



Sonarqube Installation and Setup

By

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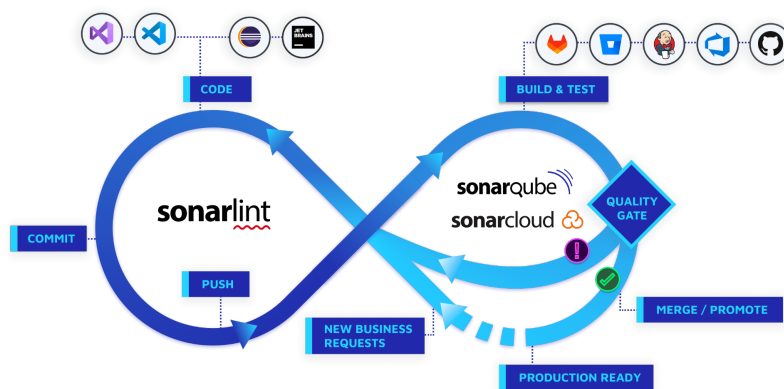
Intelligaia Technologies

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1. Introduction:

- SonarQube is a self-managed, automatic code review tool that systematically helps you deliver clean code. As a core element of our Sonar solution, SonarQube integrates into your existing workflow and detects issues in your code to help you perform continuous code inspections of your projects. The tool analyses 30+ different programming languages and integrates into your CI pipeline and DevOps platform to ensure that your code meets high-quality standards.
- Writing clean code
- Clean Code is the standard for all code that results in secure, reliable, and maintainable software therefore, writing clean code is essential to maintaining a healthy codebase. This applies to all code: source code, test code, infrastructure as code, glue code, scripts, and more.
- Sonar's Clean as You Code approach eliminates many of the pitfalls that arise from reviewing code at a late stage in the development process. The Clean as You Code approach uses your quality gate to alert/inform you when there's something to fix or review in your new code (code that has been added or changed), allowing you to maintain high standards and focus on code quality.
- Developing with Sonar



- The Sonar solution performs checks at every stage of the development process:

- SonarLint provides immediate feedback in your IDE as you write code so you can find and fix issues before a commit.
- SonarQube's PR analysis fits into your CI/CD workflows with SonarQube's PR analysis and use of quality gates.
- Quality gates keep code with issues from being released to production, a key tool in helping you incorporate the Clean as You Code methodology.
- The Clean as You Code approach helps you focus on submitting new, clean code for production, knowing that your existing code will be improved over time.

2. Prerequisites:

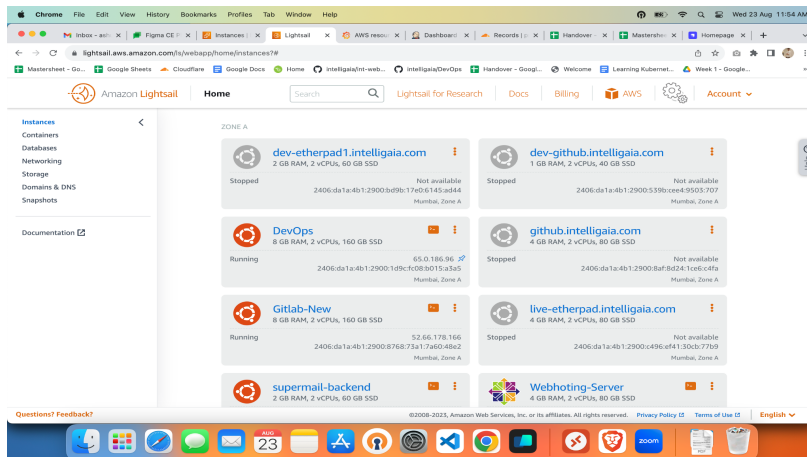
- We have setup the Sonarqube with docker-compose
- Prerequisites are for setting up sonarqube with docker-compose are listed below
- Linux Server (Ubuntu 20.04 LTS)

We have create lightsail instance with the name DevOps in Mumbai regions with configuration

RAM 8G

2vCPUs

160GB SSD storage



Here we have selected Ubuntu 20.04 LTS

```
root@devops:/home/ubuntu# cat /etc/os-release
NAME="Ubuntu"
VERSION="20.04 LTS (Focal Fossa)"
ID=ubuntu
ID_LIKE=debian
PRETTY_NAME="Ubuntu 20.04 LTS"
VERSION_ID="20.04"
HOME_URL="https://www.ubuntu.com/"
SUPPORT_URL="https://help.ubuntu.com/"
BUG_REPORT_URL="https://bugs.launchpad.net/ubuntu/"
PRIVACY_POLICY_URL="https://www.ubuntu.com/legal/terms-and-policies/privacy-policy"
VERSION_CODENAME=focal
UBUNTU_CODENAME=focal
```

