

NAME: ROSHNI DASH  
USN: 1BM19CS133  
SUBJECT: ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE SECTION: C

## ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE LAB

### Program 6

**Create a knowledgebase using propositional logic and show that the given query entails the knowledge base or not.**

```
combinations=[(True,True, True),(True,True,False),(True,False,True),(True,False, False),(False,True,
True),(False,True, False),(False, False,True),(False,False, False)]
```

```
variable={'p':0,'q':1, 'r':2} kb="
q=" priority={'~':3,'v':1,'^':2} def input_rules():
```

```
global kb, q
kb = (input("Enter rule: "))
q = input("Enter the Query: ")
```

```
def entailment():
global kb, q
print('*'*10+"Truth Table Reference"+"*"*10) print('kb','alpha')
print('*'*10)
for comb in combinations:
```

```
s = evaluatePostfix(toPostfix(kb), comb) f = evaluatePostfix(toPostfix(q), comb) print(s,
f) print('-'*10)
```

```
if s and not f: return False
```

```
return True def isOperand(c):
```

```
return c.isalpha() and c!='v'
```

```
def isLeftParanthesis(c): return c == '('
```

```
def isRightParanthesis(c): return c == ')'
```

```
def isEmpty(stack): return len(stack) == 0
```

```
def peek(stack): return stack[-1]
```

```
def hasLessOrEqualPriority(c1, c2): try:
```

```
return priority[c1]<=priority[c2] except KeyError:
```

```
return False def toPostfix(infix):
```

```
stack = [] postfix = "" for c in infix:
if isOperand(c): postfix += c
```

```
else:
if isLeftParanthesis(c):
```

```

stack.append(c)
elif isRightParanthesis(c):

operator = stack.pop()
while not isLeftParanthesis(operator):

postfix += operator

operator = stack.pop() else:

while (not isEmpty(stack)) and hasLessOrEqualPriority(c, peek(stack)): postfix += stack.pop()

stack.append(c) while (not isEmpty(stack)):

postfix += stack.pop()

return postfix
def evaluatePostfix(exp, comb):

stack = [] for i in exp:

if isOperand(i): stack.append(comb[variable[i]])

elif i == '~':
val1 = stack.pop() stack.append(not val1)

else:
val1 = stack.pop()
val2 = stack.pop() stack.append(_eval(i, val2, val1))

return stack.pop() def _eval(i, val1, val2):

if i == '^':
return val2 and val1

return val2 or val1 #Test 1

input_rules()
ans = entailment() if ans:

print("The Knowledge Base entails query") else:

print("The Knowledge Base does not entail query")

```



```

clauses += [f'{gen[0]}v{gen[1]}']

else:
if contradiction(query,f'{gen[0]}v{gen[1]}'):

null. \
{query} is true."

temp.append(f'{gen[0]}v{gen[1]}')
steps[""] = f'Resolved {temp[i]} and {temp[j]} to {temp[-1]}, which is in turn

\nA contradiction is found when {negate(query)} is assumed as true. Hence,

is true."

return steps elif len(gen) == 1:

clauses += [f'{gen[0]}'] else:

if contradiction(query,f'{terms1[0]}v{terms2[0]}'): temp.append(f'{terms1[0]}v{terms2[0]}') steps[""]
= f'Resolved {temp[i]} and {temp[j]} to {temp[-1]}, which is in turn null. \nA contradiction is
found when {negate(query)} is assumed as true. Hence, {query}

return steps

for clause in clauses:
if clause not in temp and clause != reverse(clause) and reverse(clause) not in temp:

temp.append(clause)

steps[clause] = f'Resolved from {temp[i]} and {temp[j]}. ' j = (j + 1) % n

i += 1 return steps

def resolution(kb, query):
kb = kb.split(' ')
steps = resolve(kb, query) print("\nStep\t|Clause\t|Derivation\t") print('-' * 30)

i =1
for step in steps:

print(f' {i} .\t| {step} \t| {steps[step]} \t')

i += 1 def main():

print("Enter the kb:")
kb = input() print("Enter the query:") query = input() resolution(kb,query)
#test 1
#(P^Q)<=>R : (Rv~P)v(Rv~Q)^(~RvP)^(~RvQ) main()
#test 2
#(P=>Q)=>Q, (P=>P)=>R, (R=>S)=>~(S=>Q)

```

Enter the kb:

