The Russian Language in the babel system

Version?

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Released?

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1 The Russian Language Definition File

The file russianb.ldf¹ is the source file for the Russian Language Definition file russianb.ldf to be loaded by the babel package with the option russian. It was derived by Igor A. Kotelnikov from the original version of russianb.ldf, first released by Olga Lapko and Johannes Braams and then adapted to the T2* and X2 Cyrillic encodings by Vladimir Volovich and Werner Lemberg.

Starting the version 1.2, russianb.ldf is designed to work both with legacy non-unicode (8-bit) and new Unicode encodings of the source document files (input encodings) and of the font files (font encodings). This is achieved by excluding (bypassing) the \cyr... macros, which map every letter in a source file with given input encoding to a corresponding code point in a font file with a given font encoding when running modern engines, such as Lualfix or Xelfix, in native Unicode mode instead of legacy engines, such as Latex or PDFLATEX, or Unicode engines in a compatibility (8-bit) mode. A few obsolete and controversial macros has been eliminated in first public release of version 1.2 of russianb.ldf.

The version 1.3 of russianb.ldf has been adapted to new features introduced in the version 3.9 of the babel package. In particular, the language attribute ancient has been introduced to support typesetting ancient and Church Slavonic books.

2 Usage

Typesetting Russian texts implies that a special input and output encodings should be used. Input encodings are those which are used in source (.tex) file. Output encoding is also known as the font encoding. It is implemented within the font files.

Generally, the user may choose between different Cyrillic encodings. The current support for Cyrillic uses LH family of MetaFont fonts and theirs Postscript versions such as CM-super. LualFTEX and XelFTEX, being the Unicode-based succeeders of LATEX, allow also for any Open Type (OTF) and True Type (TTF) fonts which have Cyrillic script, e.g. Computer Modern Unicode, Linux Libertine, and many other system fonts that came with Linux, Mac and Windows operating systems.

With the advent of Unicode, LATEX community are moving towards eliminating all existing encodings in favor of Unicode, but nowadays one should take care when switching from LATEX to LuaLATEX or XeLATEX since different packages should be loaded for those compilers.

Since earlier versions babel did not support XeL*TEX (at least for some languages including Russian), the polyglossia package was generally recommended in the past for use with XeL*TEX as a replacement for babel. Nowadays, babel can be used with any engines, including L*TEX, PDFL*TEX, Lual*TEX, and XeL*TEX. Nevertheless some troubles may occur with some languages which have no promptly updated .ldf files.

¹The file described in this document has the version number ? and was last revised on ?.

2.1 LATEX

When user's document is compiled with latex.exe or pdflatex.exe, recommended set of packages includes the inputenc and fontenc packages. They should be loaded before babel, for example,

```
\usepackage[T1,T2A]{fontenc}
\usepackage[utf8]{inputenc}
\usepackage[english,russian]{babel}
```

Some variations in the order of loading the packages are allowed in this case but it is better to follow one and the same convention at all circumstances: the babel package should go last, and fontenc must be the first.

Input encoding should be declared as option to the inputenc package. Known Cyrillic encodings include cp866 (MS DOS), cp1251 (Windows), koi8-u (UNIX) and their variants. Nowadays, this list is appended with utf8 input encoding.

Output encodings (also known as font encodings) are declared as options to the fontenc package. Known Cyrillic encodings are T2A, T2B, T2C, LCY, and X2; LWN is excluded from Russian support starting version 1.2 of russianb.ldf since LWN is excluded from the cyrillic bundle of related files.

2.2 LuaL4TEX

If Unicode fonts are not available, LualaTeX can run in compatibility (8-bit) mode to use same font as LaTeX does. However the package inputenc does not work with LualaTeX and should be substituted with luainputenc. Source file is to be converted to UTF8 (Unicode-8) encoding; it is the only input encoding accepted by LualaTeX. The 8-bit mode is invoked by the following sequence of packages:

```
\usepackage[T1,T2A]{fontenc}
\usepackage[lutf8]{luainputenc}
\usepackage[english,russian]{babel}
```

The order of the packages is crucial for LualATEX in 8-bit mode. Since both luainputenc and babel should know what font encoding is selected, the fontenc package should be loaded first. Legacy input encoding management for LuaTEX is needed only for compatibility with old documents. For new documents, using UTF-8 encoding and Unicode fonts is strongly recommended. You've been warned! See tex.stackexchange.com/questions/31709/can-one-instruct-lualatex-to-use-t2a-encoded-fonts.

To invoke Unicode mode, one needs to load the fontspec package instead of luainputenc and fontenc and explicitly indicate which True Type or Open Type fonts should be used for romanic, sans-serif and monospaced types. The following example shows how to load Computer Modern Unicode (CMU) fonts, which is a part of all modern LATEX distributions:

```
\usepackage{fontspec}
  \defaultfontfeatures{Renderer=Basic,Ligatures={TeX}}
  \setmainfont{CMU Serif}
  \setsansfont{CMU Sans Serif}
  \setmonofont{CMU Typewriter Text}
  \usepackage[english,russian]{babel}
```

The \defaultfontfeatures declares default font features for subsequent \setmainfont (which sets romanic fonts), \setsansfont (sans-serif) and \setmonofont (monospaced font). Font features can be set up on per font bases; for example

```
\usepackage{fontspec}
  \setmainfont[Renderer=Basic,Ligatures={TeX}]{CMU Serif}
  \setsansfont[Renderer=Basic,Ligatures={TeX,Historic}]{CMU Sans Serif}
  \setmonofont{CMU Typewriter Text}
  \usepackage[english,russian]{babel}
```

Here Renderer=Basic, Ligatures={TeX} activates ligatures available in LATEX.

Recall that the language enlisted last in the list of options of the babel package is assumed to be the main language of the document, which is also active language right after \begin{document}. As of version 3.9, the main language can be set as a value of the main option as follows

```
\usepackage{fontspec}
\usepackage[english,main=russian,german]{babel}
```

2.3 XeLATEX

In Xelfex, there is also a special mode for 8-bit compatibility. One can use \mathbb{XeTeXinputencoding} to change the input encoding temporarily, and the "bytes" encoding makes Xelfex to work like a 8-bit lffex engine:

```
\XeTeXinputencoding 'bytes' \usepackage[utf8]{inputenc} \usepackage[T2A]{fontenc} \usepackage[english,russian]{babel}
```

XeTeX can use a different input encoding but it always uses the Unicode internally, so that \XeTeXinputencoding performs a conversion of the input stream into Unicode; see tex.stackexchange.com/questions/36188/do-xetex-and-luatex-always-use-unicode.

Unicode mode is set up same way as for LuaLATEX, however the option Renderer=Basic can be dropped:

```
\usepackage{fontspec}
  \defaultfontfeatures{Ligatures={TeX}}
  \setmainfont{CMU Serif}
  \setsansfont{CMU Sans Serif}
  \setmonofont{CMU Typewriter Text}
  \usepackage[english,russian]{babel}
```

2.4 Modern and Ancient spelling

By default, a modern spelling is enabled. For Church Slavonic and other old books ancient spelling can be enabled by setting the attribute to ancient. To set an attribute, put the \languageattribute macro within a document preamble after babel, for example,

```
\usepackage[english,russian]{babel}
\languageattribute{russian}{ancient}
```

Setting the ancient attribute changes the built-in strings (caption names) and a date format. For example, the bibliography will be entitled as 'Литература' by default and as 'Библіографія' if the Russian language attribute is set to ancient. Same result can be achieved using a modifier as follows:

```
\usepackage[english,russian.ancient]{babel}
```

Using a modifier in a package option is often better. A modifier is set after the language name, and is prefixed with a dot (only when the language is set as package option – neither global options nor the main key accept them).

3 User's commands

In a multilingual document, some typographic rules are language dependent and should apply to the whole document.

Regarding local typography, the macro \selectlanguage{russian} switches to the Russian language, with the following effects:

- 1. Russian hyphenation patterns are made active;
- 2. \today prints the date in Russian;
- 3. the caption names are translated into Russian;
- 4. emdash typed by the ligature --- might be 20% shorter when Russian is the current language; the result depends on the current encoding; --- always produce long emdash in LuaTeX and XeTeX since these engines use same encodings for all languages;
- 5. emdash typed by the ligature "--- in Russian is 20% shorter, however the ligature "--- might not be defined in other languages; a shorter emdash (i.e. \cyrdash) can be typeset in any language using special macros enlisted in table 1.

By default, a modern spelling is used for built-it strings (caption names) and the date. The spelling can be reverted to ancient by setting the language attribute to ancient in the document preamble as discussed in Sec. 2.4.

Since Russian has its own numbering system, russianb.ldf adds macros $\asbuk\{\langle counter \rangle\}\$ and $\asbuk\{\langle counter \rangle\}\$ for formatting numbers appropriately the alphabetic sequence in the Russian alphabet. Additional commands are provided to typeset quotes:

- 1. French quotation marks can be entered using the commands \guillemotleft and \guillemotright which work in \LaTeX and PlainTeX.
- 2. German quotation marks can be entered using the commands \glqq and \grqq which work in $\arrowvertext{MTEX}\ 2_{\ensuremath{arepsilon}}$ and $\arrowvertext{PlainTeX}\ .$

The macro \Russian is now defined as an alias for \selectlanguage{russian}, and its "opponent" \English, existed in russianb.ldf prior to version 1.2 has been removed since the Russian language definition file is wrong place for definition of macros which switch to a distinct other language.

The macro $\text{textcyrillic}(\langle \text{text} \rangle)$ is intended to typeset small chunks of text in Russian; it is essentially an alias for $\text{foreignlanguage}\{\text{russian}\}\{\langle \text{text} \rangle\}$.

