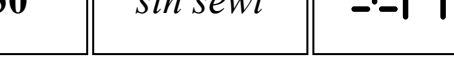
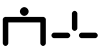
Toki pona new number system

V 0.06alpha

20240309 Saturday

Vocabulary

1	*wan*		*one*
2	*tu*		*two*
3	*sin*		*three*
4	*lipu*		*four*
5	*luka*		*five*
6	*ma*		*six*
7	*ko*		*seven*
8	*musi*		*eight*
9	*poka*		*nine*
10	*sewi*		*10 (base) followed by integer powers (1 is implicit): 2, 3, 4,...*
20	*tu sewi*		*two * ten*

30	*sin sewi*		*three * ten*
100	*sewi tu*		10^2
300	*sin sewi tu*		*three * ten*^{2}
1000	*sewi sin*		10^3
+	*en*		*sum symbol*
-	*weka*		*negative symbol*
.	*sike*		*separator for decimal part*
#	*nanpa*		*number*

This system is intended as a way of ***reading*** decimal numbers written with the digits 0 to 9 and included in toki pona texts.

nanpa

nanpa as a prefix should be used when it is not clear from the context that the following words express a number.

Non-additive numbers

Numbers are *non-additive* by default

120 = *wan tu ala*

2024 = *tu ala tu lipu*

Numbers as powers of 10

1000 = 10^3= *sewi sin*

10 000 = 10^4= *sewi lipu*

...

1 000 000 000 = 10^9= *sewi poka*

Composed numbers

The number to the left of *sewi* has multiplicative value.

The additive value of a number (sequence) is stated explicitly with *en*.

4 000 000 012 = 4*10^9+ 12 = *lipu sewi poka en wan tu*

Start of number sequence(s) (optional)

nanpa ⌗

End of number sequence(s) (optional)

la)

ni ↓

Decimal numbers

3.14 = *sin sike wan lipu*

Numbers with negative exponents

6.62 × 10^{-34} = *ma sike ma tu sin weka sin lipu*

Dates

US system

May 12, 2024 = *tenpo mun luka tenpo suno wan tu tenpo sike tu ala tu lipu*

ISO 8601 system

2024-05-12 = *tenpo sike tu ala tu lipu tenpo mun luka tenpo suno wan tu*