## RWorksheet\_Tamayor#3a

## 2023-10-04

```
LETTERS
UppercaseLetter <- LETTERS [1:26] UppercaseLetter
letters
LowercaseLetter <- letters [1:26] LowercaseLetter
LETTERS
#a.first 11 letters
first11letters <- LETTERS [1:11] first11letters
#b. odd numbered letters
oddnumberletters <- LETTERS[seq(from=1, to=length (LETTERS),by=2)] oddnumberletters
#c. vowels
vowels \leftarrow LETTERS[c(1,5,9,15,21)] vowels
#d. last 5 lowercase letter
LowercaseLetter <- letters [22:26] LowercaseLetter
#e letters between 15 to 24 letters in lowercase
LowercaseLetter <- letters[15:24] LowercaseLetter
#2. average temperatures in April for Tuguegarao City, Manila, Iloilo City, Tacloban, Samal Island, and
Davao City. The average temperatures in Celcius are 42, 39, 34, 34, 30, and 27 degrees.
#a. Creating a character vector for the city/town
city <- c("Tuguegarao City", "Manila", "Iloilo City", "Tacloban", "Samal Island", "Davao City") city
#output [1] "Tuguegarao City" "Manila" "Iloilo City" "Tacloban" "Samal Island" "Davao City"
#b. The average temperatures in Celcius are 42, 39, 34, 34, 30, and 27 degrees.
temp \langle -c(42, 39, 34, 34, 30, 27)  temp
#output [1] 42 39 34 34 30 27
#c. dataframe to combine the city and the temp
city <- c("Tuguegarao City", "Manila", "Iloilo City", "Tacloban", "Samal Island", "Davao City")
temps < c(42, 39, 34, 34, 30, 27)
citytemp <- data.frame (
         city = c("Tuguegarao City", "Manila", "Iloilo City", "Tacloban", "Samal Island", "Davao City"),
         temp = c(42, 39, 34, 34, 30, 27)
```

```
citytemp View(citytemp)
#d. Associate the dataframe you have created in 2.(c)
names(citytemp) <- c ("City", "Temperature") citytemp
#e. print the structure
print(str(citytemp)) #The output diplayed that there are 6 observations of 2 variables.
#f. what is the content of row 3 and row 4
row3 4 \leftarrow \text{citytemp } [3:4,] \text{ row3 } 4
#g. highest and lowest temperature
highest temp <-citytemp [which.max(citytemp$Temperature),] highest temp
lowest_temp <-citytemp [which.min(citytemp$Temperature),] lowest_temp
#using matrices
row = 2
\text{matrix}(c(5,6,7,4,3,2,1,2,3,7,8,9),\text{nrow} = 2)
row = 3 and column = 2
matrix(data = c(3,4,5,6,7,8),3,2)
creating a diagonal matrix where x value will always be 1
diag(1,nrow = 6,ncol = 5)
diag(6)
#2. Create a matrix of one to eight and eleven to fourteen with four columns and three rows.
#a. What will be the R code for the #2 question and its result?
#row=3 matrix (c(1:8, 11:14),nrow=3)
#b. Multiply the matrix by two. What is its R code and its result?
matrix=matrix*2 matrix
#c. What is the content of row 2? What is its R code?
mat <- matrix (c(1:8, 11:14), nrow=3) mat
mat[2]
#d. What will be the R code if you want to display the column 3 and column 4 in row 1 and row 2? What is
its output?
```