

## 1 Big O

Big O Additional Problems:

- 1.1  $O(b)$
- 1.2  $O(b)$
- 1.3  $O(1)$
- 1.4  $O(\frac{a}{b})$
- 1.5  $O(\log_2(n))$
- 1.6  $O(\sqrt[n]{n})$
- 1.7  $O(n)$  in the case that each node has 1 child in the same direction (degenerate tree).
- 1.8  $O(n)$ , as you have no heuristics on where the node is located
- 1.9  $O(n^2)$  as each copy is  $1 + 2 + 3 + \dots + n - 1 \leq n(n) \in O(n^2)$
- 1.10  $O(\log_1 0(n))$ , which is equivalent to  $O(\log_2(n))$  (up to a constant factor for change of base)
- 1.11 Checking if is in order takes  $O(s)$  in size of string  $s$ , otherwise makes successive calls to every possible string with  $c^s$  possibilities, so  $O(s * c^s)$
- 1.12 Total is  $O(b \log b)$  for mergesort +  $a \log b$  for binary searching  $b$  for each int in  $a$ . So,  $O((a + b) \log b)$ .

## 2 Arrays & Strings

Chapter 1: Arrays & Strings Interview Questions

1.1

<b>Algorithm 1:</b> IsUnique	
1	<b>for</b> <i>char c in string</i> <b>do</b>
2	arr = zeros(26);
3	<b>if</b> <i>arr[int(c)] == 0</i> <b>then</b>
4	arr[int(c)] += 1;
5	<b>else</b>
6	Return False
7	Return True