3.1 Active character

Table 1 shows macros and active string which can be used to typeset various dashes and quotes. In the Russian language, the character "is made active. It can be considered as second escape character in addition to \. Some dashes and all quotes can be typed using both active character "and ordinary macros as indicated in the table. However, some shorthanded hyphenations have no macro counterpart.

Table 1: Extra definitions made by russianb.ldf

\glqq \grqq \guillemotleft \guillemotright \dq	,,,, ,,, ,,, ,,,	German opening double quote (looks like ",). German closing double quote (looks like "). French opening double quote (looks like «). French closing double quote (looks like »). Original quotes character (").
\babelhyphen{soft}	"_	Optional (soft) hyphen sign, similar to \- but allows hyphenation in the rest of the word; equivalent to \babelhyphen{soft} in babel 3.9.
\babelhyphen{empty}	,,,,	Similar to "- but prints no hyphen sign (used for compound words with hyphen, e.g. x-""y); equivalent to \babelhyphen{empty} in babel 3.9.
\babelhyphen*{nobreak}	,,~	Compound word mark without a breakpoint, prints hyphen prohibiting hyphenation at the point; equivalent to \babelhyphen* {nobreak} in babel 3.9.
\babelhyphen{hard}	"=	A compound word mark with a breakpoint, prints hyphen allowing hyphenation in the composing words. equivalent to \babelhyphen{hard} in babel 3.9.
\babelhyphen{nobreak}	"	Disables ligature at this position; equivalent to \babelhyphen{nobreak} (??) in babel 3.9.
\cyrdash		Row Cyrillic emdash (does not care spaces around).
\cdash	,,	Cyrillic emdash in plain text.
\cdash~	,,~	Cyrillic emdash in compound names (as in Mendeleev''~Klapeiron).
\cdash*	"* ",	Cyrillic emdash for denoting direct speech. Thin space (allows further hyphenation as in D.", Mendeleev).

Note that the standard soft hyphen \- is equivalent to \babelhyphen*{soft}.

The quotation marks traditionally used in Russian were borrowed from other languages (e.g., French and German) so they keep their original names.

The French quotes are also available as ligatures '<<' and '>>' in 8-bit Cyrillic font encodings (LCY, X2, T2*) and in Unicode encoding (TU) as '<' and '>' characters in 7-bit Cyrillic font encodings (OT2 and LWN).

In Unicode encoding TU cyrdashes and quotes can be typed as single character if your text editor allows inserting characters which absent of standard keyboard. This method works as well for 8-bit fonts encoded according to T2A if source file is encoded with cp1251 or utf8.

By default, active double quote is switched on. It can be switched off any time using \shorthandoff{''} and the switched on again using \shorthandon{''}. The aliases \mdqoff and \mdqon for these two macros has been removed from russianb.ldf starting from version 1.3 in favour of the macros \shorthandon and \shorthandoff provided in the babel core.

3.2 Math commands

russianb.ldf defines few macros than can be used independently of current language. These are 9 macros to be used in math mode to type the names of trigonometric functions common for Russian documents: \sh, \ch, \tg, \ctg, \arctg, \arctg, \arctg, \th, \cth, and \cosec. Cyrillic letters in math mode can be typed with the aid of text commands such as \textbf, \te

The macros \Prob, \Variance, \NOD, \nod, \NOK, \nok, \Proj print some rare Russian mathematical symbols.

4 TeXnical details

The packages inputenc and luainputenc make Cyrillic letters active so that a compiler converts them into corresponding \cyr... macro at compilation time. For example, Russian letter 'a' matches macro \cyra, and capital Russian letter 'A' matches \CYRA. The package fontenc then matches every macro \cyr... to corresponding glyph in a font file depending on a declared font encoding.

Nowadays, Unicode makes \cyr... macros outdated since both source file and font file are encoded consistently. These macros should therefore be removed because mixing them with Unicode characters breaks sorting mechanism of such utilities as bibtex and makeindex. For the sake of backward compatibility, \cyr... are still kept for LATEX, but they are bypassed if LuaLATEX or XeLATEX are detected.

Some inconsistences of prior versions of russianb.ldf was also overcame in the version 1.2. Those users who used \selectlanguage macro, defined in the core babel system, to switch between different languages should not worry. However, the macros \Russian, \Englsih and their aliases \Rus, \cyr, \Eng are modified or removed as they did not conform the mechanism of language switching encoded into the core of babel and therefore can mess it.

5 Known problems

Before switching from a legacy 8-bit engine (tex, pdftex) to an Unicode engine (xetex, luatex) and vise versa delete all .aux, .toc, .lot, .lof files as they might have stored incompatible internal encodings.

T2* font encodings do not have old Slavonic letter 'yat' ($\mathfrak{B},\mathfrak{b}$), which is hard-coded in ancient caption names. Be sure to use an Unicode engine or borrow \cyryat and \CYRYAT commands from X2 font encoding when setting the language attribute to "ancient", for example:

```
\usepackage[X2,T2A]{fontenc}
\usepackage[utf8]{inputenc}
\DeclareUnicodeCharacter{0462}{\CYRYAT}
\DeclareTextSymbolDefault{\CYRYAT}{X2}
\DeclareUnicodeCharacter{0463}{\cyryat}
\DeclareTextSymbolDefault{\cyryat}{X2}
\usepackage[english,russian.ancient]{babel}
```

None of Cyrillic font encoding has 'iotated E' (\mathbb{H} , \mathbb{H}). When running legacy engines you are advised to substitute it with \CYRIE, \cyrie (\mathbb{H} , \mathbb{H}):

```
\DeclareUnicodeCharacter{0464}{\CYRIE}
\DeclareUnicodeCharacter{0465}{\cyrie}
```

The dash might change its length after switching the current language with \selectlanguage. Legacy engines (latex.exe, pdflatex.exe) take the dash symbol (—) from same code point 22 of a font file but from different fonts for Cyrillic and Latin languages. Cyrillic fonts take care that Cyrillic dash is 20% shorter than Latin one. Unicode engines (xelatex.exe, lualatex.exe) take the dash from the code point x2022, but may substitute the font dash with fake symbol which is shorter. See discussion at https://tex.stackexchange.com/questions/294178/whatabout-cyrdash-in-eu1-and-eu2-encodings.

6 Implementation

6.1 Initial setup

The macro \LdfInit performs a couple of standard checks that must be made at the beginning of a language definition file, such as checking the category code of the @-sign, preventing the .ldf file from being processed twice, etc.

```
1 \ProvidesLanguage{russian}
2     [2017/08/12 1.3j Russian support for the Babel system]
3 \LdfInit{russian}{captionsrussian}
```

First, we check if Lual*TeX or Xel*TeX is running. If so, we set boolean key \if@uni@ode to true. It will be used to eliminate \cyr... commands, which were introduced in L*TeX2e to handle various Cyrillic input encoding. With the advent of Unicode L*TeX is moving to universal input encoding, so we consider these \cyr... commands as obsolete. They are preserved though for backward compatibility in case if L*TeX or PDFL*TeX are running.

We don't load the ifluatex or ifxetex package because \RequirePackage is not allowed at the stage of processing options (note that babel loads this file right when it processes its own options) but we borrow code from these packages.

```
4 \ifdefined\if@uni@ode
5 \PackageError{babel}{if@uni@ode already defined.\MessageBreak
6 Please contact author of russianb.ldf}
7 \relax
8 \fi
9 \newif\if@uni@ode
10 \ifdefined\luatexversion \@uni@odetrue \else
11 \ifdefined\XeTeXrevision \@uni@odetrue \fi\fi
```

Check if hyphenation patterns for the Russian language have been loaded in language.dat. Namely, we check for the existence of \lorussian. If it is not defined, we declare Russian as dialect for the default language number 0 which almost for sure is English.

```
12 \ifx\l@russian\@undefined13 \@nopatterns{Russian}14 \adddialect\l@russian0
```

15 \fi

Now \lorussian is always defined.

6.2 Output encoding

We need to know font encoding that is supposed to be active at the end of the babel package. Default font encoding, set by LATEX core, is OT1. This can be changed by the fontenc package in case of LATEX and by fontspec package in case of LualATEX. It matters weather these packages are loaded before of after babel. In the latter case or if these packages are not loaded at all, russianb.ldf ignores their effect and tries to provide some reasonable settings. In particular, T2A will be selected for Russian language if LATEX is running but TU in case of XelATEX or LualATEX.

\latinencoding

The macro \latinencoding keeps the name of Latin encoding. It is defined in babel.def and is wrapped into \AtBeginDocument to allow for late loading fontenc. Therefore it does not matter whether babel is loaded before or after the fontenc. As of version 1.2, definition of \latinencoding was removed from russianb.ldf since it is overruled in babel.def. For example, after

```
\usepackage[T1,T2A]{fontenc}
\usepackage[english,russian]{babel}
```

as well as after

```
\usepackage[english,russian]{babel}
\usepackage[T1,T2A]{fontenc}
```

\latinencoding will be set to T1. After

```
\usepackage[english,russian]{babel}
```

\latinencoding will be OT1.

In Unicode mode, the package fontspec should be loaded instead of fontenc to make font preparation; fontspec sets current encoding (kept in \cf@encoding) to TU, and the babel package sets the macro \latinencoding to \cf@encoding. Since babel scan for value \cf@encoding within \AtBeginDocument, \latinencoding will be set to TU for XelfEX or LualfEX no matter which of the packages, babel or fontspec is loaded first.

