            Cities: Varanasi, Haridwar, Prayagraj, Kanpur,
Patna, Kolkata, Ghazipur
                            Bridges: Mahatma Gandhi Setu, Shri Ram Jhula, MORE
                        </div>
                    </div>
                </div>
            </div>
            <div class="innerbox">
                <div class="img9">
```

```
                    <h1>THE GANGES RIVER</h1>
                    <div class="outer9">
                        <div class="box3"><img src="./imagesp/river3.jpg"
alt="" height="300px" width="300px"></div>
                        <div class="box15">The Ganges is a trans-boundary
river of Asia which flows through India and
                            Bangladesh. The 2,525 km river starts in the
western Himalayas in the Indian state of
                            Uttarakhand. Wikipedia
                            Length: 2,510 km
                            Discharge: 12,020 m³/s
                            Basin area: 1.32 million km²
                            Mouth: Ganges Delta
                            Sources: Gangotri Glacier, Nanda Devi, Nanda Kot,
Satopanth Glacier, Kamet, Trisul,
                            Kedarnath
                            Cities: Varanasi, Haridwar, Prayagraj, Kanpur,
Patna, Kolkata, Ghazipur
                            Bridges: Mahatma Gandhi Setu, Shri Ram Jhula, MORE
                        </div>
                    </div>
                </div>
            </div>
            <div class="end">
                <h1 style="font-family:'Wire One', sans-serif;">INDIAN
Tourism</h1>
            </div>
        </div>
    </div>

</body>

</html>
```

Css

```
 .head
{
    margin-left: 200px;
    color: rgb(142, 172, 172);
    font-size: 80px;
}
.outer
{
    background-color: rgb(241, 30, 65);
    height: 4200px;
    flex-wrap: wrap;
```

```
}

li{
display: inline-block;
justify-content: space-evenly;
padding: 10px;
border: 0px solid black;
font-size: small;
color: rgba(255, 255, 255, 0.63);

}
.link
{
    margin-left: 1010px;
    display: flex;
    padding: 20px;

}
 .img1
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    background-color: plum;
    height: 400px;
    width: 900px;
    margin-left: 200px;
    padding-left: 20px;

}
.outer1
{
    display: flex;

}
.box2
{
    height: 300px;
    width: 300px;
    padding: 10px;
}
.img2
{
    background-color: rgb(160, 221, 180);
    height: 400px;
    width: 900px;
    margin-left: 200px;
    padding-left: 20px;

}
.box4
```

```
{
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    width: 550px;
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{
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}


.img3
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    width: 900px;
    margin-left: 200px;
    padding-left: 20px;

}
.box3
{
    height: 300px;
    width: 300px;
    padding: 10px;

}
.outer3
{
    display: flex;

}

.img4{
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    width: 900px;
    margin-left: 200px;
    padding-left: 20px;

}
.outer4
{
    display: flex;

}
```

```
.img5
{
    background-color: rgb(121, 218, 11);
    height: 400px;
    width: 900px;
    margin-left: 200px;
    padding-left: 20px;


}
.outer5
{
    display: flex;

}

.img6
{
    background-color: rgb(206, 18, 18);
    height: 400px;
    width: 900px;
    margin-left: 200px;
    padding-left: 20px;

}
.outer6
{
    display: flex;

}

.img7
{
    background-color: rgb(38, 81, 105);
    height: 400px;
    width: 900px;
    margin-left: 200px;
    padding-left: 20px;

}
.outer7
{
    display: flex;

}

.img8
{
```

```
    background-color: rgb(105, 38, 69);
    height: 400px;
    width: 900px;
    margin-left: 200px;
    padding-left: 20px;

}
.outer8
{
    display: flex;

}

.img9
{
    background-color: rgb(127, 179, 153);
    height: 400px;
    width: 900px;
    margin-left: 200px;
    padding-left: 20px;

}
.outer9
{
    display: flex;

}
.end
{
    margin-left: 400px;
    font-size: 40px;
    color: rgba(255, 232, 127, 0.788);
}
```

Output

Document

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INDIA -TOURISM

HOME TRAVLE ABOUT

THE HELY CITY OF VARANASI

Varanasi is a city in the northern Indian state of Uttar Pradesh dating to the 11th century B.C. Regarded as the spiritual capital of India, the city draws Hindu pilgrims who bathe in the Ganges River's sacred waters and perform funeral rites. Along the city's winding streets are some 2,000 temples, including Kashi Vishwanath, the "Golden Temple," dedicated to the Hindu god Shiva. — Google Area: 82 km² Elevation: 81 m Weather: 35 °C, Wind E at 6 km/h, 42% Humidity weather.com Area code: 0542 Local time: Sunday, 10:22 pm Metro population: 14,32,280 (List of million-plus urban agglomerations in India)

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THE GOLDENCITY :JAISALMER

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MUMBAI :THE GATEWAY OF INDIA

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THE BEACHEAS OF GOA

Goa is a state in western India with coastlines stretching along the Arabian Sea. Its long history as a Portuguese colony prior to 1961 is evident in its preserved 17th-century churches and the area's tropical spice plantations. Goa is also known for its beaches, ranging from popular stretches at Baga and Palolem to those in laid-back fishing villages such as Agonda. — Google Land area: 3,702 km² Founded: 30 May 1987 Capital: Panaji (Executive Branch) Chief minister: Pramod Sawant Population: 18.2 lakhs (2012)

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THE GANGES RIVER

The Ganges is a trans-boundary river of Asia which flows through India and Bangladesh. The 2,525 km river starts in the western Himalayas in the Indian state of Uttarakhand. Wikipedia Length: 2,510 km Discharge: 12,020 m³/s Basin area: 1.32 million km² Mouth: Ganges Delta Sources: Gangotri Glacier, Nanda Devi, Nanda Kot, Satopanth Glacier, Kamet, Trisul, Kedarnath Cities: Varanasi, Haridwar, Prayagraj, Kanpur, Patna, Kolkata, Ghazipur Bridges: Mahatma Gandhi Setu, Shri Ram Jhula, MORE

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INDIAN Tourism

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