

Project B Report

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These are the three questions specific to Project B. We need to find appropriate sections to answer these questions (and make it clear that we're answering them so that the TA gives us marks)

1. What are the most important factors affecting Apple Stock returns?
2. Does including information for several days ago have much of an impact on tomorrow's return, if we account for today's information?
3. Does the model predict accurately?

Summary

The objective of this report is to model the Apple Stock return rate, defined as $ret.AAPL_i = \frac{AAPL_i - AAPL_{i-1}}{AAPL_{i-1}}$, based on key metrics such as volatility, S&P 500 Index, and etc.

To model the return rate, our group has surveyed a wide range of models including an autoregressive model, linear models from automated model selection, as well as transformed linear models.

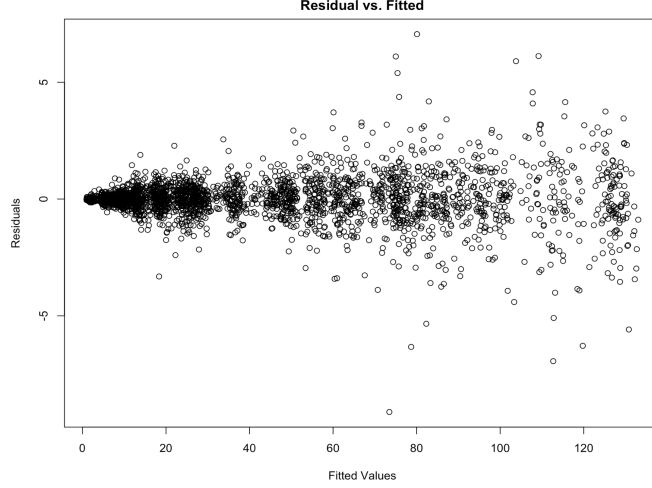
From the autoregressive model, we noticed the heteroscedascity caused by autocorrelation, which led us to determine that directly modelling the stock price is not the most ideal way to model the return rate. We also found discrepancy between the adjusted R-Squared value and the residual plots in the backfitted model, which will be further discussed later in this report. Through our investigation, our group has concluded that there is no truly ideal linear model for the Apple Stock return rate. Nevertheless, we were able to identify the inadequate models and gain insights on why those models did not work.

Model Selection

The first model to be considered is the autoregressive model, which directly models the stock price of day i using the price from day $i - 1$ and has the following expression:

$$AAPL_i = \beta_0 + \beta_1 AAPL_{i-1}$$

The residual plot from the fitted model has a clearly heteroscedastic property, since the residuals take on a fan shape.



We tried to resolve the heteroscedascity issue by implementing a Weighted Least Squares autoregressive model but the results remained the same (see Appendix for full code and plot comparison). After some research, it turns out that this is an irreducible property of the autoregressive model because the data is serially correlated. We realized that we needed something better than directly modelling the price. Hence we decided to directly model the return which, to re-iterate, is defined as $ret.AAPL_i = \frac{AAPL_i - AAPL_{i-1}}{AAPL_{i-1}}$.

Correlation between the coefficients was also expected from the data. Since it is a time-series financial data set, we knew and verified that time is correlated to variables such as the Apple Stock Price and the *S&P 500* Index. The detailed matrix can be found in the Appendix section. We decided that this wasn't too much of an issue since it is an inevitable part of any time-series data.

Moving on from the autoregressive model, we then considered automated model selecting using forward selection, backward elimination, and stepwise selection, from which we obtained the following models (full code in Appendix):

Forward selection: $Return = \beta_0 + \beta_1 VIX + \beta_2 AAPL2 + \beta_3 AAPL + \beta_4 SPGSCITR$

Backward elimination: $Return = \beta_0 + \beta_1 AAPL + \beta_2 VIX + \beta_3 SPGSCITR + \beta_4 AAPL2$

Stepwise selection: $Return = \beta_0 + \beta_1 VIX + \beta_2 AAPL2 + \beta_3 AAPL + \beta_4 SPGSCITR$

Interestingly, all selection methods returned the same model. Before we proceeded any further, we consulted with Prof. Zeng. After receiving helpful advice from the professor, we realized that since *Return* is calculated as a function of *AAPL* and *AAPL2*, the two variables cannot be included in the same model. We then adjusted the full model by excluding the variable *AAPL*, hence only keeping the previous-day price, and obtained the results below:

Forward selection: $Return = \beta_0 + \beta_1 VIX + \beta_2 AAPL2 + \beta_3 SPGSCITR + \beta_4 EEM$

Backward elimination: $Return = \beta_0 + \beta_1 VIX + \beta_2 AAPL2 + \beta_3 SPGSCITR + \beta_4 EEM$

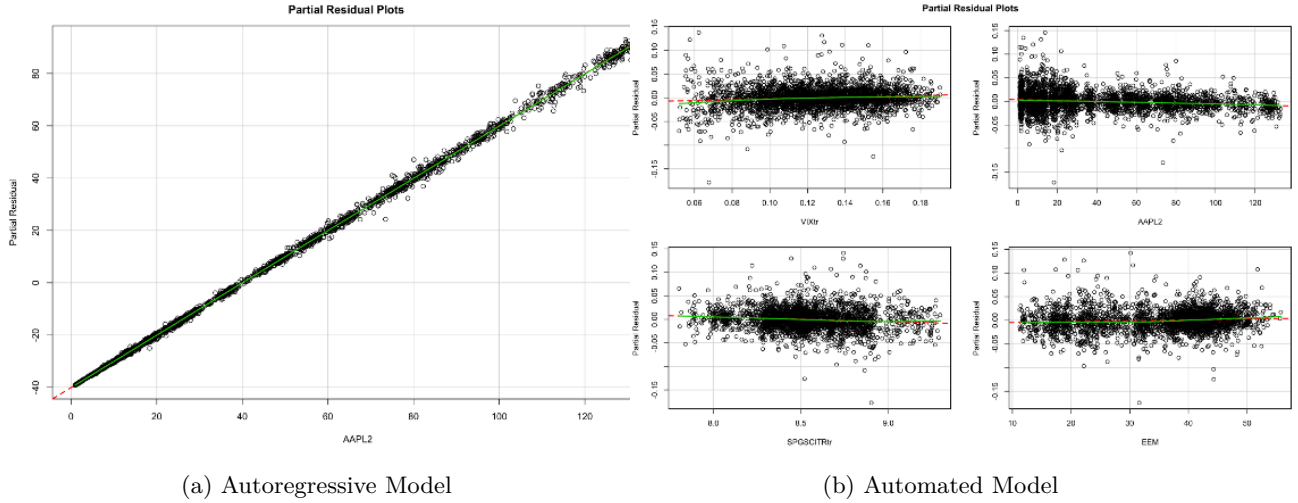
Stepwise selection: $Return = \beta_0 + \beta_1 VIX + \beta_2 AAPL2 + \beta_3 SPGSCITR + \beta_4 EEM$

We decided to further analyze this model in the model diagnostics section.