\cyrillicencoding

There is a limited list of encodings appropriate for Cyrillic text. We will look which of them is declared and keep its name in the macro \cong cyrillicencoding. Correct (but obsolete and now deleted) 7-bit Cyrillic encoding is LWN. Correct 8-bit Cyrillic encodings are T2A (default for 8-bit compilers), T2B, T2C, LCY and X2. Correct utf8 encodings are TU (default for Xel\text{MTEX} and Lual\text{MTEX}), EU1 (obsolete, formerly used for Lual\text{MTEX}), EU2 (obsolete, formerly used for Lual\text{MTEX}).

In 8-bit (LATEX) mode, user may choose between different non-unicode Cyrillic encodings—e.g., X2 or LCY. If user wants to use another font encoding rather than default (T2A), he has to load the corresponding file before babel.sty.

Remember that for the Russian language, the T2A encoding is better than X2, because X2 does not contain Latin letters, and users should be very careful to switch the language every time they want to typeset a Latin word inside a Russian phrase or vice versa.

We parse the \cdp@list containing encodings known to LATEX in the order they have been loaded by the time babel is called. We set the \cyrillicencoding to the last loaded encoding in the list of supported Cyrillic encodings: OT2, LCY, X2, T2C, T2B, T2A. In Unicode mode, \cyrillicencoding is set to TU by fontspec. Nevertheless here we provide similar definitions; 8-bit encodings are kept for Unicode compilers (LualATEX and XeLATEX) since they can run in compatibility (8-bit) mode.

```
16 \def\@setcyrillicencoding{%
    \def\sce@a##1##2{%
      \edef\sce@b{##1}%
19
      \edef\sce@c{##2}%
20
      \ifx\sce@b\sce@c
21
        \let\cyrillicencoding\sce@c
      \fi}%
22
    \def\cdp@elt##1##2##3##4{%
23
      \sce@a{##1}{OT2}%
24
      \sce@a{##1}{LCY}%
25
      \sce@a{##1}{X2}%
26
27
      sce@a{##1}{T2C}%
      \sce@a{##1}{T2B}%
      \sce@a{##1}{T2A}%
29
      \if@uni@ode
30
        \scale=1{EU1}%
31
        %\sce@a{##1}{EU2}%
32
        \sce@a{##1}{TU}%
33
      \fi}%
34
    \cdp@list
35
36 }
37 \ifx\cyrillicencoding\undefined
    \@setcyrillicencoding
39 \fi
40 \@onlypreamble\@setcyrillicencoding
41 \@onlypreamble\sce@a
42 \@onlypreamble\sce@b
43 \@onlypreamble\sce@c
```

The last lines are to free the memory occupied by the macros \@setcyrillicencoding and \sce@x that are useless in the document. The contents of \@begindocumenthook is cleared automatically.

If \cyrillicencoding is still undefined, we issue warning and provide reasonable default value for \cyrillicencoding. We then load default encoding definitions; we use the lowercase names (i.e., lcyenc.def instead of LCYenc.def) when we do that.

```
44 \ifx\cyrillicencoding\undefined
    \if@uni@ode
45
      %\ifdefined\XeTeXrevision
      % \edef\cyrillicencoding{EU1}
47
      %\else\ifdefined\luatexversion
48
      % \edef\cyrillicencoding{EU2}
49
      %\fi\fi
50
      \edef\cyrillicencoding{TU}
51
52
    \else
53
      \edef\cyrillicencoding{T2A}
54
    \PackageWarning{babel}%
      {No Cyrillic font encoding has been loaded so far.\MessageBreak
56
57
       A font encoding should be declared before babel.\MessageBreak
       Default '\cyrillicencoding' encoding will be loaded
58
59
    \lowercase\expandafter\\expandafter\input\cyrillicencoding enc.def\relax}%
```

As a final wisdom, we repeat \@setcyrillicencoding at \begin{document} time. We could not avoid previous call to \@setcyrillicencoding since compiler scan .aux file before it executes delayed code, and .aux may contain \set@langauge{russian}; the latter rises an error if \cyrillicencoding would not be defined by that time.

```
61 \AtBeginDocument{\@setcyrillicencoding} 62 \fi
```

\Russian

For the sake of backward compatibility we keep the macro \Russian but redefine its meaning; now \Russian is simply an alias for \selectlanguage{russian}.

 $63 \label{lem:command} $$ \Delta_{\command{\xsian}{\xsian}} $$ \command{\xsian} $$$

\cyrillictext \cyr We define \cyrillictext and its alias \cyr but remove another alias \Rus; these macros are intended for use within babel macros and do not perform complete switch of the language.

In particular, they to do no switch captions and the name of current language stored in the macro \languagename. This inconsistency might break some assumptions embedded into babel's. For example, the \iflanguage macro will fail.

Second, \cyrillictext does not activate shorthands, so that "<, ">, "', "', "', "', ", e.t.c. will not work.

And third, \cyrillictext does not write its trace to .aux file, which might result in wrong typesetting of table of content, list of table and list of figures in multilingual documents.

Due to any of these reasons the use of the declaration \cyrillictext and its aliases in ordinary text is strongly discouraged. Instead of the declaration \cyrillictext it is recommended to use \Russian or the command \foreignlanguage defined in the babel core; their functionality is similar to \selectlanguage{russian} but they did not switch caption names, dates and shorthands.

```
64 \DeclareRobustCommand{\cyrillictext}{%
65 \fontencoding\cyrillicencoding\selectfont
66 \let\encodingdefault\cyrillicencoding
67 \expandafter\set@hyphenmins\russianhyphenmins
68 \language\l@russian}%
69 \let\cyr\cyrillictext
```

Since version v.1.2, the \English macro and its alias \Eng were removed as a reasonable place for defining these macros would be englishb.ldf. Note also that these macros are absent from russianb.ldf's counterpart of the package polyglossia, analog of babel for XelATeX.

```
70 %%\DeclareRobustCommand{\English}{%
71 %% \fontencoding\latinencoding\selectfont
72 %% \let\encodingdefault\latinencoding
73 %% \expandafter\set@hyphenmins\englishhyphenmins
74 %% \language\l@english}%
75 %%\let\Eng\English
```

The macro \cyrillictext switches current (e.g., Latin) font encoding to a Cyrillic font encoding stored in \cyrillicencoding. The macro \latintext switches back. This method assumes that main font encoding is a Latin one. But, in fact, the latter assumption does not matter if any other language is switched on using same method, i.e. if corresponding .ldf file defines required macros to switch that language on from same standard (Latin) state. Since \latintext is defined by the core of babel we do not repeat its definition here.

```
76 %%\DeclareRobustCommand{\latintext}{%
77 %% \fontencoding{\latinencoding}\selectfont
78 %% \def\encodingdefault{\latinencoding}}
79 %%\let\lat\latintext
```

\textcyrillic $\{\langle \text{text} \rangle\}$

The macro \textcyrillic takes an argument which is then typeset using the \cyrillictext declaration.

80 \DeclareTextFontCommand{\textcyrillic}{\cyrillictext}

NEXT CHUNK OF CODE SHOULD BE MOVED TO X2enc.def, X2enc.dfu, IF NEEDED.

Since the X2 encoding does not contain Latin letters, we should make some redefinitions of LaTeX macros which implicitly produce Latin letters. Unfortunately, the commands \AA and \aa are not encoding dependent in LaTeX (unlike e.g., \oe or \DH). They are defined as \r{A} and \r{a}. This leads to unpredictable results when the font encoding does not contain the Latin letters 'A' and 'a' (like X2).

```
81 %%\expandafter\ifx\csname T@X2\endcsname\relax\else
82 %% \DeclareTextSymbolDefault{\AA}{OT1}
83 %% \DeclareTextSymbolDefault{\aa}{OT1}
84 %% \DeclareTextCommand{\aa}{OT1}{\rangle a}
85 %% \DeclareTextCommand{\AA}{OT1}{\rangle A}
86 %%\fi
```

6.3 Input encoding

We do not assume any default input encoding of the source file, so the inputenc package should be explicitly loaded by \usepackage[...]{inputenc} before babel. Note that default font encoding T2A for legacy 8-bit latex engines fits well enough to Russian version of Windows ANSI encoding which is almost equivalent to cp1251 input encoding.

Should we wrap this chunk into AtBeginDocument? Note also that inputenc has its own check whether it is correctly called. Also, it is difficult to imagine that TU encoding is not declared in case of unicode engines. Hence, we remove this check in babel starting since version 1.3j.

```
87 %%\@ifpackageloaded{inputenc}{%
88 %%% \if@uni@ode
89 %%%
         \PackageWarning{babel}{inputenc should not be used with LuaTeX or XeTeX}
90 %%% \fi
91 %% \ifdefined\luatexversion
        \PackageWarning{babel}{inputenc should not be used with LuaTeX}
92 %%
93 %% \fi}{%
      %\def\reserved@a{LWN}%
94 %%
95 %%
      %\ifx\reserved@a\cyrillicencoding\else
96 %%
         \def\reserved@a{OT2}%
         \ifx\reserved@a\cyrillicencoding\else
97 %%
98 %%
            \def\reserved@a{TU}%
99 %%
            \ifx\reserved@a\cyrillicencoding\else
100 %%
              \PackageWarning{babel}%
                {No input encoding specified for Russian language}
101 %%
102 %%
        \fi\fi
103 %%
      %\fi
104 %%}
```

6.4 Shorthands

The double quote character "is declared to be active in Russian language.

```
105 \initiate@active@char{"}
```

\mdqon Obsolete: Active double quote can be both activated and deactivated at any time \mdqoff using the macros \mdqoff.

```
106 %%\def\mdqon{\bbl@activate{''}}
107 %%\def\mdqoff{\bbl@deactivate{''}}
```

Initial activation state is set in section 6.5.4.