- Docker and Docker-compose installed on ubuntu 20.04

```
root@devops:~# docker --version
Docker version 24.0.5, build ced0996
root@devops:~# docker-compose --version
docker-compose version 1.29.2, build 5becea4c
root@devops:~#
```

We can use below link to install docker and docker-compose on ubuntu

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<https://docs.docker.com/desktop/install/windows-install/>

<https://docs.docker.com/compose/install/>

3. Installation

- Here for installation of sonarqube we are using database postgres
- We have setup sonarqube with docker-compose persistent volume
- The persistent volume location is /opt
- We have created directory /opt/sonarqube

```
root@devops:/opt/sonarqube# ls
postgres sonarqube sonarqube-compose.yml
root@devops:/opt/sonarqube#
```

```
root@devops:/opt/sonarqube# cat sonarqube-compose.yml
version: "3"
services:
  sonarqube:
    image: sonarqube:lts-community
    hostname: sonarqube
    container_name: sonarqube
    restart: unless-stopped
    depends_on:
      - db
    environment:
      SONAR_JDBC_URL: jdbc:postgresql://db:5432/sonar
      SONAR_JDBC_USERNAME: postgres
      SONAR_JDBC_PASSWORD: sonarquberry@12
    volumes:
      - /opt/sonarqube/sonarqube/data:/opt/sonarqube/data
      - /opt/sonarqube/sonarqube/extensions:/opt/sonarqube/extensions
      - /opt/sonarqube/sonarqube/logs:/opt/sonarqube/logs
      - /opt/sonarqube/sonarqube/conf:/opt/sonarqube/conf
    ports:
      - "9000:9000"
  db:
    image: postgres:11.15
    hostname: postgresql
    container_name: postgresql
    restart: unless-stopped
    environment:
      POSTGRES_USER: postgres
      POSTGRES_PASSWORD: sonarquberry@12
      POSTGRES_DB: sonar
    volumes:
      - /opt/sonarqube/postgress:/var/lib/postgresql/data
```

- Cat sonarqube-compose.yml

Unset

```
version: "3"
services:
```

```

sonarqube:
  image: sonarqube:lts-community
  hostname: sonarqube
  container_name: sonarqube
  restart: unless-stopped
  depends_on:
    - db
  environment:
    SONAR_JDBC_URL: jdbc:postgresql://db:5432/sonar
    SONAR_JDBC_USERNAME: postgres
    SONAR_JDBC_PASSWORD: sonarquberry@12
  volumes:
    - /opt/sonarqube/sonarqube/data:/opt/sonarqube/data
    - /opt/sonarqube/sonarqube/extensions:/opt/sonarqube/extensions
    - /opt/sonarqube/sonarqube/logs:/opt/sonarqube/logs
    - /opt/sonarqube/sonarqube/conf:/opt/sonarqube/conf
  ports:
    - "9000:9000"
db:
  image: postgres:11.15
  hostname: postgresql
  container_name: postgresql
  restart: unless-stopped
  environment:
    POSTGRES_USER: postgres
    POSTGRES_PASSWORD: sonarquberry@12
    POSTGRES_DB: sonar
  volumes:
    - /opt/sonarqube/postgress:/var/lib/postgresql/data

```

- We need to create all the necessary directories and files for persistent volumes

4. Configuration

At this point sonarqube is accessible to ip and port

- We need to make sure that is accessible to sonarqube.intelligaia.com
- So we need to setup reverse proxy
- Nginx can be installed using below command

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```
apt update
```

```
apt install nginx -y
```

- After successfully installing create nginx configuration file we need to open 80 and 443 ports so that we could access nginx service