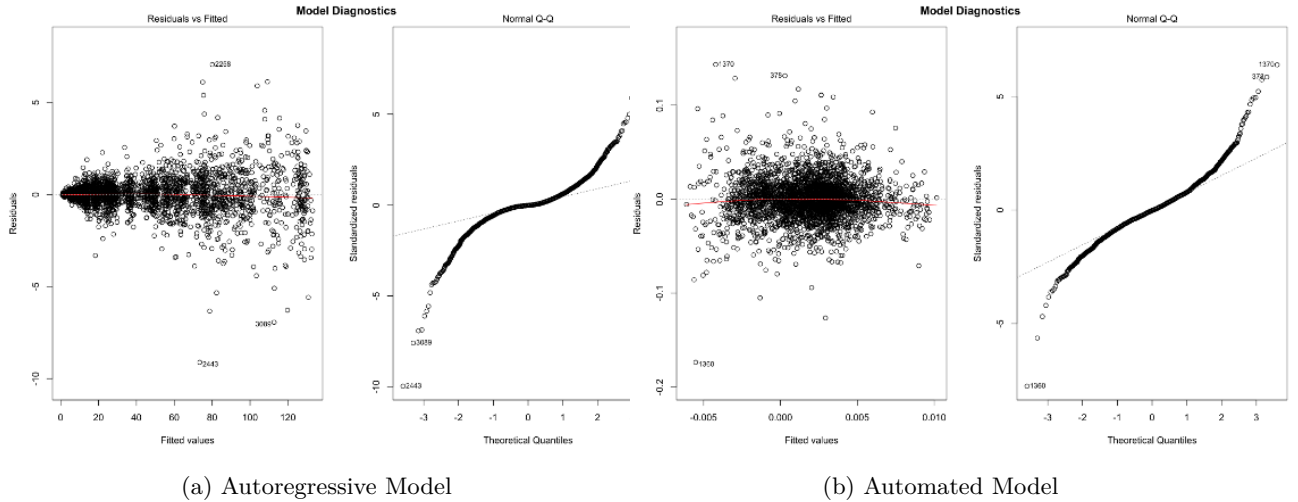
Additionally, we considered how the distribution of the independent variables could affect the model fit. Since both *VIX* and *SPGSCITR* had heavily skewed histograms, we decided to log-transform the variables to make the distributions resemble a normal curve and obtained the following model: **Transformed model:** $Return = \beta_0 + \beta_1 (\log(VIX))^{-2} + \beta_2 AAPL2 + \beta_3 (\log(SPGSCITR)) + \beta_4 EEM$. This will be the second model to be discussed in the model diagnostics section.

Model Diagnostics

We first look into some diagnostic plots of the two models for the sake of residual analysis and outlier detection.

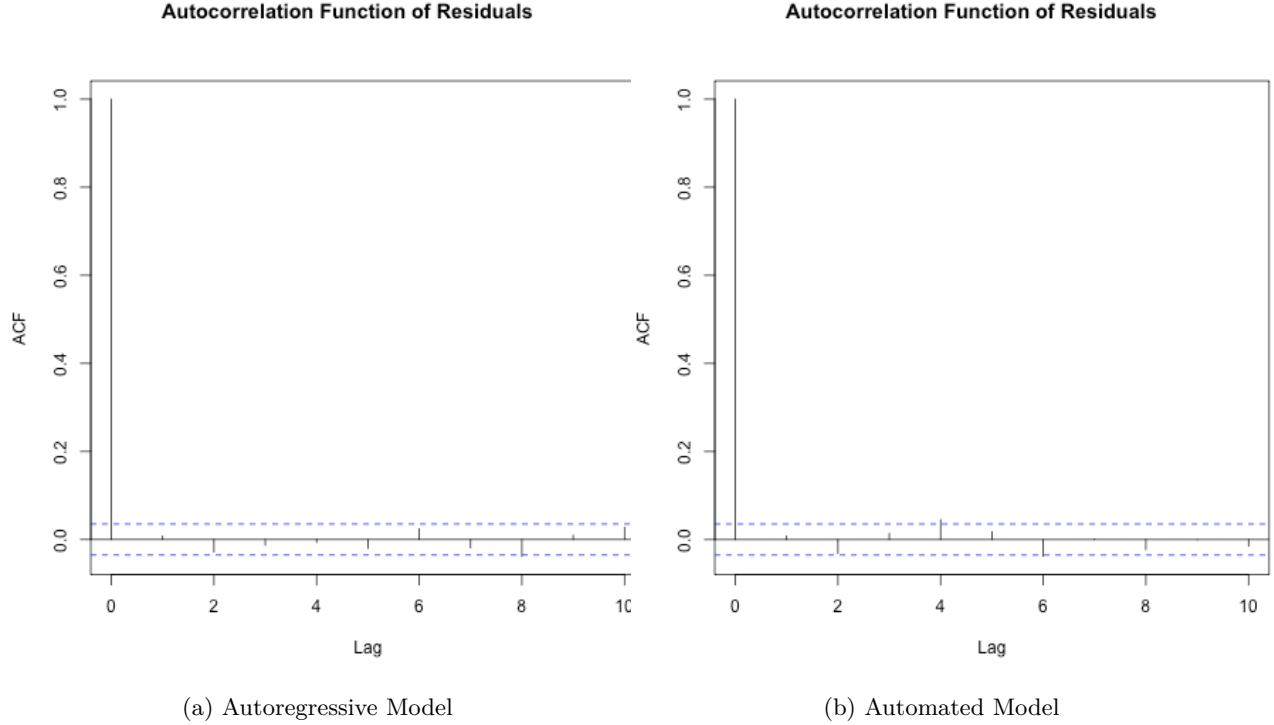


There is a strong linear trend in the partial residual plot of the autoregressive model, and no deviation from the straight line. We see this trend with the covariates of the automated model as well, with only the ‘EEM’ covariate and the log-transformed ‘VIX’ displaying a small amount of deviation from the straight line. Hence, the assumption of linearity is satisfied for both models.



The residuals of the autoregressive model are heterodastic as the plot of the residuals versus the fitted values has a fan-shaped pattern. In addition, the Q-Q plot of the residuals is heavy-tailed and exhibits curvature. In comparison, the plot of the residuals versus the fitted values of the automated model has more randomness than and lacks the fan-shaped pattern indicative of heterodasticity, and the Q-Q plot, while still being heavy-tailed, follows the linear trend more closely. Hence, the automated model produces errors that satisfy the assumption of constant error variance and that have non-normality that might be reasonably ignored, while the plots of the autoregressive model indicate that there are non-constant variances of the error and non-normality that we may be able to fix.

We then looked into the last assumption of linear regression models: independence of the errors. As the stock data was time-series data and contained serial correlation, a scatterplot matrix was ruled out as a useful tool



for detecting correlation. We instead considered ACF plots of the residuals, in combination with the results of the Durbin-Watson test. As can be seen in the ACF plots above, both models have explained away the autocorrelation in the residuals very well, as almost all of the sample correlations are within the limits. The results of the Durbin-Watson test on the models (shown in the table below) confirms this: for both models, the p -value of the test is high enough to accept the null hypothesis that there is no autocorrelation between the residuals.