PVQ PVR  $\sim$ PVR RVS  $RV \sim Q$   $\sim SV \sim Q$

Enter the query:

R

Step	Clause	Derivation
-----		
1.	PVQ	Given.
2.	PVR	Given.
3.	$\sim$ PVR	Given.
4.	RVS	Given.
5.	$RV \sim Q$	Given.
6.	$\sim SV \sim Q$	Given.
7.	$\sim R$	Negated conclusion.
8.	$Q \vee R$	Resolved from PVQ and $\sim$ PVR.
9.	$P \vee R$	Resolved from PVQ and $RV \sim Q$ .
10.	$P \vee \sim S$	Resolved from PVQ and $\sim SV \sim Q$ .
11.	P	Resolved from PVR and $\sim R$ .
12.	$\sim P$	Resolved from $\sim$ PVR and $\sim R$ .
13.	$R \vee \sim S$	Resolved from $\sim$ PVR and $P \vee \sim S$ .
14.	R	Resolved from $\sim$ PVR and P.
15.	$R \vee \sim Q$	Resolved from RVS and $\sim SV \sim Q$ .
16.	S	Resolved from RVS and $\sim R$ .
17.	$\sim Q$	Resolved from $RV \sim Q$ and $\sim R$ .
18.	Q	Resolved from $\sim R$ and $Q \vee R$ .
19.	$\sim S$	Resolved from $\sim R$ and $R \vee \sim S$ .
20.		Resolved $\sim R$ and R to $\sim R \vee R$ , which is in turn null.

A contradiction is found when  $\sim R$  is assumed as true. Hence, R is true.

## Program 8

### Implement unification in first order logic

```
import re
```

```
def getAttributes(expression):
```

```
    expression = expression.split("(")[1:]
    expression = "(" + ".join(expression) expression =
    expression.split(")")[:-1]
    expression = ")" + ".join(expression)
    attributes = expression.split(',')
```

```
    return attributes
```

```
def getInitialPredicate(expression):
```

```
    return expression.split("(")[0]
def isConstant(char):
```

```
    return char.isupper() and len(char) == 1
```

```
def isVariable(char):
```

```
    return char.islower() and len(char) == 1
```

```
def replaceAttributes(exp, old, new):
    attributes = getAttributes(exp)
    predicate = getInitialPredicate(exp)
    for index, val in enumerate(attributes):
```

```
        if val == old: attributes[index] = new
```

```
return predicate + "(" + ",".join(attributes) + ")"
```

```
def apply(exp, substitutions):  
    for substitution in substitutions:
```

```
        new, old = substitution
```

```
        exp = replaceAttributes(exp, old, new) return exp
```

```
def checkOccurs(var, exp): if exp.find(var) == -1:
```

```
    return False return True
```

```
def getFirstPart(expression):  
    attributes = getAttributes(expression) return attributes[0]
```

```
def getRemainingPart(expression):  
    predicate = getInitialPredicate(expression)  
    attributes = getAttributes(expression)  
    newExpression = predicate + "(" + ",".join(attributes[1:]) + ")"
```

```
return newExpression def unify(exp1, exp2):
```

```
    if exp1 == exp2: return []
```

```
    if isConstant(exp1) and isConstant(exp2): if exp1 != exp2:
```

```
        print(f"{exp1} and {exp2} are constants. Cannot be unified") return []
```

```
    if isConstant(exp1): return [(exp1, exp2)]
```

```
    if isConstant(exp2): return [(exp2, exp1)]
```

```
    if isVariable(exp1):  
        return [(exp2, exp1)] if not checkOccurs(exp1, exp2) else []
```

```
    if isVariable(exp2):  
        return [(exp1, exp2)] if not checkOccurs(exp2, exp1) else []  
    if getInitialPredicate(exp1) != getInitialPredicate(exp2): print("Cannot be unified as the predicates do  
    not match!") return []
```

```
    attributeCount1 = len(getAttributes(exp1)) attributeCount2 = len(getAttributes(exp2)) if  
    attributeCount1 != attributeCount2:
```

```
        print(f"Length of attributes {attributeCount1} and {attributeCount2} do not match. Cannot be  
        unified")
```

```
    return []
```

```
    head1 = getFirstPart(exp1)
```

```
    head2 = getFirstPart(exp2) initialSubstitution = unify(head1, head2) if not initialSubstitution:
```

```
        return []
```

```
    if attributeCount1 == 1:
```

```

return initialSubstitution

tail1 = getRemainingPart(exp1) tail2 = getRemainingPart(exp2)

if initialSubstitution != []:
    tail1 = apply(tail1, initialSubstitution) tail2 = apply(tail2, initialSubstitution)

remainingSubstitution = unify(tail1, tail2) if not remainingSubstitution:

return []

return initialSubstitution + remainingSubstitution def main():

print("Enter the first expression") e1 = input()
print("Enter the second expression") e2 = input()

substitutions = unify(e1, e2)
print("The substitutions are:")
print([' / '.join(substitution) for substitution in substitutions])

main()
print(" ") print("----- ") print(" ")
main()
print(" ") print("----- ")

print(" ")
main()
print(" ") print("----- ") print(" ")

main() print("----- ") print("-----")
Enter the first expression
know(f(x),y)
Enter the second expression
kows(J,John)
Cannot be unified as the predicates do not match!
The substitutions are:
[]

-----

Enter the first expression
knows(f(x),y)
Enter the second expression
knows(J,John)
The substitutions are:
['J / f(x)', 'John / y']