The active character "is used as indicated in table 1. We save the original double quote character in the \dq macro to keep it available. The math accent \" can now be typed as "".

```
108 \begingroup \catcode'\"12
109 \def\reserved@a{\endgroup
110 \def\@SS{\mathchar"7019 }
111 \def\dq{"}}
112 \reserved@a
```

6.4.1 Quotes

We set "and as shorthands for \quotedblbase and \textquotedblleft, respectively. Prior to ver.1.2, these shorthands were defined through German quotes \glqq and \grqq, which in their turn are defined in babel.def via \quotedblbase and \textquotedblleft, respectively. It occurred, that old definition caused errors in Unicode mode if fontspec is loaded.

Prior to version 1.2, the shorthands "< and "> had been declared to be equivalents for the French quotes \flqq and \frqq, respectively. They are defined in babel.def via \guillemotleft and \guillemotright. However, \flqq and \guillemotleft (and their right counterparts) are typeset differently if current encoding is not T1. Therefore, since v.1.2, we define "< and "> directly through \guillemotleft and \guillemotright.

```
113 \declare@shorthand{russian}{""}{\quotedblbase}
114 \declare@shorthand{russian}{""}{\textquotedblleft}
115 \declare@shorthand{russian}{"">{\guillemotleft}
116 \declare@shorthand{russian}{"">}{\guillemotright}
```

Next set of shorthands is intended for variations of standard macro \- which indicates explicitly breakpoint for hyphenation in a word. Meaning of these shorthands is explained in table 1.

6.4.2 Emdash, endash and hyphenation sign

To distinguish between "- and "--- we must check whether the next token after - is a hyphen character. If it is, we output an emdash, otherwise a hyphen sign. Therefor TEX looks for the next token after the first '-', writes its meaning to \russian@sh@next and finally call for \russian@sh@tmp.

```
122 \declare@shorthand{russian}{"-}{%
123 \def\russian@sh@tmp{%
124 \if\russian@sh@next-\expandafter\russian@sh@emdash
125 \else\expandafter\russian@sh@hyphen\fi}%
126 \futurelet\russian@sh@next\russian@sh@tmp}
```

Two macros \russian@sh@hyphen and \russian@sh@emdash called by \russian@sh@tmp are defined below. The second of them has two parameters since it must gobble next two hyphen signs.

```
127 \def\russian@sh@hyphen{\nobreak\-\bbl@allowhyphens}
128 \def\russian@sh@emdash#1#2{\cdash-#1#2}
```

.cdash In its turn, \russian@sh@emdash simply calls for \cdash which has rich use. It analyses 3rd of 3 characters and calls for one of few predefined macros \@Acdash, \@Bcdash, \@Ccdash.

```
129 \def\cdash#1#2#3{\def\tempx@{#3}%
130 \def\tempa@{-}\def\tempb@{~}\def\tempc@{*}%
131 \ifx\tempx@\tempa@\@Acdash\else
132 \ifx\tempx@\tempb@\@Bcdash\else
```

```
133 \ifx\tempx@\tempc@\@Ccdash\else
134 \errmessage{Wrong usage of cdash}\fi\fi\fi}
```

All these 3 internal macros call for \cyrdash, which type Cyrillic emdash, but put different spaces around the dash.

\@Acdash is invoked by "---. It types Cyrillic emdash to be used inside a text and puts an unbreakable thin space before the dash if a space is placed before "--- in the source file; can be used after display maths formulae, formatted lists, enumerations, etc.

```
\label{limitation} $$135 \left(\frac{\alpha h^{\infty}}{2em\pi ignorespaces}\% \right). 2em ignorespaces} $$
```

\@Bcdash is invoked by "--". It types Cyrillic emdash in compound names (like Mendeleev-Klapeiron); requires no space characters around and adds extra space after the dash.

```
137 \def\@Bcdash{\leavevmode\ifdim\lastskip>\z@\unskip\fi
```

138 \nobreak\cyrdash\penalty\exhyphenpenalty\hskip\z@skip\ignorespaces}%

\@Ccdash is invoked by "--*. It denotes direct speech and adds small space after the dash.

```
139 \def\@Ccdash{\leavevmode
```

140 \nobreak\cyrdash\nobreak\hskip.35em\ignorespaces}%

Finally, we define a shorthand thin space to be placed between initials as in D.", Mendeleev. When used instead of \, as in D.\, Mendeleev it allows hyphenation in the next word.

141 \declare@shorthand{russian}{",}{\nobreak\hskip.2em\ignorespaces}

\cyrdash

The \cyrdash macro is defined in Cyrillic font encodings (LCY, T2*, OT2, and X2) by means of \DeclareTextSymbol. In T2* encodings \cyrdash refers to same code point 22 as \textemdash does so that these two macros are equivalent. However the dash at the code point 22 have different length in different fonts. The dash in Cyrillic fonts LH is 20% shorter as compared to Latin fonts such as CM (Computer Modern). As a result, the dash typed by the ligature --- or its variations mentioned in Table 1 might change its length after \selectlanguage.

The \cyrdash macro is not available in Latin encodings such as T1. Therefor an explicit or implicit call for \cyrdash when current language is English causes an error. For such a case, we provide a fake default. A standard check such as \ifx\cyrdash\undefined ...\fi fails to detect absent definitions for Latin encodings since the \cyrdash macro is in fact defined. Therefor we use the \ProvideTextCommandDefault method:

The \cyrdash macro is not defined in the Unicode encoding TU. The fake definition given above cope with this case.

6.5 Switching to/from Russian

Now we define additional macros used to reset current language to Russian and back to some original state. The package babel based on the assumption that

original state is characterized by a Latin encoding. Previously, for back reset the macro \OriginalTeX was used, but now use \latintext for the same purpose.

6.5.1 Caption names

First, we define Russian equivalents for Russian caption names.

\captionsrussian

The macro \captionsrussian defines caption names used in the four standard document classes provided with LATEX. The macro \cyr activates Cyrillic encoding. It could be dropped if we would be sure that Russian captions are called only if current language is Russian. However, the macros such as \Russian do not conform to strict rules of the package babel as explained in the above.

As of version v.1.2 we eliminate \curveyr... macros from caption names if Unicode engine is running. In the latter case, Cyrillic letters are typed in by their Unicode code-points, the ^^^abcd notation is not used since it causes error at compilation time in case if LATEX is running and utf8 input encoding is not declared.

```
146 \if@uni@ode
147
    %\captionsrussian@modern
148
     \addto\captionsrussian{%
       \def\prefacename{Предисловие}%
                                          [babel]
149
       \def\refname{Список литературы}% [only article]
150
       \def\abstractname{Аннотация}%
                                          [only article, report]
151
       \def\bibname{Литература}%
                                          [only book, report]
152
       \def\chaptername{Глава}%
                                          [only book, report]
153
154
       \def\appendixname{Приложение}%
```