	Test Statistic	p-value
Autoregressive	1.983123	0.5881467
Automated	1.984218	0.6471835

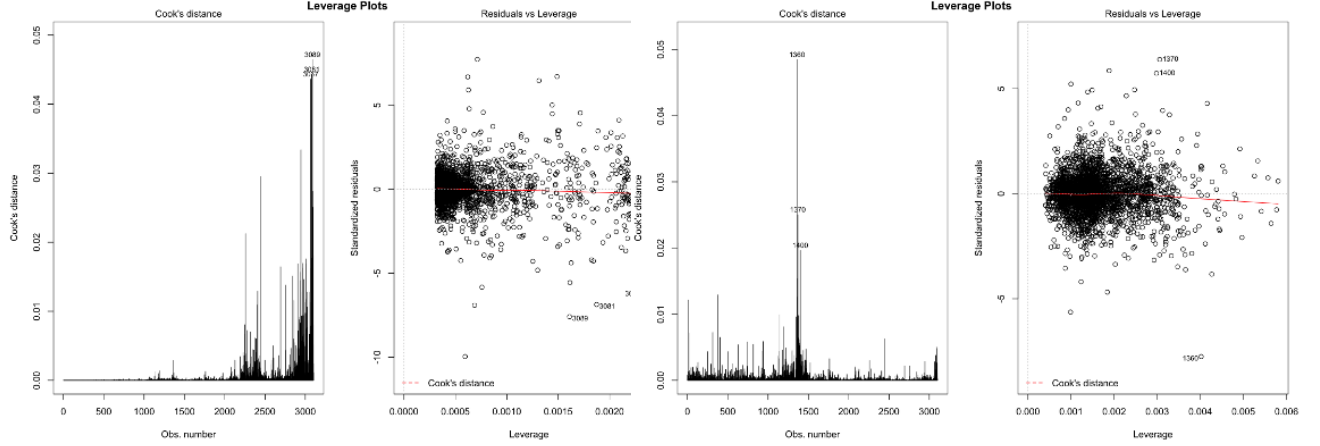
* alternative: true autocorrelation is not 0

The next concern we addressed was potential outliers and high-leverage cases. In both Cook's Distance plots below, there are no concerning observations that have a distance greater than 1, but most observations have a Cook's Distance greater than p/n , which is 0.0013 and 0.00032 for the automated and the autoregressive model, respectively. However, we see in both Residuals versus Leverage plots that there are no cases that are influential to the regression results. All points are well enough within the Cook's distance lines that said lines do not appear on either plot.

Once we had performed residual analysis and outlier detection, we performed cross validation for the two models to determine if they were overfitting. The k -fold cross validation method was used - with $k = 10$ - and the $RMSE$ over the 10 folds was calculated. For the sake of comparison, since the models have different dependent variables and hence different scales, the $RMSE$ had to be normalized by dividing it by the range of the observed values. We denote this calculation as the $NRMSE$.

The autoregressive model has an $NRMSE$ of 0.00693, a value very close to 0, indicating that this model is a very good fit. While still being a well-fitted model, the automated model will generally produce less accurate predictions than the former model as it has a higher $NRMSE$ of 0.0706.

Add prediction analysis here



(a) Autoregressive Model

(b) Automated Model

Based on our aforementioned results, the final model we decided to choose was the automated model, i.e. $Return = \beta_0 + \beta_1(\log(VIX)^{-2}) + \beta_2AAPL2 + \beta_3(\log(SPGSCITR)) + \beta_4EEM$. While both models are well-fitted with most of the linear regression assumptions satisfied and no significant outliers, the residuals of the automated model are homodastic and are closer to normality than those of the autoregressive model. In addition, though the autoregressive model is less overfitted than the automated model (as measured by the $NRMSE$), it is not by a significant difference. The parameters estimates and confidence interval of the final model are displayed below in the table below.

	Estimate	Intervals
(Intercept)	0.0739397	[0.0363, 0.1116]
VIXtr	0.0855576	[0.0549, 0.1162]
AAPL2	-0.0000961	[-1e-04, -1e-04]
SPGSCITRtr	-0.0100571	[-0.0148, -0.0053]
EEM	0.0001913	[1e-04, 3e-04]

Discussion

Appendix

Below is a collection of R code used in this report.

Pre-process the data

```
market_origin <- read.csv("market_index_clean.csv")
first <- market_origin[1,]
market <- market_origin[2:3104,]
market$AAPL2 <- market_origin[, "AAPL"][1:3103]
market$return <- (market$AAPL - market$AAPL2)/market$AAPL2
```

Full Model

```
library(lubridate)
market$Date <- market_origin$Date[2:3104]
date <- market$Date
first <- date[1]
day <- c()
for(i in 1:length(date)) {
  diff = round(difftime(date[i], first))
  day = c(day, diff)
}
market$Date <- day
full_model <- lm(Return ~ ., data = market)
summary(full_model)
```

```
##
## Call:
## lm(formula = Return ~ ., data = market)
##
## Residuals:
##      Min       1Q   Median       3Q      Max
## -0.122225 -0.006376 -0.000258  0.005388  0.122985
##
## Coefficients:
##              Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept)  2.004e-02  1.196e-02   1.675  0.09395 .
## Date         9.523e-07  1.866e-06   0.510  0.60990
## AAPL        1.652e-02  3.291e-04  50.193 < 2e-16 ***
## SPX        -2.934e-06  3.110e-06  -0.944  0.34544
## VIX        -1.462e-04  5.296e-05  -2.760  0.00581 **
## SPGSCITR    -6.714e-07  3.345e-07  -2.007  0.04479 *
## BNDGLB     -3.652e-05  4.143e-05  -0.882  0.37807
## EEM         2.708e-05  5.865e-05   0.462  0.64431
## AAPL2      -1.653e-02  3.287e-04 -50.287 < 2e-16 ***
## ---
## Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
## Residual standard error: 0.01668 on 3094 degrees of freedom
## Multiple R-squared:  0.4559, Adjusted R-squared:  0.4545
```

```
## F-statistic: 324.1 on 8 and 3094 DF,  p-value: < 2.2e-16
```

