# Toki pona new number system

V 0.05alpha

## **20240309 Saturday**

## Vocabulary

1	wan	1	one
2	tu	II	two
3	sin	_'_	three
4	lipu		four
5	luka	7	five
6	та	<b>•</b>	six
7	ko	ඨ	seven
8	musi	ಆ	eight
9	poka	L	nine
10	sewi	Image: control of the	10 (base) followed by integer powers (1 is implicit): 2, 3, 4,
20	tu sewi	Пڼ	two * ten

30	sin sewi	-'-广	three * ten
100	sewi tu	ΗII	$10^2$
300	sin sewi tu	-'-广 	three * ten <sup>2</sup>
1000	sewi sin	<b>广-</b> '-	$10^3$
+	en	+	sum symbol
-	weka	×	negative symbol
•	sike	0	separator for decimal part
#	nanpa	#	number

This system is intended as a way of *reading* decimal numbers written with the digits 0 to 9 and included in toki pona texts.

## nanpa#

nanpa as a prefix should be used when it is not clear from the context that the following words express a number.

#### Non-additive numbers

Numbers are non-additive by default

120 = wan tu ala

 $2024 = tu \ ala \ tu \ lipu$ 

## Numbers as powers of 10

$$1000 = 10^3 = sewi sin$$

$$10\ 000 = 10^4 = sewi\ lipu$$

...

$$1\ 000\ 000\ 000 = 10^9 = sewi \ poka$$

## **Composed numbers**

The number to the left of *sewi* has multiplicative value.

The additive value of a number (sequence) is stated explicitly with en.

$$4\ 000\ 000\ 012 = 4*10^9 + 12 = lipu sewi poka en wan tu$$

## Start of number sequence

#### **End of number sequence(s) (optional)**

la)

ni ↓

#### **Decimal numbers**

3.14 = sin sike wan lipu

#### **Discouraged readings**

 $20 = \frac{\text{sewi en sewi}}{\text{sewi}}$ , use tu sewi

 $100 = \frac{wan \ sewi \ tu}{}$ , use  $sewi \ tu$ 

#### **Dates**

#### **US** system

May 12, 2024 = tenpo mun luka ni tenpo suno wan tu ni tenpo sike tu ala tu lipu la

## ISO 8601 system

2024-05-12 = tenpo sike tu ala tu lipu ni tenpo mun luka ni tenpo suno wan tu la