Note that two names for the Table of Contents can be used in Russian publications. For books (and reports) the second variant is appropriate, but for proceedings the first variant is preferred:

```
\@ifundefined{thechapter}
155
         {\def\contentsname{Содержание}}%
156
157
         {\def\contentsname{Оглавление}}%
       \let\tocname=\contentsname
158
       \def\listfigurename{Список иллюстраций}%
159
       \def\listtablename{Список таблиц}%
160
       \def\indexname{Предметный указатель}%
161
       \def\authorname{Именной указатель}%
162
       \def\figurename{Рис.}%
163
       \def\tablename{Таблица}%
164
       \def\partname{Часть}%
165
       \def\enclname{вкл.}%
166
       \def\ccname{исх.}%
167
       \def\headtoname{bx.}%
168
       \def\pagename{c.}%
                                          [letter]
169
       \def\seename{cm.}%
170
       \def\alsoname{cм.\ также}%
171
       \def\proofname{Доказательство}%
172
173
       \def\glossaryname{Словарь терминов}%
       \def\acronymname{Аббревиатуры}% [glossaries] {Acronyms}
174
       \def\lstlistingname{Листинг}%
                                          [listings] (the environment) {Listing}
175
       \def\lstlistlistingname{Листинги}% [listings] (the "List of") {Listings}
176
177
       \def\notesname{Заметки}%
                                          [endnotes] {Notes}
178
    ጉ%
```

```
Additional definitions for the package nomencl:
180
     %% nomencl
181
     \ifdefined\nomname
182
       \addto\captionsrussian{%
183
           \def\nomname{Обозначения}%
184
           \def\eqdeclaration#1{, cm.\nobreakspace(#1)}%
           \def\pagedeclaration#1{, ctp.\nobreakspace#1}%
185
       }%
186
     \fi
187
Additional captions for the revtex class.
     %% RevTeX4 & RevTeX4-1
189
    %%\@ifclassloaded{revtex4-1}
190
    %%{<true code>}
191
    %%{<false coode>}%
192
    %\@ifclassloaded{revtex4-1}
193
194
     \ifnum\@ifclassloaded{revtex4}{1}{\@ifclassloaded{revtex4-1}{1}{0}}>0
195
       \addto\captionsrussian{%
196
       \def\lofname{\listfigurename}
197
198
       \def\lotname{\listtablename}
       \def\figuresname{Рисунки}%{Figures}%
199
       \def\tablesname{Таблицы}%{Tables}%
200
       \def\appendixesname{Приложения}%{Appendixes}%
201
       \def\acknowledgmentsname{Благодарности}%{Acknowledgments}
202
       \def\andname{и}%{and}
203
       \def\@pacs@name{PACS коды: }%{PACS numbers: }%
204
       \def\@keys@name{Ключевые слова: }%{Keywords: }%
205
206
       \def\Dated@name{Дата: }%{Dated: }%
207
       \def\Received@name{Получено }%{Received }%
208
       \def\Revised@name{Исправленная версия }%{Revised }%
209
       \def\Accepted@name{Принято }%{Accepted }%
       \def\Published@name{Опубликовано }%{Published }%
210
      }%
211
    %}{}%
212
213
   Now we proceed to the ancient version in Unicode encoding.
     \addto\captionsrussian@ancient{%
214
       \def\prefacename{Предисловіе}%
215
       \def\refname{Примьчанія}%
216
217
       \def\abstractname{Аннотація}%
218
       \def\bibname{Библіографія}%
       \def\chaptername{Глава}%
219
       \def\appendixname{Приложеніе}%
220
221
       \@ifundefined{thechapter}
222
         {\def\contentsname{Содержаніе}}%
223
         {\def\contentsname{Оглавленіе}}%
       \let\tocname=\contentsname
224
       \def\listfigurename{Списокъ иллюстрацій}%
225
       \def\listtablename{Списокъ таблицъ}%
226
227
       \def\indexname{Предмьтный указатель}%
228
       \def\authorname{Именной указатель}%
```

```
\def\figurename{Рис.}%
229
       \def\tablename{Таблица}%
230
       \def\partname{Часть}%
231
       \def\enclname{вкл.}%
232
       \def\ccname{ucx.}%
233
       \def\headtoname{\mathbb{Bx.}%
234
       \def\pagename{c.}%
235
       \def\seename{cm.}%
236
       \def\alsoname{cm.~takxe}%
237
       \def\proofname{Доказательство}%
238
       \def\glossaryname{Словарь терминов}%
239
       \def\acronymname{Аббревиатуры}%
240
       \def\lstlistingname{Листинг}%
241
       \def\lstlistlistingname{Листинги}%
242
243
      %\ifdefined\nomname
      % see http://old_russian.academic.ru/8433/%D0%BE%D0%B1%D1%8A%CB%AB%D0%B0%D0%B2%D0%BB%D0%B
244
         \def\nomname{0бозначенія}%{0бъавленик}% <-- #0465
245
246
      %\fi
       \def\notesname{Заметки}%
247
    7
248
    249
    %% RevTeX4 & RevTeX4-1
250
    %\@ifclassloaded{revtex4-1}
251
    %1%
252
    \in \ode {revtex4}{1}{0ifclassloaded{revtex4-1}{1}{0}}>0
253
254
       \addto\captionsrussian@ancient{%
       \def\lofname{\listfigurename}
255
       \def\lotname{\listtablename}
256
       \def\figuresname{Рисунки}%{Figures}%
257
258
       \def\tablesname{Таблицы}%{Tables}%
       \def\appendixesname{Приложения}%{Appendixes}%
259
       \def\acknowledgmentsname{Благодарности}%{Acknowledgments}
260
       \def\andname{и}%{and}
261
       \def\@pacs@name{PACS коды: }%{PACS numbers: }%
262
       \def\@keys@name{Ключевые слова: }%{Keywords: }%
263
264
       \def\Dated@name{Дата: }%{Dated: }%
265
       \def\Received@name{Получено }%{Received }%
       \def\Revised@name{Исправленная версия }%{Revised }%
267
       \def\Accepted@name{Принято }%{Accepted }%
268
       \def\Published@name{Опубликовано }%{Published }%
269
      }%
270
    %}{}%
271
     \fi
    272
273 \else
    %\def\captionsrussian@modern{%
274
275
     \addto\captionsrussian{%
       \def\prefacename{%
276
         {\cyr\CYRP\cyrr\cyre\cyrd\cyri\cyrs\cyrl\cyro\cyrv\cyri\cyre}}%
277
278
       \def\refname{%
279
         {\cyr\CYRS\cyrp\cyri\cyrs\cyro\cyrk\
280
         \cyrl\cyri\cyre\cyrr\cyra\cyrt\cyru\cyrr\cyrery}}%
281
       \def\abstractname{%
         {\cyr\CYRA\cyrn\cyro\cyro\cyrt\cyra\cyrc\cyri\cyrya}}%
282
```

```
\def\bibname{%
283
           {\cyr\CYRL\cyri\cyre\cyrr\cyra\cyrt\cyru\cyrr\cyra}}%
284
       \def\chaptername{{\cyr\CYRG\cyrl\cyra\cyrv\cyra}}%
285
       \def\appendixname{%
286
         {\cyr\CYRP\cyrr\cyri\cyro\cyrzh\cyre\cyrn\cyri\cyre}}%
287
       \@ifundefined{thechapter}%
288
         {\def\contentsname{%
289
           {\cyr\CYRS\cyro\cyrd\cyre\cyrr\cyrzh\cyra\cyrn\cyri\cyre}}}%
290
         {\def\contentsname{%
291
           {\cyr\CYRO\cyrg\cyrl\cyra\cyrv\cyrl\cyre\cyrn\cyri\cyre}}}%
292
       \let\tocname=\contentsname
293
       \def\listfigurename{%
294
         {\cyr\CYRS\cyrp\cyri\cyrs\cyro\cyrk
295
           \ \cyri\cyrl\cyryu\cyrs\cyrt\cyrr\cyra\cyrc\cyri\cyrishrt}}%
296
297
       \def\listtablename{%
         {\cyr\CYRS\cyrp\cyri\cyrs\cyro\cyrk
298
           \ \cyrt\cyra\cyrb\cyrl\cyri\cyrc}}%
299
       \def\indexname{%
300
         {\cyr\CYRP\cyrr\cyre\cyrd\cyrm\cyre\cyrt\cyrn\cyrery\cyrishrt
301
           \\cyru\cyrk\cyra\cyrz\cyra\cyrt\cyre\cyrl\cyrsftsn}}%
302
       \def\authorname{%
303
         {\cyr\CYRI\cyrm\cyre\cyrn\cyrn\cyro\cyrishrt
304
           \\cyru\cyrk\cyra\cyrz\cyra\cyrt\cyre\cyrl\cyrsftsn}}%
305
       \def\figurename{{\cyr\CYRR\cyri\cyrs.}}%
306
       \def\tablename{{\cyr\CYRT\cyra\cyrb\cyrl\cyri\cyrc\cyra}}%
307
308
       \def\partname{{\cyr\CYRCH\cyra\cyrs\cyrt\cyrsftsn}}%
       \def\enclname{{\cyr\cyrv\cyrk\cyrl.}}%
309
       \def\ccname{{\cyr\cyri\cyrs\cyrh.}}%
310
       \def\headtoname{{\cyr\cyrv\cyrh.}}%
311
312
       \def\pagename{{\cyr\cyrs.}}%
313
       \def\seename{{\cyr\cyrs\cyrm.}}%
       \def\alsoname{{\cyr\cyrs\cyrm.\ \cyrt\cyra\cyrk\cyrzh\cyre}}%
314
       \def\proofname{{\cyr\CYRD\cyro\cyrk\cyra\cyrz\cyrt
315
          \cyre\cyr1\cyrsftsn\cyrs\cyrt\cyrv\cyro}}%
316
       \def\glossaryname{{\cyr\CYRS\cyrl\cyro\cyrv\cyra\cyrr\cyrsftsn\
317
          \cyrt\cyre\cyrr\cyrm\cyri\cyrn\cyro\cyrv}}%
318
319
       \def\acronymname{\CYRA\cyrb\cyrr\cyrr\cyrv\cyri\cyra\cyrt\cyru\cyrr\cyrey}%
320
       \def\lstlistingname{\CYRL\cyri\cyrs\cyrt\cyri\cyrn\cyrg}%
321
       \def\lstlistlistingname{\CYRL\cyri\cyrs\cyrt\cyri\cyrn\cyrg\cyri}%
322
       \def\nomname{\CYRO\cyrb\cyro\cyrz\cyrn\cyra\cyrrch\cyre\cyrn\cyri\cyrya}%
323
       \def\notesname{\CYRZ\cyra\cyrm\cyre\cyrt\cyrk\cyri}%
    }%
324
    %% ==============
325
     %% RevTeX4 & RevTeX4-1
326
     \ifnum \@ifclassloaded{revtex4}{1}{\@ifclassloaded{revtex4-1}{1}{0}}>0
327
       \addto\captionsrussian{%
328
329
       \def\lofname{\listfigurename}
330
       \def\lotname{\listtablename}
       \def\figuresname{\CYRR\cyri\cyrs\cyru\cyrn\cyrk\cyri}%{Figures}%
331
332
       \def\tablesname{\CYRT\cyra\cyrb\cyrl\cyri\cyrc\cyrery}%{Tables}%
333
       def\appendixesname{\CYRP\cyrr\cyri\cyrl\cyro\cyrzh\cyre\cyrn\cyri\cyrya}%{Appendixes}\
334
       \def\acknowledgmentsname{\CYRB\cyr1\cyra\cyrg\cyro\cyra\cyrr\cyrn\cyro\cyrs\cyrt\cyr
335
       \def\andname{\cyri}%{and}
```