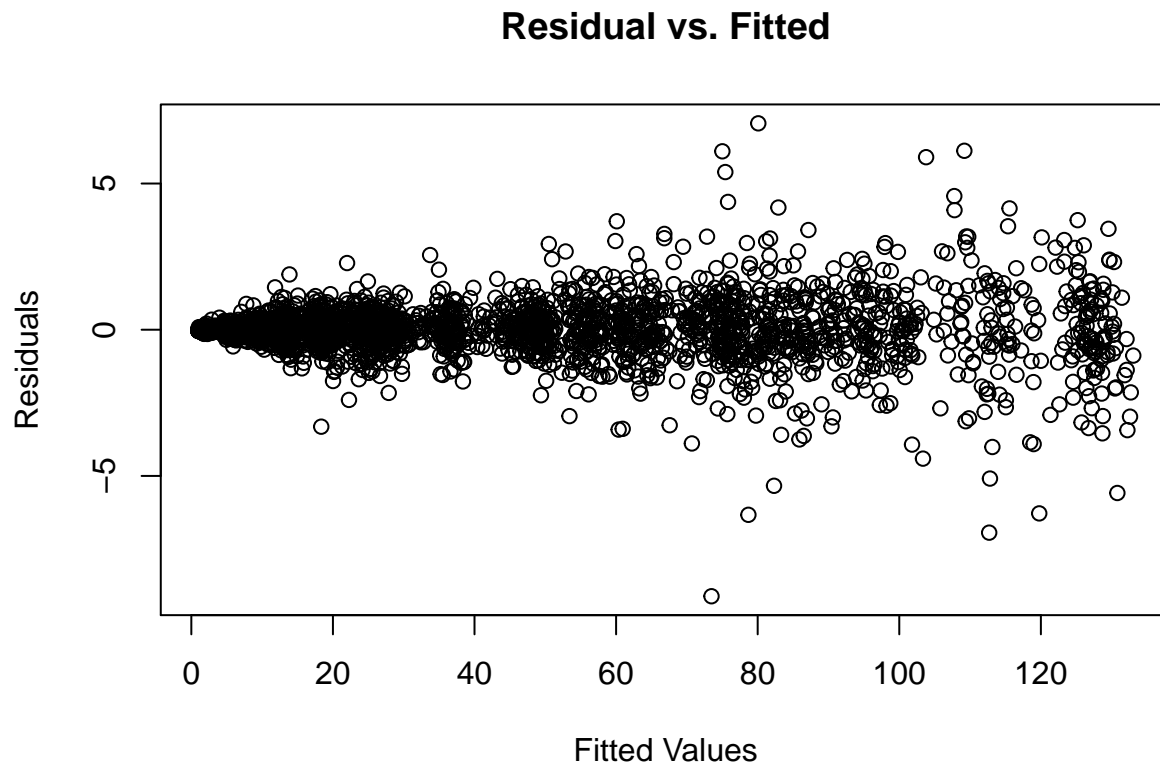
Null Model

```
null_model <- lm(Return~1, data = market)
summary(null_model)
```

```
##
## Call:
## lm(formula = Return ~ 1, data = market)
##
## Residuals:
##      Min       1Q   Median       3Q      Max
## -0.181002 -0.011565 -0.000401  0.011553  0.137241
##
## Coefficients:
##              Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept) 0.0018046  0.0004055    4.45  8.9e-06 ***
## ---
## Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
## Residual standard error: 0.02259 on 3102 degrees of freedom
```

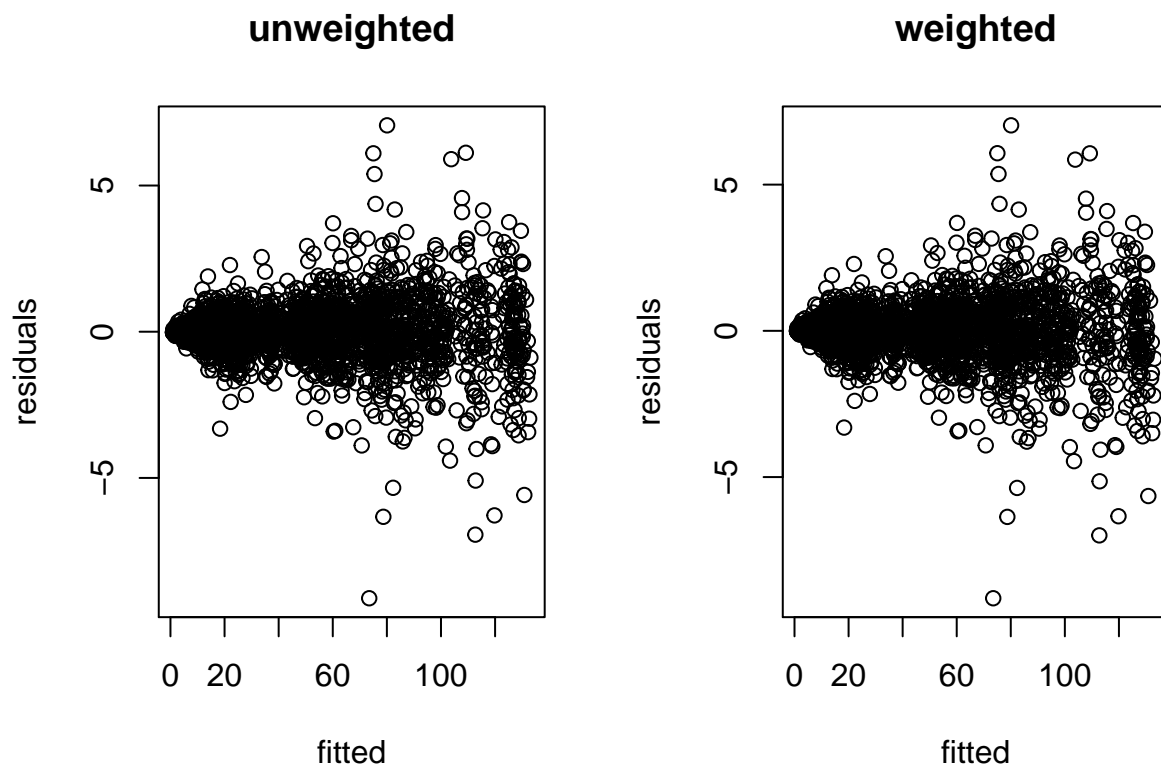
Autoregressive Model

```
autoregressive_model <- lm(AAPL~AAPL2, data = market)
plot(fitted(autoregressive_model),residuals(autoregressive_model),
     main = "Residual vs. Fitted", xlab = "Fitted Values", ylab = "Residuals")
```



WLS Autoregressive Model

```
wts <- 1/(fitted(lm(abs(residuals(autoregressive_model))~fitted(autoregressive_model)))^2)
wls <- lm(market$AAPL~market$AAPL2, weights = wts)
par(mfrow=c(1,2))
plot(fitted(autoregressive_model), autoregressive_model$residuals,
     main="unweighted", xlab = "fitted", ylab = "residuals")
plot(fitted(wls), wls$residuals, main="weighted", xlab = "fitted", ylab = "residuals")
```

There is no apparent difference between the weighted least squares and the un-weighted autoregressive models.

