

Discrete trait models

Correlation of traits

Correlating two discrete traits

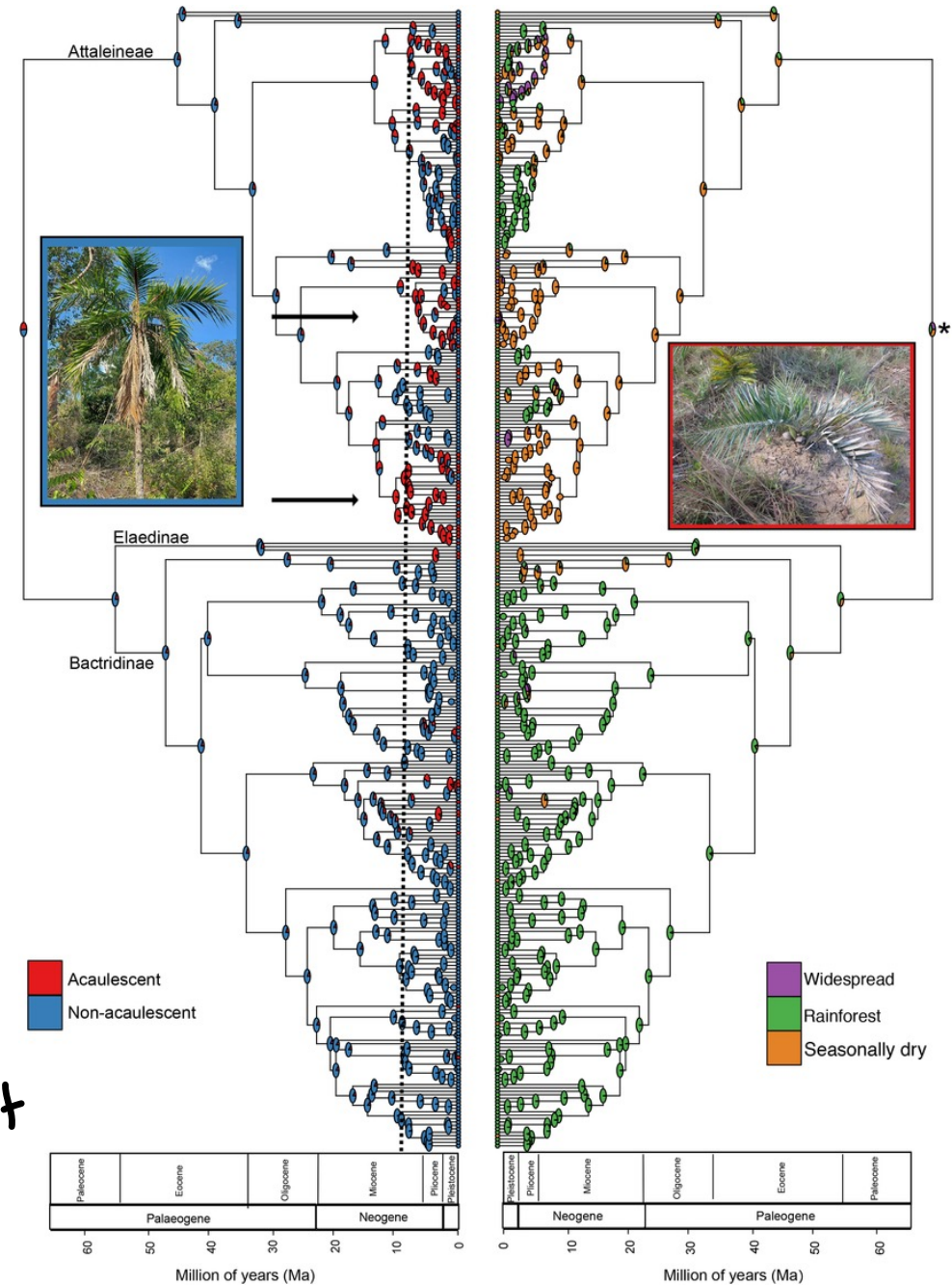
Mark Pagel -1994

Two traits

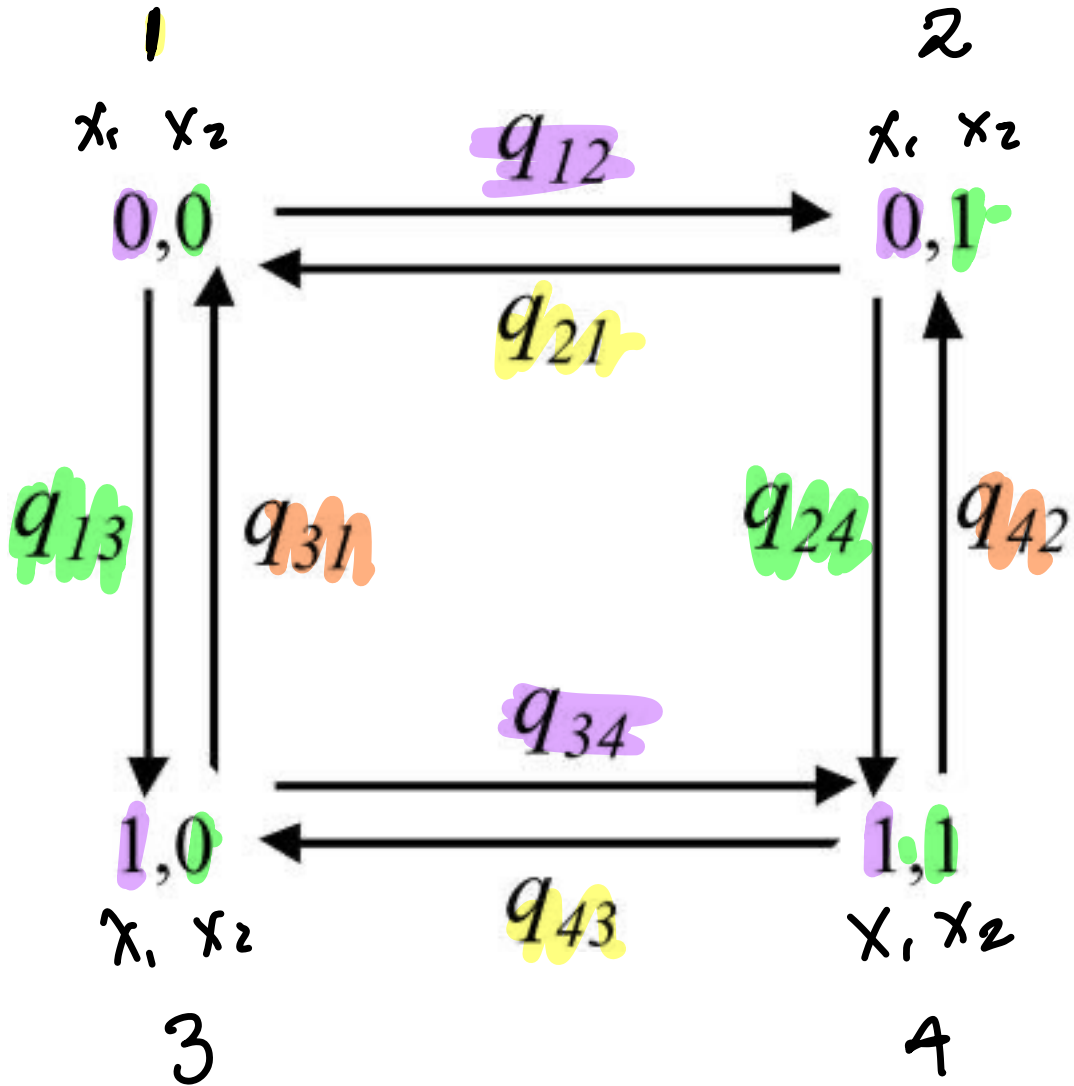
Acaulescent: $X_1 = \begin{cases} 0 & \text{- non acaulescent} \\ 1 & \text{- acaulescent} \end{cases}$

Water Availability: $X_2 = \begin{cases} 0 & \text{- dry} \\ 1 & \text{- Rainforest} \end{cases}$