```

## Program 9

**Convert given first order logic statement into Conjunctive Normal Form (CNF).**

```
import re
```

```

print("Enter FOL")
def remove_brackets(source, id):

    reg = '\(([^\(]*?)\)'
    m = re.search(reg, source) if m is None:

    return None, None
    new_source = re.sub(reg, str(id), source, count=1) return new_source, m.group(1)

class logic_base:
    def __init__(self, input):

    self.my_stack = [] self.source = input final = input while 1:

    input, tmp = remove_brackets(input, len(self.my_stack)) if input is None:

    break
    final = input self.my_stack.append(tmp)

    self.my_stack.append(final)

    def get_result(self):
    root = self.my_stack[-1]
    m = re.match('s*([0-9]+)s*$', root) if m is not None:
    root = self.my_stack[int(m.group(1))] reg = '(\d+)'
    while 1:

    m = re.search(reg, root) if m is None:

    break
    new = '(' + self.my_stack[int(m.group(1))] + ')' root = re.sub(reg, new, root, count=1)

    return root

def merge_items(self, logic): reg0 = '(\d+)'
reg1 = 'neg\s+(\d+)'
flag = False

for i in range(len(self.my_stack)):

    target = self.my_stack[i] if logic not in target:

    continue
    m = re.search(reg1, target) if m is not None:

    continue
    m = re.search(reg0, target) if m is None:

    continue
    for j in re.findall(reg0, target):

    child = self.my_stack[int(j)] if logic not in child:

    continue
    new_reg = "(^|s)" + j + "(s|$)"

```



```

self.my_stack[i] = re.sub(new_reg, '' + child + '', self.my_stack[i], count=1) self.my_stack[i] =
self.my_stack[i].strip()
flag = True

if flag: self.merge_items(logic)

class ordering(logic_base): def run(self):

flag = False
for i in range(len(self.my_stack)):

new_source = self.add_brackets(self.my_stack[i]) if self.my_stack[i] != new_source:

self.my_stack[i] = new_source

flag = True return flag

def add_brackets(self, source):
reg = "\s+(and|or|imp|iff)\s+"
if len(re.findall(reg, source)) < 2:
return source
reg_and = "(neg\s+)?\S+\s+and\s+(neg\s+)?\S+" m = re.search(reg_and, source)
if m is not None:

return re.sub(reg_and, "(" + m.group(0) + ")", source, count=1) reg_or =
"(neg\s+)?\S+\s+or\s+(neg\s+)?\S+"
m = re.search(reg_or, source)
if m is not None:

return re.sub(reg_or, "(" + m.group(0) + ")", source, count=1) reg_imp =
"(neg\s+)?\S+\s+imp\s+(neg\s+)?\S+"
m = re.search(reg_imp, source)
if m is not None:

return re.sub(reg_imp, "(" + m.group(0) + ")", source, count=1) reg_iff =
"(neg\s+)?\S+\s+iff\s+(neg\s+)?\S+"
m = re.search(reg_iff, source)
if m is not None:

return re.sub(reg_iff, "(" + m.group(0) + ")", source, count=1)

class replace_iff(logic_base): def run(self):

final = len(self.my_stack) - 1
flag = self.replace_all_iff() self.my_stack.append(self.my_stack[final]) return flag

def replace_all_iff(self):
flag = False
for i in range(len(self.my_stack)):

ans = self.replace_iff_inner(self.my_stack[i], len(self.my_stack)) if ans is None:

continue
self.my_stack[i] = ans[0] self.my_stack.append(ans[1])

self.my_stack.append(ans[2])