Correlation Matrix

```
cor(market)
```

```
##           Date      AAPL      SPX      VIX      SPGSCITR
## Date      1.00000000  0.93054238  0.69696343  0.01938577 -0.39587529
## AAPL      0.93054238  1.00000000  0.80227827 -0.15162359 -0.43263346
## SPX      0.69696343  0.80227827  1.00000000 -0.46846073 -0.12964526
## VIX      0.01938577 -0.15162359 -0.46846073  1.00000000 -0.13817311
## SPGSCITR -0.39587529 -0.43263346 -0.12964526 -0.13817311  1.00000000
## BNDGLB    0.97954886  0.91549333  0.61479422  0.01429116 -0.41500309
## EEM       0.69490012  0.56625441  0.52381985 -0.09933419  0.15774343
## AAPL2     0.93045589  0.99968333  0.80195192 -0.15030688 -0.43252990
## Return   -0.03966344 -0.02622066 -0.01334314 -0.07015138 -0.01064244
##           BNDGLB      EEM      AAPL2      Return
## Date      0.97954886  0.69490012  0.93045589 -0.03966344
## AAPL      0.91549333  0.56625441  0.99968333 -0.02622066
## SPX      0.61479422  0.52381985  0.80195192 -0.01334314
## VIX      0.01429116 -0.09933419 -0.15030688 -0.07015138
## SPGSCITR -0.41500309  0.15774343 -0.43252990 -0.01064244
## BNDGLB    1.00000000  0.67837773  0.91540368 -0.03817233
## EEM       0.67837773  1.00000000  0.56565038 -0.01874895
## AAPL2     0.91540368  0.56565038  1.00000000 -0.04313234
## Return   -0.03817233 -0.01874895 -0.04313234  1.00000000
```

Forward Selection

```
step(null_model, scope = list(upper=full_model), direction="forward")
```

```
## Start:  AIC=-23521.04
## Return ~ 1
##
##           Df Sum of Sq    RSS    AIC
## + VIX      1 0.0077908 1.5753 -23534
## + AAPL2     1 0.0029452 1.5801 -23525
## + Date      1 0.0024905 1.5806 -23524
## + BNDGLB    1 0.0023068 1.5808 -23524
## + AAPL      1 0.0010884 1.5820 -23521
## <none>             1.5831 -23521
## + EEM       1 0.0005565 1.5825 -23520
## + SPX       1 0.0002819 1.5828 -23520
## + SPGSCITR  1 0.0001793 1.5829 -23519
##
## Step:  AIC=-23534.35
## Return ~ VIX
##
##           Df Sum of Sq    RSS    AIC
## + AAPL2     1 0.0046666 1.5706 -23542
## + SPX       1 0.0043302 1.5710 -23541
## + Date      1 0.0023235 1.5730 -23537
## + AAPL      1 0.0022012 1.5731 -23537
## + BNDGLB    1 0.0021876 1.5731 -23537
## + EEM       1 0.0010575 1.5742 -23534
## <none>             1.5753 -23534
## + SPGSCITR  1 0.0006674 1.5746 -23534
##
## Step:  AIC=-23541.56
## Return ~ VIX + AAPL2
##
##           Df Sum of Sq    RSS    AIC
## + AAPL      1  0.70697 0.86367 -25395
## + SPGSCITR  1  0.00420 1.56644 -23548
## + Date      1  0.00245 1.56819 -23544
## + BNDGLB    1  0.00200 1.56864 -23544
## <none>             1.57064 -23542
## + SPX       1  0.00025 1.57039 -23540
## + EEM       1  0.00005 1.57059 -23540
##
## Step:  AIC=-25395.29
## Return ~ VIX + AAPL2 + AAPL
##
##           Df Sum of Sq    RSS    AIC
## + SPGSCITR  1 0.00201222 0.86166 -25400
## + EEM       1 0.00057998 0.86309 -25395
## <none>             0.86367 -25395
## + SPX       1 0.00049664 0.86318 -25395
## + Date      1 0.00014064 0.86353 -25394
## + BNDGLB    1 0.00007249 0.86360 -25394
##
```

```
## Step: AIC=-25400.53
## Return ~ VIX + AAPL2 + AAPL + SPGSCITR
##
##           Df Sum of Sq      RSS      AIC
## <none>                0.86166 -25400
## + SPX      1 5.4468e-05 0.86161 -25399
## + BNDGLB   1 4.5295e-05 0.86161 -25399
## + Date     1 3.2010e-05 0.86163 -25399
## + EEM      1 7.7700e-07 0.86166 -25398
##
## Call:
## lm(formula = Return ~ VIX + AAPL2 + AAPL + SPGSCITR, data = market)
##
## Coefficients:
## (Intercept)          VIX          AAPL2          AAPL          SPGSCITR
##  8.923e-03   -1.223e-04   -1.655e-02    1.650e-02   -6.748e-07
summary(lm(formula = Return ~ VIX + AAPL2 + AAPL + SPGSCITR, data = market))

##
## Call:
## lm(formula = Return ~ VIX + AAPL2 + AAPL + SPGSCITR, data = market)
##
## Residuals:
##      Min       1Q   Median       3Q      Max
## -0.122432 -0.006258 -0.000422  0.005541  0.122853
##
## Coefficients:
##              Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept)  8.923e-03  1.833e-03   4.868 1.19e-06 ***
## VIX          -1.223e-04  3.389e-05  -3.609 0.000313 ***
## AAPL2        -1.655e-02  3.279e-04 -50.473 < 2e-16 ***
## AAPL          1.650e-02  3.279e-04  50.338 < 2e-16 ***
## SPGSCITR     -6.748e-07  2.509e-07  -2.690 0.007189 **
## ---
## Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
## Residual standard error: 0.01668 on 3098 degrees of freedom
## Multiple R-squared:  0.4557, Adjusted R-squared:  0.455
## F-statistic: 648.5 on 4 and 3098 DF, p-value: < 2.2e-16
```

Backward Elimination

```
step(full_model, scope = list(lower=null_model), direction="backward")
```

```
## Start: AIC=-25393.75
## Return ~ Date + AAPL + SPX + VIX + SPGSCITR + BNDGLB + EEM +
##      AAPL2
##
##           Df Sum of Sq      RSS      AIC
## - EEM      1  0.00006 0.86138 -25396
## - Date     1  0.00007 0.86139 -25396
## - BNDGLB   1  0.00022 0.86154 -25395
```

```

## - SPX      1  0.00025 0.86157 -25395
## <none>      0.86132 -25394
## - SPGSCITR 1  0.00112 0.86244 -25392
## - VIX      1  0.00212 0.86344 -25388
## - AAPL     1  0.70133 1.56265 -23547
## - AAPL2    1  0.70397 1.56529 -23542
##
## Step: AIC=-25395.53
## Return ~ Date + AAPL + SPX + VIX + SPGSCITR + BNDGLB + AAPL2
##
##           Df Sum of Sq    RSS    AIC
## - Date      1  0.00011 0.86149 -25397
## - BNDGLB    1  0.00019 0.86157 -25397
## - SPX       1  0.00023 0.86161 -25397
## <none>      0.86138 -25396
## - SPGSCITR  1  0.00126 0.86264 -25393
## - VIX       1  0.00226 0.86365 -25389
## - AAPL      1  0.70153 1.56291 -23549
## - AAPL2     1  0.70584 1.56722 -23540
##
## Step: AIC=-25397.13
## Return ~ AAPL + SPX + VIX + SPGSCITR + BNDGLB + AAPL2
##
##           Df Sum of Sq    RSS    AIC
## - BNDGLB    1  0.00011 0.86161 -25399
## - SPX       1  0.00012 0.86161 -25399
## <none>      0.86149 -25397
## - SPGSCITR  1  0.00136 0.86286 -25394
## - VIX       1  0.00273 0.86422 -25389
## - AAPL      1  0.70192 1.56341 -23550
## - AAPL2     1  0.70725 1.56874 -23539
##
## Step: AIC=-25398.72
## Return ~ AAPL + SPX + VIX + SPGSCITR + AAPL2
##
##           Df Sum of Sq    RSS    AIC
## - SPX       1  0.00005 0.86166 -25400
## <none>      0.86161 -25399
## - SPGSCITR  1  0.00157 0.86318 -25395
## - VIX       1  0.00293 0.86453 -25390
## - AAPL      1  0.70478 1.56639 -23546
## - AAPL2     1  0.70759 1.56919 -23540
##
## Step: AIC=-25400.53
## Return ~ AAPL + VIX + SPGSCITR + AAPL2
##
##           Df Sum of Sq    RSS    AIC
## <none>      0.86166 -25400
## - SPGSCITR  1  0.00201 0.86367 -25395
## - VIX       1  0.00362 0.86528 -25390
## - AAPL      1  0.70478 1.56644 -23548
## - AAPL2     1  0.70856 1.57022 -23540
##