\def\@pacs@name{PACS \cyrk\cyro\cyrd\cyrery: }%{PACS numbers: }%

336

```
\def\@keys@name{\CYRK\cyrl\cyryu\cyrch\cyre\cyre\cyre\cyre \cyrs\cyrl\cyro\cyru\cyra: }
337
       \def\Dated@name{\CYRD\cyra\cyrt\cyra: }%{Dated: }%
338
       \def\Received@name{\CYRP\cyro\cyrl\cyru\cyrch\cyre\cyrn\cyro }%{Received }%
339
       \def\Revised@name{\CYRI\cyrs\cyrr\cyra\cyrv\cyr1\cyre\cyrn\cyra\cyrya\cyry
340
       \def\Accepted@name{\CYRP\cyrr\cyrn\cyrn\cyrya\cyrt\cyro }%{Accepted }%
341
       \def\Published@name{\CYRO\cyrp\cyru\cyrb\cyri\cyri\cyrk\cyro\cyrv\cyra\cyrn\cyro }%{Publi;
342
343
    \fi
344
    345
     \addto\captionsrussian@ancient{%
346
347
       \def\prefacename{%
         {\cyr\CYRP\cyrr\cyre\cyrd\cyri\cyrs\cyrl\cyro\cyrv\cyrii\cyre}}%
348
       \def\refname{%
349
         {\cyr\CYRP\cyrr\cyri\cyrm\cyryat\cyrch\cyra\cyrn\cyrii\cyrya}}%
                                                                                  <-- Примьчанія
350
       \def\abstractname{%
351
         {\cyr\CYRA\cyrn\cyrn\cyro\cyrt\cyra\cyrc\cyrii\cyrya}}%
352
353
       \def\bibname{%
         {\cyr\CYRB\cyri\cyrb\cyrl\cyrii\cyro\cyrg\cyrr\cyra\cyrf\cyrii\cyrya}}% <-- Библіограф:
       \def\chaptername{{\cyr\CYRG\cyrl\cyra\cyrv\cyra}}%
355
       \def\appendixname{%
356
         {\cyr\CYRP\cyrr\cyri\cyro\cyro\cyre\cyrn\cyrii\cyre}}%
357
       \@ifundefined{thechapter}%
358
359
         {\def\contentsname{%
           {\cyr\CYRS\cyro\cyrd\cyre\cyrr\cyrzh\cyra\cyrn\cyrii\cyre}}}%
360
         {\def\contentsname{%
361
362
           {\cyr\CYRO\cyrg\cyrl\cyra\cyrv\cyrl\cyre\cyrn\cyrii\cyre}}}%
363
       \let\tocname=\contentsname
      % Списокъ иллюстрацій
364
       \def\listfigurename{%
365
366
         {\cyr\CYRS\cyrp\cyri\cyrs\cyro\cyrk\cyrhrdsn\
          \cyri\cyrl\cyryu\cyrs\cyrt\cyrr\cyra\cyrc\cyrii\cyrishrt}}
367
368
      % Списокъ таблицъ
369
       \def\listtablename{%
         {\cyr\CYRS\cyrp\cyri\cyrs\cyro\cyrk\cyrhrdsn\
370
          \cyrt\cyra\cyrb\cyrl\cyri\cyrc\cyrhrdsn}}%
371
      % Предмѣтный указатель, ь (\cyryat) in X2 encoding only
372
       \def\indexname{%
373
374
         {\cyr\CYRP\cyrr\cyre\cyrd\cyrm\cyryat\cyrt\cyrn\cyrery\cyrishrt\space
375
          \cyru\cyrk\cyra\cyrz\cyra\cyrt\cyre\cyrl\cyrsftsn}}%
376
       \def\authorname{%
377
         {\cyr\CYRI\cyrm\cyre\cyrn\cyrn\cyro\cyrishrt\
378
          \cyru\cyrk\cyra\cyrz\cyra\cyrt\cyre\cyrl\cyrsftsn}}%
379
       \def\figurename{{\cyr\CYRR\cyri\cyrs.}}%
       \def\tablename{{\cyr\CYRT\cyra\cyrb\cyrl\cyri\cyrc\cyra}}%
380
       \def\partname{{\cyr\CYRCH\cyra\cyrs\cyrt\cyrsftsn}}%
381
       \def\enclname{{\cyr\cyrv\cyrk\cyrl.}}%
382
383
       \def\ccname{{\cyr\cyri\cyrs\cyrh.}}%
384
       \def\headtoname{{\cyr\cyrv\cyrh.}}%
385
       \def\pagename{{\cyr\cyrs.}}%
386
       \def\seename{{\cyr\cyrs\cyrm.}}%
387
       \def\alsoname{{\cyr\cyrs\cyrm.\ \cyrt\cyra\cyrk\cyrzh\cyre}}%
388
       \def\proofname{{\cyr\CYRD\cyro\cyrk\cyra\cyrz\cyra\cyrt
389
         \cyre\cyrsftsn\cyrs\cyrt\cyrv\cyro}}%
```

\def\glossaryname{{\cyr\CYRS\cyrl\cyro\cyrv\cyra\cyrr\cyrsftsn\

390

```
\cyrt\cyre\cyrr\cyrn\cyro\cyrv}}% <-- Needs translation
391
      \def\acronymname{\CYRA\cyrb\cyrr\cyre\cyrv\cyri\cyra\cyrt\cyru\cyrr\cyrery}%
392
      \def\lstlistingname{\CYRL\cyri\cyrs\cyrt\cyri\cyrn\cyrg}%
393
      \def\lstlistlistingname{\CYRL\cyri\cyrs\cyrt\cyri\cyrn\cyrg\cyri}%
394
      \def\nomname{\CYRO\cyrb\cyro\cyrz\cyrn\cyra\cyrch\cyre\cyrn\cyrii\cyrya}%
395
      \def\notesname{\CYRZ\cyra\cyrm\cyre\cyrt\cyrk\cyri}%
396
397
    398
    %% RevTeX4 & RevTeX4-1
399
    400
      \addto\captionsrussian@ancient{%
401
      \def\lofname{\listfigurename}
402
403
      \def\lotname{\listtablename}
      \def\figuresname{\CYRR\cyri\cyrs\cyru\cyrn\cyrk\cyri}%{Figures}%
404
      \def\tablesname{\CYRT\cyra\cyrb\cyrl\cyri\cyrc\cyrery}%{Tables}%
405
      \def\appendixesname{\CYRP\cyrr\cyri\cyrl\cyrc\cyrr\cyre\cyrn\cyrr\cyri\cyrya}%{Appendixes}%
406
      \def\acknowledgmentsname{\CYRB\cyr1\cyra\cyrg\cyro\cyra\cyrr\cyrn\cyro\cyrs\cyrt\cyr
407
      \def\andname{\cyri}%{and}
408
      \def\@pacs@name{PACS \cyrk\cyro\cyrd\cyrery: }%{PACS numbers: }%
409
      \def\@keys@name{\CYRK\cyrl\cyryu\cyrch\cyre\cyre\cyre\cyre \cyrs\cyrl\cyro\cyru\cyra: }
410
      \def\Dated@name{\CYRD\cyra\cyrt\cyra: }%{Dated: }%
411
      \def\Received@name{\CYRP\cyro\cyrl\cyru\cyrch\cyre\cyrn\cyro }%{Received }%
412
      \def\Revised@name{\CYRI\cyrs\cyrr\cyra\cyrv\cyr1\cyre\cyrn\cyra\cyrya\cyry
413
      \def\Accepted@name{\CYRP\cyrr\cyri\cyrn\cyrya\cyrt\cyro }%{Accepted }%
414
415
      \def\Published@name{\CYRO\cyrp\cyru\cyrb\cyr1\cyri\cyrv\cyrv\cyrn\cyrn\cyro }%{Publis
416
   \fi
417
   419 \fi
```

6.5.2 Date in Russian

\daterussian The macro \daterussian is used to reset the macro \today in Russian.

```
\addto\daterussian{%
     422
423
      января\or
424
      февраля\or
425
      марта\or
      апреля\or
426
      мая\or
427
      июня\or
428
      июля\or
429
430
      августа\or
      сентября\or
431
      октября\or
432
433
      ноября\or
434
      декабря\fi
      \space \number\year~r.}}
435
    \def\daterussian@ancient{%
436
     \def\today{\number\day~\ifcase\month\or%
437
      января\or
438
439
      февраля\or
```

```
марта\or
440
       апреля\or
441
       мая\or
442
       iюня\or
443
444
       іюля\or
       августа\or
       сентября\or
446
447
       октября\or
448
       ноября\or
449
       декабря\fi%
       \space \number\year~r.}}
450
451 \else
     \def\daterussian{%
452
      \def\today{\number\day~\ifcase\month\or
453
       \cyrya\cyrn\cyrv\cyra\cyrr\cyrya\or
454
       \cyrf\cyre\cyrv\cyrr\cyra\cyrl\cyrya\or
455
       \cyrm\cyra\cyrr\cyrt\cyra\or
456
       \cyra\cyrp\cyrr\cyre\cyrl\cyrya\or
457
458
       \cyrm\cyra\cyrya\or
459
       \cyri\cyryu\cyrn\cyrya\or
460
       \cyri\cyryu\cyrl\cyrya\or
       \cyra\cyrv\cyrg\cyru\cyrs\cyrt\cyra\or
461
       \cyrs\cyre\cyrn\cyrt\cyrya\cyrb\cyrr\cyrya\or
462
       \cyro\cyrk\cyrt\cyrya\cyrb\cyrr\cyrya\or
463
464
       \cyrn\cyro\cyrya\cyrb\cyrr\cyrya\or
465
       \cyrd\cyre\cyrk\cyra\cyrb\cyrr\cyrya\fi
       \space \number\year~\cyrg.}}
466
     \def\daterussian@ancient{%
467
      \def\today{\number\day~\ifcase\month\or
468
469
       \cyrya\cyrn\cyrv\cyra\cyrr\cyrya\or
       \cyrf\cyre\cyrv\cyrr\cyra\cyrl\cyrya\or
470
       \cyrm\cyra\cyrr\cyrt\cyra\or
471
       \cyra\cyrp\cyrr\cyre\cyrl\cyrya\or
472
       \cyrm\cyra\cyrya\or
473
       \cyrii\cyryu\cyrn\cyrya\or
474
475
       \cyrii\cyryu\cyrl\cyrya\or
476
       \cyra\cyrv\cyrg\cyru\cyrs\cyrt\cyra\or
477
       \cyrs\cyre\cyrn\cyrt\cyrya\cyrb\cyrr\cyrya\or
478
       \cyro\cyrk\cyrt\cyrya\cyrb\cyrr\cyrya\or
479
       \cyrn\cyro\cyrya\cyrb\cyrr\cyrya\or
480
       \cyrd\cyre\cyrk\cyra\cyrb\cyrr\cyrya\fi
481
       \space \number\year~\cyrg.}}
482 \fi
```

6.5.3 Hyphenation patterns

Russian hyphenation patterns are automatically activated every time Russian language is selected via \selectlanguage, \foreignlanguage or equivalent command. But we need to declare values of \lefthyphenmin and \righthyphenmin; both are set to 2.