```

```
flag = True return flag
```

```
def replace_iff_inner(self, source, id): reg = '^(*?)\s+iff\s+(.*?)$'  
m = re.search(reg, source)  
if m is None:
```

```
return None  
a, b = m.group(1), m.group(2)  
return (str(id) + ' and ' + str(id + 1), a + ' imp ' + b, b + ' imp ' + a)
```

```
class replace_imp(logic_base): def run(self):
```

```
flag = False  
for i in range(len(self.my_stack)):
```

```
ans = self.replace_imp_inner(self.my_stack[i]) if ans is None:  
continue self.my_stack[i] = ans flag = True
```

```
return flag
```

```
def replace_imp_inner(self, source): reg = '^(*?)\s+imp\s+(.*?)$'  
m = re.search(reg, source)  
if m is None:
```

```
return None  
a, b = m.group(1), m.group(2) if 'neg ' in a:
```

```
return a.replace('neg ', '') + ' or ' + b return 'neg ' + a + ' or ' + b
```

```
class de_morgan(logic_base): def run(self):
```

```
reg = 'neg\s+(\d+)'  
flag = False  
final = len(self.my_stack) - 1  
for i in range(len(self.my_stack)):
```

```
target = self.my_stack[i] m = re.search(reg, target) if m is None:
```

```
continue  
flag = True  
child = self.my_stack[int(m.group(1))]  
self.my_stack[i] = re.sub(reg, str(len(self.my_stack)), target, count=1)  
self.my_stack.append(self.doing_de_morgan(child))  
break
```

```
self.my_stack.append(self.my_stack[final]) return flag
```

```
def doing_de_morgan(self, source): items = re.split("\s+", source) new_items = []  
for item in items:
```

```
if item == 'or': new_items.append('and')
```

```
elif item == 'and': new_items.append('or')
```

```
elif item == 'neg': new_items.append('neg')
```

```

elif len(item.strip()) > 0: new_items.append('neg') new_items.append(item)

for i in range(len(new_items) - 1): if new_items[i] == 'neg':

if new_items[i + 1] == 'neg': new_items[i] = " new_items[i + 1] = "

return ''.join([i for i in new_items if len(i) > 0])

class distributive(logic_base): def run(self):

flag = False
reg = '(\d+)'
final = len(self.my_stack) - 1
for i in range(len(self.my_stack)):

target = self.my_stack[i]
if 'or' not in self.my_stack[i]:

continue
m = re.search(reg, target) if m is None:

continue
for j in re.findall(reg, target):

child = self.my_stack[int(j)] if 'and' not in child:

continue
new_reg = "(^|s)" + j + "(s|$)"
items = re.split("s+and\s+", child)
tmp_list = [str(j) for j in range(len(self.my_stack), len(self.my_stack) + len(items))] for item in items:

self.my_stack.append(re.sub(new_reg, ' ' + item + ' ', target).strip()) self.my_stack[i] = ' and
'.join(tmp_list)
flag = True

if flag: break

self.my_stack.append(self.my_stack[final]) return flag

class simplification(logic_base): def run(self):

old = self.get_result()
for i in range(len(self.my_stack)):

self.my_stack[i] = self.reducing_or(self.my_stack[i]) # self.my_stack[i] =
self.reducing_and(self.my_stack[i]) final = self.my_stack[-1]
self.my_stack[-1] = self.reducing_and(final)
return len(old) != len(self.get_result())

def reducing_and(self, target): if 'and' not in target:

return target
items = set(re.split("s+and\s+", target)) for item in list(items):

if ('neg ' + item) in items: return "