```

```
## Call:
## lm(formula = Return ~ AAPL + VIX + SPGSCITR + AAPL2, data = market)
##
## Coefficients:
## (Intercept)      AAPL      VIX      SPGSCITR      AAPL2
##  8.923e-03   1.650e-02  -1.223e-04  -6.748e-07  -1.655e-02

summary(lm(formula = Return ~ AAPL + VIX + SPGSCITR + AAPL2, data = market))

##
## Call:
## lm(formula = Return ~ AAPL + VIX + SPGSCITR + AAPL2, data = market)
##
## Residuals:
##      Min       1Q   Median       3Q      Max
## -0.122432 -0.006258 -0.000422  0.005541  0.122853
##
## Coefficients:
##              Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept)  8.923e-03  1.833e-03   4.868 1.19e-06 ***
## AAPL        1.650e-02  3.279e-04  50.338 < 2e-16 ***
## VIX         -1.223e-04  3.389e-05  -3.609 0.000313 ***
## SPGSCITR    -6.748e-07  2.509e-07  -2.690 0.007189 **
## AAPL2       -1.655e-02  3.279e-04 -50.473 < 2e-16 ***
## ---
## Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
## Residual standard error: 0.01668 on 3098 degrees of freedom
## Multiple R-squared:  0.4557, Adjusted R-squared:  0.455
## F-statistic: 648.5 on 4 and 3098 DF,  p-value: < 2.2e-16
```

Stepwise Selection

```
step(null_model, scope = list(upper=full_model), direction="both")

## Start:  AIC=-23521.04
## Return ~ 1
##
##           Df Sum of Sq  RSS    AIC
## + VIX      1 0.0077908 1.5753 -23534
## + AAPL2    1 0.0029452 1.5801 -23525
## + Date     1 0.0024905 1.5806 -23524
## + BNDGLB   1 0.0023068 1.5808 -23524
## + AAPL     1 0.0010884 1.5820 -23521
## <none>          1.5831 -23521
## + EEM      1 0.0005565 1.5825 -23520
## + SPX      1 0.0002819 1.5828 -23520
## + SPGSCITR 1 0.0001793 1.5829 -23519
##
## Step:  AIC=-23534.35
## Return ~ VIX
##
##           Df Sum of Sq  RSS    AIC
## + AAPL2    1 0.0046666 1.5706 -23542
```

```

## + SPX      1 0.0043302 1.5710 -23541
## + Date     1 0.0023235 1.5730 -23537
## + AAPL     1 0.0022012 1.5731 -23537
## + BNDGLB   1 0.0021876 1.5731 -23537
## + EEM      1 0.0010575 1.5742 -23534
## <none>          1.5753 -23534
## + SPGSCITR 1 0.0006674 1.5746 -23534
## - VIX      1 0.0077908 1.5831 -23521
##
## Step: AIC=-23541.56
## Return ~ VIX + AAPL2
##
##           Df Sum of Sq    RSS    AIC
## + AAPL     1   0.70697 0.86367 -25395
## + SPGSCITR 1   0.00420 1.56644 -23548
## + Date     1   0.00245 1.56819 -23544
## + BNDGLB   1   0.00200 1.56864 -23544
## <none>          1.57064 -23542
## + SPX      1   0.00025 1.57039 -23540
## + EEM      1   0.00005 1.57059 -23540
## - AAPL2    1   0.00467 1.57531 -23534
## - VIX      1   0.00951 1.58015 -23525
##
## Step: AIC=-25395.29
## Return ~ VIX + AAPL2 + AAPL
##
##           Df Sum of Sq    RSS    AIC
## + SPGSCITR 1   0.00201 0.86166 -25400
## + EEM      1   0.00058 0.86309 -25395
## <none>          0.86367 -25395
## + SPX      1   0.00050 0.86318 -25395
## + Date     1   0.00014 0.86353 -25394
## + BNDGLB   1   0.00007 0.86360 -25394
## - VIX      1   0.00263 0.86630 -25388
## - AAPL     1   0.70697 1.57064 -23542
## - AAPL2    1   0.70943 1.57310 -23537
##
## Step: AIC=-25400.53
## Return ~ VIX + AAPL2 + AAPL + SPGSCITR
##
##           Df Sum of Sq    RSS    AIC
## <none>          0.86166 -25400
## + SPX      1   0.00005 0.86161 -25399
## + BNDGLB   1   0.00005 0.86161 -25399
## + Date     1   0.00003 0.86163 -25399
## + EEM      1   0.00000 0.86166 -25398
## - SPGSCITR 1   0.00201 0.86367 -25395
## - VIX      1   0.00362 0.86528 -25390
## - AAPL     1   0.70478 1.56644 -23548
## - AAPL2    1   0.70856 1.57022 -23540
##
## Call:
## lm(formula = Return ~ VIX + AAPL2 + AAPL + SPGSCITR, data = market)

```

```
##
## Coefficients:
## (Intercept)          VIX          AAPL2          AAPL          SPGSCITR
## 8.923e-03 -1.223e-04 -1.655e-02 1.650e-02 -6.748e-07
```