As of v.1.2 we removed a definition for \englishhyphenmins. It is not deal of russianb.ldf.

483 \providehyphenmins{\CurrentOption}{\tw@\tw@}

6.5.4 Extra definitions

\extrasrussian \noextrasrussian

The macro \extrasrussian performs extra definitions in addition to resetting the caption names and date. The macro \noextrasrussian is used to cancel the actions of \extrasrussian.

First, we instruct babel to switch font encoding using earlier defined macros \cyrillictext and \latintext.

```
485 \addto\extrasrussian{\cyrillictext} 486 \addto\noextrasrussian{\latintext}
```

Second, we specify that the Russian group of shorthands should be used.

```
487 \addto\extrasrussian{\languageshorthands{russian}}
```

- 488 \addto\extrasrussian{\bbl@activate{"}}
- 489 \addto\noextrasrussian{\bbl@deactivate{"}}

Now the action \extrasrussian has to execute is to make sure that the command \frenchspacing is in effect. If this is not the case the execution of \noextrasrussian will switch it off again.

```
490 \addto\extrasrussian{\bbl@frenchspacing}
```

491 \addto\noextrasrussian{\bbl@nonfrenchspacing}

6.6 Alphabetic counters

Do we need to reset \@alph and \@Alph? They are used in the LaTeX core to define the macros \alph and \Alph, respectively, which type a counter with a corresponding letter of Latin alphabet. We just want to make sure that correct \latinencoding is used instead of \latinencoding to typeset the counter. Starting from v.1.2 we do not reset these macros since all Cyrillic encoding but X2 do have Latin letters. When using the X2 encoding user must himself take care about selecting correct encoding when he switches his keyboard. Our decision is motivated as follows. If selected Cyrillic font is visually different from Latin font, the macro \@alph and \@Alph will produce visually different output from surrounding text if they are used with Russian text, which is completely legitimate.

Notice for commented code:

We put \latinencoding in braces to avoid problems with \@alph inside minipages (e.g., footnotes inside minipages) where \@alph is expanded and we get for example '\fontencoding OT1' (\fontencoding is robust).

Note added on 2013/03/22: {\fontencoding{\latinencoding}\selectfont rises an error with recent version of microtype package after the \appendix declaration (which resets \thechapter to \@Alph\c@chapter}). Most languages do not reset \@alph and \@Alph macros and only ukrainian and bulgarian add \fontencoding to \@alph and \@Alph.

Since v.1.3 we do not reset \@alph and \@Alph here. Resetting \fontencoding in \@alph and \@Alph causes an error if the package smartref is loaded and a \sref occurs after the \appendix declaration which resets \thechapter to \@Alph\c@chapter.

```
\ifcase#1\or
493 %
494 %
        a\or b\or c\or d\or e\or f\or g\or h\or
495 %
        i\or j\or k\or 1\or m\or n\or o\or p\or
496 %
        q\or r\or s\or t\or u\or v\or w\or x\or
497 %
        y\or z\else\@ctrerr\fi}}%
498 %\def\@Alph#1{{\fontencoding{\latinencoding}\selectfont
     \ifcase#1\or
499 %
        A\or B\or C\or D\or E\or F\or G\or H\or
500 %
501 %
        I\or J\or K\or L\or M\or N\or O\or P\or
        Q\or R\or S\or T\or U\or V\or W\or X\or
502 %
503 %
        Y\or Z\else\@ctrerr\fi}}%
```

We add new enumeration style for Russian manuscripts with Cyrillic letters.

\Asbuk We begin by defining \Asbuk which works like \Alph, but produces (uppercase) Cyrillic letters instead of Latin ones. The letters YO, ISHRT, HRDSN, ERY, and SFTSN are skipped, as usual for such enumeration.

```
504 \def\Asbuk#1{\expandafter\russian@Alph\csname c@#1\endcsname}
505 \if@uni@ode
    \def\russian@Alph#1{\ifcase#1\or
506
       A\or B\or B\or Γ\or Д\or E\or Ж\or
507
508
       3\or M\or K\or J\or M\or H\or O\or
       \Pi\or P\or C\or T\or Y\or \Phi\or X\or
509
       U\or 4\or U\or 5\or 5\or 5\or 5\else\@ctrerr\fi}
510
511 \else
     \def\russian@Alph#1{\ifcase#1\or
       \CYRA\or\CYRB\or\CYRV\or\CYRG\or\CYRD\or\CYRE\or\CYRZH\or
513
514
       \CYRZ\or\CYRI\or\CYRK\or\CYRL\or\CYRM\or\CYRN\or\CYRO\or
515
       \CYRP\or\CYRR\or\CYRS\or\CYRT\or\CYRU\or\CYRF\or\CYRH\or
       \CYRC\or\CYRCH\or\CYRSH\or\CYRSHCH\or\CYREREV\or\CYRYU\or
516
       \CYRYA\else\@ctrerr\fi}
517
518 \fi
```

\asbuk The macro \asbuk is similar to \alph; it produces lowercase Russian letters.

```
519 \def\asbuk#1{\expandafter\russian@alph\csname c@#1\endcsname}
520 \ifQuniQode
     \def\russian@alph#1{\ifcase#1\or
521
522
       a\or б\or в\or г\or д\or e\or ж\or
523
       з\or и\or к\or л\or м\or н\or o\or
524
       \pi\or p\or c\or \tau\or y\or \phi\or x\or
       ц\or ч\or ш\or щ\or э\or я\else\@ctrerr\fi}
525
526 \else
     \def\russian@alph#1{\ifcase#1\or
527
       \cyra\or\cyrb\or\cyrv\or\cyrg\or\cyrd\or\cyre\or\cyrzh\or
528
529
       \cyrz\or\cyri\or\cyrk\or\cyrl\or\cyrm\or\cyrn\or\cyro\or
       \cyrp\or\cyrr\or\cyrs\or\cyrt\or\cyru\or\cyrf\or\cyrh\or
530
531
       \cyrc\or\cyrch\or\cyrsh\or\cyrshch\or\cyrerev\or\cyryu\or
532
       \cyrya\else\@ctrerr\fi}
533 \fi
```

Babel 3.9 has introduced a notion of a language attribute. An ancient attribute changes default behavior, which uses modern Russian spelling, an activates an

alternative set of captions and date macros suitable for typesetting ancient Slavonic and Church books.

```
534 \bbl@declare@ttribute{russian}{ancient}{%
535 \PackageInfo{babel}{Russian attribute set to ancient}%
536 \let\captionsrussian=\captionsrussian@ancient
537 \let\daterussian=\daterussian@ancient
538 }
```

We don't want for long internal macros to waste memory. So we declare them to be usable within the preamble only.

```
539 \ensuremath{\mbox{\sc Gaptionsrussian@ancient}}\
```

6.7 Cyrillic math

For compatibility with older Russian packages we could define the \No macro. However the Russian number sign is now superseded with \textnumero. Moreover, it can be found on the keyboard. Therefore we discard \No since v.1.2.

As of version 1.2 the macros \cyrmath.. are not supported any more. They requires package textmath which is not available now. Instead of \cyrmath.. it is advised to use corresponding \text.. commands; they do work in math mode.

```
543 %\RequirePackage{textmath}
     \@ifundefined{sym\cyrillicencoding letters}{}{%
544 %
545 %
      \SetSymbolFont{\cyrillicencoding letters}{bold}\cyrillicencoding
        \rmdefault\bfdefault\updefault
546 %
547 % \DeclareSymbolFontAlphabet\cyrmathrm{\cyrillicencoding letters}
And we need few commands to switch to different variants.
548 %\DeclareMathAlphabet\cyrmathbf\cyrillicencoding
549 % \rmdefault\bfdefault\updefault
550 %\DeclareMathAlphabet\cyrmathsf\cyrillicencoding
551 % \sfdefault\mddefault\updefault
552 %\DeclareMathAlphabet\cyrmathit\cyrillicencoding
553 % \rmdefault\mddefault\itdefault
554 %\DeclareMathAlphabet\cyrmathtt\cyrillicencoding
555 % \ttdefault\mddefault\updefault
556 %
557 %\SetMathAlphabet\cyrmathsf{bold}\cyrillicencoding
558 % \sfdefault\bfdefault\updefault
559 %\SetMathAlphabet\cyrmathit{bold}\cyrillicencoding
```

```
\sh We also define few math operator names according to Russian typesetting traditions. Some math functions in Russian math books have names different from English writings. For example, sinh in Russian is called sh. Special consideration needs the macro \th that conflicts with the text symbol \th defined in Latin 1 encoding:

\arcctg
\text{arcctg}
\lambda \text{bl} \def \hat{\mathop{\mathop{\mathop{\mathop{\mathop{\mathop{\mathop{\mathop{\mathop{\mathop{\mathop{\mathop{\mathop{\mathop{\mathop{\mathop{\mathop{\mathop{\mathop{\mathop{\mathop{\mathop{\mathop{\mathop{\mathop{\mathop{\mathop{\mathop{\mathop{\mathop{\mathop{\mathop{\mathop{\mathop{\mathop{\mathop{\mathop{\mathop{\mathop{\mathop{\mathop{\mathop{\mathop{\mathop{\mathop{\mathop{\mathop{\mathop{\mathop{\mathop{\mathop{\mathop{\mathop{\mathop{\mathop{\mathop{\mathop{\mathop{\mathop{\mathop{\mathop{\mathop{\mathop{\mathop{\mathop{\mathop{\mathop{\mathop{\mathop{\mathop{\mathop{\mathop{\mathop{\mathop{\mathop{\mathop{\mathop{\mathop{\mathop{\mathop{\mathop{\mathop{\mathop{\mathop{\mathop{\mathop{\mathop{\mathop{\mathop{\mathop{\mathop{\mathop{\mathop{\mathop{\mathop{\mathop{\mathop{\mathop{\mathop{\mathop{\mathop{\mathop{\mathop{\mathop{\mathop{\mathop{\mathop{\mathop{\mathop{\mathop{\mathop{\mathop{\mathop{\mathop{\mathop{\mathop{\mathop{\mathop{\mathop{\mathop{\mathop{\mathop{\mathop{\mathop{\mathop{\mathop{\mathop{\mathop{\mathop{\mathop{\mathop{\mathop{\mathop{\mathop{\mathop{\mathop{\mathop{\mathop{\mathop{\mathop{\mathop{\mathop{\mathop{\mathop{\mathop{\mathop{\mathop{\mathop{\mathop{\mathop{\mathop{\mathop{\mathop{\mathop{\mathop{\mathop{\mathop{\mathop{\mathop{\mathop{\mathop{\mathop{\mathop{\mathop{\mathop{\mathop{\mathop{\mathop{\mathop{\mathop{\mathop{\mathop{\mathop{\mathop{\mathop{\mathop{\mathop{\mathop{\mathop{\mathop{\mathop{\mathop{\mathop{\mathop{\mathop{\mathop{\mathop{\mathop{\mathop{\mathop{\mathop{\mathop{\mathop{\mathop{\mathop{\mathop{\mathop{\mathop{\mathop{\mathop{\mathop{\mathop{\mathop{\mathop{\mathop{\mathop{\mathop{\mathop{\ma
```