```
root@devops:~# systemctl status nginx
nginx.service - A high performance web server and a reverse proxy server
   Loaded: loaded (/lib/systemd/system/nginx.service; enabled; vendor preset: enabled)
   Active: active (running) since Fri 2023-08-18 05:10:21 UTC; 5 days ago
     Docs: man:nginx(8)
  Process: 193117 ExecStartPre=/usr/sbin/nginx -t -q -g daemon on; master_process on; (code=exited, status=0/SUCCESS)
  Process: 193138 ExecStart=/usr/sbin/nginx -g daemon on; master_process on; (code=exited, status=0/SUCCESS)
 Main PID: 193140 (nginx)
    Tasks: 3 (limit: 9422)
   Memory: 19.0M
    CGroup: /system.slice/nginx.service
            └─193140 nginx: master process /usr/sbin/nginx -g daemon on; master_process on;
               └─193199 nginx: worker process
                 └─193200 nginx: worker process

Aug 18 05:10:21 devops systemd[1]: Starting A high performance web server and a reverse proxy server: nginx.
Aug 18 05:10:21 devops systemd[1]: Started A high performance web server and a reverse proxy server: nginx.
```

The screenshot shows the Amazon Lightsail console interface. On the left, there is a navigation menu with options: Instances, Containers, Databases, Networking, Storage, Domains & DNS, and Snapshots. The main content area displays the 'IPv4 Firewall' configuration for a specific instance. At the top, it shows the 'PUBLIC IP' as 65.0.186.96 and the 'PRIVATE IP' as 172.26.2.229. Below this, a message states: 'Your instance is using a static IP as its public IPv4 address. A static IP doesn't change when you stop and start your instance.' The 'IPv4 Firewall' section includes a link to 'Learn more about firewall rules' and an 'Add rule' button. A table lists the configured firewall rules:

Application	Protocol	Port or range / Code	Restricted to	Actions
SSH	TCP	22	Any IPv4 address Lightsail browser SSH/RDP	Enable/Disable/Delete
HTTP	TCP	80	Any IPv4 address	Enable/Disable/Delete
HTTPS	TCP	443	Any IPv4 address	Enable/Disable/Delete
Custom	TCP	8080	Any IPv4 address	Enable/Disable/Delete
Custom	TCP	9100	Any IPv4 address	Enable/Disable/Delete

Sonarqube nginx configuration is kept at **/etc/nginx/conf.d/sonarqube.conf**

- Cat cat /etc/nginx/conf.d/sonarqube.conf

Unset

```
server {
    server_name sonarqube.intelligaia.com;
    access_log off;

    location / {

        proxy_pass      http://127.0.0.1:9000;

        proxy_set_header Host          $host;
        proxy_set_header X-Real-IP     $remote_addr;
        proxy_set_header X-Forwarded-For $proxy_add_x_forwarded_for;
        proxy_set_header X-Forwarded-Proto http;
        proxy_max_temp_file_size 0;
        proxy_connect_timeout      150;
        proxy_send_timeout          100;
        proxy_read_timeout          100;

        proxy_buffer_size      8k;
        proxy_buffers           4 32k;
        proxy_busy_buffers_size 64k;
        proxy_temp_file_write_size 64k;

