

Part A: Suggest 2 methods to programmatically ignore a signal

1. Use the `signal()` function to set the signal handler to `SIG_IGN`:

The simplest way to ignore a signal is to use the `signal()` function and set the signal handler to `SIG_IGN`. For example:

```
signal(SIGTERM, SIG_IGN);
```

This line of code tells the program to ignore the `SIGTERM` signal.

2. Use `sigaction()` with `sa_handler` set to `SIG_IGN`:

Another method is to use the `sigaction()` function to set the action to ignore the signal by setting `sa_handler` to `SIG_IGN`:

`struct sigaction sa;`

```
sa.sa_handler = SIG_IGN;
sigemptyset(&sa.sa_mask);
sa.sa_flags = 0;
sigaction(SIGTERM, &sa, NULL);
```

This approach provides more control and flexibility, such as setting flags or a signal mask, while still ignoring the signal.