560 % \rmdefault\bfdefault\itdefault

561 %}

\cosec

```
564 \def\tg{\mathop{\operator@font tg}\nolimits}
          566 \ensuremath{\mathop{\nolimits}}
           567 \def\arcctg{\mathop{\operator@font arcctg}\nolimits}
           568 \addto\extrasrussian{%
               \babel@save{\th}%
               \let\ltx@th\th
               \def\th{\textormath{\ltx@th}}%
           571
                                 {\mathop{\operator@font th}\nolimits}}%
          572
          573
               }
          574 \def\cth{\mathop{\operator@font cth}\nolimits}
          575 \def\cosec{\mathop{\operator@font cosec}\nolimits}
    \Prob
           Finally, we define some rare Russian mathematical symbols:
\Variance
          576 \ensuremath{\texttt{P}}\nolimits
     \nod
          577 \def\Variance{\mathop{\kern\z@\mathsf{D}}}\nolimits}
     \nok
          578 \if@uni@ode
               \def\nod{\mathop{\mathrm{μ.ο.д.}}\nolimits}
     \NOD 579
               \def\nok{\mathop{\mathrm{\m.o.k.}}\nolimits}
          580
     \NOK
               581
    \Proj
          582
               \def\NOK{\mathop{\mathrm{HOK}}\nolimits}
          583
               \def\Proj{\mathbb{\Pi}}\nolimits}
          584 \else
          585 %
                \def\nod{\mathop{\cyrmathrm{\cyrn.\cyro.\cyrd.}}\nolimits}
                \def\nok{\mathop{\cyrmathrm{\cyrn.\cyro.\cyrk.}}\nolimits}
          586 %
                \def\NOD{\mathop{\cyrmathrm{\CYRN\CYRO\CYRD}}\nolimits}
                \def\NOK{\mathop{\cyrmathrm{\CYRN\CYRO\CYRK}}\nolimits}
           588 %
           589 % \def\Proj{\mathop{\cyrmathrm{\CYRP\cyrr}}\nolimits}
           590
               \def\nod{\mathop{\textnormal{\cyrn.\cyro.\cyrd.}}\nolimits}
               \def\nok{\mathop{\textnormal{\cyrn.\cyro.\cyrk.}}\nolimits}
           591
               \def\NOD{\mathop{\textnormal{\CYRN\CYRO\CYRD}}\nolimits}
           592
               \def\NOK{\mathop{\textnormal{\CYRN\CYRO\CYRK}}\nolimits}
           593
               \def\Proj{\mathop{\textnormal{\CYRP\cyrr}}\nolimits}
           594
```

6.8 Final settings

595 \fi

The macro \ldf@finish does work needed at the end of each .ldf file. This includes resetting the category code of the @-sign, loading a local configuration file, and preparing the language to be activated at \begin{document} time.

596 \ldf@finish{russian}

7 Change History

1.1d	Removed LWN encoding 11
General: Moved the definition of	Removed test for present of
\atcatcode right to the	encoding files 9
beginning 7	Unicode code-points added for
Now use \ldf@finish to wrap up 25	LuaLaTeX 14, 20
Now use \LdfInit to perform	1.2a
initial checks 7	General: Indentation of 1st
1.1e	paragraph removed
General: Added closing brace to	1.2b
second argument of \LdfInit 7	General: Renamed to russianu to
1.1f	work with babel-beta 3.9 7
General: Add macro for thin space	1.3
between initials	General: Removed \@alph and
Added definitions of Cyrillic	\@Alph 22
emdash stuff and thinspace 7	Removed switch for doublequote
Added switch for doublequote	shorthands
shorthands 12	1.3b
1.1k	General: Renamed to russianb to
General: replaced all \penalty\@M	work with babel 3.9
with \nobreak	1.3c
1.11	
	General: Fix bug in \daterussian . 7
General: Made not using inputenc a	
warning instead of an error 11	General: Fix bug in \Proj 7
1.1m	1.3e Concrel, Undete decumentation 7
General: Now use	General: Update documentation 7
\providehyphenmins to	1.3f
provide a default value 21	General: Update documentation for
1.10	generating by pdflatex.exe 7
General: \latintext is already	1.3g
defined by the core of babel 11	General: Added support for revtex4
\textlatin already defined by	and revtex4-1 classes
the core of babel 11	1.3h
1.2	General: \cyrdash is redefined 7
\latinencoding: Removed	Bugs fixed in captions for revtex4
\latinencoding 8	and revtex4-1
General: \englishhyphenmins is	Revtex captions fixed 16
removed	1.3i
\lat removed 11	General: \NOD and similar
Added EU1 and EU2 encodings 11	log-functions fixed 24
Change definition of \th only for	1.3j
this language 24	General: Default for \cyrdash is
Check for LuaTeX 7	provided
EU1 and EU2 encodings added 9	Removed check if inputenc is
Removed \English and \Eng	loaded
macros 10	TU encoding added 9
8 Index	
8 Illuex	
Numbers written in derk blue refer to th	no nago where the corresponding entry is
Numbers written in dark blue refer to the	
described; numbers in black roman refer	to the code lines where the entry is used.
Cll-	107 \ 0.1
	127 \@Alph 498
\" 108 \@Acdash	\dots 131, 135 \@Bcdash \dots 132, 137

\@Ccdash 133, 139	\appendixname	\cyrdash 136, 138,
\@SS 110	. 154, 220, 286, 356	140, 142, 143, 145
\@alph 492	\arcctg 567	\cyrerev 531
\@ctrerr 497, 503,	\arctg 566	\CYRH 515
510, 517, 525, 532	\Asbuk 504	\cyrhrdsn . 366, 370, 371
\@ifclassloaded	\asbuk 519	\cyrillicencoding .
. 190, 193, 195,	\AtBeginDocument 61	$\dots \dots 21, 37,$
251, 253, 327, 400	\authorname	44, 47, 49, 51, 53,
\@ifpackageloaded 87	. 162, 228, 303, 376	58, 60, 65, 66, 95,
$\$ @ifundefined $155,$		97, 99, 544, 545,
221, 288, 358, 544	В	547, 548, 550,
\@keys@name	$\begin{tabular}{lll} \begin{tabular}{lll} $	552, 554, 557, 559
. 205, 263, 337, 410	\blue{local}	\cyrillictext
\c 0nopatterns 13	\bbl@allowhyphens . 127	64, 69, 80, 485
$\colon{1}{0}$	\blue{local} \bblue{local} bblue{local} deactivate 107, 489	\cyrmathbf 548
41, 42, 43, 539, 540	\bbl@declare@ttribute	\cyrmathit 552, 559
\@pacs@name	$\dots \dots $	\cyrmathrm 547, 585,
. 204, 262, 336, 409	$\blue{location} \blue{location} 490$	586, 587, 588, 589
$\@$ setcyrillicencoding	\bbl@nonfrenchspacing	\cyrmathsf 550, 557
\dots 16, 38, 40, 61	491	\cyrmathtt 554 \CYRSH 516
\@undefined 12	\begingroup \dots 108	\CYRSH 516 \cyrsh 531
\ullet QuniQodetrue $10, 11$	\bfdefault	\CYRSHCH 516
	. 546, 549, 558, 560	\cyryat 350, 372, 374
	\bibname 152, 218, 283, 353	\CYRYU 516
$\ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ $		\CYRZ 323, 396, 514
299, 302, 305,	\mathbf{C}	(01102 020, 000, 011
314, 317, 366,	\captionsrussian	D
		D
370, 377, 387, 390	148, 182,	\Dated@name
	196, 275, 328, 536	
A	$196,\ 275,\ 328,\ 536\\ \verb \captionsrussian@ancient $	\Dated@name
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