```

```

if re.match('\d+$', item) is None: continue

value = self.my_stack[int(item)] if self.my_stack.count(value) > 1:

value = "

self.my_stack[int(item)] = " if value == ":

items.remove(item) return ' and '.join(list(items))
def reducing_or(self, target): if 'or' not in target:

return target
items = set(re.split('\s+or\s+', target)) for item in list(items):

if ('neg ' + item) in items:

return "
return ' or '.join(list(items))

def merging(source):
old = source.get_result() source.merge_items('or') source.merge_items('and') return old !=
source.get_result()

def run(input):
all_strings = []
# all_strings.append(input) zero = ordering(input) while zero.run():

zero = ordering(zero.get_result()) merging(zero)

one = replace_iff(zero.get_result()) one.run() all_strings.append(one.get_result()) merging(one)

two = replace_imp(one.get_result()) two.run() all_strings.append(two.get_result()) merging(two)

three, four = None, None old = two.get_result() three = de_morgan(old) while three.run(): pass

all_strings.append(three.get_result()) merging(three)
three_helf = simplification(three.get_result()) three_helf.run()

four = distributive(three_helf.get_result()) while four.run():

pass
merging(four)
five = simplification(four.get_result()) five.run() all_strings.append(five.get_result()) return
all_strings

inputs = input().split("\n") for input in inputs:

for item in run(input): print(item)

```

```

Enter FOL
(animal(z) and kills(x,z)) imp (neg Loves(y,z))
(animal(z) and kills(x,z)) imp (neg Loves(y,z))
neg (animal(z) and kills(x,z)) or (neg Loves(y,z))
(neg animal(z) or neg kills(x,z)) or (neg Loves(y,z))
neg animal(z) or (neg Loves(y,z)) or neg kills(x,z)

```

## Program 10

**Create a knowledgebase consisting of first order logic statements and prove the given query using forward reasoning.**

```

import re

def isVariable(x):
    return len(x) == 1 and x.islower() and x.isalpha()

def getAttributes(string): expr = '\([^)]+\)'

matches = re.findall(expr, string) return matches

def getPredicates(string):
    expr = '([a-z~+])\([^&|]+\)' return re.findall(expr, string)

class Fact:
    def __init__(self, expression):

        self.expression = expression
        predicate, params = self.splitExpression(expression) self.predicate = predicate
        self.params = params
        self.result = any(self.getConstants())

    def splitExpression(self, expression):
        predicate = getPredicates(expression)[0]
        params = getAttributes(expression)[0].strip('(').split(',') return [predicate, params]

    def getResult(self): return self.result

    def getConstants(self):
        return [None if isVariable(c) else c for c in self.params]

    def getVariables(self):
        return [v if isVariable(v) else None for v in self.params]

    def substitute(self, constants):
        c = constants.copy()
        f = f'{self.predicate}({',''.join([constants.pop(0) if isVariable(p) else p for p in self.params])})' return
        Fact(f)

class Implication:
    def __init__(self, expression):

        self.expression = expression
        l = expression.split('=>')

```

```

self.lhs = [Fact(f) for f in l[0].split('&')] self.rhs = Fact(l[1])

def evaluate(self, facts): constants = {} new_lhs = []
for fact in facts:

    for val in self.lhs:
        if val.predicate == fact.predicate:
            for i, v in enumerate(val.getVariables()): if v:

                constants[v] = fact.getConstants()[i] new_lhs.append(fact)

    predicate, attributes = getPredicates(self.rhs.expression)[0], str(getAttributes(self.rhs.expression)[0])

    for key in constants: if constants[key]:

        attributes = attributes.replace(key, constants[key])
        expr = f'{predicate} {attributes}'
        return Fact(expr) if len(new_lhs) and all([f.getResult() for f in new_lhs]) else None

class KB:
    def __init__(self):

        self.facts = set() self.implications = set()

    def tell(self, e): if '=>' in e:

        self.implications.add(Implication(e)) else:

            self.facts.add(Fact(e)) for i in self.implications:

                res = i.evaluate(self.facts) if res:

                    self.facts.add(res)

    def query(self, e):
        facts = set([f.expression for f in self.facts]) i= 1
        print(f'Querying {e}:')
        for f in facts:

            if Fact(f).predicate == Fact(e).predicate: print(f'\t{i}. {f}')
            i += 1

    def display(self):
        print("All facts: ")
        for i, f in enumerate(set([f.expression for f in self.facts])):

            print(f'\t{i+1}. {f}')

kb_ = KB() kb_.tell('king(x)&greedy(x)=>evil(x)') kb_.tell('king(John)') kb_.tell('greedy(John)')
kb_.tell('king(Richard)') kb_.query('evil(x)')

kb_.display()

```

Querying evil(x):

1. evil(John)

All facts:

1. king(Richard)
2. greedy(John)
3. evil(John)
4. king(John)