Acaulescent: No visible above-ground stem



Correlated model



- No double transitions
 NO $0,0 \rightarrow 1,1$
 NO $0,1 \rightarrow 1,0$

- 8 rates

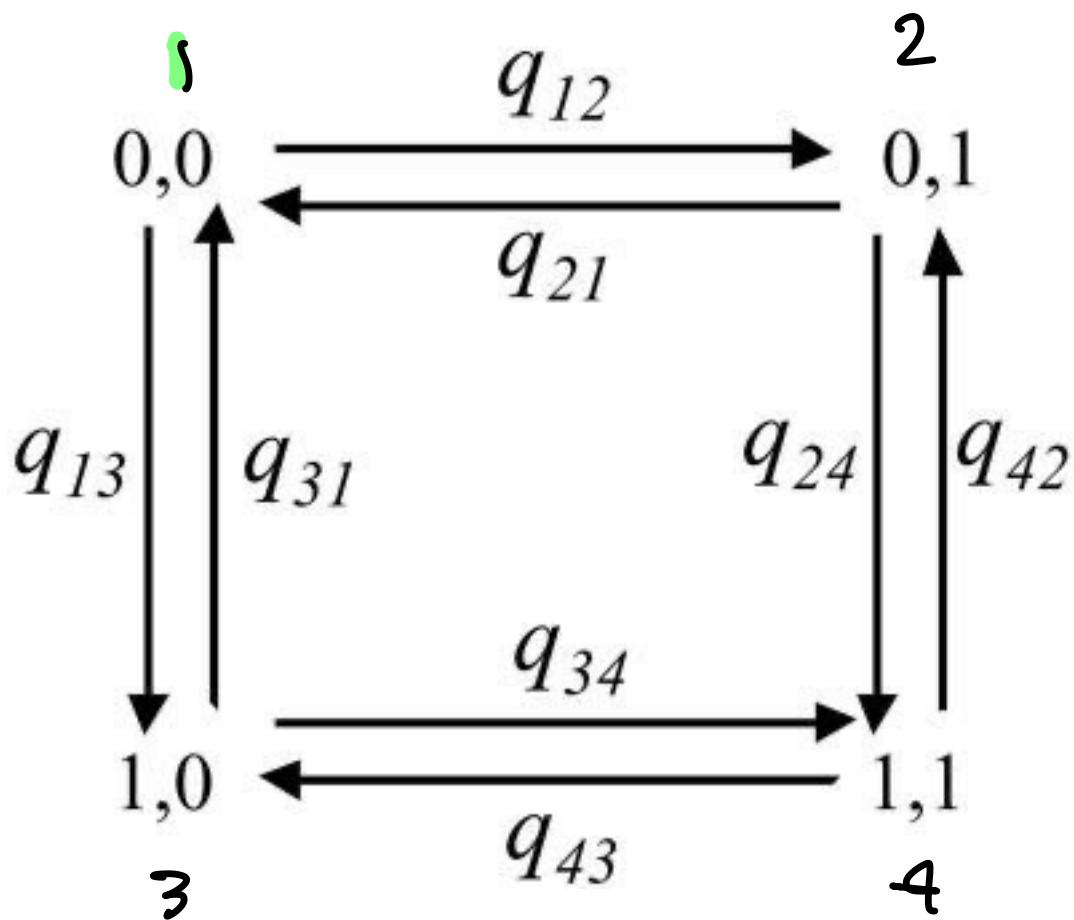
$$q_{13} \neq q_{24}$$

$$q_{12} \neq q_{34}$$

$$q_{31} \neq q_{42}$$

$$q_{21} \neq q_{43}$$

Correlated model



$$Q = \begin{matrix} & \begin{matrix} 1 & 2 & 3 & 4 \end{matrix} \\ \begin{matrix} 1 \\ 2 \\ 3 \\ 4 \end{matrix} & \begin{pmatrix} -\begin{pmatrix} q_{12} \\ +q_{13} \end{pmatrix} & q_{12} & q_{13} & 0 \\ q_{21} & - & 0 & q_{24} \\ q_{31} & 0 & - & q_{34} \\ 0 & q_{42} & q_{43} & - \end{pmatrix} \end{pmatrix}$$

Uncorrelated model

$$\alpha_1 = q_{12} = q_{34} = q_1 \quad q_{13} = q_{24} = q_2 = q_3$$

$$\beta_1 = q_{21} = q_{43} = q_2 \quad q_{31} = q_{42} = \beta_2 = q_4$$

(α, β) are from
original paper
and Madison's
approach

$$Q = \begin{matrix} & \begin{matrix} 1 & 2 & 3 & 4 \end{matrix} \\ \begin{matrix} 1 \\ 2 \\ 3 \\ 4 \end{matrix} & \begin{pmatrix} - & q_1 & q_3 & 0 \\ q_2 & - & 0 & q_3 \\ q_4 & 0 & - & q_1 \\ 0 & q_4 & q_2 & - \end{pmatrix} \end{matrix}$$

Comparing nested models

- Likelihood Ratio Test

- Null hypothesis:

- Test statistic: $LRT = -2 \times \log\left(\frac{\text{Likelihood (Uncorrelated model)}}{\text{Likelihood (Correlated model)}}\right)$

4 parameters

8 parameters

- $LTR \sim \chi^2$ with degrees of freedom $k = \text{\#parameters full model} - \text{\#parameters reduced model} = 8 - 4 = 4$

Non-accaulescent
Rainforest



0.175

0.03

Acaulescent
Rainforest



0.028

0.178

0.095

0.009



Non-accaulescent
Seasonally dry

0.175

0.03



Acaulescent
Seasonally dry