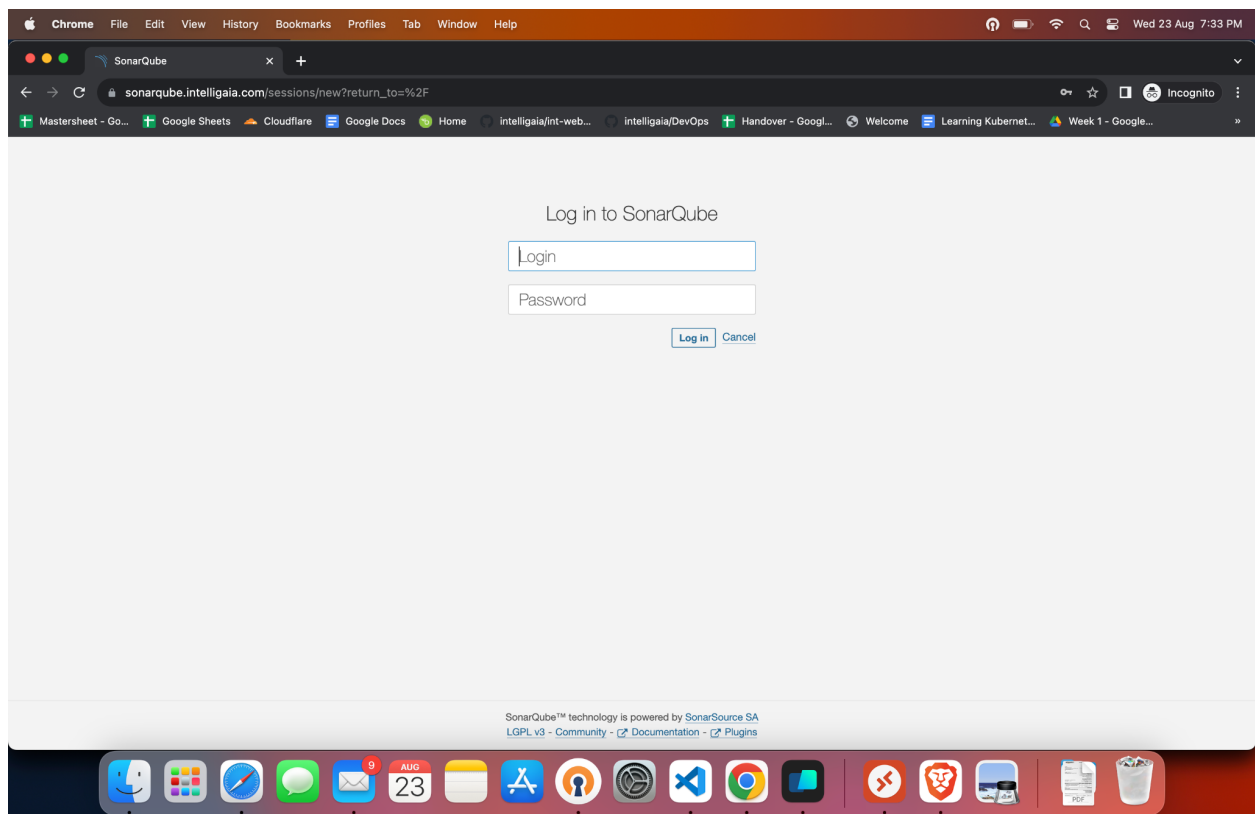
    }

    listen 443 ssl; # managed by Certbot
    ssl_certificate /etc/letsencrypt/live/sonarqube.intelligaia.com/fullchain.pem;
# managed by Certbot
    ssl_certificate_key
/etc/letsencrypt/live/sonarqube.intelligaia.com/privkey.pem; # managed by Certbot
    include /etc/letsencrypt/options-ssl-nginx.conf; # managed by Certbot
    ssl_dhparam /etc/letsencrypt/ssl-dhparams.pem; # managed by Certbot

}
server {
    if ($host = sonarqube.intelligaia.com) {
        return 301 https://$host$request_uri;
    } # managed by Certbot
```

```
server_name sonarqube.intelligaia.com;  
listen 80;  
return 404; # managed by Certbot  
  
}
```

- Now the sonarqube is accessible to sonarqube.intelligaia.com
- We can use active directory credentials to login for that we need to configure ldap



5. Integration

- We need to configure ldap so we need to create sonar.properties inside /opt/sonarqube/sonarqube/conf
- Cat sonar.properties

```
Unset
# LDAP configuration

# General Configuration
sonar.security.realm=LDAP
ldap.url=ldap://dc1.ad.intelligaia.com:389
ldap.bindDn=CN=sonarqube-svc,OU=ServiceAccounts,DC=ad,DC=intelligaia,DC=com
ldap.bindPassword=mEhn@7k@r#630
ldap.authentication=simple

# User Configuration
ldap.user.baseDn=DC=ad,DC=intelligaia,DC=com
ldap.user.request=(sAMAccountName={0})
ldap.user.realNameAttribute=cn
ldap.user.emailAttribute=mail

# Group Configuration
ldap.group.baseDn=CN=sonarqube-admin,OU=ServiceAccounts,DC=ad,DC=intelligaia,DC=com
ldap.group.request=(&(objectClass=group)(member={dn}))
```

- You need to add necessary parameters such as
sonar.security.realm=LDAP
ldap.url=ldap://dc1.ad.intelligaia.com:389
ldap.bindDn=CN=sonarqube-svc,OU=ServiceAccounts,DC=ad,DC=intelligaia,DC=com
ldap.bindPassword=mEhn@7k@r#630
ldap.authentication=simple
ldap.user.baseDn=DC=ad,DC=intelligaia,DC=com
ldap.user.request=(sAMAccountName={0})
ldap.user.realNameAttribute=cn
ldap.user.emailAttribute=mail
ldap.group.baseDn=CN=sonarqube-admin,OU=ServiceAccounts,DC=ad,DC=intelligaia,DC=com
ldap.group.request=(&(objectClass=group)(member={dn}))
- These are the ldap configuration could be get from Active directory server