Forward Selection without AAPL

```
full_model <- lm(Return~SPX+VIX+SPGSCITR+BNDGLB+EEM+AAPL2, data = market)
step(null_model, scope = list(upper=full_model), direction="forward")
```

```
## Start: AIC=-23521.04
## Return ~ 1
##
##           Df Sum of Sq  RSS    AIC
## + VIX      1 0.0077908 1.5753 -23534
## + AAPL2     1 0.0029452 1.5801 -23525
## + BNDGLB    1 0.0023068 1.5808 -23524
## <none>             1.5831 -23521
## + EEM       1 0.0005565 1.5825 -23520
## + SPX       1 0.0002819 1.5828 -23520
## + SPGSCITR  1 0.0001793 1.5829 -23519
##
## Step: AIC=-23534.35
## Return ~ VIX
##
##           Df Sum of Sq  RSS    AIC
## + AAPL2     1 0.0046666 1.5706 -23542
## + SPX       1 0.0043302 1.5710 -23541
## + BNDGLB    1 0.0021876 1.5731 -23537
## + EEM       1 0.0010575 1.5742 -23534
## <none>             1.5753 -23534
## + SPGSCITR  1 0.0006674 1.5746 -23534
##
## Step: AIC=-23541.56
## Return ~ VIX + AAPL2
##
##           Df Sum of Sq  RSS    AIC
## + SPGSCITR  1 0.0042022 1.5664 -23548
## + BNDGLB    1 0.0019985 1.5686 -23544
## <none>             1.5706 -23542
## + SPX       1 0.0002472 1.5704 -23540
## + EEM       1 0.0000477 1.5706 -23540
##
## Step: AIC=-23547.87
## Return ~ VIX + AAPL2 + SPGSCITR
##
##           Df Sum of Sq  RSS    AIC
## + EEM       1 0.00261906 1.5638 -23551
## + BNDGLB    1 0.00222991 1.5642 -23550
## <none>             1.5664 -23548
## + SPX       1 0.00004699 1.5664 -23546
##
## Step: AIC=-23551.06
```

```
## Return ~ VIX + AAPL2 + SPGSCITR + EEM
##
##           Df Sum of Sq    RSS    AIC
## <none>                1.5638 -23551
## + BNDGLB  1 0.00040528 1.5634 -23550
## + SPX      1 0.00007224 1.5637 -23549
##
## Call:
## lm(formula = Return ~ VIX + AAPL2 + SPGSCITR + EEM, data = market)
##
## Coefficients:
## (Intercept)          VIX          AAPL2          SPGSCITR          EEM
##  1.268e-02   -2.362e-04   -8.062e-05   -1.484e-06   1.323e-04
```

Backward Elimination without AAPL

```
step(full_model, scope = list(lower=null_model), direction="backward")
```

```
## Start:  AIC=-23548.72
## Return ~ SPX + VIX + SPGSCITR + BNDGLB + EEM + AAPL2
##
##           Df Sum of Sq    RSS    AIC
## - SPX      1 0.0004317 1.5634 -23550
## - EEM      1 0.0004341 1.5634 -23550
## - BNDGLB   1 0.0007647 1.5637 -23549
## <none>                1.5630 -23549
## - AAPL2    1 0.0039998 1.5670 -23543
## - SPGSCITR 1 0.0051524 1.5681 -23540
## - VIX      1 0.0087690 1.5717 -23533
##
## Step:  AIC=-23549.87
## Return ~ VIX + SPGSCITR + BNDGLB + EEM + AAPL2
##
##           Df Sum of Sq    RSS    AIC
## - BNDGLB   1 0.0004053 1.5638 -23551
## - EEM      1 0.0007944 1.5642 -23550
## <none>                1.5634 -23550
## - SPGSCITR 1 0.0048344 1.5682 -23542
## - AAPL2    1 0.0054852 1.5689 -23541
## - VIX      1 0.0130706 1.5765 -23526
##
## Step:  AIC=-23551.06
## Return ~ VIX + SPGSCITR + EEM + AAPL2
##
##           Df Sum of Sq    RSS    AIC
## <none>                1.5638 -23551
## - EEM      1 0.0026191 1.5664 -23548
## - SPGSCITR 1 0.0067735 1.5706 -23540
## - AAPL2    1 0.0099762 1.5738 -23533
## - VIX      1 0.0133247 1.5771 -23527
##
## Call:
```



```
## lm(formula = Return ~ VIX + SPGSCITR + EEM + AAPL2, data = market)
##
## Coefficients:
## (Intercept)          VIX      SPGSCITR          EEM      AAPL2
##  1.268e-02   -2.362e-04   -1.484e-06   1.323e-04   -8.062e-05
```

Stepwise Selection without AAPL

```
step(null_model, scope = list(upper=full_model), direction="both")
```

```
## Start:  AIC=-23521.04
## Return ~ 1
##
##           Df Sum of Sq  RSS    AIC
## + VIX      1 0.0077908 1.5753 -23534
## + AAPL2     1 0.0029452 1.5801 -23525
## + BNDGLB    1 0.0023068 1.5808 -23524
## <none>                 1.5831 -23521
## + EEM       1 0.0005565 1.5825 -23520
## + SPX       1 0.0002819 1.5828 -23520
## + SPGSCITR  1 0.0001793 1.5829 -23519
##
## Step:  AIC=-23534.35
## Return ~ VIX
##
##           Df Sum of Sq  RSS    AIC
## + AAPL2     1 0.0046666 1.5706 -23542
## + SPX       1 0.0043302 1.5710 -23541
## + BNDGLB    1 0.0021876 1.5731 -23537
## + EEM       1 0.0010575 1.5742 -23534
## <none>                 1.5753 -23534
## + SPGSCITR  1 0.0006674 1.5746 -23534
## - VIX       1 0.0077908 1.5831 -23521
##
## Step:  AIC=-23541.56
## Return ~ VIX + AAPL2
##
##           Df Sum of Sq  RSS    AIC
## + SPGSCITR  1 0.0042022 1.5664 -23548
## + BNDGLB    1 0.0019985 1.5686 -23544
## <none>                 1.5706 -23542
## + SPX       1 0.0002472 1.5704 -23540
## + EEM       1 0.0000477 1.5706 -23540
## - AAPL2     1 0.0046666 1.5753 -23534
## - VIX       1 0.0095122 1.5801 -23525
##
## Step:  AIC=-23547.87
## Return ~ VIX + AAPL2 + SPGSCITR
##
##           Df Sum of Sq  RSS    AIC
## + EEM       1 0.0026191 1.5638 -23551
## + BNDGLB    1 0.0022299 1.5642 -23550
## <none>                 1.5664 -23548
```

```

## + SPX      1 0.0000470 1.5664 -23546
## - SPGSCITR 1 0.0042022 1.5706 -23542
## - AAPL2    1 0.0082014 1.5746 -23534
## - VIX      1 0.0120427 1.5785 -23526
##
## Step: AIC=-23551.06
## Return ~ VIX + AAPL2 + SPGSCITR + EEM
##
##           Df Sum of Sq   RSS   AIC
## <none>                1.5638 -23551
## + BNDGLB    1 0.0004053 1.5634 -23550
## + SPX       1 0.0000722 1.5637 -23549
## - EEM       1 0.0026191 1.5664 -23548
## - SPGSCITR  1 0.0067735 1.5706 -23540
## - AAPL2     1 0.0099762 1.5738 -23533
## - VIX       1 0.0133247 1.5771 -23527
##
## Call:
## lm(formula = Return ~ VIX + AAPL2 + SPGSCITR + EEM, data = market)
##
## Coefficients:
## (Intercept)          VIX          AAPL2          SPGSCITR          EEM
##  1.268e-02   -2.362e-04   -8.062e-05   -1.484e-06    1.323e-04

```

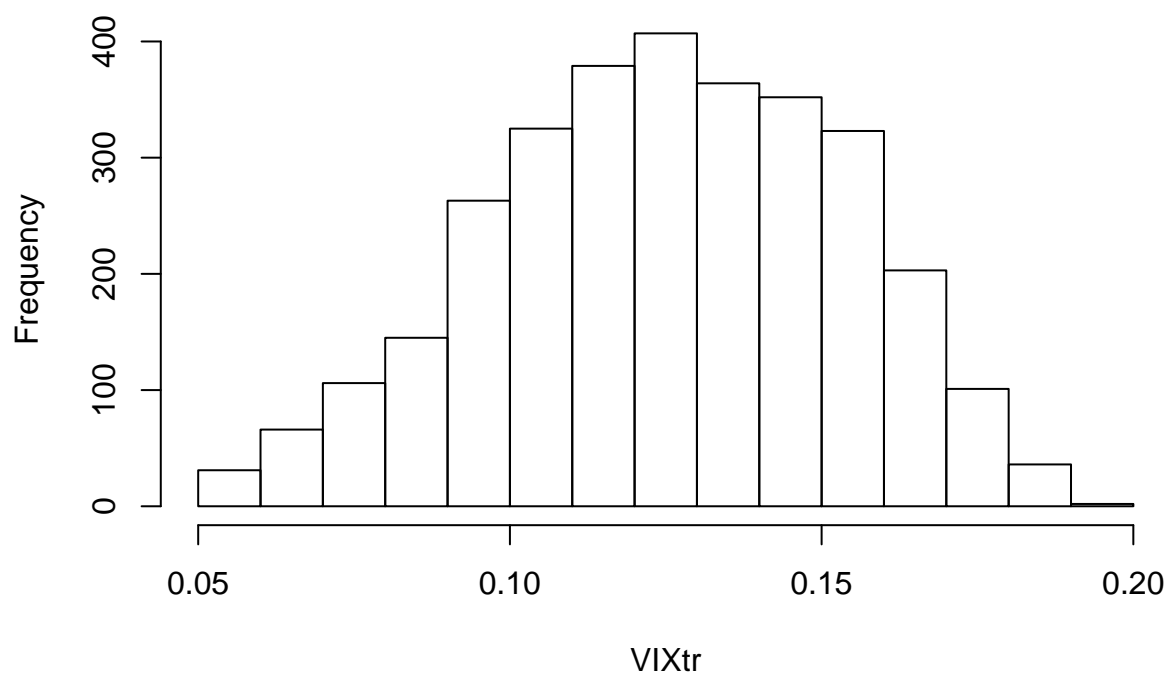
Log-transformed model from stepwise selection results

```

## note that the VIX needed to be raised to the -2, after the log transformation
## in order to obtain a distribution close to the Gaussian curve
VIXtr <- log(market$VIX)^-2
hist(VIXtr)

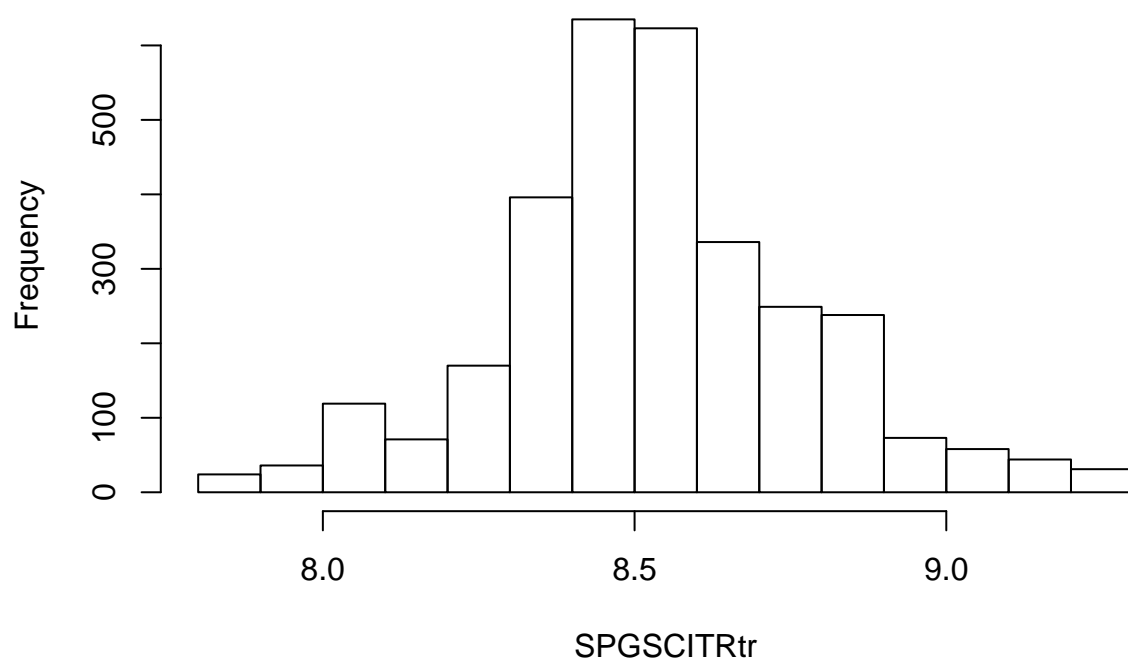
```

Histogram of VIXtr



```
SPGSCITRtr <- log(market$SPGSCITR)
hist(SPGSCITRtr)
```

Histogram of SPGSCITRtr



```
transformed_model <- lm(market$Return~VIXtr+SPGSCITRtr+market$EEM+market$AAPL2)
summary(transformed_model)
```

```
##
## Call:
## lm(formula = market$Return ~ VIXtr + SPGSCITRtr + market$EEM +
##     market$AAPL2)
##
## Residuals:
```

	Min	1Q	Median	3Q	Max
	-0.173682	-0.011659	-0.000509	0.011447	0.143266

```
##
## Coefficients:
```

	Estimate	Std. Error	t value	Pr(> t)
(Intercept)	7.394e-02	1.922e-02	3.847	0.000122 ***
VIXtr	8.556e-02	1.562e-02	5.478	4.66e-08 ***
SPGSCITRtr	-1.006e-02	2.409e-03	-4.174	3.07e-05 ***
market\$EEM	1.913e-04	6.117e-05	3.127	0.001782 **
market\$AAPL2	-9.605e-05	1.958e-05	-4.906	9.80e-07 ***

```
## ---
## Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
## Residual standard error: 0.02246 on 3098 degrees of freedom
## Multiple R-squared:  0.01312,    Adjusted R-squared:  0.01185
## F-statistic: 10.3 on 4 and 3098 DF,  p-value: 2.764e-08
```